Test jeden dolar x^2 Test dwa dolary

$$x^2$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \alpha + \beta \\ a + b \pm 4 \\ x \leqslant y \\ x \leqq y \\ A \subset B, C \subseteq D, E \setminus W', R \cup T, F \cap K \\ b \in P \\ \alpha, \beta, \gamma, F, \pi, \Pi, \phi, \varphi, \mu, \Phi \\ \cos(2\theta) = \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta \\ \tan(\pi) \\ k_{n+1} = n^2 + k_n^{3n+1} - k_{n-2} \\ f(n) = n^4 + 4n^2 - 2|_{n=12} \\ \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \\ x = a_0 + \frac{1}{a_1 + \frac{1}{a_2 + \frac{1}{a_3 + \frac{1}{a_4}}}} \\ \sqrt{\frac{a}{b} + 3} \\ \sqrt[n]{1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + \dots + x^n} \\ \sum_{i=1}^{10} t_i \\ \sum_{i=1}^{10} t_i \end{array}$$

Test backslash nawias okragly x^2 Test backslash nawias kwadratowy

 x^2

Test displaymath

 x^2

Test equation

 x^2 (1)

Test equation z gwiazdkź

 x^2

Koniec