

Technologies for Big  
Data Management

# Large language models Analysis

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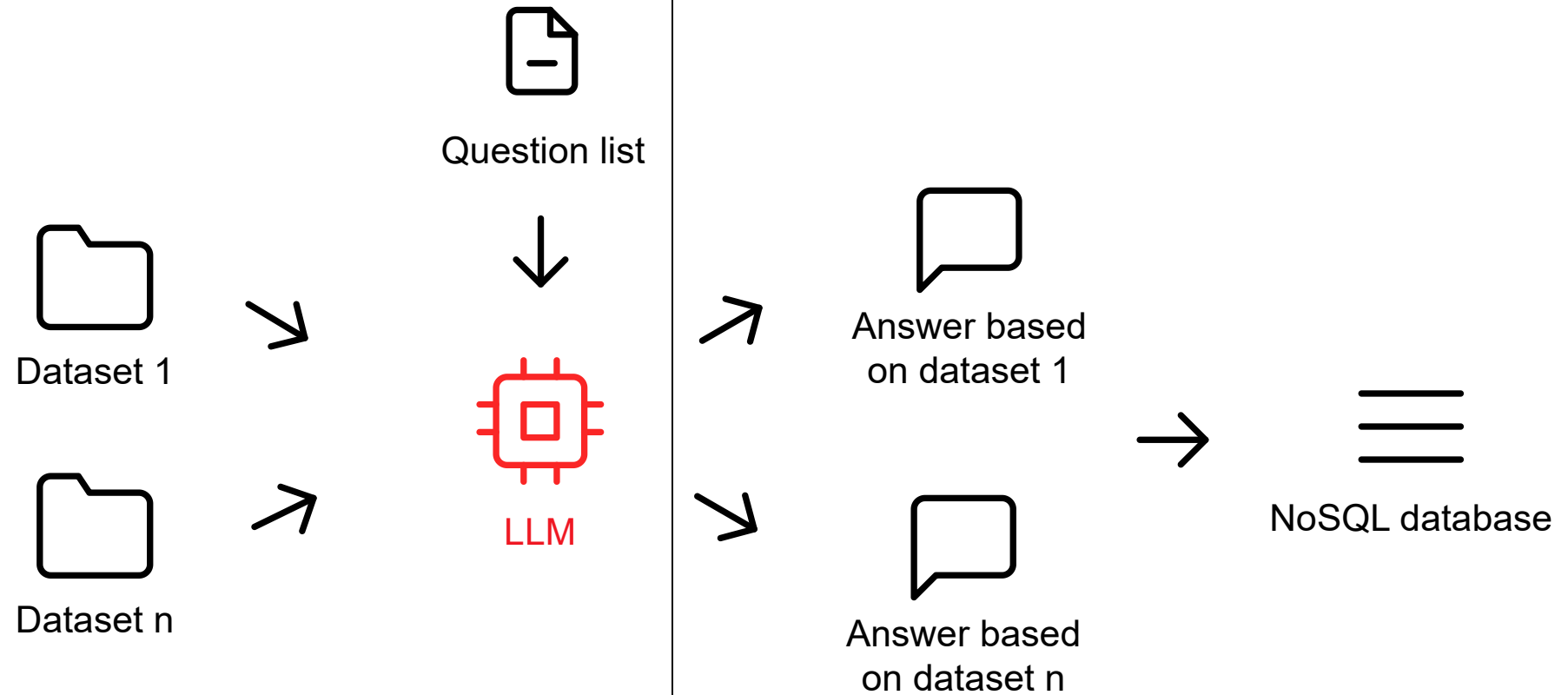
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**Professor: Massimo Callisto De Donato**



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# 1. Project description



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## Requirements:

1. The LLM model **automatically execute** the question list as default queries.
2. Capability of answering a **wide range of questions** (keyword extraction requests, summarization, degree of consistency with a specific topic, etc.)
3. The results of the queries must be **saved to a NoSQL database**.
4. The answers have to be **grammatically and semantically correct**.

