

# **Optimizations with**

# OpenCV





# Agenda

- OpenCV
  - Brief overview
  - Basic structures
  - Example functions and methods
- Let's write an algorithm
- Testing module
  - Accuracy test
  - Performance test
- Let's optimize
- Practice / Homework





# OpenCV

- Open source project on GitHub with >3M downloads per year
- The most popular computer vision library with 20 years of development history
- 4 major releases: 1.0, 2.4.x, 3.4.x, 4.x
- Modular structure: core, imgproc, ts, dnn, stitching, ...
- Written in C++ but has automatic wrappers in Python, Java, JavaScript, Matlab, GO, PHP,
   C#, etc.
- Cross-platform and well optimized for research and development



# OpenCV basic structures

• cv::Mat - for images, masks, vector fields, complex values and custom data

- cv::Mat types: [depth | (i.e. CV\_8U, CV\_16F, CV\_32F, CV\_64F)] + channels
- std::cout << mat << std::endl To print cv::Mat in console and watch values



# OpenCV basic structures

```
01 cv::Rect rect; cv::Point point; cv::Size size;
02 int x = rect.x; int x = point.x; int w = size.width;
03 int y = rect.y; int y = point.y; int h = size.height;
04 int w = rect.width;
05 int h = rect.height;
```





# OpenCV methods

Most of the methods work with basic OpenCV data structures as input and output

```
01 cv::Mat src, dst, mask;
02
03 cv::cvtColor(src, dst, COLOR_BGR2GRAY);
04
05 cv::resize(src, dst, cv::Size(1280, 960));
06
07 cv::Canny(src, dst, /*threshold1*/ 100, /*threshold2*/ 200);
08
09 cv::inpaint(src, mask, dst, /*inpaintRadius*/ 3, cv::INPAINT_TELEA);
10
11 std::vector<cv::Mat> images;
12 cv::Ptr<Stitcher> stitcher = cv::Stitcher::create(cv::Sticher::PANORAMA);
13 stitcher->stitch(images, dst);
```





## BGR2Gray

```
void bgr2gray_reference(const cv::Mat& src, cv::Mat& dst) {
       const int w = src.cols;
04
       const int h = src.rows;
05
06
       dst.create(h, w, CV_8UC1);
07
08
       const uint8_t* src_data = src.ptr<uint8_t>();
09
       uint8_t* dst_data = dst.ptr<uint8_t>();
       for (int y = 0; y < h; ++y) {
10
           for (int x = 0; x < w; ++x) {
11
12
               uint8_t b = src_data[x * 3];
               uint8_t g = src_data[x * 3 + 1];
13
14
               uint8_t r = src_data[x * 3 + 2];
               dst_data[x] = static_cast<uint8_t>(0.114f * b +
15
16
                                                   0.587f * g +
17
                                                   0.299f * r);
18
           dst data += w;
19
           src_data += w * 3;
20
21
22 }
```

Reference implementation: 4.02ms @ 1920x1080





## BGR2Gray

```
void bgr2gray_u8(const cv::Mat& src, cv::Mat& dst) {
       const int w = src.cols;
25
26
       const int h = src.rows;
       dst.create(h, w, CV_8UC1);
27
28
29
       const uint8_t* src_data = src.ptr<uint8_t>();
       uint8_t* dst_data = dst.ptr<uint8_t>();
30
       for (int y = 0; y < h; ++y) {
31
32
           for (int x = 0; x < w; ++x) {
               uint8_t b = src_data[x * 3];
33
               uint8_t g = src_data[x * 3 + 1];
34
               uint8_t r = src_data[x * 3 + 2];
35
36
               dst data[x] = (29 * b + 150 * g + 77 * r) >> 8;
37
           dst_data += w;
38
39
           src data += w * 3;
40
       }
41 }
```

Fixed point: 2.39ms @ 1920x1080 (x1.68)





## BGR2Gray

```
// https://docs.opencv.org/master/d7/dff/tutorial_how_to_use_OpenCV_parallel_for_.html
   void bgr2gray_u8_parallel(const cv::Mat& src, cv::Mat& dst) {
       const int w = src.cols;
45
       const int h = src.rows;
46
       dst.create(h, w, CV_8UC1);
47
48
       parallel_for_(cv::Range(0, h), [&](const cv::Range& range) {
49
50
            const uint8 t* src data = src.ptr<uint8 t>(range.start);
            uint8_t* dst_data = dst.ptr<uint8_t>(range.start);
51
           for (int y = range.start; y < range.end; ++y) {</pre>
52
                for (int x = 0; x < w; ++x) {
53
54
                    uint8_t b = src_data[x * 3];
                    uint8 t g = src data[x \star 3 + 1];
55
                    uint8 t r = src data[x * 3 + 2];
56
                    dst data[x] = (29 * b + 150 * g + 77 * r) >> 8;
57
58
59
                dst data += w;
60
                src_data += w * 3;
61
62
       });
63
```

