

## MOGODB-LAB2



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TRACK: PD-ALEX-43

## MONGODB LAB2

1 - Download the following json file and import it into a collection named "zips" into "iti" database

```
Command Prompt

Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19045.2846]

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C:\Users\Mega Store\mongoimport --db iti_db --collection zips --file "C:\Users\Mega Store\Documents\MongoDBLabs\zips.json" --type json
2023-04-18T10:17:07.325+0200 connected to: mongodb://localhost/
2023-04-18T10:17:07.952+0200 29353 document(s) imported successfully. 0 document(s) failed to import.
```

2 – find all documents which contains data related to "NY" state iti\_db> db.zips.find({state: "NY"})

```
inti_db> db.zips.find({state: "NY"})
[witched to db iti_db {
    id: '06399',
    id: '16099',
    id: '10001',
    id: '10001',
    id: '10001',
    id: '10001',
    id: '10001',
    id: '10002',
    id: '10002',
    id: '10003',
    id:
```

3 – find <u>all zip codes</u> whose population is <u>greater than or equal to</u> 1000

<u>iti\_db> db.zips.find({pop: {\$gte: 1000}})</u>

4 – add a new boolean field called "check" and set its value to true for "PA" and "VA" state

```
iti_db> db.zips.updateMany({$or:[{state:"PA"},{state:"VA"}]},{$set:{check:"true"}})
{
   acknowledged: true,
   insertedId: null,
   matchedCount: 2274,
   modifiedCount: 2274,
   upsertedCount: 0
}
iti_db> _
```

5 – using zip codes find all cities whose latitude is between 55 and 65 and show the population only.

6 – create index for states to be able to select it quickly and check any query explain using the index only.

```
iti_db> db.zips.createIndex({state:1})
state_1
iti_db>
```

7 – increase the population by 0.2 for all cities which doesn't located in "AK" nor "NY"

```
iti_db> db.zips.updateMany({state:{$nin:["AK","NY"]}},{$mul:{pop:1.2}})
{
   acknowledged: true,
   insertedId: null,
   matchedCount: 27563,
   modifiedCount: 27563,
   upsertedCount: 0
}
iti_db> _
```

8 – update only one city whose longitude is lower than -71 and is not located in "MA" state, set its population to 0 if zipcode population less than 200.

```
iti_db> db.zips.updateOne({ state: { $ne: "MA" }, "loc.0": { $lt: -71 } , pop: { $lt: 200 } }, { $set: { pop: 0 } })
{
   acknowledged: true,
   insertedId: null,
   matchedCount: 1,
   modifiedCount: 1,
   upsertedCount: 0
}
iti_db> _
```

9 – update all documents whose city field is a string, rename its city field to be country and if there isn't any, add new document the same as the first documet in the database but change the \_id to avoid duplications.

## PART2

1. Get sum of population that state in PA, KA

2. Get only 5 documents that state not equal to PA, KA

3. Get sum of population that state equal to AK and their latitude between 55, 65

4. Sort Population of document that state in AK, PA and skip first 7 document

5. Get smallest population and greatest population of each state and save the result in collection named "mypop" on your machine colleague

```
iti_db> db.zips.aggregate([{$group:{_id:"$state",smallestPop:{$min:"$pop"},greatestPop:{$max:"$pop"}}},{$out:"mypop"}])
```

6. Write an aggregation expression to calculate the average population of a zip code (postal code) by state

- 7. Write an aggregation query with just a sort stage to sort by (state, city), both ascending
  - City  $\rightarrow$  country after update in no 9 in part 1

8. Write an aggregation query with just a sort stage to sort by (state, city), both descending

9. Calculate the average population of cities in California (abbreviation CA) and New York (NY) (taken together) with populations over 25,000

10. Return the average populations for cities in each state