LESSON 4 - Tuesday, 24th of September

Student presentations: Constant, Jonas, Axel, Arnaud

Vocabulary

to sap = biased= spare= testimonial=

Question 1: How is citizen journalism affecting professional reporters?

- citizen journalism has brought a lot of changes
- however, it did not eliminate professional journalism but created new possibilities
- amateur journalism is composed of pictures, videos, tweets => need to be checked by professional journalists
- new companies appeared incite readers to post on social media directly instead of going through official news channels
- news still need an in-depth analysis to avoid fakes = > therefore, journalists still have a lot of work to accomplish

ESSAY: Can anyone become a journalist overnight?

Introduction

It has become standard practice to see videos of news-related events posted online by onlooking citizens to the extent that some are announcing the demise of professional journalism. Can a citizen replace a journalist and what are the stakes of the profession today?

Paragraph 1: distribution of news demands a work ethics and a professional training. It requires time and research. Eg: fake news can result from the rapid spread of unverified information

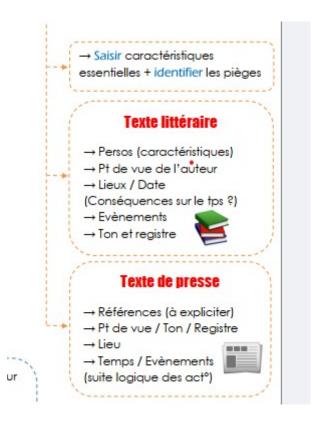
Para 2 : can the profession rely on a collaboration with the citizens to provide full coverage of an event ? UK – the Guardian collaborative platform

Translation

Depuis quand travaillez vous ici?

J'ai reçu un conseil intéressant de la part de

Quand avez vous quitté la ville ?



This hasn't been a good few weeks for Tony Hayward, the chief executive officer of BP. In the weeks since the huge oil spill in the Gulf began, he has struck an occasionally Churchillian tone: "We are going to defend the beaches," he proclaimed. "We will fix this." But the British leader he most calls to mind is Ethelred the Unready.

Ces dernières semaines n'ont pas été très bonnes pour TH, le PDG de BP. Dans les semaines qui ont suivi le début de cette énorme marée noire dans le Golfe (Mexique) on a pu déceler chez lui des accents de Churchill comme quand il a proclamé : nous allons défendre les plages ou nous allons régler ce problème. Le plus souvent, toutefois, c'est à un autre dirigeant britannique qu'il nous fait penser : Ethelred le malavisé.

Tenses in English forms, main uses and signal words PRESENT **FUTURE PAST SIMPLE** PRESENT SIMPLE **FUTURE SIMPLE** Affirmative: Affirmative. Affirmative. S+V(+s/es/ies) Regular verbs: S + V + d/ed/iedS+will+V Negative: Negative: Negative: S+will+not+V S + do/does + not + V S + did + not + V Interrogative; Interrogative; Interrogative: Do/Does + S + V ? Did+S+V? Will + S + V? ► finished act, in the past. with facts (general truths.) ▶ to predict future events. with repeated acts. (routine.) series of finished acts. in the past. ▶ to express a decision, offer or promise every day/usually/always/when/.. yesterday/last week/a month ago/.. tomorrow/soon/next year/someday/... PRESENT CONTINUOUS **PAST CONTINUOUS FUTURE CONTINUOUS** Affirmative: Affirmative. Affirmative S + am/is/are + V + ing S + was/were + V + ing S + will + be + V + ing Negative: Negative: Negative: S + am/is/are + not + V + ing S + was/were + not + V + ing S + will + not + be + V + ing Interrogative: Interrogative: Interrogative: Am/Is/Are + S + V + ing ? Was/Were + S + V + ing ? Will + S + be + V + ing ? act. in progress right now. two or more parallel past acts. ► act. that'll be happening at some point. future plan or intention. continuous (interrupted) past act. ▶ future expectations or predictions. now/right now/at the moment/. while(+past cont.)/when(+past smpl.) this time next week/still/at 7 tomorrow/. PRESENT PERFECT SIMPLE PAST PERFECT SIMPLE **FUTURE PERFECT SIMPLE** Affirmative. Affirmative. Affirmative S + have/has + past participle S + had + past participle S + will + have + past participle Negative: Negative: Negative: S + have/has + not + past participle S + had + not + past participle S + will + not + have + past participle Interrogative: Interrogative: Interrogative: Have/Has + S + past participle ? Had + S + past participle ? Will + S + have + past participle ? ▶ past act.1 finished before past act.2. act. that finished in the very recent past. ▶act.1 will finish in future before act.2. ► finished act. in an unfinished period. with "wish" for regrets/unreal events. > act. will finish in future before a certain point already/for/since/just/ever/never/yet/.. by the time/by(+time)/before/after/when/. ■ by the time/by(+time)/before/when/till/until/... PRESENT PERFECT CONTINUOUS **PAST PERFECT CONTINUOUS FUTURE PERFECT CONTINUOUS** 5 + have/has + been + V + ing S + had + been + V + ing S + will + have + been + V + ing Negative: Negative: Negative: S + have/has + not + been + V + ing S + had + not + been + V + ing S + will + not + have + been + V + ing Interrogative; Interrogative: Have/Has + S + been + V + ing ? Had + S + been + V + ing ? Will + S + have + been + V + ing ? ➤ act. continued to a point in the past. past act, that continues in present. ►act. will continue to a point in the future. repeated acts, that happened lately. ▶ to show the cause of a past effect. ▶ to show the cause of a future effect. since/for/all day/every day/recently/... before/after/for/since/when/because/. ■ by the time/by(+time)/before/when/for/till/until/ ■=the tense forms / ►=common uses / ■=common signal words / S=Subject / V=Verb / act.=action / acts.=actions I am=I'm / is='s / are='re / is not=isn't / are not=aren't / was not=wasn't / were not=weren't / do not=don't / does not=doesn't / did not=didn't / have='ve / has='s / have not=haven't / has not=hasn't / will='ll / will not=won't

- we started revising the tenses. We will continue working on various exercises, I am counting on you to do extra work if you notice you aren't doing well in one area.