WebGL™ is an immediate-mode 3D rendering API designed for the web. It is derived from OpenGL® ES 3.0, and provides similar rendering functionality, but in an HTML context. WebGL 2 is not entirely backwards compatible with WebGL 1. Existing error-free content written against the core WebGL 1 specification without extensions will often run in WebGL 2 without modification, but this is not always the case.

The WebGL 2 specification shows differences from the WebGL 1 specification. Both WebGL specifications are available at khronos.org/webgl. Unless otherwise specified, the behavior of each method is defined by the OpenGL ES 3.0 specification. The OpenGL ES specification is at khronos.org/opengles.



- [n.n.n] refers to sections in the WebGL 1.0 specification.
- [n.n.n] refers to sections in the WebGL 2.0 specification.
- Content in blue is newly added with WebGL 2.0.
- Content in purple or marked with has no corresponding OpenGL ES 3.0 function.

#### Interfaces

# WebGLContextAttributes [5.2]

This interface contains requested drawing surface attributes and is passed as the second parameter to getContext. Some of these are optional requests and may be ignored by an implementation.

If true, requests a drawing buffer with an alpha channel for the purposes of performing OpenGL destination alpha operations and compositing with the page.

Default: true If true, requests drawing buffer with a depth buffer of at least 16 bits. Must obey.

Default: false If true, requests a stencil buffer of at least 8 bits. Must obey.

antialias Default: true If true, requests drawing buffer with antialiasing using its choice of technique (multisample/supersample) and quality. Must obey.

Default: true If true, requests drawing buffer which contains colors with premultiplied alpha. (Ignored if alpha is false.)

preserveDrawingBuffer Default: false If true, requests that contents of the drawing buffer remain in between frames, at potential performance cost. May have significant performance implications on some hardware.

preferLowPowerToHighPerformanceDefault: false Provides a hint suggesting that implementation create a context that optimizes for power consumption over performance.

failIfMajorPerformanceCaveat If true, context creation will fail if the performance of the created WebGL context would be dramatically lower than that of a native application making equivalent OpenGL calls.

#### WebGLObject [5.3]

This is the parent interface for all WebGL resource objects:

	e for all WebGL resource objects.		
WebGLBuffer [5.4]	Created as if by glGenBuffers, bound by glBindBuffer, destroyed by glDeleteBuffers in OpenGL ES		
WebGLFramebuffer [5.5]	Created as if by glGenFramebuffers, bound by glBindFramebuffer, destroyed by glDeleteFramebuffers in OpenGL ES		
WebGLProgram [5.6]	Created as if by glCreateProgram, used by glUseProgram, destroyed by glDeleteProgram in OpenGL ES		
WebGLRenderbuffer [5.7]	Created as if by glGenRenderbuffers, bound by glBindRenderbuffer, destroyed by glDeleteRenderbuffers in OpenGL ES		
WebGLShader [5.8]	Created as if by glCreateShader, attached to program by glAttachShader, destroyed by glDeleteShader in OpenGL ES		
WebGLTexture [5.9]	Created as if by glGenTextures, bound by glBindTexture, destroyed by glDeleteTextures in OpenGL ES		
WebGLUniformLocation [5.10]	Location of a uniform variable in a shader program.		
WebGLActiveInfo [5.11]	Information returned from calls to getActiveAttrib and getActiveUniform. The read-only attributes are: int size enum type DOMstring name		
WebGLShaderPrecision- Format [5.12]	Information returned from calls to getShaderPrecisionFormat. The read-only attributes are: int rangeMin int rangeMax int precision		

WebGLQuery [3.2]	Created as if by glGenQueries, made active by glBeginQuery, concluded by glEndQuery, destroyed by glDeleteQueries in OpenGL ES
WebGLSampler [3.3]	Created as if by glGenSamplers, bound by glBindSampler, destroyed by glDeleteSamplers in OpenGL ES
WebGLSync [3.4]	Created as if by glFenceSync, blocked on by glClientWaitSync, waited on internal GL by glWaitSync, queried by glGetSynciv, destroyed by glDeleteSync in OpenGL ES
WebGLTransformFeedback [3.5]	Created as if by glGenTransformFeedbacks, bound by glBindTransformFeedback, destroyed by glDeleteTransformFeedbacks in OpenGLES
WebGLVertexArrayObject [3.6]	Created as if by glGenVertexArrays, bound by glBindVertexArray, destroyed by glDeleteVertexArrays in OpenGL ES

# WebGL Context Creation [2.1]

To use WebGL, the author must obtain a WebGL rendering context for a given HTMLCanvasElement. This context manages the OpenGL state and renders to the drawing buffer.

[canvas].getContext(

"webgl", WebGLContextAttributes? optionalAttribs)

Returns a WebGL 1.0 rendering context

[canvas].getContext(

"webgl2", WebGLContextAttributes? optionalAttribs)

Returns a WebGL 2.0 rendering context

## Per-Fragment Operations [5.14.3]

void blendColor(clampf red, clampf green, clampf blue, clampf alpha):

void blendEquation(enum mode): mode: See modeRGB for blendEquationSeparate

void blendEquationSeparate(enum modeRGB, enum modeAlpha);
modeRGB, and modeAlpha: FUNC\_ADD, FUNC\_SUBTRACT,

FUNC\_REVERSE\_SUBTRACT

void **blendFunc**(enum *sfactor*, enum *dfactor*);
 *sfactor*: Same as for *dfactor*, plus SRC\_ALPHA\_SATURATE
 *dfactor*: ZERO, ONE, [ONE\_MINUS\_]SRC\_COLOR,
 [ONE\_MINUS\_]DST\_COLOR, [ONE\_MINUS\_]SRC\_ALPHA,
 [ONE\_MINUS\_]DST\_ALPHA, [ONE\_MINUS\_]CONSTANT\_COLOR,

ONE MINUS CONSTANT ALPHA

sfactor and dfactor may not both reference constant color

void blendFuncSeparate(enum srcRGB, enum dstRGB, enum srcAlpha, enum dstAlpha);

srcRGB, srcAlpha: See sfactor for blendFunc dstRGB, dstAlpha: See dfactor for blendFunc

void **depthFunc**(enum *func*); *func*: NEVER, ALWAYS, LESS, [NOT]EQUAL, {GE, LE}QUAL, GREATER

void sampleCoverage(float value, bool invert);

void stencilFunc(enum func, int ref, uint mask); func: NEVER, ALWAYS, LESS, LEQUAL, [NOT]EQUAL, GREATER, GEQUAL

void stencilFuncSeparate(enum face, enum func, int ref,

face: FRONT, BACK, FRONT\_AND\_BACK
func: NEVER, ALWAYS, LESS, LEQUAL, [NOT]EQUAL, GREATER,

void stencilOp(enum fail, enum zfail, enum zpass); fail, zfail, and zpass: KEEP, ZERO, REPLACE, INCR, DECR, INVERT, INCR WRAP, DECR WRAP

void stencilOpSeparate(enum face, enum fail, enum zfail, enum zpass);

face: FRONT, BACK, FRONT\_AND\_BACK

fail, zfail, and zpass: See fail, zfail, and zpass for stencilOp

### ArrayBuffer and Typed Arrays [5.13]

Data is transferred to WebGL using ArrayBuffer and views. Buffers represent unstructured binary data, which can be modified using one or more typed array views. Consult the ECMAScript specification for more details on Typed Arrays.

ArrayBuffer(ulong byteLength);

byteLength: read-only, length of view in bytes.

Creates a new buffer. To modify the data, create one or more views referencing it.

In the following, ViewType may be Int8Array, Int16Array, Int32Array, Uint8Array, Uint16Array, Uint32Array, Float32Array.

# ViewType(ulong length);

Creates a view and a new underlying buffer. length: Read-only, number of elements in this view.

# ViewType(ViewType other);

Creates new underlying buffer and copies other array.

#### ViewType(type[] other);

Creates new underlying buffer and copies other array.

ViewType(ArrayBuffer buffer, [optional] ulong byteOffset, [optional] ulong length);

Create a new view of given buffer, starting at optional byte offset, extending for optional length elements. buffer: Read-only, buffer backing this view

byteOffset: Read-only, byte offset of view start in buffer length: Read-only, number of elements in this view

#### Other Properties

byteLength: Read-only, length of view in bytes. const ulong BYTES\_PER\_ELEMENT: element size in bytes.

view[i] = get/set element i

set(ViewType other[, ulong offset]);

set(type[] other[, ulong offset]);

Replace elements in this view with those from other, starting at optional offset.

