

- **Source Code**

```
/*
Practical - 5
Write a function template selection sort and insertion sort.
Write a program that inputs, sorts and outputs an integer
array and a float array.
*/

#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

#define SIZE 10
int n;

template <class T>
void selection(T A[SIZE]){
    int i, j, min;
    T temp;
    for(i=0; i<=n-2; i++){
        min = i;
        for(j=i+1; j<=n-1; j++){
            if(A[j]<A[min]){
                min = j;
            }
        }
        temp = A[i];
        A[i] = A[min];
        A[min] = temp;
    }
    cout << "\n The sorted array is : \n";
    for(i=0; i<n; i++){
        cout << "\t" << A[i];
    }
}
```

```

template <class T>
void insertion(T A[SIZE]){
    for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
        T key = A[i];
        int j = i - 1;
        while (j >= 0 && A[j] > key) {
            A[j + 1] = A[j];
            j = j - 1;
        }
        A[j + 1] = key;
    }
    cout << "\n The sorted array is : \n";
    for(int i=0; i<n; i++){
        cout << "\t" << A[i];
    }
}

int main(){
    int i, A[SIZE];
    float B[SIZE];

    cout << "\n\tSelection Sort\n";
    cout << "\nHandling integer elements\n";
    cout << "\n How many elements are there : ";
    cin >> n;
    cout << "\nEnter the integer elements : \n";
    for(i=0; i<n; i++){
        cin >> A[i];
    }
    selection(A);

    cout << "\n\n\tInsertion Sort\n";
    cout << "\nHandling float elements\n";
    cout << "\n How many elements are there : ";
    cin >> n;
    cout << "\nEnter the float elements : \n";
    for(i=0; i<n; i++){
        cin >> B[i];
    }
    insertion(B);
    return 0;
}

```

- **Output**

### Selection Sort

Handling integer elements

How many elements are there : 5

Enter the integer elements :

9 2 5 8 1

The sorted array is :

1        2        5        8        9

### Insertion Sort

Handling float elements

How many elements are there : 5

Enter the float elements :

34.5 12.8 56.9 30.4 10.5

The sorted array is :

10.5    12.8    30.4    34.5    56.9