Facultatea Calculatoare, Informatica si Microelectronică

Universitatea Tehnică a Moldovei

Medii Interactive de Dezvoltare a Produselor Soft Lucrarea de laborator#1

Version Control Systems si modul de setare a
unui server

A efectuat:	studentul gr. TI-151 Moraru Dumitru
A verificat:	Cojanu Irina

Objective:

Version Control Systems (git)

Cerințele laboratorului:

- Basic Level:
 - o initializeaza un nou repositoriu
 - o configureaza-ti VCS
 - o crearea branch-urilor (creeaza cel putin 2 branches)
 - o commit pe ambele branch-uri (cel putin 1 commit per branch)
- Normal Level:
 - seteaza un branch to track a remote origin pe care vei putea sa faci push (ex. Github, Bitbucket or custom server)
 - o reseteaza un branch la commit-ul anterior
 - o salvarea temporara a schimbarilor care nu se vor face commit imediat.
 - o folosirea fisierului .gitignore
- Advanced Level:
 - o merge 2 branches
 - rezolvarea conflictelor a 2 branches
 - o comezile git care trebuie cunoscute

Analiza Lucrării de laborator:

Link-ul la repozitoriu https://github.com/DocHumanity/MIDPS

Am creat repozitoriul prin metoda online.Am deschis pagina mea pe github.com,click pe Repositories și apoi pe butonul New.Atunci când am creat repozitoriul MIDPS,l-am inițializat cu un fișier README.

Următorul pas constă în configurarea git-ului.Configurăm numele și email-ul prin comenzile git config –global user.name "NUMELE" git config –global user.email "EMAIL".

```
×
                                     MINGW64:/c/Users/User
                                                                                                      \wedge
User@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~
$ git config --global user.name "Dumitru96"
 Jser@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~
$ git config --global user.email "Scott_96@mail.ru"
 Jser@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~
$ git config --list
core.symlinks=false
core.autocrlf=true
core.fscache=true
color.diff=auto
color.status=auto
color.branch=auto
color.interactive=true
help.format=html
http.sslcainfo=C:/Program Files/Git/mingw64/ssl/certs/ca-bundle.crt
diff.astextplain.textconv=astextplain
rebase.autosquash=true
credential.helper=manager
user.name=Dumitru96
user.email=Scott_96@mail.ru
```

Urmează generarea cheii SSH pe care o vom copia în setările de pe github.

```
MINGW64:/c/Users/User
Could not open a connection to your authentication agent.
User@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~

$ ssh-keygen -t rsa -C 'Scott_96@mail.ru'

Generating public/private rsa key pair.

Enter file in which to save the key (/c/Users/User/.ssh/id_rsa): git_rsa

Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase):
Enter same passphrase again:
Your identification has been saved in git_rsa.
Your public key has been saved in git_rsa.pub.
The key fingerprint is:
SHA256:N+eT5doPqdpWt12091Ra2z1P1e1vIphIR3FATp6BIKA Scott_96@mail.ru
The key's randomart image is:
+---[RSA 2048]----+
       ... .. 0=.
                   .+.0.
  Е
                      +0
                                   0
                   5.0 . . *
                   ...+ +.=0
                 . o o+.=B0
                   . o.o=+=B
                       .0+0.==
     ---[SHA256]-----
  Jser@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~
USEP@WIN-4AJKAIUMCG9 MINGWO4 ~

$ cat git_rsa.pub

$ ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAABAQDKZS1p38Sx3S82dkJQfg0tPpwYufDcdEExUV+k9jhX

ub9Q2fs2+Tl+xnbHhuXJA611MwP3310538KKCeplF0UQNdICx7G+/4+4zI7hU2yFNKXAL9c7piKXsgkH

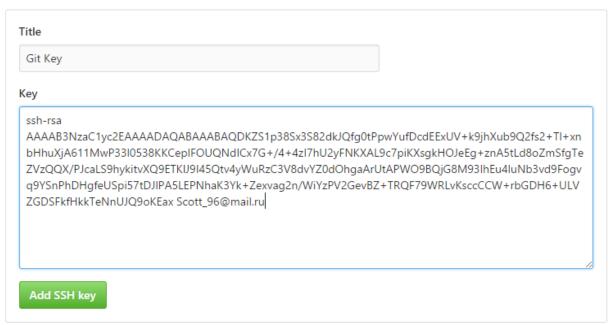
0JeEg+znA5tLd8oZmSfgTeZVzQQX/PJcaLS9hykitvXQ9ETK1J9I45Qtv4yWuRzC3V8dvYZ0d0hgaArU

tAPW09BQjG8M93IhEu4luNb3vd9Fogvq9YSnPhDHgfeUSpi57tDJlPA5LEPNhaK3Yk+Zexvag2n/WiYz

PV2GevBZ+TRQF79WRLvKsccCCW+rbGDH6+ULVZGDSFkfHkkTeNnUJQ9oKEax Scott_96@mail.ru
  ser@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~
```