ViewType subArray(long begin[, long end]);

Return a subset of this view, referencing the same underlying

# Buffer Objects [5.14.5] [3.7.3]

Once bound, buffers may not be rebound with a different target.

void bindBuffer(enum target, WebGLBuffer? buffer); target: ARRAY\_BUFFER, ELEMENT\_ARRAY\_BUFFER,
PIXEL\_[UN]PACK\_BUFFER, COPY\_{READ, WRITE}\_BUFFER,
TRANSFORM\_FEEDBACK\_BUFFER, UNIFORM\_BUFFER

typedef (ArrayBuffer or ArrayBufferView) BufferDataSource

void bufferData(enum target, long size, enum usage);

target: See target for bindBuffer usage: STREAM\_{DRAW, READ, COPY}, STATIC\_{DRAW, READ, COPY}, DYNAMIC\_{DRAW, READ, COPY}

void bufferData(enum target, ArrayBufferView srcData, enum usage, uint srcOffset[, uint length=0]); target and usage: Same as for bufferData above

void bufferData(enum target, BufferDataSource data, enum usage);

target and usage: Same as for bufferData above

void bufferSubData(enum target, long offset, BufferDataSource data);

target: See target for bindBuffer void bufferSubData(enum target, intptr dstByteOffset,

ArrayBufferView srcData, uint srcOffset[, uint length=0]); target: See target for bindBuffer

void copyBufferSubData(enum readTarget, enum writeTarget, intptr readOffset, intptr writeOffset, sizeiptr size);

• void **getBufferSubData**(enum *target*, intptr *srcByteOffset*, ArrayBufferView dstBuffer[, uint dstOffset=0[, uint lenath=011):

# **Buffer Objects (continued)**

Object createBuffer();

Corresponding OpenGL ES function is GenBuffers

void deleteBuffer(WebGLBuffer? buffer);

any getBufferParameter(enum target, enum pname); target: See target for bindBuffer pname: BUFFER\_SIZE, BUFFER\_USAGE

bool isBuffer(WebGLBuffer? buffer);

# Detect and Enable Extensions [5.14]

- string[] getSupportedExtensions();
- object getExtension(string name);

Available in the WebGLRenderingContext interface.

Get information about the context

contextStruct getContextAttributes();

Set and get state

Calls in this group behave identically to their OpenGL ES counterparts unless otherwise noted. Source and destination factors may not both reference constant color.

# Programs and Shaders [5.14.9] [3.7.7]

Shaders are loaded with a source string (shaderSource), compiled (compileShader), attached to a program (attachShader), linked (linkProgram), then used (useProgram).

[WebGLHandlesContextLoss] int getFragDataLocation( WebGLProgram program, DOMString name);

void attachShader(Object program, Object shader);

void bindAttribLocation(Object program, uint index, string name);

void compileShader(Object shader);

Object createProgram();

Object **createShader**(enum *type*); *type:* VERTEX\_SHADER, FRAGMENT\_SHADER

void deleteProgram(Object program);

void deleteShader(Object shader);

void detachShader(Object program, Object shader);

Object[] getAttachedShaders(Object program);

any getProgramParameter(WebGLProgram? program, enum pname);

Corresponding OpenGL ES function is GetProgramiv

pname: DELETE\_STATUS, LINK\_STATUS, VALIDATE\_STATUS ATTACHED\_SHADERS, ACTIVE\_{ATTRIBUTES, UNIFORMS}, ACTIVE\_UNIFORM\_BLOCKS, TRANSFORM\_FEEDBACK\_BUFFER\_MODE,

TRANSFORM\_FEEDBACK\_VARYINGS

string getProgramInfoLog(Object program);

any getShaderParameter(Object shader, enum pname);

Corresponding OpenGL ES function is GetShaderiv

pname: SHADER\_TYPE, DELETE\_STATUS, COMPILE\_STATUS

string getShaderInfoLog(Object shader);

string getShaderSource(Object shader);

bool isProgram(Object program);

bool isShader(Object shader);

void linkProgram(Object program);

void shaderSource(Object shader, string source);

void useProgram(Object program);

void validateProgram(Object program);

## Uniforms and Attributes [5.14.10] [3.7.8]

Values used by the shaders are passed in as a uniform of vertex

void disableVertexAttribArray(uint index); index: [0, MAX\_VERTEX\_ATTRIBS - 1]

void enableVertexAttribArray(uint index); index: [0, MAX\_VERTEX\_ATTRIBS - 1]

WebGLActiveInfo? getActiveAttrib(WebGLProgram program,

WebGLActiveInfo? getActiveUniform( WebGLProgram program, uint index);

int getAttribLocation(WebGLProgram program, string name);

# Special Functions [5.13.3] [3.7.2]

contextStruct getContextAttributes() [5.13.2]

void disable(enum cap);

cap: BLEND, CULL\_FACE, DEPTH\_TEST, DITHER,
POLYGON\_OFFSET\_FILL, SAMPLE\_ALPHA\_TO\_COVERAGE, SAMPLE\_COVERAGE, SCISSOR\_TEST, STENCIL\_TEST

void enable(enum cap); cap: See cap for disab

void finish(); [5.13.11]

void flush(); [5.13.11] enum getError();

Returns: OUT\_OF\_MEMORY, INVALID\_{ENUM, OPERATION, FRAMEBUFFER\_OPERATION, VALUE}, NO\_ERROR,

CONTEXT\_LOST\_WEBGL

any getParameter(enum pname);
pname: {ALPHA, RED, GREEN, BLUE, SUBPIXEL}\_BITS,
ACTIVE\_TEXTURE, ALIASED {LINE\_WIDTH, POINT\_SIZE}\_RANGE,
ARRAY\_BUFFER\_BINDING, BLEND\_DST\_{ALPHA, RGB},
BLEND\_EQUATION\_{ALPHA, RGB}, BLEND\_SRC\_{ALPHA, RGB},
BLEND\_COLOR], COLOR\_{CLEAR\_VALUE, WRITEMASK},
COPY\_{READ, WRITE}\_BUFFER\_BINDING,
[NUM\_ICOMPRESSED\_TEXTURE\_FORMATS, CULL\_FACE[\_MODE],
CURRENT\_PROGRAM, DEPTH\_{BITS, CLEAR\_VALUE, FUNC},
DEPTH\_{RANGE, TEST, WRITEMASK}, DRAW\_BUFFERI,
DRAW\_FRAMEBUFFER\_BINDING, DRAW\_FRAMEBUFFER\_BINDING, ELEMENT\_ARRAY\_BUFFER\_BINDING, DITHER,

ELEMENT\_ARRAY\_BUFFER\_BINDING, DITHER,
FRAMEBUFFER\_BINDING, FRONT\_FACE,
FRAGMENT\_SHADER\_DERIVATIVE\_HINT,
GENERATE\_MIPMAP\_HINT, LINE\_WIDTH,
MAX\_3D\_TEXTURE\_SIZE, MAX\_ARRAY\_TEXTURE\_LAYERS,
MAX\_COLOR\_ATTACHMENTS,
MAX\_COLOR\_ATTACHMENTS

MAX\_COMBINED\_FRAGMENT\_UNIFORM\_COMPONENTS, MAX\_[COMBINED\_]TEXTURE\_IMAGE\_UNITS,

MAX\_COMBINED\_UNIFORM\_BLOCKS MAX\_COMBINED\_VERTEX\_UNIFORM\_COMPONENTS, MAX\_DRAW\_BUFFERS, MAX\_ELEMENT\_INDEX,

MAX\_ELEMENTS\_{INDICES, VERTICES

MAX\_FRAGMENT\_INPUT\_COMPONENTS,
MAX\_FRAGMENT\_UNIFORM\_{BLOCKS, COMPONENTS}, MAX\_PROGRAM\_TEXEL\_OFFSET, MAX\_SAMPLES MAX\_SERVER\_WAIT\_TIMEOUT, MAX\_TEXTURE\_LOD\_BIAS,

MAX\_TRANSFORM\_FEEDBACK\_INTERLEAVED\_COMPONENTS, MAX\_TRANSFORM\_FEEDBACK\_SEPARATE\_COMPONENTS, MAX\_TRANSFORM\_FEEDBACK\_SEPARATE\_COMPONENTS,
MAX\_TRANSFORM\_FEEDBACK\_SEPARATE\_ATTRIBS,
MAX\_UNIFORM\_BLOCK\_SIZE,
MAX\_UNIFORM\_BUFFER\_BINDINGS,
MAX\_CUBE\_MAP\_TEXTURE, RENDERBUFFER, TEXTURE}\_SIZE,
MAX\_VARYING\_(COMPONENTS, VECTORS),
MAX\_VERTEX\_GATTRIBS, TEXTURE\_IMAGE\_UNITS},
MAX\_VERTEX\_UNIFORM\_{BLOCKS, COMPONENTS, VECTORS},
MAX\_VIEWPORT\_DIMS, PACK\_ALIGNMENT,
MIN\_PROGRAM\_TEXEL\_OFFSET, PACK\_ROW\_LENGTH,
PACK\_SKIP\_PIXELS. ROWS}. PIXEL\_UNIPACK\_BUFFER\_BINDING. MIN PROGRAM, TEXEL OFFSET, PACK ROW LENGTH,
PACK SKIP\_(PIXELS, ROWS), PIXEL\_[UN]PACK\_BUFFER\_BINDING,
POLYGON\_OFFSET\_(FACTOR, FILL, UNITS),
RASTERIZER\_DISCARD, READ (BUFFER, FRAMEBUFFER\_BINDING),
RENDERBUFFER\_BINDING, RENDERER, SAMPLE\_BUFFERS,
SAMPLE\_COVERAGE,
SAMPLE\_COVERAGE (INVERT, VALUE), SAMPLES,
SCISSOR\_(BOX, TEST), SHADING\_LANGUAGE\_VERSION,
STENCIL\_(BITS, CLEAR\_VALUE, TEST),
STENCIL\_BACK\_)[FAIL, FUNC, REF, VALUE\_MASK, WRITEMASK),
STENCIL\_BACK\_)[FASS\_DEPTH\_(FAIL, PASS),
TEXTURE\_BINDING\_(2D, CUBE\_MAP, 3D, 2D\_ARRAY),
TRANSFORM\_FEEDBACK\_(ACTIVE, BINDING, BUFFER\_BINDING,
UNIFORM\_BUFFER\_OFFSET\_ALIGNMENT, UNPACK\_ALIGNMENT,

