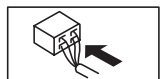
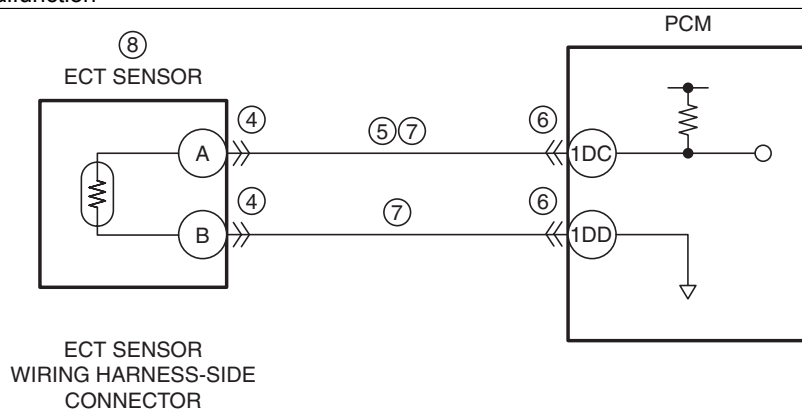
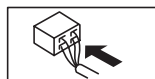


DTC P0117:00	ECT sensor circuit low input
DETECTION CONDITION	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The PCM monitors the ECT sensor signal. If the PCM detects that the ECT sensor voltage at the PCM terminal 1DC is below 0.13 V for 1 s, the PCM determines that the ECT sensor circuit has a malfunction. <p>MONITORING CONDITIONS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Battery voltage: 8—20 V <p>Diagnostic support note</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> This is a continuous monitor (CCM). The check engine light illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition during the first drive cycle. FREEZE FRAME DATA (Mode 2)/Snapshot data is available. DTC is stored in the PCM memory.
FAIL-SAFE FUNCTION	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> PCM restricts engine torque. Increase the idle speed. Inhibits the two-stage turbo control. Inhibits the EGR control. Inhibits the diesel particulate filter regeneration control. The fast idle up correction for the idle speed control is inhibited. Inhibits the A/C control. Inhibits engine-stop by operating the i-stop function. PCM restricts engine-transaxle integration control.
POSSIBLE CAUSE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Engine overheating (cooling system malfunction) ECT sensor connector or terminals malfunction Short to ground in wiring harness between ECT sensor terminal A and PCM terminal 1DC PCM connector or terminals malfunction ECT sensor signal circuit and ground circuit are shorted to each other ECT sensor malfunction PCM malfunction



PCM WIRING HARNESS-SIDE CONNECTOR

1EE 1EA 1DW 1DS 1DO 1DK 1DG	1DA 1CW 1CS 1CO 1CK 1CG 1CC 1BY	1BR 1BM 1BH 1BC 1AX 1AS 1AN 1AI	1AD 1Y 1T 1O 1J 1E 1A
1EF 1EB 1DX 1DT 1DP 1DL 1DH	1DB 1CX 1CT 1CP 1CL 1CH 1CD 1BZ	1BS 1BN 1BI 1BD 1AY 1AT 1AO 1AJ	1AE 1Z 1U 1P 1K 1F 1B
1EI 1EG 1EC 1DY 1DU 1DQ 1DM 1DI	1DE 1DC 1CY 1CU 1CQ 1CM 1CI 1CE 1CA 1BW	1BT 1BO 1BJ 1BE 1AZ 1AU 1AP 1AK	1AF 1AA 1V 1Q 1L 1G 1C
1EJ 1EH 1ED 1DZ 1DV 1DR 1DN 1DJ	1DF 1DD 1CZ 1CV 1CR 1CN 1CJ 1CF 1CB 1BX	1BU 1BP 1BK 1BF 1BA 1AV 1AQ 1AL	1AG 1AB 1W 1R 1M 1H 1D
		1BV 1BQ 1BL 1BG 1BB 1AW 1AR 1AM	1AH 1AC 1X 1S 1N 1I



Diagnostic Procedure

STEP	INSPECTION	ACTION
1	VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA (MODE 2)/ SNAPSHOT DATA HAS BEEN RECORDED <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Has the FREEZE FRAME DATA (Mode 2)/ snapshot data been recorded? 	Yes Go to the next step.
		No Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA (Mode 2)/snapshot data on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	VERIFY RELATED SERVICE INFORMATION AVAILABILITY <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Verify related Service Information availability. Is any related Service Information available? 	Yes Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available Service Information. • If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.
		No Go to the next step.
3	VERIFY ENGINE CONDITION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Verify the engine condition. Is the engine overheating? 	Yes Perform the symptom troubleshooting "NO.22 COOLING SYSTEM CONCERNS-OVERHEATING". (See NO.22 COOLING SYSTEM CONCERNS-OVERHEATING [SKYACTIV-D 2.2].)
		No Go to the next step.
4	INSPECT ECT SENSOR CONNECTOR CONDITION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Switch the ignition off. Disconnect the ECT sensor connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	Yes Repair or replace the connector and/or terminals, then go to Step 9.
		No Go to the next step.
5	INSPECT ECT SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GROUND <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Verify that the ECT sensor connector is disconnected. Inspect for continuity between ECT sensor terminal A (wiring harness-side) and body ground. Is there continuity? 	Yes If the short to ground circuit could be detected in the wiring harness: • Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to ground. If the short to ground circuit could not be detected in the wiring harness: • Replace the PCM (short to ground in the PCM internal circuit). (See PCM REMOVAL/INSTALLATION [SKYACTIV-D 2.2].) Go to Step 9.
		No Go to the next step.
6	INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR CONDITION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Disconnect the PCM connector. Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion). Is there any malfunction? 	Yes Repair or replace the connector and/or terminals, then go to Step 9.
		No Go to the next step.
7	INSPECT ECT SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT AND GROUND CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO EACH OTHER <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Verify that the ECT sensor and PCM connectors are disconnected. Inspect for continuity between ECT sensor terminals A and B (wiring harness-side). Is there continuity? 	Yes Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to each other, then go to Step 9.
		No Go to the next step.
8	INSPECT ECT SENSOR <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Inspect the ECT sensor. (See ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE (ECT) SENSOR INSPECTION [SKYACTIV-D 2.2].) Is there any malfunction? 	Yes Replace the ECT sensor, then go to the next step. (See ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE (ECT) SENSOR REMOVAL/INSTALLATION [SKYACTIV-D 2.2].)
		No Go to the next step.
9	VERIFY DTC TROUBLESHOOTING COMPLETED <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Always reconnect all disconnected connectors. Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the M-MDS. (See AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE [SKYACTIV-D 2.2].) Perform the KOEO or KOER self test. (See KOEO/KOER SELF TEST [SKYACTIV-D 2.2].) Is the same DTC present? 	Yes Repeat the inspection from Step 1. • If the malfunction recurs, replace the PCM. (See PCM REMOVAL/INSTALLATION [SKYACTIV-D 2.2].) Go to the next step.
		No Go to the next step.

STEP	INSPECTION		ACTION
10	VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE • Perform the “AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE”. (See AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE [SKYACTIV-D 2.2].) • Are any DTCs present?	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See DTC TABLE [SKYACTIV-D 2.2].)
		No	DTC troubleshooting completed.