Bài thực hành 6

Assignment 1: Mã chương trình: .data A: .word 4, 6, -3, 1, -3 .text main: la \$a0,A li \$a1,5 j mspfx nop continue: lock: j lock nop end_of_main: #-----#Procedure mspfx # @brief find the maximum-sum prefix in a list of integers #@param[in] a0 the base address of this list(A) need to be processed # @param[in] a1 the number of elements in list(A) # @param[out] v0 the length of sub-array of A in which max sum reachs. # @param[out] v1 the max sum of a certain sub-array #-----#Procedure mspfx #function: find the maximum-sum prefix in a list of integers #the base address of this list(A) in \$a0 and the number of #elements is stored in a1 mspfx: addi \$v0,\$zero,0 #initialize length in \$v0 to 0 addi \$v1,\$zero,0 #initialize max sum in \$v1to 0 addi \$t0,\$zero,0 #initialize index i in \$t0 to 0

addi \$t1,\$zero,0 #initialize running sum in \$t1 to 0

loop: add \$t2,\$t0,\$t0 #put 2i in \$t2

add \$t2,\$t2,\$t2 #put 4i in \$t2

add \$t3,\$t2,\$a0 #put 4i+A (address of A[i]) in \$t3

Iw \$t4,0(\$t3) #load A[i] from mem(t3) into \$t4

add \$t1,\$t1,\$t4 #add A[i] to running sum in \$t1

slt \$t5,\$v1,\$t1 #set \$t5 to 1 if max sum < new sum

bne \$t5,\$zero,mdfy #if max sum is less, modify results

j test #done?

mdfy: addi \$v0,\$t0,1 #new max-sum prefix has length i+1

addi \$v1,\$t1,0 #new max sum is the running sum

test: addi \$t0,\$t0,1 #advance the index i

slt \$t5,\$t0,\$a1 #set \$t5 to 1 if i<n

bne \$t5,\$zero,loop #repeat if i<n

done: j continue

mspfx_end:

Ban đầu ,khởi tạo một mảng gồm 5 phần tử $A = \{4,6,-3,1,-3\}$

Khởi tạo vị trí tiền tố max là O(A[0]) và tổng tiền tố lớn nhất là max_sum = 0

Name	Number	Value
\$zero	0	0
Şat	1	268500992
\$v0	2	
\$v1	3	
\$a0	4	268500992
\$a1	5	5
\$a2	6	0
\$a3	7	0
\$t0	8	0
\$t1	9	0
\$t2	10	0
\$t3	11	0
\$t4	12	0
\$t5	13	0
\$t6	14	0
\$t7	15	0
\$s0	16	0
\$s1	17	0
\$s2	18	0
\$s3	19	0
\$s4	20	0
\$s5	21	0
\$s6	22	0
\$s7	23	
\$t8	24	0
\$t9	25	0
\$k0	26	0
\$k1	27	0
\$gp	28	268468224
\$sp	29	2147479548
\$fp	30	0
\$ra	31	0
pc		4194340
hi		.0
10		0

Tại vị trí A[1] thì tiền tố bằng 4

Registers	Coproc 1 Co	oproc 0
Name	Nu	umber Value
\$zero		0
\$at		1 268500992
\$v0		2
\$v1		3
\$a0		4 2685009
\$a1		5
\$a2		6
\$a3		7
\$t0		8
\$t1		9
\$t2		10
\$t3		11 2685009
\$t4		12
\$t5		13
\$t6		14
\$t7		15
\$s0		16
\$s1		17
\$s2		18
\$s3		19
\$s4		20
\$s5		21
\$s6		22
\$s7		23
\$t8		24
\$t9		25
\$k0		26
\$k1		27
\$gp		28 2684682
\$sp		29 21474795
\$fp		30
\$ra		31
pc		41943
hi		
10		

