

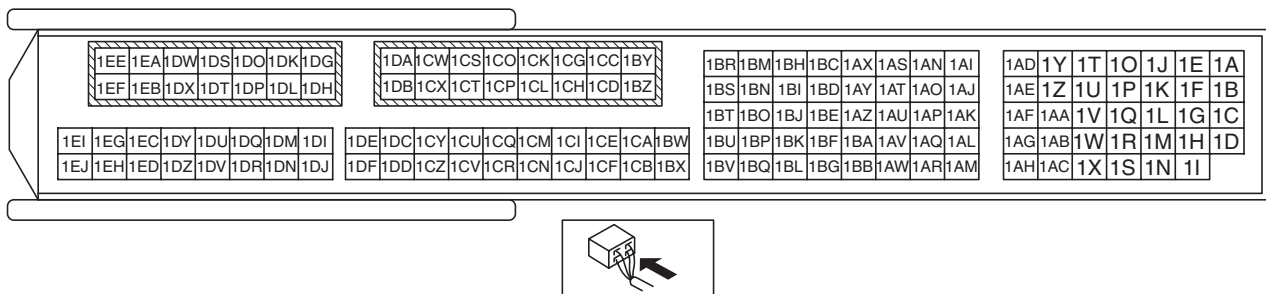
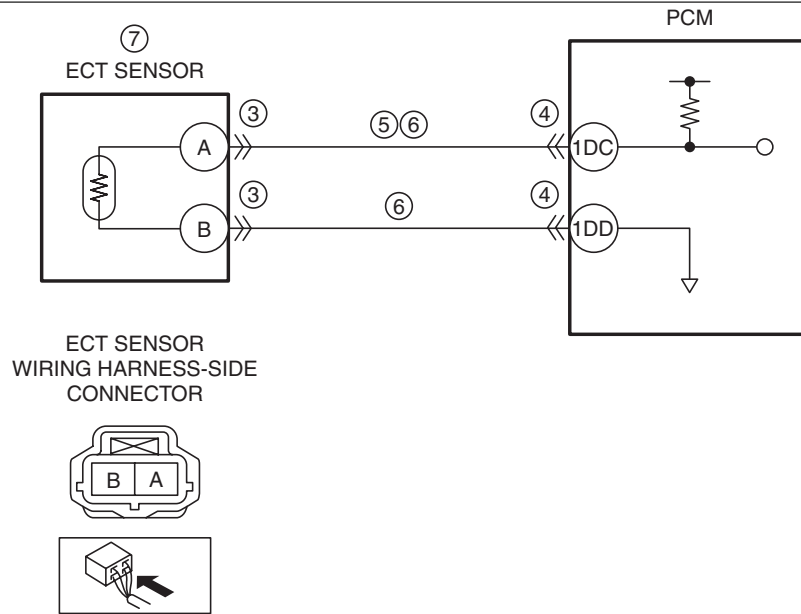
**DTC P0118:00 [SKYACTIV-D 2.2]**

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<b>DTC P0118:00</b>	<b>ECT sensor circuit high input</b>
<b>DETECTION CONDITION</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The PCM monitors the ECT sensor signal. If the PCM detects that the ECT sensor voltage at the PCM terminal 1DC is <b>above 4.93 V</b> for <b>1 s</b>, the PCM determines that the ECT sensor circuit has a malfunction.</li></ul> <b>MONITORING CONDITIONS</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>— Battery voltage: <b>8—20 V</b></li></ul> <b>Diagnostic support note</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• This is a continuous monitor (CCM).</li><li>• The check engine light illuminates if the PCM detects the above malfunction condition during the first drive cycle.</li><li>• FREEZE FRAME DATA (Mode 2)/Snapshot data is available.</li><li>• DTC is stored in the PCM memory.</li></ul>
<b>FAIL-SAFE FUNCTION</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• PCM restricts engine torque.</li><li>• Increase the idle speed.</li><li>• Inhibits the two-stage turbo control.</li><li>• Inhibits the EGR control.</li><li>• Inhibits the diesel particulate filter regeneration control.</li><li>• The fast idle up correction for the idle speed control is inhibited.</li><li>• Inhibits the A/C control.</li><li>• Inhibits engine-stop by operating the i-stop function.</li><li>• PCM restricts engine-transaxle integration control.</li></ul>
<b>POSSIBLE CAUSE</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ambient temperature is too low</li><li>• ECT sensor connector or terminals malfunction</li><li>• PCM connector or terminals malfunction</li><li>• Short to power supply in wiring harness between ECT sensor terminal A and PCM terminal 1DC</li><li>• Open circuit in wiring harness between the following terminals:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>— ECT sensor terminal A—PCM terminal 1DC</li><li>— ECT sensor terminal B—PCM terminal 1DD</li></ul></li><li>• ECT sensor malfunction</li><li>• PCM malfunction</li></ul>