UNIFORM BUFFER\_OFFSET\_ALIGNMENT, UNPACK\_ALIGNMENT, UNPACK\_(COLORSPACE\_CONVERSION\_WEBGL, FLIP\_Y\_WEBGL, PREMULTIPLY\_ALPHA\_WEBGL),

UNPACK\_IMAGE\_HEIGHT, UNPACK\_ROW\_LENGTH, UNPACK\_SKIP\_{IMAGES, PIXELS, ROWS}, VENDOR, VERSION, VIEWPORT, VERTEX\_ARRAY\_BINDING

any **getIndexedParameter**(enum *target*, uint *index*); *target*: TRANSFORM\_FEEDBACK\_BUFFER\_{BINDING, SIZE, START}, UNIFORM\_BUFFER\_{BINDING, SIZE, START}

void **hint**(enum target, enum mode); target: GENERATE\_MIPMAP\_HINT hint: FASTEST, NICEST, DONT CARE

bool isEnabled(enum cap);

cap: RASTERIZER\_DISCARD Also see cap for disable

Void **pixelStorei**(enum *pname*, int *param*);

pname: PACK ALIGNMENT, PACK ROW, LENGTH,
PACK SKIP ?PIXELS, ROWS), UNPACK ALIGNMENT,
UNPACK COLORSPACE CONVERSION MEDGI UNPACK [FLIP Y WEBGL, PREMULTIPLY ALPHA WEBGL], UNPACK IMAGE HEIGHT, UNPACK ROW LENGTH, UNPACK\_SKIP\_{PIXELS, ROWS, IMAGES}

### Rasterization [5.13.3]

void **cullFace**(enum *mode*); *mode*: BACK, FRONT, FRONT\_AND\_BACK

void frontFace(enum mode);

void lineWidth(float width);

void polygonOffset(float factor, float units);

# View and Clip [5.13.3 - 5.13.4]

The viewport specifies the affine transformation of x and y from normalized device coordinates to window coordinates. Drawing buffer size is determined by the HTMLCanvasElement.

void depthRange(float zNear, float zFar);

zNear: Clamped to the range 0 to 1 Must be <= zFar zFar: Clamped to the range 0 to 1.

void **scissor**(int x, int y, long width, long height); void viewport(int x, int y, long width, long height);

# Writing to the Draw Buffer [5.14.11] [3.7.9]

When rendering is directed to drawing buffer, OpenGL ES rendering calls cause the drawing buffer to be presented to the HTML page compositor at start of next compositing operation.

void drawArrays(enum mode, int first, sizei count); mode: POINTS, LINE STRIP, LINE LOOP, LINES, TRIANGLE STRIP, TRIANGLE\_FAN, TRIANGLES first: May not be a negative value.

void drawElements(enum mode, sizei count, enum type,

intptr offset);
mode: POINTS, LINE\_STRIP, LINE\_LOOP, LINES, TRIANGLE\_STRIP,
TRIANGLE\_FAN, TRIANGLES type: UNSIGNED\_BYTE, UNSIGNED\_SHORT

void clear(bitfield mask);

void vertexAttribDivisor(uint index, uint divisor);

void drawArraysInstanced(enum mode, int first, sizei count, sizei instanceCount);

void drawElementsInstanced(enum mode, sizei count, enum type, intptr offset, sizei instanceCount);

void drawRangeElements(enum mode, uint start, uint end, sizei count, enum type, intptr offset);

# Detect context lost events [5.13.13]

bool isContextLost();

any getUniform(WebGLProgram? program, uint location);

WebGLUniformLocation? getUniformLocation( Object program, string name);

any getVertexAttrib(uint index, enum pname);

pname: CURRENT\_VERTEX\_ATTRIB ,
VERTEX\_ATTRIB\_ARRAY\_{BUFFER\_BINDING, ENABLED},
VERTEX\_ATTRIB\_ARRAY\_{NORMALIZED, SIZE, STRIDE, TYPE},
VERTEX\_ATTRIB\_ARRAY\_{INTEGER, DIVISOR} long getVertexAttribOffset(uint index, enum pname);

Corresponding OpenGL ES function is GetVertexAttribPointerv pname: VERTEX\_ATTRIB\_ARRAY\_POINTER

void uniform[1234]fv(WebGLUniformLocation? location, Float32List data[, uint srcOffset=0[, uint srcLength=0]]); void **uniform[1234]iv**(WebGLUniformLocation? *location*, Int32List *data*[, uint *srcOffset*=0[, uint *srcLength*=0]]);

void uniform[1234]uiv(WebGLUniformLocation? location, Uint32List data[, uint srcOffset=0[, uint srcLength=0]]); void uniformMatrix[234]fv(WebGLUniformLocation? location, bool transpose, Float32List data[, uint srcOffset=0[, uint srcLength=0]]);

void uniformMatrix[234]x[234]fv(

WebGLUniformLocation? location, bool transpose, Float32List data[, uint srcOffset=0[, uint srcLength=0]]);

void vertexAttrib[1234]f(uint index, ...);

void vertexAttrib[1234]fv(uint index, Array value);

void vertexAttribI4[u]i[v](uint index, ...);

void vertexAttribPointer(uint index, int size, enum type, bool normalized, long stride, long offset); type: BYTE, SHORT, UNSIGNED\_{BYTE, SHORT}, FIXED, FLOAT index: [0, MAX\_VERTEX\_ATTRIBS - 1] stride: [0, 255] offset, stride: must be a multiple of the type size in WebGL

void vertexAttribIPointer(uint index, int size, enum type, sizei stride, intptr offset);

### Vertex Array Objects [3.7.17]

VAOs encapsulate all state related to the definition of data used by the vertex processor.

void bindVertexArray(

WebGLVertexArrayObject? vertexArray);

WebGLVertexArrayObject? createVertexArray();

void deleteVertexArray(

WebGLVertexArrayObject? vertexArray);

[WebGLHandlesContextLoss] boolean isVertexArray( WebGLVertexArrayObject? vertexArray);

# Read Back Pixels [5.14.12] [3.7.10]

Read pixels in current framebuffer into ArrayBufferView object.

void **readPixels**(int x, int y, long width, long height, enum format, enum type, ArrayBufferView pixels); format: RGBA type: UNSIGNED\_BYTE

void readPixels(int x, int y, sizei width, sizei height, enum format, enum type, ArrayBufferView dstData, uint dstOffset);

void **readPixels**(int x, int y, sizei width, sizei height, enum format, enum type, intptr offset);

#### void texSubImage2D(enum target, int level, int xoffset, int yoffset, sizei width, sizei height, enum format, enum type, ArrayBufferView srcData, uint srcOffset);

void texSubImage2D(enum target, int level, int xoffset, int yoffset, sizei width, sizei height, enum format, enum type, TexImageSource source);

void texSubImage2D(enum target, int level, int xoffset, int yoffset, sizei width, sizei height, enum format, enum type, intptr offset);

void texStorage2D(enum target, sizei levels enum internalformat, sizei width, sizei height);

void texStorage3D(enum target, sizei levels, enum internalformat, sizei width, sizei height, sizei depth);

texStorage3D may have lower memory costs than texImage3D in some implementations and should be considered a preferred alternative to allocate three-dimensional textures

void **texImage3D**(enum *target*, int *level*, int *internalformat*, sizei *width*, sizei *height*, sizei *depth*, int *border*, enum format, enum type, ArrayBufferView? srcData);

void texImage3D(enum target, int level, int internalformat, sizei width, sizei height, sizei depth, int border, enum format, enum type, ArrayBufferView srcData, uint srcOffset);

void texlmage3D(enum target, int level, int internalformat, sizei width, sizei height, sizei depth, int border, enum format, enum type, TexImageSource source);

void texImage3D(enum target, int level, int internalformat, sizei width, sizei height, sizei depth, int border, enum format, enum type, intptr offset);

void **texSubimage3D**(enum *target*, int *level*, int *xoffset*, int *yoffset*, int *zoffset*, sizei *width*, sizei *height*, sizei *depth*, enum *format*, enum *type*, ArrayBufferView? *srcData* [, uint srcOffset=0]);

void **texSubImage3D**(enum *target*, int *level*, int *xoffset*, int *yoffset*, int *zoffset*, sizei *width*, sizei *height*, sizei *depth*, enum *format*, enum *type*, TexImageSource *source*);

void texSubImage3D(enum target, int level, int xoffset, int yoffset, int zoffset, sizei width, sizei height, sizei depth, enum format, enum type, intptr offset);

void copyTexSubImage3D(enum target, int level, int xoffset, int yoffset, int zoffset, int x, int y, sizei width, sizei height);

void compressedTexImage2D(enum target, int level, enum internalformat, sizei width, sizei height, int border, ArrayBufferView srcData[, uint srcOffset=0[, uint srcLengthOverride=0]]);

void compressedTexSubImage2D(enum target, int level, int xoffset, int yoffset, sizei width, sizei height, enum format, ArrayBufferView srcData[, uint srcOffset=0[, uint srcLengthOverride=0]]);

void compressedTexImage3D(enum target, int level, enum internalformat, sizei width, sizei height, sizei depth, int border, ArrayBufferView srcData[, uint srcOffset=0[, uint srcLengthOverride=0]]);

void compressedTexSubImage3D(enum target, int level, int xoffset, int yoffset, int zoffset, sizei level, sizei level, sizei level, sizei depth, enum format, ArrayBufferView srcData[, uint srcOffset=0[,uint srcLengthOverride=0]]);

void compressedTexImage2D(enum target, int level, enum internalformat, sizei width, sizei height, int border, sizei imageSize, intptr offset);

void compressedTexSubImage2D(enum target, int level, int xoffset, int yoffset, sizei width, sizei height, enum format, sizei imageSize, intptr offset);

void compressedTexImage3D(enum target, int level, enum internalformat, sizei width, sizei height, sizei depth, int border, sizei imageSize, intptr offset);

void compressedTexSubImage3D(enum target, int level, int xoffset, int yoffset, int zoffset, width, sizei height sizei depth, enum format, sizei imageSize, intptr offset);