Parallel implementation: 1.83ms @ 1920x1080 (x2.19)





# OpenCV parallel\_for\_

Different backend depends on compilation options and target OS

- 1. Intel Threading Building Blocks (TBB)
- 2. C= Parallel C/C++ Programming Language Extension
- 3. OpenMP
- 4. APPLE GCD
- 5. Windows RT concurrency
- 6. Windows concurrency
- 7. Pthreads





# Regression tests

One of OpenCV modules is named ts. It sonsists of

- Google Test based testing infrastructure
- OpenCV related extensions for regression and performance tests
- Python scripts for tests analysis



# Regression test example

- Use **TEST** macro to define non-parametrized test
- Use EXPECT\_\* checks for numerical and logical tests

```
01 #include <opencv2/ts.hpp>
02
03 TEST(bgr2gray, u8)
04 {
        cv::Mat src(10, 11, CV_8UC3), ref, dst;
05
        randu(src, 0, 255);
06
07
        bgr2gray_reference(src, ref);
98
        bgr2gray_u8(src, dst);
09
10
       double maxV;
11
        minMaxLoc(abs(ref - dst), 0, &maxV);
12
        EXPECT_LE(maxV, 1);
13
14 }
01 $ ./bin/test_algo --gtest_filter=bgr2gray.u8
02
03 [======] Running 1 test from 1 test case.
04 [-----] Global test environment set-up.
05 [----] 1 test from bgr2gray
06 FRUN
               | bgr2gray.u8
            OK ] bgr2gray.u8 (15 ms)
08 [-----] 1 test from bgr2gray (18 ms total)
09
10 [-----] Global test environment tear-down
11 [=======] 1 test from 1 test case ran. (21 ms total)
[GitPitch @ github/dkurt/cv_winter_camp_2020]
12 [ PASSED ] 1 tost
```



# Parametrized regression test example

Define a list of parameters and instantiate test with their combinations

```
01 typedef TestWithParam<tuple<int, int> > bgr2gray;
02 TEST_P(bgr2gray, parallel)
03 {
       Mat src(/*rows*/ get<0>(GetParam()), /*cols*/ get<1>(GetParam()), CV_8UC3), ref, dst;
04
       randu(src, 0, 255);
05
06
       bgr2gray_u8(src, ref);
07
       bgr2gray_u8_parallel(src, dst);
98
09
       EXPECT EQ(countNonZero(ref != dst), 0);
10
11 }
12 INSTANTIATE_TEST_CASE_P(/**/, bgr2gray, Combine( Values(3, 4), Values(2, 5) ));
01 [=======] Running 4 tests from 1 test case.
02 [-----] Global test environment set-up.
03 [----] 4 tests from bgr2gray
04 [ RUN
              ] bgr2gray.parallel/0, where GetParam() = (3, 2)
           OK | bgr2gray.parallel/0 (14 ms)
              ] bgr2gray.parallel/1, where GetParam() = (3, 5)
06 FRUN
           OK ] bgr2gray.parallel/1 (0 ms)
              ] bgr2gray.parallel/2, where GetParam() = (4, 2)
08 [ RUN
           OK | bgr2gray.parallel/2 (0 ms)
              ] bgr2gray.parallel/3, where GetParam() = (4, 5)
10 [ RUN
           OK | bgr2gray.parallel/3 (0 ms)
   [-----] 4 tests from bgr2gray (24 ms total)
13
14 [-----] Global test environment tear-down
   [=======] 4 tests from 1 test case ran. (27 ms total)
16 [ PASSED ] 4 tests.
```

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## Performance tests

- Use PERF\_TEST to define performance test
- Wrap target code to a block PERF\_SAMPLE\_BEGIN() PERF\_SAMPLE\_END()
- OpenCV does as much iterations as it's needed to have stable metrics

```
01 PERF_TEST(bgr2gray, u8_parallel)
02 {
       cv::Mat src(480, 640, CV 8UC3), dst;
03
04
05
       PERF SAMPLE BEGIN()
           bgr2gray u8 parallel(src, dst);
06
       PERF SAMPLE END()
07
08
09
       SANITY_CHECK_NOTHING();
10
   $ ./bin/perf_algo --gtest_filter=bgr2gray.u8_parallel
02
03 [======] Running 1 test from 1 test case.
04 [-----] Global test environment set-up.
05 [----] 1 test from bgr2gray
              ] bgr2gray.u8_parallel
   [ RUN
   [ PERFSTAT ]
                  (samples=100 mean=0.25
                                            median=0.25
                                                         min=0.22 stddev=0.02 (9.5%))
           OK ] bgr2gray.u8_parallel (28 ms)
08
   [-----] 1 test from bgr2gray (29 ms total)
10
11 [-----] Global test environment tear-down
   [=======] 1 test from 1 test case ran. (31 ms total)
      PASSED ] 1 test.
```

