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Help
#include <math.h>
#include "moments.h"
#include "pnl/pnl_mathtools.h"
/* #include "complex.h" */
void gauleg(double x1, double x2, double x[], double w[],
{
  int m,j,i;
  double z1,z,xm,x1,pp,p3,p2,p1;
  m=(n+1)/2;
  xm=0.5*(x2+x1);
  x1=0.5*(x2-x1);
  for (i=1;i<=m;i++) {
    z=cos(3.141592654*(i-0.25)/(n+0.5));
    do {
      p1=1.0;
      p2=0.0;
      for (j=1; j \le n; j++) {
        p3=p2;
        p2=p1;
        p1=((2.0*j-1.0)*z*p2-(j-1.0)*p3)/j;
      pp=n*(z*p1-p2)/(z*z-1.0);
      z1=z;
      z=z1-p1/pp;
    } while (fabs(z-z1) > EPS_MOMENT);
    x[i]=xm-x1*z;
    x[n+1-i]=xm+x1*z;
    w[i]=2.0*x1/((1.0-z*z)*pp*pp);
    w[n+1-i]=w[i];
  }
}
double gammadensity(double x, double a, double b)
{
                exp(-a*log(b) +(a-1)*log(x)-x/b- lgamma(a))
  return
}
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double factln(int n)
  static double a[101] = { 0. };
  /*if (n < 0) nrerror("Negative factorial in routine factl</pre>
    n");*/
  if (n <= 1) return 0.0;
  if (n \le 100) return a[n] ? a[n] : (a[n]=lgamma(n+1.0));
  else return lgamma(n+1.0);
}
double factrl(int n)
  static int ntop=4;
  static double a[33]={1.0,1.0,2.0,6.0,24.0};
  int j;
  if (n > 32) return exp(lgamma((double)n+1.0));
  while (ntop<n) {</pre>
    j=ntop++;
    a[ntop]=a[j]*ntop;
  return a[n];
double bico(int n, int k)
  return floor(0.5+exp(factln(n)-factln(k)-factln(n-k)));
double Moments(int n,double r,double sigma,double t)
  double beta, lambda, v, sum, term, sigma2 t;
  int i,j;
  sigma2_t=SQR(sigma)*t;
  if((n==1)&&(r==0.))
    return 1.;
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if((n==2)&&(r==0.))
    return (2*(exp(sigma2_t)-1-sigma2_t)/pow(sigma,4.0));
  if((n==3)&&(r==0.))
    return Moments(3,0.000001,sigma,t);
  if((n==4)&&(r==0.))
    return Moments(4,0.000001,sigma,t);
  v= (r-sigma*sigma/2)/sigma;
  lambda=sigma;
  sum = 0.0;
  for(j=0;j<=n;j++)
    {
      term= 1.0;
      i=0;
      for(i=0;i<=n;i++)
        {
          beta =v/lambda;
          if((i!=j)) term=term/((beta+j)*(beta+j)-(beta+i)*
    (beta+i));
        }
      term=term*pow(2.0,(double)n);
      sum=sum+term*exp((lambda*lambda*j*j/2+lambda*j*v)*t);
    }
  return sum*factrl(n)/pow(lambda, 2.0*(double)n);
double logdens(double x, double m, double sg)
  double num, den;
  num = exp(-(log(x) - m) * (log(x) - m) / (2.0 * sg * sg))
  den = x * sqrt(2.0 * sg * sg * M_PI);
  return num / den;
double Der1Logdens(double x, double m, double sg)
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}

}

```
{
 double num, den;
 num = exp(-(log(x) - m) * (log(x) - m) / (2 * sg *sg)) *
    (\log(x) - m + sg * sg);
  den = sqrt(2.0 * M_PI) * (sg * sg * sg) * x*x;
 return -num / den;
}
double Der2Logdens(double x, double m, double sg)
 double num, den;