# Framebuffer Objects [5.14.6] [3.7.4]

Framebuffer objects provide an alternative rendering target to the drawing buffer.

void bindFramebuffer(enum target) WebGLFramebuffer? framebuffer); target: [READ\_, DRAW\_]FRAMEBUFFER

[WebGLHandlesContextLoss] enum checkFramebufferStatus(enum target); target: [READ\_, DRAW\_]FRAMEBUFFER
Returns: FRAMEBUFFER\_(COMPLETE, UNSUPPORTED),
FRAMEBUFFER\_INCOMPLETE\_(ATTACHMENT, DIMENSIONS,
MULTISAMPLE, MISSING\_ATTACHMENT], FRAMEBUFFER\_UNDEFINED

### Object createFramebuffer();

Corresponding OpenGL ES function is GenFramebuffers

void deleteFramebuffer(Object buffer);

void framebufferRenderbuffer(enum target, enum attachment, enum renderbuffertarget, WebGLRenderbuffer renderbuffer); target: FRAMEBUFFER attachment: COLOR\_ATTACHMENTO, COLOR\_ATTACHMENTn where n may be an integer from 1 to 15, {DEPTH, STENCIL, DEPTH\_STENCIL}\_ATTACHMENT renderbuffertarget: RENDERBUFFER

bool isFramebuffer(WebGLFramebuffer framebuffer);

void framebufferTexture2D(enum target, enum attachment, enum textarget, WebGLTexture texture, int level); target and attachment: Same as for framebufferRenderbuffer textarget: TEXTURE\_2D, TEXTURE\_CUBE\_MAP\_POSITIVE{X, Y, Z}, TEXTURE\_CUBE\_MAP\_NEGATIVE{X, Y, Z},

any getFramebufferAttachmentParameter(enum target,

enum attachment, enum pname); target and attachment: Same as for framebufferRenderbuffer pname: Framebuffere attachment object {type, name}, framebuffere attachment texture level, framebuffere attachment texture level, framebuffer attachment texture cube map face, framebuffer attachment texture cube map face, framebuffer attachment color encoding. FRAMEBUFFER\_ATTACHMENT\_COMPONENT\_TYPE,
FRAMEBUFFER\_ATTACHMENT\_{DEPTH, STENCIL}\_SIZE,
FRAMEBUFFER\_ATTACHMENT\_TEXTURE\_LAYER

void **blitFramebuffer**(int *srcX0*, int *srcY0*, int *srcX1*, int *srcY1*, int dstX0, int dstY0, int dstX1, int dstY1, bitfield mask, enum filter);

void **framebufferTextureLayer**(enum *target*, enum *attachment*, WebGLTexture? *texture*, int *level*, int layer);

void invalidateFramebuffer(enum target, sequence<enum> attachments);

void invalidateSubFramebuffer (enum target, sequence<enum> attachments, int x, int y, sizei width, sizei heiaht):

void readBuffer(enum src);

# Renderbuffer Objects [5.14.7] [3.7.5]

Renderbuffer objects are used to provide storage for the individual buffers used in a framebuffer object.

void bindRenderbuffer(enum target, Object renderbuffer); target: RENDERBUFFER

Object createRenderbuffer();

Corresponding OpenGL ES function is GenRenderbuffers

void deleteRenderbuffer(Object renderbuffer);

any getRenderbufferParameter(enum target, enum pname);

pname: RENDERBUFFER\_{WIDTH, HEIGHT, INTERNAL\_FORMAT},
 RENDEDRBUFFER\_{RED, GREEN, BLUE, ALPHA, DEPTH} SIZE, RENDERBUFFER\_STENCIL\_SIZE, RENDERBUFFER\_SAMPLES

any getInternalformatParameter(enum target, enum internalformat, enum pname); pname: SAMPLES

bool isRenderbuffer(Object renderbuffer);

void renderbufferStorage(enum target, enum internalformat, sizei width, sizei height); target: RENDERBUFFER internalformat: Accepts internal formats from OpenGL ES 3.0, as well as DEPTH\_STENCIL

void **renderbufferStorageMultisample**(enum *target*, enum *internalformat*, sizei *width*, sizei *height*);

# **Texture Objects** [5.14.8] [3.7.6]

Texture objects provide storage and state for texturing operations. WebGL adds an error for operations relating to the currently bound texture if no texture is bound

void activeTexture(enum texture) [5.14.3] texture: [TEXTURE0..TEXTUREi] where i = MAX\_COMBINED\_TEXTURE\_IMAGE\_UNITS - 1

**void bindTexture**(enum *target*, WebGLTexture? *texture*); *target*: TEXTURE\_{2D, 3D, 2D\_ARRAY}, TEXTURE\_CUBE\_MAP

void copyTexImage2D(enum target, int level enum internalformat, int x, int y, long width,

long height, int border); target: TEXTURE\_2D, TEXTURE\_CUBE\_MAP\_POSITIVE\_{X,Y,Z} TEXTURE\_CUBE\_MAP\_NEGATIVE\_{X,Y,Z}, TEXTURE\_3D,

TEXTURE 2D\_ARRAY internal format: See Tables 3.12, 3.13, 3.14 in the OpenGL ES 3

void copyTexSubImage2D(enum target, int level, int xoffset, int yoffset, int x, int y, long width, long height);

target: See target for copyTexImage2D

#### Object createTexture();

Corresponding OpenGL ES function is GenTextures

void deleteTexture(Object texture);

void generateMipmap(enum target); target: see target for bindTexture

any getTexParameter(enum target, enum pname); target: TEXTURE\_ZD, TEXTURE\_CUBE\_MAP pname: TEXTURE\_BASE\_LEVEL,
TEXTURE\_COMPARE\_(FUNC, MODE),
TEXTURE\_IMMUTABLE\_(FORMAT, LEVELS),
TEXTURE\_MAX\_(LEVEL, LOD), TEXTURE\_MIN\_LOD,
TEXTURE\_{MIN, MAG}\_FILTER, TEXTURE\_WRAP\_{R, S, T}

bool isTexture(Object texture);

void texImage2D(enum target, int level, enum internalformat, long width, long height, int border, enum format, enum type, ArrayBufferView? pixels);

The following values apply to all variations of texImage2D.

target: See target for copyTexImage2D source: pixels of type ImageData, image of type HTMLImageElement, canvas of type HTMLCanvasElement, video of type HTMLVideoElement

void **texImage2D**(enum *target*, int *level*, int *internalformat*, sizei *width*, sizei *height*, int *border*, enum *format*, enum type, ArrayBufferView srcData, uint srcOffset);

[throws] void teximage2D(enum target, int level, int internalformat, sizei width, sizei height, int border, enum format, enum type, TeximageSource source);

void **texImage2D**(enum *target*, int *level*, int *internalformat*, sizei *width*, sizei *height*, int *border*, enum *format*, enum type, intptr offset);

void texParameterf(enum target, enum pname, float param); target: TEXTURE\_2D, TEXTURE\_CUBE\_MAP pname: TEXTURE\_BASE\_LEVEL,
TEXTURE\_COMPARE\_{FUNC, MODE},
TEXTURE\_MAX\_{LEVEL, LOD}, TEXTURE\_{MIN, MAG}\_FILTER,
TEXTURE\_MAN\_LOD\_TEXTURE\_WARD, DESCRIPTION TO TEXTURE.

TEXTURE\_MIN\_LOD, TEXTURE\_WRAP\_{R, S, T}

void **texParameteri**(enum *target*, enum *pname*, int *param*); *target*: TEXTURE\_2D, TEXTURE\_CUBE\_MAP *pname*: See *pname* for **getTexParameter** 

void texSubImage2D(enum target, int level, int xoffset, int yoffset, long width, long height, enum format, enum type, ArrayBufferView? pixels);

Following values apply to all variations of texSubImage2D

target: See target for copyTexImage2D format and type: See format and type for texImage2D object: See object for texImage2D

texStorage2D may have lower memory costs than texImage2D in some implementations and should be considered a preferred alternative to texImage2D.