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## Universal intrinsics

Set of vectorized instructions that turn to platform specific operations at compile time

- AVX / SSE / SIMD (x86)
- NEON (ARM)
- VSX (PowerPC)
- MSA (MIPS)
- WASM (JavaScript)

```
01 #include <opencv2/core/hal/intrin.hpp>
02 // ...
03 std::vector<int> data = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8};
04
05 cv::v_int32x4 twos = cv::v_setall_s32(2);
06
07 cv::v_int32x4 b0 = cv::v_load(&data[0]);
08 b0 *= twos;
09 v_store(&data[0], b0);
10
11 b0 = cv::v_load(&data[4]);
12 b0 -= twos;
13 v_store(&data[4], b0);
14 // data = {2, 4, 6, 8, 3, 4, 5, 6}
```



# Example: edge detector

## 1. Sobel operator

## 1. Prewitt operator

#### 1. Roberts cross



```
03 // | -1 0 +1 |
04 // Gx = | -1   0  +1  | * A
05 // | -1 0 +1 |
06 void prewitt_x(const Mat& src, Mat& dst) {
07
       CV_Assert(src.type() == CV_8UC1);
       Mat bsrc;
08
       copyMakeBorder(src, bsrc, 1, 1, 1, 1, BORDER_REPLICATE);
09
       dst.create(src.size(), CV_8UC1);
10
       for (int y = 0; y < dst.rows; ++y)</pre>
11
12
           for (int x = 0; x < dst.cols; ++x) {
               dst.at<uchar>(y, x) = bsrc.at<uchar>(y, x + 2) - bsrc.at<uchar>(y, x) +
13
                                     bsrc.at < uchar > (y + 1, x + 2) - bsrc.at < uchar > (y + 1, x) +
14
                                     bsrc.at<uchar>(y + 2, x + 2) - bsrc.at<uchar>(y + 2, x);
15
16
           }
17 }
```

Reference implementation: 12.76ms @ 1920x1080





```
void prewitt_x_parallel(const Mat& src, Mat& dst) {
20
        Mat bsrc;
        copyMakeBorder(src, bsrc, 1, 1, 1, BORDER_REPLICATE);
21
        dst.create(src.size(), CV_8UC1);
22
23
        parallel_for_(Range(0, src.rows), [&](const Range& range) {
24
          for (int y = range.start; y < range.end; ++y)</pre>
              for (int x = 0; x < dst.cols; ++x) {</pre>
25
                  dst.at < uchar > (y, x) = bsrc.at < uchar > (y, x + 2) - bsrc.at < uchar > (y, x) +
26
                                         bsrc.at < uchar > (y + 1, x + 2) - bsrc.at < uchar > (y + 1, x) +
27
                                         bsrc.at<uchar>(y + 2, x + 2) - bsrc.at<uchar>(y + 2, x);
28
29
30
        });
31 }
```

Parallel implementation: 9.83ms @ 1920x1080 (x1.29)





```
parallel_for_(Range(0, src.rows), [&](const Range& range) {
39
40
            for (int y = range.start; y < range.end; ++y) {</pre>
                const uint8_t* psrc0 = bsrc.ptr(y);
41
                const uint8 t* psrc1 = bsrc.ptr(y + 1);
42
                const uint8_t* psrc2 = bsrc.ptr(y + 2);
43
                uint8_t* pdst = dst.ptr(y);
44
                int x = 0;
45
                for (; x <= dst.cols - v_uint8::nlanes; x += v_uint8::nlanes) {</pre>
46
47
                    v_uint8 res = vx_load(psrc0 + x + 2) - vx_load(psrc0 + x) +
                                   vx load(psrc1 + x + 2) - vx load(psrc1 + x) +
48
                                   vx load(psrc2 + x + 2) - vx load(psrc2 + x);
49
                    v_store(pdst + x, res);
50
51
                for (; x < dst.cols; ++x) {</pre>
52
                    pdst[x] = psrc0[x + 2] - psrc0[x] +
53
54
                               psrc1[x + 2] - psrc1[x] +
                               psrc2[x + 2] - psrc2[x];
55
56
57
58
        });
```

