PSET 8, Multivariate Dist.

2.
$$f(x|y) = \frac{f(x,y)}{f(y)}$$

 $f(y) = \int_{x=0}^{y} f(x,y) dx$
 $= \int_{0}^{y} 5x^{2}y^{2} dx$
 $= \frac{5}{3}x^{3}y^{2} \Big|_{0}^{y}$
 $= \frac{5}{3}y^{5} \quad (0 \le y \le 1)$

$$f(x|y) = 5x^{2}y^{2} / \frac{5}{3}y^{5}$$

$$= 5x^{2}y^{2} \cdot \frac{3}{5y^{5}}$$

$$= 3x^{2}y^{-3}$$

$$(0 \le \lambda \le y \le 1)$$

3.
$$O \cdot \int_{0}^{6} \int_{0}^{6} kx^{3}y^{2} dxdy = k \cdot \int_{0}^{6} x^{3} dx \cdot \int_{0}^{6} y^{2} dy$$

$$= k \cdot \frac{x^{4}}{4} \cdot \frac{b}{0} \cdot \frac{y^{3}}{3} \cdot \frac{b}{3}$$

$$= k \cdot \frac{6^{4}}{4} \cdot \frac{b^{3}}{3}$$

$$k \cdot \frac{14}{4} \cdot \frac{63}{3} = 1$$
 $k = \frac{1}{23328}$

b.
$$f_{x}(x) = \int_{0}^{6} f_{x,y}(x,y) dy$$

$$= k \cdot x^{3} \cdot \int_{0}^{6} y^{2} dy$$

$$= k \cdot x^{3} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot 6^{3}$$

$$= \frac{x^{3}}{274}$$

L.
$$f_{Y}(y) = \int_{0}^{6} f_{X,Y}(x,y) dx$$

= $K \cdot y^{2} \cdot \int_{0}^{6} x^{3} dx$
= $K \cdot y^{2} \cdot \frac{64}{4}$
= $\frac{y^{2}}{72}$

d.
$$E[X] = \int_{0}^{6} x \cdot f_{x}(x) dx$$

$$= \int_{0}^{6} \frac{x^{4}}{324} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{324} \cdot \frac{1}{5} x^{5} \Big|_{0}^{6}$$

$$= \frac{24}{5} = 4.8$$

$$e \cdot E[Y] = \int_{0}^{6} y \cdot f_{Y}(y) dy$$

$$= \int_{0}^{6} y \cdot \frac{y^{2}}{12} dy$$

$$= \frac{1}{72} \cdot \frac{1}{4} y^{4} \int_{0}^{6} dy$$

$$= \frac{9}{7} = 4.5$$

$$f. Var(X) = E[X^{2}] - E[X]^{2}$$

$$E[X^{2}] = \int_{0}^{6} x^{2} \cdot \frac{x^{3}}{324} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{324} \cdot \frac{1}{6} x^{6} \Big|_{0}^{6}$$

$$= 24$$

$$\therefore Var(X) = 24 - 4.8^{2} = \frac{24}{25} = 0.96$$

9.
$$Vor(Y) = E[Y^2] - E[Y]^2$$

 $E[Y^2] = \int_0^6 y^2 \cdot \frac{y^2}{12} dy$
 $= \frac{1}{12} \cdot \frac{1}{5} y^5 = \frac{1}{6}$
 $= \frac{108}{5} = 21.6$

Var(Y) = 21.6 - 4.5 * 4.5 = 27/20 = 1.35

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h. Cov
$$(X,Y) = E[XY] - E[X] E[Y]$$

 $E[XY] = \int \int Xy \cdot \int x$

:. Cov(X, Y) = 21.6 - 4.8 x 4.5 = 0

i.
$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = Kx^3y^2 = \frac{x^3}{324} \cdot \frac{y^2}{72} = f_{x}(x) \cdot f_{Y}(y)$$

:. 2ndependent

j.
$$f_{X|Y(X|9)} = f_{X(X)} = \frac{X^3}{324}$$
 given independency

$$x \cdot f_{Y|X}(y|x) = f_{Y}(y) = \frac{y^2}{12}$$
 given independency

A.
$$\alpha$$
. $Cov(D,F) = EDDFJ - EDDJ \cdot ECFJ$
= $10 - 4x8$
= -22

Var (H)=Var (2F)=4Var (F)

Same as (b), multiplying a variable by a positive constant leaves correlation unchanged.

$$\ell. Cor(D,F) = \frac{Cov(D,F)}{\sqrt{Var(D)Var(F)}} = \frac{-22}{\sqrt{40x60}} = -\frac{22}{20\sqrt{6}} \approx -0.449$$

By definition,
$$f(\theta|x) = \frac{f(\theta,x)}{f_{x}(x)}$$

Rewrite the joint distribution, $f(\theta,x) = f(x|\theta)f(\theta)$
Plug into the conditional, $f(\theta|x) = \frac{f(x|\theta)f(\theta)}{f_{x}(x)}$
Express $f_{x}(x)$, $f_{x}(x) = \int f(x,\theta)d\theta$

$$= \int f(x|\theta)f(\theta) d\theta.$$
Substitute back, $f(\theta|x) = \frac{f(x|\theta)f(\theta)}{\int f(x|\theta)f(\theta)d\theta}$