# Whole Framebuffer Operations [5.14.3]

void clear(bitfield mask);

mask: Bitwise OR of {COLOR, DEPTH, STENCIL}\_BUFFER\_BIT

void clearColor(clampf red, clampf green, clampf blue, clampf alpha)

void clearDepth(float depth); depth: Clamped to the range 0 to 1

void clearStencil(int s);

void colorMask(bool red, bool green, bool blue, bool alpha);

void depthMask(bool flag);

void stencilMask(uint mask):

void stencilMaskSeparate(enum face, uint mask);
face: FRONT, BACK, FRONT\_AND\_BACK

# Multiple Render Targets [3.7.11]

void drawBuffers(sequence<GLenum> buffers);

void clearBufferfv(enum buffer, int drawbuffer, Float32List values[, uint srcOffset=0]);

void clearBufferiv(enum buffer, int drawbuffer, Int32List values[, uint srcOffset=0]);

void clearBufferuiv(enum buffer, int drawbuffer, Uint32List values[, uint srcOffset=0]);

void clearBufferfi(enum buffer, int drawbuffer, float depth, int stencil);

Use the function based on the color buffer type: clearBufferfv: floating point; clearBufferfv: fixed point clearBufferiv: signed integer clearBufferiv: signed integer; clearBufferfi: DEPTH\_STENCIL buffers

# Sampler Objects [3.7.13]

WebGLSampler? createSampler();

void deleteSampler(WebGLSampler? sampler);

[WebGLHandlesContextLoss] boolean isSampler( WebGLSampler? sampler);

void bindSampler(uint unit, WebGLSampler? sampler);

void samplerParameteri(WebGLSampler sampler, enum pname, int param);

void samplerParameterf(WebGLSampler sampler,

word sampler rarameter (WebGLSampler sampler, enum pname, float param);
pname: TEXTURE\_COMPARE\_{FUNC, MODE},
TEXTURE\_MAG\_FILTER, TEXTURE\_MAX\_LOD,
TEXTURE\_MIN\_{FILTER, LOD}, TEXTURE\_WRAP\_{R, S, T}

any getSamplerParameter(WebGLSampler sampler, enum pname); pname: See pname for samplerParameterf

# Query Objects [3.7.12]

WebGLQuery? createQuery();

void deleteQuery(WebGLQuery? query);

[WebGLHandlesContextLoss] boolean isQuery( WebGLQuery? query);

void beginQuery(enum target, WebGLQuery query);

void endQuery(enum taraet)

WebGLQuery? **getQuery**(enum target, enum pname); target: ANY\_SAMPLES\_PASSED[\_CONSERVATIVE], TRANSFORM\_FEEDBACK\_PRIMITIVES\_WRITTEN pname: CURRENT\_QUERY

any getQueryParameter(WebGLQuery query, enum pname); pname: QUERY RESULT[ AVAILABLE]

# Transform Feedback [3.7.15]

Captures output variable values written by the vertex shader.

WebGLTransformFeedback();

void **deleteTransformFeedback**( WebGLTransformFeedback? *transformFeedback*);

[WebGLHandlesContextLoss] boolean isTransformFeedback( WebGLTransformFeedback? transformFeedback);

void **bindTransformFeedback**(enum *target*, WebGLTransformFeedback? *transformFeedback*);

void beginTransformFeedback(enum primitiveMode);

void endTransformFeedback();

void pauseTransformFeedback();

void resumeTransformFeedback();

void **transformFeedbackVaryings**(WebGLProgram *program*, sequence<DOMString> *varyings*, enum *bufferMode*);

WebGLActiveInfo? getTransformFeedbackVarying( WebGLProgram program, uint index);

# Sync Objects [3.7.14]

Synchronize execution between the GL server and the client.

WebGLSync? **fenceSync**(enum condition, bitfield flags)

[WebGLHandlesContextLoss] boolean isSync( WebGLSync? sync);

void deleteSync(WebGLSync? sync);

enum clientWaitSync(WebGLSync sync, bitfield flags, uint64 timeout);

flags: SYNC\_FLUSH\_COMMANDS\_BIT

void waitSync(WebGLSync sync, bitfield flags, int64 timeout);

any getSyncParameter(WebGLSync sync, enum pname); pname: OBJECT\_TYPE, SYNC\_{CONDITION, FLAGS, STATUS}

# Uniform Buffer Objects [3.7.16]

Provides the storage for named uniform blocks.

void bindBufferBase(enum target, uint index, WebGLBuffer? buffer);

void **bindBufferRange**(enum *target*, uint *index*, WebGLBuffer? *buffer*, intptr *offset*, sizeiptr *size*);

sequence<uint>? getUniformIndices(

WebGLProgram program, sequence<DOMString> uniformNames);

any getActiveUniforms(WebGLProgram program, sequence<uint> uniformIndices, enum pname); pname: UNIFORM\_{BLOCK\_INDEX, SIZE, TYPE, OFFSET}, UNIFORM\_{ARRAY, MATRIX}\_STRIDE,

uint **getUniformBlockIndex**(WebGLProgram *program*, DOMString *uniformBlockName*);

# any getActiveUniformBlockParameter(

UNIFORM\_IS\_ROW\_MAJOR

WebGLProgram program, uint uniformBlockIndex, enum pname);
pname: UNIFORM\_BLOCK\_{BINDING, DATA\_SIZE},

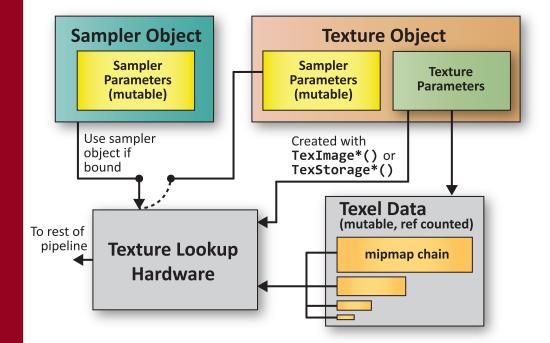
UNIFORM BLOCK ACTIVE UNIFORMS,
UNIFORM BLOCK ACTIVE UNIFORM INDICES,
UNIFORM BLOCK REFERENCED BY VERTEX SHADER, UNIFORM\_BLOCK\_REFERENCED\_BY\_FRAGMENT\_SHADER

DOMString? getActiveUniformBlockName

WebGLProgram program, uint uniformBlockIndex);

void uniformBlockBinding(WebGLProgram program, uint uniformBlockIndex, uint uniformBlockBinding);

# **OpenGL Texture Object and Sampler State**



Sampler Parameters (mutable)

TEXTURE COMPARE {FUNC, MODE} TEXTURE\_{MAX,MIN}\_LOD

TEXTURE\_{MAG,MIN}\_FILTER

TEXTURE\_WRAP\_{S,T,R}

# Texture Parameters (immutable)

TEXTURE\_IMMUTABLE\_FORMAT TEXTURE\_IMMUTABLE\_LEVELS

**Texture Parameters (mutable)** 

TEXTURE\_BASE\_LEVEL TEXTURE\_MAX\_LEVEL

# Sized Texture Color Formats [3.7.11]

If an application wants to store the texture at a certain resolution or in a certain format, it can request the resolution and format with internal Format. The following table shows the sized internal formats indicating whether they are color renderable or texture filterable. In **Color Renderable** column, a red **Y** means the aiff extension EXT\_color\_buffer\_float is enabled. In **Texture Filterable** column, a red **Y** means the iff extension OES\_texture\_float\_linear is enabled.

Internal Format	Format	Туре	Color Renderable	Texture Filterable
GL_R8	GL_RED	GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE	Υ	Υ
GL_R8_SNORM	GL_RED	GL_BYTE		Υ
GL_R16F	GL_RED	GL_HALF_FLOAT, GL_FLOAT	Υ	Υ
GL_R32F	GL_RED	GL_FLOAT	Υ	Υ
GL_R8UI	GL_RED_INTEGER	GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE	Υ	
GL_R8I	GL_RED_INTEGER	GL_BYTE	Υ	
GL_R16UI	GL_RED_INTEGER	GL_UNSIGNED_SHORT	Υ	
GL_R16I	GL_RED_INTEGER	GL_SHORT	Υ	
GL_R32UI	GL_RED_INTEGER	GL_UNSIGNED_INT	Υ	
GL_R32I	GL_RED_INTEGER	GL_INT	Υ	
GL_RG8	GL_RG	GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE	Υ	Υ
GL_RG8_SNORM	GL_RG	GL_BYTE		Y
GL_RG16F	GL_RG	GL_HALF_FLOAT,GL_FLOAT	Υ	Y
GL_RG32F	GL_RG	GL_FLOAT	Υ	Υ
GL_RG8UI	GL_RG_INTEGER	GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE	Υ	
GL_RG8I	GL_RG_INTEGER	GL_BYTE	Υ	
GL_RG16UI	GL_RG_INTEGER	GL_UNSIGNED_SHORT	Υ	
GL_RG16I	GL_RG_INTEGER	GL_SHORT	Υ	
GL_RG32UI	GL_RG_INTEGER	GL_UNSIGNED_INT	Υ	
GL_RG32I	GL_RG_INTEGER	GL_INT	Υ	
GL_RGB8	GL_RGB	GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE	Υ	Υ
GL_SRGB8	GL_RGB	GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE		Υ
GL_RGB565	GL_RGB	GL UNSIGNED BYTE, GL UNSIGNED SHORT 5 6 5	Υ	Υ
GL_RGB8_SNORM	GL_RGB	GL BYTE		Υ
GL_R11F_G11F_B10F	GL_RGB	GL_UNSIGNED_INT_10F_11F_11F_REV, GL_HALF_FLOAT, GL_FLOAT	Υ	Υ
GL_RGB9_E5	GL_RGB	GL_UNSIGNED_INT_5_9_9_9_REV, GL_HALF_FLOAT, GL_FLOAT		Y
GL_RGB16F	GL_RGB	GL_HALF_FLOAT, GL_FLOAT		Υ
GL_RGB32F	GL_RGB	GL FLOAT		Υ
GL_RGB8UI	GL_RGB_INTEGER	GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE		
GL_RGB8I	GL_RGB_INTEGER	GL BYTE		
GL_RGB16UI	GL_RGB_INTEGER	GL_UNSIGNED_SHORT		
GL_RGB16I	GL_RGB_INTEGER	GL_SHORT		
GL_RGB32UI	GL_RGB_INTEGER	GL UNSIGNED INT		
GL_RGB32I	GL_RGB_INTEGER	GL_INT		
GL_RGBA8	GL_RGBA	GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE	Υ	Υ
GL_SRGB8_ALPHA8	GL_RGBA	GL UNSIGNED BYTE	Υ	Υ
GL_RGBA8_SNORM	GL_RGBA	GL BYTE		Υ
GL_RGB5_A1	GL_RGBA	GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE, GL_UNSIGNED_SHORT_5_5_5_1, GL_UNSIGNED_INT_2_10_10_10_REV	Υ	Υ
GL_RGBA4	GL_RGBA	GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE, GL_UNSIGNED_SHORT_4_4_4_4	Υ	Υ
GL_RGB10_A2	GL_RGBA	GL_UNSIGNED_INT_2_10_10_10_REV	Υ	Υ
GL_RGBA16F	GL_RGBA	GL_HALF_FLOAT, GL_FLOAT	Υ	Υ
GL_RGBA32F	GL_RGBA	GL_FLOAT	Υ	Υ
GL_RGBA8UI	GL_RGBA_INTEGER	GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE	Υ	
GL_RGBA8I	GL_RGBA_INTEGER	GL BYTE	Υ	
GL_RGB10_A2UI	GL_RGBA_INTEGER	GL_UNSIGNED_INT_2_10_10_10_REV	Y	
GL_RGBA16UI	GL_RGBA_INTEGER	GL_UNSIGNED_SHORT	Y	
GL_RGBA16I	GL_RGBA_INTEGER	GL_SHORT	Y	
GL_RGBA32I	GL_RGBA_INTEGER	GL_INT	Y	
GL_RGBA32UI	GL_RGBA_INTEGER	GL_UNSIGNED_INT	Y	