Parallel vectorized implementation: 2.57ms @ 1920x1080 (x4.96)





```
parallel_for_(Range(0, src.rows), [&](const Range& range) {
65
            for (int y = range.start; y < range.end; ++y) {</pre>
66
                const uint8_t* psrc0 = bsrc.ptr(y);
67
68
                const uint8_t* psrc1 = bsrc.ptr(y + 1);
                const uint8_t* psrc2 = bsrc.ptr(y + 2);
69
                uint8_t* pdst = dst.ptr(y);
70
                int x = 0;
71
                for (; x <= dst.cols - v_uint8::nlanes; x += v_uint8::nlanes) {</pre>
72
73
                    v_uint8 res = v_add_wrap(v_sub_wrap(vx_load(psrc0 + x + 2), vx_load(psrc0 + x)),
74
                                   v_{add\_wrap}(v_{sub\_wrap}(vx_{load}(psrc1 + x + 2), vx_{load}(psrc1 + x)),
                                               v sub wrap(vx load(psrc2 + x + 2), vx load(psrc2 + x))));
75
76
                    v_store(pdst + x, res);
77
78
                for (; x < dst.cols; ++x) {</pre>
                    pdst[x] = psrc0[x + 2] - psrc0[x] +
79
80
                               psrc1[x + 2] - psrc1[x] +
                               psrc2[x + 2] - psrc2[x];
81
82
83
        });
84
```

Parallel vectorized implementation: 2.61ms @ 1920x1080 (x4.88)







```
92
            int y = range.start;
            for (; y <= range.end - 2; ++y) {</pre>
93
                const uint8 t* psrc0 = bsrc.ptr(y);
94
                const uint8_t* psrc1 = bsrc.ptr(y + 1);
95
96
                const uint8 t* psrc2 = bsrc.ptr(y + 2);
97
                const uint8_t* psrc3 = bsrc.ptr(y + 3);
98
                uint8 t* pdst0 = dst.ptr(y);
                uint8_t* pdst1 = dst.ptr(y+1);
99
100
                 int x = 0;
                 for (; x <= dst.cols - v_uint8::nlanes; x += v_uint8::nlanes) {</pre>
101
                     v_uint8 res = v_add_wrap(v_sub_wrap(vx_load(psrc1 + x + 2), vx_load(psrc1 + x)),
102
                                               v sub wrap(vx load(psrc2 + x + 2), vx load(psrc2 + x)));
103
104
                     v_store(pdst0 + x, v_add_wrap(res, v_sub_wrap(vx_load(psrc0 + x + 2),
105
                                                                    vx load(psrc0 + x)));
106
                     v_store(pdst1 + x, v_add_wrap(res, v_sub_wrap(vx_load(psrc3 + x + 2),
107
                                                                    vx load(psrc3 + x))));
108
                 for (; x < dst.cols; ++x) {</pre>
109
                     uint8_t res = psrc1[x + 2] - psrc1[x] + psrc2[x + 2] - psrc2[x];
110
111
                     pdst0[x] = res + psrc0[x + 2] - psrc0[x];
                     pdst1[x] = res + psrc3[x + 2] - psrc3[x];
112
113
114
```

Parallel vectorized implementation: 2.54ms @ 1920x1080 (x5.02)





```
const uint8 t* psrc0 = bsrc.ptr(y);
115
             const uint8 t* psrc1 = bsrc.ptr(y + 1);
116
             const uint8_t* psrc2 = bsrc.ptr(y + 2);
117
118
             uint8_t* pdst = dst.ptr(y);
119
             int x = 0;
             for (; x <= dst.cols - v_uint8::nlanes; x += v_uint8::nlanes) {</pre>
120
                 v uint8 res = v add wrap(v sub wrap(vx load(psrc0 + x + 2), vx load(psrc0 + x)),
121
122
                                v_{add\_wrap}(v_{sub\_wrap}(vx_{load}(psrc1 + x + 2), vx_{load}(psrc1 + x)),
123
                                           v sub wrap(vx load(psrc2 + x + 2), vx load(psrc2 + x))));
                 v store(pdst + x, res);
124
125
             for (; x < dst.cols; ++x) {</pre>
126
127
                 pdst[x] = psrc0[x + 2] - psrc0[x] +
128
                            psrc1[x + 2] - psrc1[x] +
                            psrc2[x + 2] - psrc2[x];
129
130
```

Parallel vectorized implementation: 2.54ms @ 1920x1080 (x5.02)





## Practice / Homework

- Go to https://github.com/dkurt/cv\_winter\_camp\_2020 for slides and project source code
- Implement Roberts Cross operator:

- Write regression tests
- Parallelize and vectorize algorithm
- Write performance test and compare efficieny against reference version