

Insertion Sort

Let's start with an example:

Example

Pass 1



The sorted part of the list is initially empty, so we increment i, and move on to the next item.

Pass 2

		i		
	3	7	2	5
sorted		un	sor	ted

For this pass, the item at index i is compared with the item at index i - 1. Since 7 is greater than 3, the items are in the correct order and this pass is complete.

Pass 3

			i		
	3	7	2	5	
sorted		uns	sort	ed	

For this pass, the item at i, which is 2, needs to be inserted into the sorted part of the list.

			i		
				5	
sorted		เมทร	sort	ed	

We know that the value 5 will stay in its current location as we only work with the value at index i and the sorted part of the list.

			i		
			7	5	
sorted		uns	sort	eċ	

Since the 2 is less than 7, we move the 7 over one position to the right.

		i		
	3	7	5	
sorted		uns	sort	ed

Since the 2 is less than 3, we move the 3 over one position to the right.

			i		
	2	3	7	5	
sorted		uns	sort	ed	

Now, the 2 is inserted at index 0.

Pass 4

			-	i	
	2	3	7	5	
sorted			d	unsor	ted

For this pass, the item at i, which is 5, needs to be inserted into the sorted part of the list.

				i	
	2	3		7	
sorted			ed	unsor	ted

Since the 5 is less than 7, we move the 7 over one position to the right.

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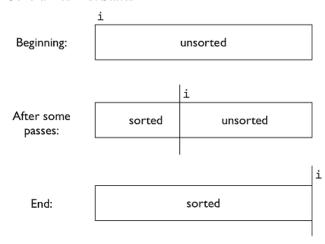
				i	
	2	3	5	7	
sorted		unsor	ted		

Since 5 is greater than 3, the 5 is inserted after the 3.

2 3 5 7

Our list is now sorted.

Generalized List States



Implementation

```
def insert(L, i):
     """ (list, int) -> NoneType
    Precondition: L[:i] is sorted from smallest to largest.
    Move L[i] to where it belongs in L[:i+1].
    >>> L = [7, 3, 5, 2]
>>> insert(L, 1)
    >>> L
[3, 7, 5, 2]
    # The value to be inserted into the sorted part of the list.
    # Find the index, j, where the value belongs.
# Make room for the value by shifting.
    mile j != 0 and L[j - 1] > value:
    # Shift L[j - 1] one position to the right to L[j].
    L[j] = L[j - 1]
    j = j - 1
     # Put the value where it belongs.
    L[j] = value
def insertion_sort(L):
    """ (list) -> NoneType
    Sort the items of L from smallest to largest.
    >>> L = [7, 3, 5, 2]
    >>> insertion_sort(L)
     >>> L
    [2, 3, 5, 7]
    for i in range(len(L)):
         insert(L, i)
if __name__ == '__main__':
    import doctest
    doctest.testmod()
```

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Jennifer Campbell • Paul Gries University of Toronto

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