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The OpenGL® ES Shading Language is two closelyrelated languages which are used to create shaders for the vertex and fragment processors contained in the WebGL, OpenGL, and OpenGL ES processing pipelines. WebGL 2.0 is based on OpenGL ES 3.0.

[n.n.n] and [Table n.n] refer to sections and tables in the OpenGL ES Shading Language 3.0 specification at www.khronos.org/registry/gles/

# **Types** [4.1]

A shader can aggregate these using arrays and structures to build more complex types. There are no pointer types.

#### **Basic Types**

void	no function return value or empty parameter list
bool	Boolean
int, uint	signed, unsigned integer
float	floating scalar
vec2, vec3, vec4	n-component floating point vector
bvec2, bvec3, bvec4	Boolean vector
ivec2, ivec3, ivec4	signed integer vector
uvec2, uvec3, uvec4	unsigned integer vector
mat2, mat3, mat4	2x2, 3x3, 4x4 float matrix
mat2x2, mat2x3, mat2x4	2x2, 2x3, 2x4 float matrix
mat3x2, mat3x3, mat3x4	3x2, 3x3, 3x4 float matrix
mat4x2, mat4x3, mat4x4	4x2, 4x3, 4x4 float matrix

#### Floating Point Sampler Types (opaque)

sampler2D, sampler3D	access a 2D or 3D texture
samplerCube	access cube mapped texture
samplerCubeShadow	access cube map depth texture with comparison
sampler2DShadow	access 2D depth texture with comparison
sampler2DArray	access 2D array texture
sampler2DArrayShadow	access 2D array depth texture with comparison

#### Signed Integer Sampler Types (opaque)

isampler2D, isampler3D	mpler3D access an integer 2D or 3D texture	
isamplerCube	access integer cube mapped texture	
isampler2DArray	access integer 2D array texture	

### **Unsigned Integer Sampler Types (opaque)**

usampler2D, usampler3D	access unsigned integer 2D or 3D texture
usamplerCube	access unsigned integer cube mapped texture
usampler2DArray	access unsigned integer 2D array texture

#### Structures and Arrays [4.1.8, 4.1.9]

Structures	struct type-name {     members } struct-name[]; // optional variable declaration, // optionally an array
Arrays	float foo[3]; Structures, blocks, and structure members can be arrays. Only 1-dimensional arrays supported.

## Preprocessor [3.4]

#### **Preprocessor Directives**

The number sign (#) can be immediately preceded or followed in its line by spaces or horizontal tabs.

#	#define	#undef	#if	#ifdef	#ifndef	#else
#elif	#endif	#error	#praama	#extension	#line	

#### **Examples of Preprocessor Directives**

- "#version 300 es" must appear in the first line of a shader program written in GLSL ES version 3.00. If omitted, the shader will be treated as targeting version 1.00.
- #extension extension\_name: behavior, where behavior can be require, enable, warn, or disable; and where extension\_name is the extension supported by the compiler
- #pragma optimize({on, off}) enable or disable shader optimization (default on)
  #pragma debug({on, off}) enable or disable compiling shaders with debug information (default off)

# Predefined Macros

LINE	Decimal integer constant that is one more than the number of preceding newlines in the current source string
FILE	Decimal integer constant that says which source string number is currently being processed.
VERSION	Decimal integer, e.g.: 300
GL_ES	Defined and set to integer 1 if running on an OpenGL-ES Shading Language.

### Qualifiers

### Storage Qualifiers [4.3]

Variable declarations may be preceded by one storage qualifier.

none	(Default) local read/write memory, or input paramete
const	Compile-time constant, or read-only function parameter
in centroid in	Linkage into a shader from a previous stage
out centroid out	Linkage out of a shader to a subsequent stage
uniform	Value does not change across the primitive being processed, uniforms form the linkage between a shader, OpenGL ES, and the application

The following interpolation qualifiers for shader outputs and inputs may procede in, centroid in, out, or centroid out.

smooth Perspective correct interpolation	
flat	No interpolation

#### Interface Blocks [4.3.7]

Uniform variable declarations can be grouped into named interface blocks, for example: uniform Transform {

mat4 ModelViewProjectionMatrix; uniform mat3 NormalMatrix; // restatement of qualifier float Deformation;

#### Layout Qualifiers [4.3.8]

layout(layout-qualifier) block-declaration layout(layout-qualifier) in/out/uniform layout(layout-qualifier) in/out/uniform declaration

# Input Layout Qualifiers [4.3.8.1]

For all shader stages:

location = integer-constant

## Output Layout Qualifiers [4.3.8.2]

For all shader stages:

location = integer-constant

# Uniform Block Layout Qualifiers [4.3.8.3]

Layout qualifier identifiers for uniform blocks:

shared, packed, std140, {row, column}\_major

#### Parameter Qualifiers [4.4]

Input values are copied in at function call time, output values are copied out at function return time.

	none	(Default) same as in
	in	For function parameters passed into a function
	out	For function parameters passed back out of a function, but not initialized for use when passed in
	inout	For function parameters passed both into and out of a function

# **Precision and Precision Qualifiers [4.5]**

Any floating point, integer, or sampler declaration can have the type preceded by one of these precision qualifiers:

highp	Satisfies minimum requirements for the vertex language.
mediump	Range and precision is between that provided by <b>lowp</b> and <b>highp</b> .
lowp	Range and precision can be less than <b>mediump</b> , but still represents all color values for any color channel.

Ranges and precisions for precision qualifiers (FP=floating point):

		FP Magnitude		Integer Range	
	FP Range	Range	FP Precision	Signed	Unsigned
highp	(-2126, 2127)	0.0, (2 <sup>-126</sup> , 2 <sup>127</sup> )	Relative 2 <sup>-24</sup>	[-231, 231 -1]	[0, 2 <sup>32</sup> -1]
mediump	(-214, 214)	(2 <sup>-14</sup> , 2 <sup>14</sup> )	Relative 2 <sup>-10</sup>	[-2 <sup>15</sup> , 2 <sup>15</sup> -1]	[0, 2 <sup>16</sup> -1]
lowp	(-2, 2)	(2-8, 2)	Absolute 2 <sup>-8</sup>	[-27, 27-1]	[0, 28-1]

A precision statement establishes a default precision qualifier for subsequent int, float, and sampler declarations, e.g.: precision highp int;

# **Invariant Qualifiers Examples [4.6]**

#pragma STDGL invariant(all)	Force all output variables to be invariant
invariant gl_Position;	Qualify a previously declared variable
invariant centroid out vec3 Color;	Qualify as part of a variable declaration

#### Order of Qualification [4.7]

When multiple qualifications are present, they must follow a strict order. This order is either:

invariant, interpolation, storage, precision

storage, parameter, precision

# **Operators and Expressions**

Operators [5.1] Numbered in order of precedence. The relational and equality operators > < <= >= =! = evaluate to a Boolean. To compare vectors component-wise, use functions such as lessThan(), equal(), etc. [8.7].

	Operator	Description	Assoc.
1.	()	parenthetical grouping	N/A
2.	() · ++	array subscript function call & constructor structure field or method selector, swizzler postfix increment and decrement	L-R
3.	++ + !	prefix increment and decrement unary	R - L
4.	* % /	multiplicative	L-R
5.	+ -	additive	L-R
6.	<< >>	bit-wise shift	L-R

7.	< > <= >=	relational	L-R
8.	== !=	equality	L-R
9.	&	bit-wise and	L-R
10.	۸	bit-wise exclusive or	L-R
11.		bit-wise inclusive or	L-R
12.	&&	logical and	L-R
13.	۸۸	logical exclusive or	L-R
14.	П	logical inclusive or	L-R
15.	?:	selection (Selects an entire operand. Use mix() to select individual components of vectors.)	L-R
	= ,	assignment	L-R
16.	+= -= *= /= %= <<= >>= &= ^=  =	arithmetic assignments	L-R
17.	,	sequence	L-R

# Vector Components [5.5]

In addition to array numeric subscript syntax, names of vector components are denoted by a single letter. Components can be

swizzieu anu replicateu, e.g., pos.xx, pos.zy	
$\{x, y, z, w\}$	Use when accessing vectors that represent points or normals
{r, g, b, a}	Use when accessing vectors that represent colors
{s, t, p, q}	Use when accessing vectors that represent texture coordinates

# **Aggregate Operations and Constructors**

### Matrix Constructor Examples [5.4.2]

mat2(float) // init diagonal mat2(vec2, vec2); // column-major order mat2(float, float, float, float); // column-major order

#### **Structure Constructor Example [5.4.3]**

struct light {
 float intensity; vec3 pos; light lightVar = light(3.0, vec3(1.0, 2.0, 3.0));

#### Matrix Components [5.6]

For example: mat4 m; // m represents a matrix m[1] = vec4(2.0);// sets second column to all 2.0 m[0][0] = 1.0;// sets upper left element to 1.0 m[2][3] = 2.0;// sets 4th element of 3rd column to 2.0

Access components of a matrix with array subscripting syntax.