SSH keys

There are no SSH keys with access to your account.



După ce am generat keygen-ul, clonăm repozitoriul pe mașina locală.

```
MINGW64:/c/Users/User/MIDPS - □ ×

User@wIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~

$ git clone https://github.com/DocHumanity/MIDPS.git
Cloning into 'MIDPS'...
remote: Counting objects: 3, done.
remote: Total 3 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
Unpacking objects: 100% (3/3), done.

User@wIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~

$ cd MIDPS

User@wIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS (master)
$ ls -l
total 1
-rw-r--r- 1 User 197121 7 фев 15 13:07 README.md
```

Pentru a adăuga fișiere pe repozitoriu, vom folosi următoarele comenzi: **git add *** - comanda indexează toate fișierele. **git commit -m** - comanda face un snapshot la toate schimbările noastre.

git push origin master - comanda încarcă toate fișierele indexate pe git. Totodată vom folosi **git status** și **git show** pentru a ne asigura că fișierele au fost adăugate în repozitoriu.

```
×
                                        MINGW64:/c/Users/User/MIDPS/Lab1
                4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
   git add #
 Jser@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
$ git commit -m "Prima sarcina"
[master 680297e] Prima sarcina

1 file changed, 0 insertions(+), 0 deletions(-)
create mode 100644 Lab1/README.md
  ser@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
$ git push origin master
Counting objects: 4, done.
Counting objects: 4, done.

Delta compression using up to 4 threads.

Compressing objects: 100% (2/2), done.

Writing objects: 100% (4/4), 320 bytes | 0 bytes/s, done.

Total 4 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0)

To https://github.com/DocHumanity/MIDPS.git

963ef1f..680297e master -> master
 Jser@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
$ git status
On branch master
Your branch is up-to-date with 'origin/master'.
nothing to commit, working tree clean
 Jser@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
$ git show
commit 680297e59f8d2e56f7bb30a1462b6ff2478c64f3
Author: Dumitru96 <Scott_96@mail.ru>
Date: Wed Feb 15 14:04:43 2017 +0200
Date:
       Prima sarcina
diff --git a/Lab1/README.md b/Lab1/README.md
new file mode 100644
index 0000000..e69de29
   er@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
```

Revenirea la o versiune mai veche poate fi efectuată cu ajutorul comenzii **git reset -TYPE** "codul comitului". Există diferența între -soft și -hard, când facem soft reset indexurile rămân neschimbate. Iar în cazul în care facem hard reset, pierdem indexurile.

Am creat un fișier nou text.txt în versiunea 1. După care l-am șters și am făcut commit la versiunea 2 în care am sters fișierul test.txt.Dorim să revenim la versiunea1. La început vom lansa comanda **git log** care ne arată logul de commituri și codul pentru fiecare commit. Vom avea nevoie de primele 7 cifre la commitul anterior.

```
_ _ _
                                            MINGW64:/c/Users/User/MIDPS/Lab1
   ser@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
$ git add #
User@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
$ git commit -m "version 1"
[master 57ca800] version 1
2 files changed, 1 insertion(+)
create mode 100644 Lab1/ignore.txt
create mode 100644 Lab1/test.txt
 User@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
$ 1s -1
total 1
-rw-r--r-- 1 User 197121 О фев 15 14:04 README.md
-rw-r--r-- 1 User 197121 27 фев 15 14:34 test.txt
 User@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
$ git push origin master
Counting objects: 4, done.
Counting objects: 4, done.

Delta compression using up to 4 threads.

Compressing objects: 100% (3/3), done.

Writing objects: 100% (4/4), 390 bytes | 0 bytes/s, done.

Total 4 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0)

To https://github.com/DocHumanity/MIDPS.git
680297e..57ca800 master -> master
User@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
$ ls
README.md test.txt
 Jser@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
$ git rm test.txt
rm 'Lab1/test.txt'
 User@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
README. md
User@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
$ git add #
User@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
$ git commit -m "version 2"
[master 85919b6] version 2
1 file changed, 1 deletion(-)
delete mode 100644 Lab1/test.txt
User@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
$ git push origin master
Counting objects: 3, done.
 User@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
$ git log
commit 85919b614816a282f98dd81f415a7e9d3fd56b14
Author: Dumitru96 <5cott_96@mail.ru>
Date: Wed Feb 15 14:38:08 2017 +0200
        version 2
commit 57ca800c7ba20b0fbe12a8c595e957c46a4db3e6
Author: Dumitru96 <Scott_96@mail.ru>
Date: Wed Feb 15 14:36:46 2017 +0200
        version 1
```

