BÁO CÁO OOP LAB03

• METHODS OVERLOADING

Overloading by differing the number of parameters

```
// Add 2 DVDs to the current cart
public void addDigitalVideoDisc(DigitalVideoDisc dvd1, DigitalVideoDisc dvd2) {
    if (qtyOrdered < MAX_NUMBERS_ORDERED) {
        itemsOrdered[qtyOrdered] = dvd1;
        qtyOrdered++;
        System.out.println("The disc " + dvd1.getTitle() + " has been added.");
    } else {
        System.out.println("The cart is full. Unable to add the disc " + dvd1.getTitle() + ".");
        return; // Exit if no slots available for the first DVD
    }

    if (qtyOrdered < MAX_NUMBERS_ORDERED) {
        itemsOrdered[qtyOrdered] = dvd2;
        qtyOrdered++;
        System.out.println("The disc " + dvd2.getTitle() + " has been added.");
    } else {
        System.out.println("The cart is full. Unable to add the disc " + dvd2.getTitle() + ".");
    }
}</pre>
```

Overloading by differing types of parameter

```
// Add a list of DVDs to the current cart.
public void addDigitalVideoDisc(DigitalVideoDisc[] dvdList) {
    for (DigitalVideoDisc disc : dvdList) {
        if (qtyOrdered < MAX_NUMBERS_ORDERED) {
            itemsOrdered[qtyOrdered] = disc;
                qtyOrdered++;
            System.out.println("The disc " + disc.getTitle() + " has been added.");
        } else {
            System.out.println("The cart is full. Unable to add the disc " + disc.getTitle() + ".");
            break;
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

• PASSING PARAMETERS

Question: Is JAVA a Pass by Value or a Pass by Reference programming language?

Answer: Java là Pass by Value. Java luôn truyền bản sao giá trị vào phương thức

- Question: After the call of **swap(jungleDVD, cinderellaDVD)** why does the title of these two objects still remain?

Answer: Do jungleDVD và cinderellaDVD không bị thay đổi tham chiếu bên ngoài phương thức, các đối tượng ban đầu không bị hoán đổi. Vì vậy, tiêu đề của chúng vẫn giữ nguyên.

- Question: After the call of **changeTitle(jungleDVD, cinderellaDVD.getTitle())** why is the title of the JungleDVD changed?

Answer: Việc tiêu đề của jungleDVD thay đổi là do tham chiếu được truyền vào phương thức cho phép thay đổi trạng thái của đối tượng mà nó trỏ đến. Tuy nhiên, việc gán một đối tượng mới cho tham chiếu cục bộ dvd không ảnh hưởng đến tham chiếu gốc bên ngoài.

- A swap() method that can correctly swap the two objects:

```
public static void swap(DigitalVideoDisc dvd1, DigitalVideoDisc dvd2) {
    String tempTitle = dvd1.getTitle();
    dvd1.setTitle(dvd2.getTitle());
    dvd2.setTitle(tempTitle);
}
```

• CLASSIFIER MEMBER AND INSTANCE MEMBER

Sau khi thêm id cho các DVD:

```
public class DigitalVideoDisc {
       private String title;
       private String category;
       private String director;
       private int length;
       private float cost;
       private int id;
       private static int nbDigitalVideoDiscs = 0;
       //Getters
       public String getTitle() {
               return title;
       public String getCategory() {
               return category;
       public String getDirector() {
               return director:
       public int getLength() {
               return length;
       public float getCost() {
               return cost:
       public int getId() {
               return id:
       public static int getNbDigitalVideoDiscs() {
```

```
return nbDigitalVideoDiscs;
       // Constructors
  public DigitalVideoDisc(String title) {
    super();
    this.title = title;
    incrementAndSetId();
 public DigitalVideoDisc(String category, String title, float cost) {
    super();
    this.title = title;
    this.category = category;
    this.cost = cost;
    incrementAndSetId();
 public DigitalVideoDisc(String director, String category, String title, float cost){
    super();
    this.title = title;
    this.category = category;
    this.cost = cost:
    this.director = director;
    incrementAndSetId();
 public DigitalVideoDisc(String title, String category, String director, int length, float
cost) {
    super();
    this.title = title;
    this.category = category;
    this.director = director;
    this.length = length;
    this.cost = cost;
    incrementAndSetId();
 private void incrementAndSetId() {
    nbDigitalVideoDiscs++;
    this.id = nbDigitalVideoDiscs;
```

• PRINT THE LIST AND SEARCH DVDS

Print the list of ordered items of a cart, the price of each item, and the total price

Search for DVDs in the cart by ID

```
// Search for a DVD by ID
public void searchById(int id) {
   boolean found = false; // Flag to track if the DVD is found
   for (int i = 0; i < qtyOrdered; i++) {
      if (itemsOrdered[i].getId() == id) {
          System.out.println("DVD Found: " + itemsOrdered[i].toString());
      found = true;
          break;
      }
   }
   if (!found) {
      System.out.println("No DVD found with ID: " + id);
   }
}</pre>
```

Search for DVDs in the cart by title

• IMPLEMENT THE STORE CLASS

```
for (int i = 0; i < qtyInStore; i++) {
    if (itemsInStore[i] == disc) {
        for (int j = i; j < qtyInStore - 1; j++) {
            itemsInStore[j] = itemsInStore[j + 1];
        }
        itemsInStore[qtyInStore - 1] = null;
        qtyInStore--;
        System.out.println("The DVD " + disc.getTitle() + " has been removed
from the store.");
        return;
        }
    }
    System.out.println("The DVD " + disc.getTitle() + " is not found in the store.");
}</pre>
```

• RE-ORGANIZED THE PROJECT

```
AimsProject
> | JRE System Library [JavaSE-21]
(default package)
    > J Aims.java

→ 

H hust.soict.aims.cart

    > J Cart.java
  H hust.soict.aims.disc
    > J DigitalVideoDisc.java
 hust.soict.aims.store
    > J Store.java
  H hust.soict.test.cart
    > J CartTest.java
  hust.soict.test.disc
    TestPassingParameter.java
  H hust.soict.test.store
    > J StoreTest.java
     # OtherProject.bin
OtherProject
```

• STRING, STRINGBUILDER AND STRINGBUFFER

```
3⊜ import java.io.IOException;
    import java.nio.file.Files;
    import java.nio.file.Paths;
    public class GarbageCreator {
        public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
 80
            String filename = "test.txt";
10
            byte[] inputBytes = { 0 };
            long startTime, endTime;
11
12
            inputBytes = Files.readAllBytes(Paths.get(filename));
            startTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
13
            String outputString = "";
14
15
            for(byte b : inputBytes) {
                outputString += (char)b;
17
            endTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
18
19
            System.out.println(endTime - startTime);
20
        }
21 }
```

```
3 import java.io.IOException;
4 import java.nio.file.Files;
   import java.nio.file.Paths;
 7 public class NoGarbage {
       public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
 80
            String filename = "test.txt";
            byte[] inputBytes = { 0 };
10
            long startTime, endTime;
11
12
            inputBytes = Files.readAllBytes(Paths.get(filename));
13
            startTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
            StringBuilder outputStringBuilder = new StringBuilder("");
15
            for(byte b : inputBytes) {
17
                outputStringBuilder.append((char)b);
            endTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
            System.out.println(endTime - startTime);
       }
21
22 }
```