Examples of operations on matrices and vectors:

m = f \* m;// scalar \* matrix component-wise v = f \* v;// scalar \* vector component-wise v = v \* v; // vector \* vector component-wise m = m + /- m: // matrix component-wise +/-

(more examples ⊅)

#### m = m \* m;// linear algebraic multiply

m = v \* m; // row vector \* matrix linear algebraic multiply // matrix \* column vector linear algebraic multiply m = m \* v:

f = dot(v, v);// vector dot product v = cross(v, v); // vector cross product

// component-wise multiply m = matrixCompMult(m, m);

# Structure Operations [5.7]

Select structure fields using the period (.) operator. Valid operators

	field selector
== !=	equality
=	assignment

**Array Operations [5.7]**Array elements are accessed using the array subscript operator "[]". For example:

diffuseColor += lightIntensity[3] \* NdotL;

The size of an array can be determined using the .length() operator. For example:

```
for (i = 0; i < a.length(); i++)
   a[i] = 0.0;
```

# **Statements and Structure**

# Iteration and Jumps [6]

Entry	void main()
Iteration	for (;;) { break, continue } while ( ) { break, continue } do { break, continue } while ( );

Jump	break, continue, return discard // Fragment shader only
Selection	<pre>if(){} if(){} else {} switch(){break, case}</pre>

# Built-In Inputs, Outputs, and Constants [7]

Shader programs use special variables to communicate with fixed-function parts of the pipeline. Output special variables may be read back after writing. Input special variables are read-only. All special variables have global scope.

#### **Vertex Shader Special Variables [7.1]**

#### Inputs:

int gl\_VertexID; // integer index int gl\_InstanceID; // instance number

#### **Outputs:**

out gl\_PerVertex {

gl\_Position; // transformed vertex position in clip coordinates vec4 float gl PointSize; // transformed point size in pixels (point rasterization only)

#### Fragment Shader Special Variables [7.2]

#### Inputs:

**}**;

highp vec4 gl\_FragCoord; // fragment position within frame buffer bool gl\_FrontFacing; // fragment belongs to a front-facing primitive mediump vec2 gl\_PointCoord; // 0.0 to 1.0 for each component

**Outputs:** 

highp float gl\_FragDepth; // depth range

### **Built-In Constants With Minimum Values [7.3]**

Built-in Constant	Minimum value
const mediump int gl_MaxVertexAttribs	16
const mediump int gl_MaxVertexUniformVectors	256
const mediump int gl_MaxVertexOutputVectors	16
const mediump int gl_MaxFragmentInputVectors	15
const mediump int gl_MaxVertexTextureImageUnits	16
const mediump int gl_MaxCombinedTextureImageUnits	32
const mediump int gl_MaxTextureImageUnits	16
const mediump int gl_MaxFragmentUniformVectors	224
const mediump int gl_MaxDrawBuffers	4
const mediump int gl_MinProgramTexelOffset	-8
const mediump int gl_MaxProgramTexelOffset	7

## **Built-In Uniform State [7.4]**

As an aid to accessing OpenGL ES processing state, the following uniform variables are built into the OpenGL ES Shading Language.

#### struct gl\_DepthRangeParameters { float near; // n

// f float far: float diff; // f - n

uniform gl\_DepthRangeParameters gl\_DepthRange;

#### **Built-In Functions**

# Angle & Trigonometry Functions [8.1]

Component-wise operation. Parameters specified as angle are assumed to be in units of radians. T is float, vec2, vec3, vec4.

assumed to be in units of radians. T is noat, vecz, vecs, vec+.		
T radians (T degrees);	degrees to radians	
T degrees (T radians);	radians to degrees	
T sin (T angle);	sine	
T cos (T angle);	cosine	
T tan (T angle);	tangent	
T asin (T x);	arc sine	
T acos (T x);	arc cosine	
T atan (T y, T x); T atan (T y_over_x);	arc tangent	
T sinh (T x);	hyperbolic sine	
T cosh (T x);	hyperbolic cosine	
T tanh (T x);	hyperbolic tangent	
T asinh (T x);	arc hyperbolic sine; inverse of sinh	
T acosh (T x);	arc hyperbolic cosine; non-negative inverse of cosh	
T atanh (T x);	arc hyperbolic tangent; inverse of tanh	

# **Exponential Functions [8.2]**

Component-wise operation. T is float, vec2, vec3, vec4.

T <b>pow</b> (T <i>x</i> , T <i>y</i> );	χ <sup>y</sup>
T <b>exp</b> (T <i>x</i> );	ex
T log (T x);	In
T exp2 (T x);	2 <sup>x</sup>
T log2 (T x);	log <sub>2</sub>
T sqrt (T x);	square root
T inversesqrt (T x);	inverse square root

# **Common Functions [8.3]**

Component-wise operation. T is float and vec*n*, TI is int and ivec*n* TU is uint and uvec*n*, and TB is bool and bvec*n*, where *n* is 2, 3,

or 4	4.	
T TI	abs(T x); abs(TI x);	absolute value
T TI	<pre>sign(T x); sign(TI x);</pre>	returns -1.0, 0.0, or 1.0
Т	floor(T x);	nearest integer <= x
Т	trunc (T x);	nearest integer a such that $ a  \le  x $
Т	round (T x);	round to nearest integer
Т	roundEven (T x);	round to nearest integer
Т	ceil(T x);	nearest integer >= x
Т	fract(T x);	x - floor(x)

	T T	<pre>mod(T x, T y); mod(T x, float y); modf(T x, out T i);</pre>	modulus
	T TI	min(T x, T y); min(Tl x, Tl y); min(TU x, TU y); min(T x, float y); min(Tl x, int y); min(TU x, uint y);	minimum value
1,	T TI	<pre>max(T x, T y); max(Tl x, Tl y); max(TU x, TU y); max(T x, float y); max(Tl x, int y); max(Tl x, uint y);</pre>	maximum value
	T TI	clamp(TI x, T minVal, T maxVal); clamp(V x, TI minVal, TI maxVal); clamp(TU x, TU minVal, TU maxVal); clamp(T x, float minVal, float maxVal); clamp(TI x, int minVal, int maxVal); clamp(TU x, uint minVal, uint maxVal);	min(max(x, minVal), maxVal)
	T T	mix(T x, T y, T a); mix(T x, T y, float a);	linear blend of x and y
	Т	<b>mix</b> (T <i>x</i> , T <i>y</i> , TB <i>a</i> );	Selects vector source for each returned component
	T T	<pre>step(T edge, T x); step(float edge, T x);</pre>	0.0 if <i>x</i> < <i>edge</i> , else 1.0
		Im	ara Common Functions 71

(more Common Functions ↗)

# **Built-In Functions (continued)**

#### **Common Functions (continued)**

<pre>smoothstep(T edge0, T edge1, T x); smoothstep(float edge0,     float edge1, T x);</pre>	clamp and smooth
isnan(T x);	true if x is a NaN
isinf(T x);	true if x is positive or negative infinity
floatBitsToInt(T value); floatBitsToUint(T value);	highp integer, preserving float bit level representation
<pre>intBitsToFloat(Tl value); uintBitsToFloat(TU value);</pre>	highp float, preserving integer bit level representation
	smoothstep(float edge0, float edge1, T x); isnan(T x); isinf(T x); floatBitsToInt(T value); floatBitsToUint(T value); intBitsToFloat(TI value);

#### Floating-point Pack and Unpack Functions [8.4]

uint packSnorm2x16(vec2 v); uint packUnorm2x16(vec2 v);	convert two floats to fixed point and pack into an integer
vec2 <b>unpackSnorm2x16</b> (uint <i>p</i> ); vec2 <b>unpackUnorm2x16</b> (uint <i>p</i> );	unpack fixed point value pair into floats
uint packHalf2x16(vec2 v);	convert two floats into half-precision floats and pack into an integer
vec2 unpackHalf2x16(uint v);	unpack half value pair into full floats

#### **Geometric Functions [8.5]**

These functions operate on vectors as vectors, not component-wise. T is float, vec2, vec3, vec4.

float length(T x);	length of vector
float distance(T p0, T p1);	distance between points
float dot(T x, T y);	dot product
vec3 cross(vec3 x, vec3 y);	cross product
T normalize(T x);	normalize vector to length 1
T faceforward(T N, T I, T Nref);	returns N if dot(Nref, I) < 0, else -N
T reflect(T /, T N);	reflection direction I - 2 * dot(N,I) * N
T refract(T I, T N, float eta);	refraction vector

