Assignment 1: Implementing linux 1s with Python

EC602 Design by Software

Fall 2021

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1 Introduction

1.1 Assignment Goals

The first assignment goals are to ensure

- you have the development environments available to you
- you are able to use the assignment submission system
- you understand executables and permission in the unix file system
- you can use the unix help system (man)
- you can write short programs in python involving modules and terminal $\rm\,I/O$

1.2 Group Size

For this assignment, the maximum group size is 2.

1.3 Due Date

This assignment is due 2021-9-24 at 23:59, i.e. one minute before midnight.

This assignment will be accepted through a grace period of H = 60 hours.

The grade will be scaled on a linear scale from 100% at the deadline to 50% at the end of the grade period.

If the *natural grade* on the assignment is g, the number of hours late is h, and the grace period is H, then the grade is

```
grade = (h > H) ? 0 : g * (1- h/(2*H));
in C++ or
grade = 0 if h>H else g * (1- h/(2*H))
in python.
```

If the same assignment is submitted on time and late, the grade for that component will be the maximum of the on time submission grade and the scaled late submission grade.

1.4 Submission Link

Assignment One Submission Page

1.5 Points

This assignment is worth 5 points.

2 The Assignment

This assignment will implement various versions and parts of the unix command ls.

2.1 About 1s

All information about how 1s works can be found using two methods

- reading the man page with man ls
- experimenting with ls in the virtual machine, to basically "reverse-engineer" its properties.

We have done both of these in class: you will probably need to do more investigations using these methods to complete the assignment.

To about confusion between our programs and the real ls, all of the assignment components will have names similar to but different from ls.

Note: the ls provided by macOS does not function in precisely the same way as ls as provided in the VM (which is GNU coreutils 8.32)

Note: 1s provides short style options like -t as will as long-style options like --time=WORD. For this assignment, we will assume only short style options.

No testing will be done with any long style options, and you are not expected to handle these cases.

2.1.1 Quotes

Some filenames cause ls to add quote symbols around the actual filenames ('filename' or "filename"). This creates substantial additional complication to the problems described below.

Therefore, you can assume that the option to turn off this mechanism -N or --literal is always specified and so you should not attempt to add quotes around the filenames you print.

2.2 List files one-per line: 1sone

The command

ls -1

where the 1 is a one not an ell, forces ls to print the file information one item per line.

Write an executable python script 1sone that performs this operation.

For this program, all command line arguments should be ignored.

2.3 List files in column form: 1scol

The command

ls -C

forces 1s to print the file information in columns.

Write an executable python script lscol that performs this operation.

For this program, all command line arguments should be ignored.

3 Program Restrictions

You may not access the actual program 1s as part of any of your solutions, i.e. inside the python scripts themselves. This means that, for example, you may not use:

- os.system
- subprocess.run

• subprocess.Popen

or any other such facility in python to directly access the <code>ls</code> utility. You may use <code>os.listdir</code> and other features of the <code>os</code> and <code>sys</code> modules as needed.