Acum folosim comenzile git reset --hard și git reset --soft

```
User@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
$ git reset --hard 57ca800
HEAD is now at 57ca800 version 1

User@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
$ ls
ignore.txt README.md test.txt

User@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
$ git reset --soft 57ca800

User@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
$ ls
ignore.txt README.md test.txt

User@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
```

VCS ne permite să avem mai multe **branch-uri**. Branch-urile sunt comod de folosit când dorim să lucrăm paralel la un proiect și apoi dorim să unim toate modificarile.

git branch "name" - creează un branch nou cu numele "name". **git branch** - vizualizarea branch-urilor (* indică branch-ul curent). **git branch** -**d "nume"** - șterge branch-ul "nume". **git checkout -b "name"** - creează un branch nou cu numele "name" și face switch la el.

```
MINGW64:/c/Users/User/MIDPS/Lab1
Jser@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
ignore.txt README.md test.txt
Jser@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
$ git branch copie
Jser@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
$ git branch
 copie
Jser@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
$ git branch -d copie
Deleted branch copie (was 57ca800).
Jser@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
$ git checkout -b nou
Switched to a new branch 'nou'
Jser@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (nou)
 git branch
 master
Jser@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (nou)
ignore.txt README.md test.txt
Jser@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (nou)
```

```
User@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (nou)

$ git add *

User@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (nou)

$ git commit - m "branch nou"

On branch nou

nothing to commit, working tree clean

User@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (nou)

$ git push origin nou

Total 0 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0)

To https://github.com/DocHumanity/MIDPS.git

* [new branch] nou -> nou

User@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (nou)

$ git branch

master
```

```
Jser@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (nou)
$ git checkout master
Your branch is behind 'origin/master' by 1 commit, and can be fast-forwarded.
  (use "git pull" to update your local branch)
Switched to branch 'master'
 Jser@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
$ git checkout nou
Switched to branch 'nou'
 User@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (nou)
$ git branch -u origin/master
Branch nou set up to track remote branch master from origin.
 Jser@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (nou)
$ git branch -u origin/master nou
Branch nou set up to track remote branch master from origin.
User@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (nou)
$ git branch --track "nou_2" origin/master
Branch nou_2 set up to track remote branch master from origin.
 User@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (nou)
$ git branch
  master
  nou 2
 Jser@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (nou)
 User@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (nou)
$ git checkout master
Your branch is behind 'origin/master' by 1 commit, and can be fast-forwarded.
(use "git pull" to update your local branch)
Switched to branch 'master'
 User@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (master)
Your branch is behind 'origin/master' by 1 commit, and can be fast-forwarded.

(use "git pull" to update your local branch)

Switched to branch 'nou'
User@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (nou)
$ git checkout nou_2
Your branch is up-to-date with 'origin/master'.
Switched to branch 'nou_2'
 ser@WIN-4AJKAIOMCG9 MINGW64 ~/MIDPS/Lab1 (nou_2)
```

Vom lucra cu 2 branch-uri - "master" si "nou". Vom crea în fiecare branch câte un fișier "to_mer",dar conţinutul fiecăruia va fi diferit.

Concluzie: Am studiat VCS.Mi-am aprofundat cunoștiințele în GitHub.Am învățat cum se creează mai multe branch-uri,cum se mută de la unul la altul,să fac operațiile de resetare la commit-ul anterior.Am aplicat comenzile fundamentale.Consider că fiecare programator trebuie să cunoască GitHub,să lucreze cu VCS.