# **Matrix Functions [8.6]**

Type mat is any matrix type.		
mat <b>ma</b>	trixCompMult(mat x, mat y);	multiply x by y component-wise
mat2 mat3 mat4	<pre>outerProduct(vec2 c, vec2 r); outerProduct(vec3 c, vec3 r); outerProduct(vec4 c, vec4 r);</pre>	linear algebraic column vector * row vector
mat3x2 mat2x4 mat4x2 mat3x4	outerProduct(vec3 c, vec2 r); outerProduct(vec2 c, vec3 r); outerProduct(vec4 c, vec2 r); outerProduct(vec2 c, vec4 r); outerProduct(vec4 c, vec3 r); outerProduct(vec3 c, vec4 r);	linear algebraic column vector * row vector
mat3x2 mat2x4 mat4x2 mat3x4	transpose(mat2 m); transpose(mat3 m); transpose(mat4 m); transpose(mat3x2 m); transpose(mat2x3 m); transpose(mat4x2 m); transpose(mat2x4 m); transpose(mat4x3 m); transpose(mat3x4 m);	transpose of matrix <i>m</i>
float float float	<pre>determinant(mat2 m); determinant(mat3 m); determinant(mat4 m);</pre>	determinant of matrix m
mat3	<pre>inverse(mat2 m); inverse(mat3 m); inverse(mat4 m);</pre>	inverse of matrix <i>m</i>

#### **Vector Relational Functions [8.7]**

Compare x and y component-wise. Input and return vector sizes for a particular call must match. Type bvec is bvecn; vec is vecn; ivec is ivecn; uvec is uvecn; (where n is 2, 3, or 4). T is union of vec and ivec.

bvec lessThan(T x, T y); bvec lessThan(uvec x, uvec y);	x <y< th=""></y<>
bvec lessThanEqual(T x, T y); bvec lessThanEqual(uvec x, uvec y);	x <= y
bvec <b>greaterThan</b> (T x, T y); bvec <b>greaterThan</b> (uvec x, uvec y);	x>y
bvec greaterThanEqual(T x, T y); bvec greaterThanEqual(uvec x, uvec y);	x >= y
bvec <b>equal</b> (T x, T y); bvec <b>equal</b> (bvec x, bvec y); bvec <b>equal</b> (uvec x, uvec y);	x == y
bvec <b>notEqual</b> (T x, T y); bvec <b>notEqual</b> (bvec x, bvec y); bvec <b>notEqual</b> (uvec x, uvec y);	x!= y
bool any(bvec x);	true if any component of x is true
bool all(bvec x);	true if all components of x are true
bvec <b>not</b> (bvec x);	logical complement of x

**Texture Lookup Functions [8.8]**The function textureSize returns the dimensions of level *lod* for the texture bound to sampler, as described in [2.11.9] of the OpenGL ES 3.0 specification, under "Texture Size Query". The initial "g" in a type name is a placeholder for nothing, "i", or "u".

highp ivec{2,3}	textureSize(gsampler{2,3}D sampler, int lod);
highp ivec2	textureSize(gsamplerCube sampler, int lod);
highp ivec2	textureSize(sampler2DShadow sampler, int lod);
highp ivec2	textureSize(samplerCubeShadow sampler, int lod);
highp ivec3	textureSize(gsampler2DArray sampler, int lod);
highp ivec3	textureSize(sampler2DArrayShadow sampler, int lod);

Texture lookup functions using samplers are available to vertex and fragment shaders. The initial "g" in a type name is a placeholder for nothing, "i", or "u".

gvec4	texture(gsampler{2,3}D sampler, vec{2,3} P [, float bias]);
gvec4	texture(gsamplerCube sampler, vec3 P [, float bias]);
float	texture(sampler2DShadow sampler, vec3 P [, float bias]);
float	texture(samplerCubeShadow sampler, vec4 P [, float bias]);
gvec4	texture(gsampler2DArray sampler, vec3 P [, float bias]);
float	texture(sampler2DArrayShadow sampler, vec4 P);

gvec4	textureProj(gsampler2D sampler, vec{3,4} P [, float bias]);
gvec4	textureProj(gsampler3D sampler, vec4 P [, float bias]);
float	textureProi(sampler2DShadow sampler, vec4 P [, float bigs]);

gvec4	<b>textureLod</b> (gsampler{2,3}D sampler, vec{2,3} P, float lod);
gvec4	textureLod(gsamplerCube sampler, vec3 P, float lod);
float	textureLod(sampler2DShadow sampler, vec3 P, float lod);
πνοςΛ	taxtural ad/acampler2DArray campler yec3 D float lad).

gvec	textureOffset(gsampler2D sampler, vec2 P, ivec2 offset [, float bias]);
gvec	<pre>textureOffset(gsampler3D sampler, vec3 P, ivec3 offset [, float bias]);</pre>
float	textureOffset(sampler2DShadow sampler, vec3 P, ivec2 offset [, float bias]
gvec	textureOffset(gsampler2DArray sampler, vec3 P, ivec2 offset [, float bias]

gvec4	texelFetch(gsampler2D sampler, ivec2 P, int lod);	
gvec4	gvec4 texelFetch(gsampler3D sampler, ivec3 P, int lod);	
gvec4	texelFetch(gsampler2DArray sampler_ivec3 P_int_lod)	

gvec4	texelFetchOffset(gsampler2D sampler, ivec2 P, int lod, ivec2 offset);
gvec4	texelFetchOffset(gsampler3D sampler, ivec3 P, int lod, ivec3 offset);
gvec4	texelFetchOffset(gsampler2DArray sampler, ivec3 P, int lod, ivec2 offset)

gvec4	textureProjOffset(gsampler2D sampler, vec3 P, ivec2 offset [, float bias])
gvec4	textureProjOffset(gsampler2D sampler, vec4 P, ivec2 offset [, float bias])
gvec4	textureProjOffset(gsampler3D sampler, vec4 P, ivec3 offset [, float bias])
float textureProjOffset(sampler2DShadow sampler, vec4 P, ivec2 offset [,	
	float higs]):

## **Texture Lookup Functions (continued)**

		gvec4	4 textureLodOffset(gsampler2D sampler, vec2 P, float lod, ivec2 offset);	
		gvec4	textureLodOffset(gsampler3D sampler, vec3 P, float lod, ivec3 offset);	
float textureLodOffset(sampler2DShadow sampler, vec3 P, flo		float	textureLodOffset(sampler2DShadow sampler, vec3 P, float lod,	
		ivec2 offset);		
		gvec4 textureLodOffset(gsampler2DArray sampler, vec3 P, float lod,		
		-		

ivec2 offset):

gvec4 textureProjLod(gsampler2D sampler, vec3 P, float lod); gvec4 textureProjLod(gsampler2D sampler, vec4 P, float lod);

gvec4 textureProjLod(gsampler3D sampler, vec4 P, float lod); textureProjLod(sampler2DShadow sampler, vec4 P, float lod);

ivec2 offset);

vec3 dPdy);

textureProjLodOffset(gsampler2D sampler, vec3 P, float lod, ivec2 offset); textureProjLodOffset(gsampler2D sampler, vec4 P, float lod, ivec2 offset); gvec4 textureProjLodOffset(gsampler3D sampler, vec4 P, float lod, ivec3 offset); textureProjLodOffset(sampler2DShadow sampler, vec4 P, float lod, float

gvec4 textureGrad(gsampler2D sampler, vec2 P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy); gvec4 textureGrad(gsampler3D sampler, vec3 P, vec3 dPdx, vec3 dPdy); textureGrad(gsamplerCube sampler, vec3 P, vec3 dPdx, vec3 dPdy); textureGrad(sampler2DShadow sampler, vec3 P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy); float textureGrad(samplerCubeShadow sampler, vec4 P, vec3 dPdx,

textureGrad(gsampler2DArray sampler, vec3 P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy); textureGrad(sampler2DArrayShadow sampler, vec4 P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy);

gvec4 textureGradOffset(gsampler2D sampler, vec2 P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy, ivec2 offset);

textureGradOffset(gsampler3D sampler, vec3 P, vec3 dPdx, vec3 dPdy, ivec3 offset):

textureGradOffset(sampler2DShadow sampler, vec3 P, vec2 dPdx, float vec2 dPdy, ivec2 offset);

gvec4 textureGradOffset(gsampler2DArray sampler, vec3 P, vec2 dPdx. vec2 dPdy, ivec2 offset);

textureGradOffset(sampler2DArrayShadow sampler, vec4 P, float vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy, ivec2 offset);

textureProjGrad(gsampler2D sampler, vec3 P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy); gvec4 textureProjGrad(gsampler2D sampler, vec4 P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy); gvec4 textureProjGrad(gsampler3D sampler, vec4 P, vec3 dPdx, vec3 dPdy); textureProjGrad(sampler2DShadow sampler, vec4 P, vec2 dPdx, float vec2 dPdv):

gvec4 textureProjGradOffset(gsampler2D sampler, vec3 P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdv. ivec2 offset):

gvec4 textureProjGradOffset(gsampler2D sampler, vec4 P, vec2 dPdx, vec2 dPdy, ivec2 offset);

 ${\sf gvec4} \quad \textbf{textureProjGradOffset} ({\sf gsampler3D} \ \textit{sampler}, {\sf vec4P}, {\sf vec3} \ \textit{dPdx},$ vec3 dPdy, ivec3 offset);

textureProjGradOffset(sampler2DShadow sampler, vec4 P, vec2 dPdx, float vec2 dPdy, ivec2 offset);

# Fragment Processing Functions [8.9]

Approximated using local differencing.

	$\top dFdx(\top p);$	Derivative in x
	T <b>dFdy</b> (T <i>p</i> );	Derivative in y
	T fwidth(T p);	abs $(dFdx (p)) + abs (dFdy (p));$



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