## 2. Methodology and technology



**OnPrem.LLM**

A tool for running large language models on-premises using non-public data



# Why MongoDB ?

1. Schema flexibility
2. Scalability
3. High performance
4. Geospatial capabilities
5. Native support for JSON
6. Agile development

## Local LLM advantages

**01** Privacy and security

**02** Reliability

**03** Processing speed

**04** Long-term cost

### 3. Technical implementation

- The database has been configured to attach to the **LLM prototype**, along with the **authentication and authorisation** mechanism.
- The database has been added to the **cloud** (MongoDb Atlas), allows any user who wants to connect to the database to access it from anywhere.
- Access the database using **MongoDB Compass** with the URL:  
mongodb+srv://bigdata:ProjectBigData123@llm.gsegixp.mongodb.net/



My Queries

Performance

Databases

Search

- BigData
  - LLM
  - Output
  - Questions
- admin
- local
  - oplog.rs

Users

BigData

+ Create collection

Refresh

View



Sort by

Collection Name



## LLM

**Storage size:**  
20.48 kB**Documents:**  
3**Avg. document size:**  
1.62 kB**Indexes:**  
1**Total index size:**  
20.48 kB

## Output

**Storage size:**  
24.58 kB**Documents:**  
3**Avg. document size:**  
2.71 kB**Indexes:**  
1**Total index size:**  
36.86 kB

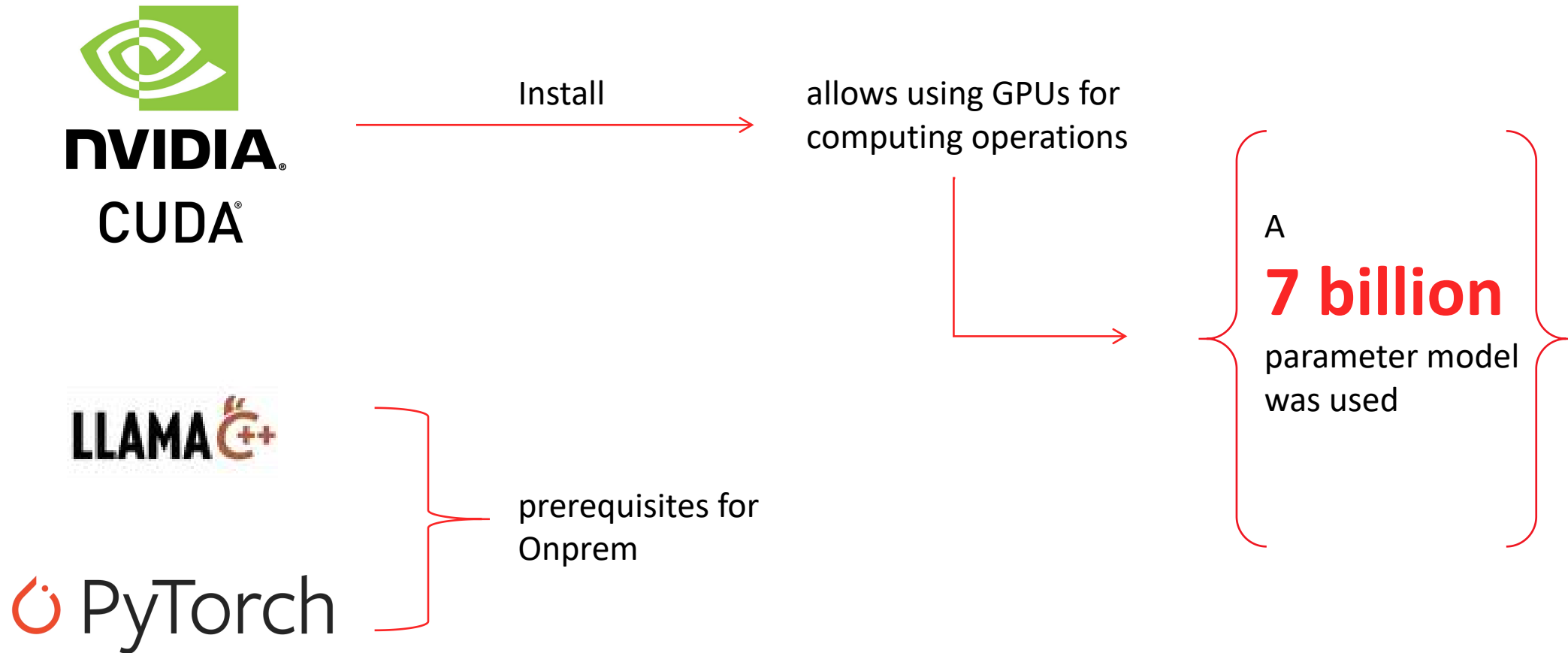
## Questions

**Storage size:**  
20.48 kB**Documents:**  
1**Avg. document size:**  
169.00 B**Indexes:**  
1**Total index size:**  
20.48 kB

Databases

# 3. Technical implementation

Operation



# 3. Technical implementation

Operation

From the core.py file in Onprem:

**n\_gpu\_layers** - how many model layers are downloaded to the GPU.

**n\_batch** - how many tokens are processed in parallel.

Optimal value

**24**

n\_gpu\_layer

**800**

n\_batch

Since the question has to be asked for each section of the document, a loop has been added:

```
answer = []
for document in docs:
    answer.append(self.combine_documents_chain.run(
        input_documents=document, question=question, callbacks=_run_manager.get_child()
    ))
)
```

# 3. Technical implementation

## Installation



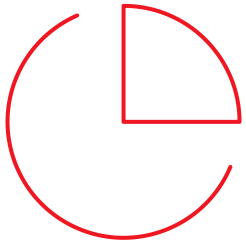
# 4. Achieved result

```
"number_article_1": {
  "title": "How artificial intelligence will change the future of marketing",
  "content": " The application of Artificial intelligence in marketing is in order to continuously follow and anticipate the next purchasing decisions of the target consumers. Machine learning is a key technology that enables marketers to analyze large amounts of data and identify patterns that can be used to improve marketing campaigns. The three use cases that demonstrate its impact on sales processes are: 1. Personalized recommendations: Machine learning algorithms can analyze user behavior and preferences to recommend products or services that are most likely to be purchased. 2. Targeted advertising: Machine learning can be used to identify the most effective channels and messages for reaching specific segments of the target audience. 3. Predictive analytics: Machine learning can be used to forecast future sales and identify potential risks and opportunities.
  "question_answer": [
    {
      "question": "What the text is about",
      "answer": " The given text delineates on how Artificial Intelligence (AI) will transform marketing in future, and the three use cases that demonstrate its impact on sales processes"
    },
    {
      "question": "What machine learning techniques are used?",
      "answer": " The answer depends on the specific use cases mentioned in the context. However, some commonly used machine learning techniques that could be applied to these scenarios are: 1. Collaborative filtering: This technique is used to recommend products or services based on the behavior of similar users. 2. Content-based recommendation: This technique is used to recommend products or services based on the content of the user's previous purchases or interactions. 3. Predictive modeling: This technique is used to forecast future sales and identify potential risks and opportunities."
    },
    {
      "question": "Does the text mention predictive analytics?",
      "answer": " Yes, the text mentions that machine learning allows marketers to understand and draw logical conclusions from large data collections which can be used for predictive analytics."
    }
  ]
},
"number_article_3": {
  "title": "Spotify personalizes audio experiences with machine learning",
  "content": " In 2008, the Spotify platform incorporated machine learning into its business model, transitioning from user curated playlists to Machine Learning driven recommendations. Tony Hsieh, CEO of Spotify, said: 'Machine learning is the key to our success. It allows us to understand our users better and provide them with personalized recommendations that they love. We use machine learning to analyze user behavior and preferences, and to identify patterns that can be used to improve our recommendations. The three use cases that demonstrate its impact on our business are: 1. Personalized recommendations: Machine learning algorithms can analyze user behavior and preferences to recommend songs or albums that are most likely to be listened to. 2. Targeted advertising: Machine learning can be used to identify the most effective channels and messages for reaching specific segments of the target audience. 3. Predictive analytics: Machine learning can be used to forecast future sales and identify potential risks and opportunities.'
  "question_answer": [
    {
      "question": "What the text is about",
      "answer": " Spotify personalizes audio experiences with machine learning by utilizing raw data from playlists, listening behaviors of users, and other factors to build ML models that can recommend songs or albums that are most likely to be listened to."
    },
    {
      "question": "What machine learning techniques are used?",
      "answer": " Collaborative filtering, content-based recommendation and user behavior analysis are some of the Machine Learning techniques that Spotify uses to personalize audio experiences."
    },
    {
      "question": "Does the text mention predictive analytics?",
      "answer": " No, the text does not explicitly mention predictive analytics."
    }
  ]
},
"number_article_2": {
  "title": "How Does Facebook Use Machine Learning to Deliver Ads?"
}
```

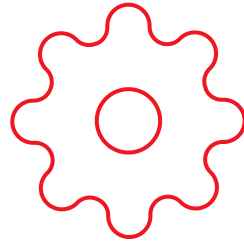
## 4. Achieved result

- The prototype is able to **read** the input and give **correct answers** both grammatically and semantically.
- The output is **automatically saved** into existing MongoDB
- When the file with 3 documents is used, the first answer was given by the prototype in **1,30 minutes**.

## 5. Possible future improvements



Larger data size



Increase the number of tokens  
processed in parallel



Less delay in  
answering time



## 6. Live demo

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