Tại vị trí A[2] thì tiền tố bằng 10

Registers	Coproc 1	Coproc 0		
Name		Number		Value
\$zero			0	(
Şat			1 268	3500992
\$∀0			2	2
\$v1			3	10
\$a0			4	268500992
\$a1			5	;
\$a2			6	
\$a3			7	(
\$t0			8	
\$t1			9	1
\$t2			10	
\$t3			11	26850099
\$t4			12	
\$t5			13	
\$t6			14	
\$t7			15	
\$s0			16	
\$s1			17	
\$s2			18	
\$s3			19	
\$s4	i i		20	
\$s5			21	
\$s6			22	
\$s7			23	
\$t8			24	
\$t9			25	
\$k0			26	
\$k1			27	
\$gp			28	26846822
\$sp			29	214747954
\$fp			30	(
\$ra			31	
рс				419438
hi				
10				

Xét mảng A = $\{4,6,-3,1,-3\}$ có tiền tố lớn nhất bằng 10=>Đúng

Assignment 2

TH1:Tăng dần

```
.data
A: .word 7, -2, 5, 1, 5,6,7,3,6,8,8,59,5
Aend: .word
.text
main:
Ia $a0,A #$a0 = Address(A[0])
la $a1,Aend
addi a1,a1,-4 \#a1 = Address(A[n-1])
j sort #sort
after sort:
li $v0, 10#exit
syscall
end main:
#procedure sort (ascending selection sort using pointer)
#register usage in sort program
#$a0 pointer to the first element in unsorted part
#$a1 pointer to the last element in unsorted part
#$t0 temporary place for value of last element
#$v0 pointer to max element in unsorted part
#$v1 value of max element in unsorted part
sort:
beq $a0,$a1,done#single element list is sorted
j max#call the max procedure
after max:
lw $t0,0($a1)#load last element into $t0
sw $t0,0($v0)#copy last element to max location
sw $v1,0($a1)#copy max value to last element
addi $a1,$a1,-4 #decrement pointer to last element
i sort#repeat sort for smaller list
done:
i after sort
#Procedure max#function: fax the value and address of max element in the list
#$a0 pointer to first element
#$a1 pointer to last element
max:
addi $v0,$a0,0 #init max pointer to first element
lw $v1,0($v0) #init max value to first value
addi $t0,$a0,0 #init next pointer to first
loop:
beq $t0,$a1,ret #if next=last, return
addi $t0,$t0,4 #advance to next element
lw $t1,0($t0) #load next element into $t1
slt $t2,$t1,$v1 #(next)<(max)?
bne $t2,$zero,loop#if (next)<(max), repeat
addi $v0,$t0,0#next element is new max element
```

addi \$v1,\$t1,0#next value is new max value j loop#change completed; now repeat ret: j after_max

Kết quả:

Address	Value (+0)	Value (+4)	Value (+8)	Value (+12)	Value (+16)	Value (+20)	Value (+24)	Value (+28)
268500992	-2	1	3	5	5	5	.6	
268501024	7	7	8	8	59	0		
268501056	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
268501088	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
268501120	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
268501152	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
268501184	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
268501216	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	
268501248	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
268501280	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

TH2: Giảm dần

.data

A: .word 7, -2, 5, 1, 5,6,7,3,6,8,8,59,5

Aend: .word

.text

main:

Ia \$a0,A #\$a0 = Address(A[0])

la \$a1,Aend

addi \$a1,\$a1,-4 #\$a1 = Address(A[n-1])

j sort #sort

after_sort:

li \$v0, 10#exit

syscall

end_main:

#-----

#procedure sort (ascending selection sort using pointer)

