

Natural Language Processing with Python & nltk Cheat Sheet by RJ Murray (murenei) via cheatography.com/58736/cs/15485/

Handling Text	
text='Some words'	assign string
list(text)	Split text into character tokens
set(text)	Unique tokens
len(text)	Number of characters

Accessing corpora and lexical resources	
from nltk.c orpus import brow n	import CorpusReader object
<pre>brown.w or ds(tex t_id)</pre>	Returns pretokenised document as list of words
<pre>brown.f il eids()</pre>	Lists docs in Brown corpus
brown.c at ego ries()	Lists categories in Brown corpus

Tokenization	
text.s pli t(" ")	Split by space
<pre>nltk.w ord _to ken ize r(text)</pre>	nltk in-built word tokenizer
<pre>nltk.s ent _to ken ize (d oc)</pre>	nltk in-built sentence tokenizer

Lemmatization & Stemming	
<pre>input= "List listed lists listing listin g s"</pre>	Different suffixes
<pre>words= inp ut.l ow er().s plit('')</pre>	Normalize (lower- case) words
porter =nl tk.P or ter Stemmer	Initialise Stemmer
[porte r.s tem(t) for t in words]	Create list of stems
WNL=nl tk.W or dNe tLe mma tizer()	Initialise WordNet Iemmatizer
[WNL.1 emm ati ze(t) for t in words]	Use the lemmatizer

Part of Speech (POS) Tagging	
<pre>nltk.h elp.up enn _ta gse t('MD')</pre>	Lookup definition for a POS tag
<pre>nltk.p os_ tag (words)</pre>	nltk in-built POS tagger
	<use alternative="" ambiguity="" an="" illustrate="" tagger="" to=""></use>

Sentence Parsing	
g=nltk.da ta.l oa d(' gra mma r.cfg')	Load a grammar from a file
g=nltk.CF G.f rom str ing ("""""")	Manually define grammar
<pre>parser =nl tk.C ha rtP ars er(g)</pre>	Create a parser out of the grammar
trees= par ser.pa rse _al l(text)	
for tree in trees: print tree	
from nltk.c orpus import treebank	
<pre>treeba nk.p ar sed _se nts ('w sj_ 00 0 1.mrg')</pre>	Treebank parsed sentences

Text Classification	
from sklear n.f eat ure _ex tra cti on.text impo	ort Co
ect orizer	
vect=C oun tVe cto riz er().f it(X_t rain)	Fit baç
<pre>vect.g et_ fea tur e_n ames()</pre>	Get fe
<pre>vect.t ran sfo rm(X_t rain)</pre>	Conve



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g="NP: {<D T>? <JJ >*< NN> - Regex chunk grammar }" cp=nlt k.R ege xpP ars er(g Parse grammar) ch=cp.p ar se(pos _sent) Parse tagged sent. using grammar print(ch) Show chunks ch.draw() Show chunks in IOB tree cp.eva lua te(tes t_s ents Evaluate against test doc) sents= nlt k.c orp us.t re eba nk.t ag ged _se nts() print(nlt k.n e_c hun k(s - Print chunk tree ent))

RegEx with Pandas & Named Groups

```
df=pd.D at aFr ame (ti me_ sents, column s=[ 'te xt'])

df['te xt' ].s tr.s pl it().s tr.l en()

df['te xt' ].s tr.c on tai ns( 'word')

df['te xt' ].s tr.c ou nt( r'\d')

df['te xt' ].s tr.f in dal l(r '\d')

df['te xt' ].s tr.r ep lac e(r '\w +da y\b', '???')

df['te xt' ].s tr.r ep lac e(r '(\w)', lambda x: x.grou ps(-)

[0 ][:3])

df['te xt' ].s tr.e xt rac t(r '( \d? \d): (\d \d)')

df['te xt' ].s tr.e xt rac tal l(r '(( \d? \d): (\d\d) ?([ap ] m))')

df['te xt' ].s tr.e xt rac tal l(r '(? P<d igi ts> \d)')
```



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