 num = exp(-(log(x) - m) * (log(x) - m) / (2 * sg *sg)) *
   m + 3 * sg * sg ) * log(x) + log(x) * log(x));
  den = sqrt(2.0 * M_PI) * pow(sg, 5.0) * x *x*x;
 return num / den;
}
double Der3Logdens(double x, double m, double sg)
 double num, den, fact;
 num = \exp(-(\log(x) - m) * (\log(x) - m) / (2. * sg *sg)) ;
  fact = ((((-m*m*m + 3.*m*sg*sg + 6.* m*m*sg*sg - 6.* sg*
   sg*sg*sg - 11.* m*sg*sg*sg*sg + 6.* sg*sg*sg*sg*sg*sg +
            ((3.*m*m - 3.*sg*sg - 12.* m*sg*sg + 11.*sg*
   sg*sg*sg))* log(x) - 3.*((m - 2.0*sg*sg))* log(x)*log(x) +
   log(x)*log(x)*log(x))));
  den = sqrt(2.0 * M PI) * pow(sg, 7.0) * pow(x,4.);
  return -num *fact/ den;
}
double Der4Logdens(double x, double m, double sg)
```

```
{
  double num, den, fact;
  num = \exp(-(\log(x) - m) * (\log(x) - m) / (2 * sg *sg));
  fact= pow(m,4.) - 10*pow(m,3)*pow(sg,2.) + pow(m,2.)*pow(
    sg,2.)*(-6 + 35*pow(sg,2.)) +
    pow(sg,4.)*(3 - 35*pow(sg,2.) + 24*pow(sg,4.)) + m*(30*)
    pow(sg,4.) - 50*pow(sg,6.)) -
    2*(2*pow(m,3.) - 15*pow(m,2)*pow(sg,2) + 5*pow(sg,4.)*(
    3 - 5*pow(sg,2)) + m*pow(sg,2)*(-6 + 35*pow(sg,2)))*log(x
    ) +
    (6*pow(m,2) - 6*pow(sg,2.) - 30*m*pow(sg,2.) + 35*pow(
    sg,4.)*pow(log(x),2) + (-4*m + 10*pow(sg,2.))*pow(log(x),3.
    ) + pow(log(x), 4.);
  den = sqrt(2.0 * M_PI) * pow(sg, 9.0) * pow(x,5.);
  return num *fact/ den;
}
double momlog(int n, double mean, double var)
  return exp(mean * n + var * n * n / 2.0);
/*Densità normale e sue derivate per l'uso nella serie di
    Edgeworth*/
double Normdens(double x, double m, double sg)
{
  double num, den;
  num = \exp(-(x - m) * (x - m) / (2.0 * sg * sg));
  den = sqrt(2.0 * sg * sg * M_PI);
  return num / den;
}
double Der1Normdens(double x, double m, double sg)
  double num, den;
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num = \exp(-(x - m) * (x - m) / (2 * sg *sg)) * (x - m);
  den = sqrt(2.0 * M_PI) * (sg * sg *sg) ;
  return -num / den;
}
double Der2Normdens(double x, double m, double sg)
  double num, den;
  num = exp(-(x - m) * (x - m) / (2 * sg *sg)) * (-x*x+2*x*)
    m - m*m+sg*sg);
  den = sqrt(2.0 * M_PI) * pow(sg, 5.0) ;
  return -num / den;
double Der3Normdens(double x, double m, double sg)
  double num, den, fact;
  num = \exp(-(x - m) * (x - m) / (2. * sg *sg));
  fact = (x-m)*(-x*x+2*x*m-m*m+3*sg*sg);
  den = sqrt(2.0 * M PI) * pow(sg, 7.0);
  return num *fact/ den;
double Der4Normdens(double x, double m, double sg)
  double num, den, fact;
  double x2= x*x;
  double x3= x2*x;
  double x4= x3*x;
  double m2= m*m;
  double m3 = m2*m;
  double m4= m3*m;
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double sg2=sg*sg;
double sg4=sg2*sg2;
num = exp(-(x - m) * (x - m) / (2 * sg *sg));
fact= (x4-4*x3*m+m4-6*m2*sg2+3*sg4+6*x2*(m2-sg2)-4*x*(m3-3*m*sg2));
den = sqrt(2.0 * M_PI) * pow(sg, 9.0);
return num *fact/ den;
}
```

## References