#register usage in sort program

#\$a0 pointer to the first element in unsorted part

#\$a1 pointer to the last element in unsorted part

#\$t0 temporary place for value of last element

#\$v0 pointer to max element in unsorted part

```
#$v1 value of max element in unsorted part
#-----
sort:
beq $a0,$a1,done#single element list is sorted
i min#call the min procedure
after min:
lw $t0,0($a1)#load last element into $t0
sw $t0,0($v0)#copy last element to min location
sw $v1,0($a1)#copy max value to last element
addi $a1,$a1,-4 #decrement pointer to last element
j sort#repeat sort for smaller list
done:j after_sort
#-----
#Procedure max#function: fax the value and address of min element in the list
#$a0 pointer to first element
#$a1 pointer to last element
#-----
min:
addi $v0,$a0,0 #init min pointer to first element
lw $v1,0($v0) #init min value to first value
addi $t0,$a0,0 #init next pointer to first
loop:
beq $t0,$a1,ret #if next=last, return
addi $t0,$t0,4 #advance to next element
lw $t1,0($t0) #load next element into $t1
slt $t2,$v1,$t1 #(next)>(min)?
bne $t2,$zero,loop#if (next)>(min), repeat
addi $v0,$t0,0#next element is new min element
addi $v1,$t1,0#next value is new min value
i loop#change completed; now repeat
ret:
```

j after_min

Kết quả

Address	Value (+0)	Value (+4)	Value (+8)	Value (+12)	Value (+16)	Value (+20)	Value (+24)	Value (+28)
268500992	59	8	8	7	7	6	6	5
268501024	5	5	3	1	-2	0	0	0
268501056	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0
268501088	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 =
268501120	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
268501152	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
268501184	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
268501216	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
268501248	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
268501280	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 *

Assignment 3

TH1: Tăng dần

.data

A: .word 7, -2, 5, 1, 5,6,7,3,6,8,8,59,5

Aend: .word

.text

main:

la \$a0,A #\$a0 = Address(A[0])

la \$a1,Aend

j sort #sort

after_sort:

li \$v0, 10#exit

syscall

end_main:

sort:addi \$a1,\$a1,-4 #\$a1 = Address(A[n-1])

beq \$a0,\$a1,after_sort#single element list is sorted

addi \$t0,\$a0,0 #init next pointer to first

loop:

beq \$t0,\$a1,sort

lw \$t1,0(\$t0) # \$t1 = a(i)

lw \$t2,4(\$t0) # \$t2 = a(i+1)

slt \$t3,\$t2,\$t1 #(i+1)<(i)?

beq \$t3,\$zero,next#if (i)<=(i+1), repeat

```
sw $t1,4($t0) # a(i+1)= $t1
sw $t2,0($t0) # a(i)= $t2
j loop
next:
addi $t0,$t0,4 #advance to next element
j loop
```

Address	Value (+0)	Value (+4)	Value (+8)	Value (+12)	Value (+16)	Value (+20)	Value (+24)	Value (+28)
268500592	-2	1	3	5	5	5	6	6
268501024	7	7	8	8	59	0	0	0
268501056	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
268501088	Ö	0	0	0	Ó	0	0	0
268501120	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
268501152	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
268501184	0	0	0	0	0	.0	0	0
268501216	0	0	0	0	0	.0	0	0
268501248	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
268501280	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

TH2: Giảm dần

```
.data
A: .word 7, -2, 5, 1, 5,6,7,3,6,8,8,59,5
Aend: .word
.text
main:
Ia $a0,A #$a0 = Address(A[0])
la $a1,Aend
j sort #sort
after sort:
li $v0, 10#exit
syscall
end main:
sort:
addi $a1,$a1,-4 #$a1 = Address(A[n-1])
beq $a0,$a1,after sort#single element list is sorted
addi $t0,$a0,0 #init next pointer to first
loop:
beq $t0,$a1,sort
lw $t1,0($t0) #$t1 = a(i)
lw $t2,4($t0) #$t2 = a(i+1)
slt $t3,$t1,$t2 #(i)<(i+1)?
beq $t3,$zero,next#if (i+1)<=(i), repeat
sw $t1,4($t0) # a(i+1)= $t1
sw $t2,0($t0) # a(i) = $t2
j loop
next:
addi $t0,$t0,4 #advance to next element
j loop
```

ddress	Value (+0)	Value (+4)	Value (+8)	Value (+12)	Value (+16)	Value (+20)	Value (+24)	Value (+28)
268500992	59	8	8	7	7	6	6	5 *
268501024	5	5	3	1	-2	0	0	0
268501056	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
268501088	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 =
268501120	0	9	9	0	0	0	0	0
268501152	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
268501184	0	0	0	0	0	0	.0	0
268501216	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
268501248	0	0	0	0	0	0	.0	0
268501280	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 -