**DTC  
P0118:00**

**ECT sensor circuit high input**



**Diagnostic Procedure**

STEP	INSPECTION	ACTION
1	<b>VERIFY FREEZE FRAME DATA (MODE 2)/ SNAPSHOT DATA HAS BEEN RECORDED</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Has the FREEZE FRAME DATA (Mode 2)/ snapshot data been recorded?</li></ul>	Yes Go to the next step.
		No Record the FREEZE FRAME DATA (Mode 2)/snapshot data on the repair order, then go to the next step.
2	<b>VERIFY RELATED SERVICE INFORMATION AVAILABILITY</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Verify related Service Information availability.</li><li>Is any related Service Information available?</li></ul>	Yes Perform repair or diagnosis according to the available Service Information. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>If the vehicle is not repaired, go to the next step.</li></ul>
		No Go to the next step.
3	<b>INSPECT ECT SENSOR CONNECTOR CONDITION</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Switch the ignition off.</li><li>Disconnect the ECT sensor connector.</li><li>Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion).</li><li>Is there any malfunction?</li></ul>	Yes Repair or replace the connector and/or terminals, then go to Step 8.
		No Go to the next step.
4	<b>INSPECT PCM CONNECTOR CONDITION</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Disconnect the PCM connector.</li><li>Inspect for poor connection (such as damaged/ pulled-out pins, corrosion).</li><li>Is there any malfunction?</li></ul>	Yes Repair or replace the connector and/or terminals, then go to Step 8.
		No Go to the next step.

STEP	INSPECTION	ACTION	
5	<b>INSPECT ECT SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO POWER SUPPLY</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Verify that the ECT sensor and PCM connectors are disconnected.</li> <li>• Switch the ignition ON (engine off).</li> <li>• Measure the voltage at the ECT sensor terminal A (wiring harness-side).</li> <li>• Is the voltage <b>0 V</b>?</li> </ul>	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible short to power supply, then go to Step 8.
6	<b>INSPECT ECT SENSOR CIRCUIT FOR OPEN CIRCUIT</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Verify that the ECT sensor and PCM connectors are disconnected.</li> <li>• Switch the ignition off.</li> <li>• Inspect for continuity between the following terminals (wiring harness-side): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— ECT sensor terminal A—PCM terminal 1DC</li> <li>— ECT sensor terminal B—PCM terminal 1DD</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Is there continuity?</li> </ul>	Yes	Go to the next step.
		No	Repair or replace the wiring harness for a possible open circuit, then go to Step 8.
7	<b>INSPECT ECT SENSOR</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Inspect the ECT sensor. (See ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE (ECT) SENSOR INSPECTION [SKYACTIV-D 2.2].)</li> <li>• Is there any malfunction?</li> </ul>	Yes	Replace the ECT sensor, then go to the next step. (See ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE (ECT) SENSOR REMOVAL/INSTALLATION [SKYACTIV-D 2.2].)
		No	Go to the next step.
8	<b>VERIFY DTC TROUBLESHOOTING COMPLETED</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Always reconnect all disconnected connectors.</li> <li>• Clear the DTC from the PCM memory using the M-MDS. (See AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE [SKYACTIV-D 2.2].)</li> <li>• Perform the KOEO or KOER self test. (See KOEO/KOER SELF TEST [SKYACTIV-D 2.2].)</li> <li>• Is the same DTC present?</li> </ul>	Yes	Repeat the inspection from Step 1. • If the malfunction recurs, replace the PCM. (See PCM REMOVAL/INSTALLATION [SKYACTIV-D 2.2].) Go to the next step.
		No	Go to the next step.
9	<b>VERIFY AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Perform the "AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE". (See AFTER REPAIR PROCEDURE [SKYACTIV-D 2.2].)</li> <li>• Are any DTCs present?</li> </ul>	Yes	Go to the applicable DTC inspection. (See DTC TABLE [SKYACTIV-D 2.2].)
		No	DTC troubleshooting completed.