```
Help
#include "lmm1d stdi.h"
#include "pnl/pnl_basis.h"
#include "math/mc_lmm_glassermanzhao.h"
#include "enums.h"
#if defined(PremiaCurrentVersion) && PremiaCurrentVersion <</pre>
     (2010+2) //The "#else" part of the code will be freely av
    ailable after the (year of creation of this file + 2)
static int CHK_OPT(MC_Schoenmakers_BermudanSwaption)(void *
    Opt, void *Mod)
{
  return NONACTIVE;
int CALC(MC_Schoenmakers_BermudanSwaption)(void *Opt,void *
    Mod,PricingMethod *Met)
{
  return AVAILABLE_IN_FULL_PREMIA;
}
#else
/**
 * Lower bound for bermudan swaption using Longstaff-Schwa
    rtz algorithm
 * We store the regression coefficients in a matrix LS_Reg
    ressionCoeffMat
 * We also compute the coefficients regression to estimate
    the conditional expectation needed in Schoenmakers et al.
    algorithm.
 * These coefficients are stored in a matrix Sch_Regression
    CoeffMat
 * Oparam LS_LowerPrice lower price by Longstaff-Schwartz
    algorithm on exit
 * Oparam NbrMCsimulation the number of samples
```

- * * @param ptLib Libor structure contains initial value of
 libor rates
- \ast @param ptBermSwpt Swaption structure contains bermudan swaption information
- * Oparam ptVol Volatility structure contains libor volatility deterministic function

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* Oparam generator the index of the random generator to
   be used
* @param basis_name regression basis
* Oparam DimApprox dimension of regression basis
* Oparam NbrStepPerTenor number of steps of discretization
    between T(i) and T(i+1)
* Oparam flag_numeraire measure under wich simulation is
* flag_numeraire=0 -> Terminal measure, flag_numeraire=1 -
   > Spot measure
* Oparam LS RegressionCoeffMat contains Longstaff-Schwartz
     algorithm regression coefficients
* Oparam Sch RegressionCoeffMat contains regression coeffi
    cients needed in Schoenmakers et al. algorithm.
* Rmk: Libor rates are simulated using the method proposed
    by Glasserman-Zhao.
static void MC_BermSwaption_LongstaffSchwartz(double *LS_
   LowerPrice, int NbrMCsimulation, NumFunc_1 *p, Libor *ptLib,
    Swaption *ptBermSwpt, Volatility *ptVol, int generator,
   int basis name, int DimApprox, int NbrStepPerTenor, int flag
   numeraire, PnlMat *LS_RegressionCoeffMat, PnlMat *Sch_Regressi
   onCoeffMat)
{
 int alpha, beta, i, j, m, k, N, NbrExerciseDates, time_i
   ndex, save brownian, save all paths, start index, end ind
   ex, Nsteps, nbr var explicatives, Nfac;
 double tenor, regressed value, payoff,dW;
 double *VariablesExplicatives;
 Libor *ptLib current;
 Swaption *ptSwpt current;
 PnlVect *OptimalPayoff, *LS_RegCoeffVect, *Sch_RegCoeffV
   ect, *ToRegressSch_Vect;
 PnlMat *LiborPathsMatrix, *BrownianPathsMatrix, *Explic
   ativeVariables;
 PnlBasis *basis;
 Nfac = ptVol->numberOfFactors;
 N = ptLib->numberOfMaturities;
 tenor = ptBermSwpt->tenor;
```

```
alpha = (int)(ptBermSwpt->swaptionMaturity/tenor); // T(
  alpha) is the swaption maturity
beta = (int)(ptBermSwpt->swapMaturity/tenor); // T(beta)
   is the swap maturity
NbrExerciseDates = beta-alpha;
start index = 0;
end_index = beta-1;
Nsteps = end index - start index;
save_brownian = 1;
save_all_paths = 1;
nbr var explicatives = Nfac;
VariablesExplicatives = malloc(nbr_var_explicatives*size
  of(double));
ExplicativeVariables = pnl_mat_create(NbrMCsimulation, nb
  r var explicatives); // Explicatives variables
OptimalPayoff = pnl_vect_create(NbrMCsimulation);
ToRegressSch_Vect = pnl_vect_create(NbrMCsimulation);
LS RegCoeffVect = pnl vect create(0);
Sch_RegCoeffVect = pnl_vect_create(0);
LiborPathsMatrix = pnl_mat_create(0, 0); // LiborPathsM
  atrix contains all the trajectories.
BrownianPathsMatrix = pnl mat create(0, 0); // We store
  also the brownian values to be used as explicatives variables
pnl mat resize(LS RegressionCoeffMat, NbrExerciseDates-1,
   DimApprox);
pnl_mat_resize(Sch_RegressionCoeffMat, (NbrExerciseDates-
  1)*Nfac, DimApprox);
basis = pnl_basis_create(basis_name, DimApprox, nbr_var_e
  xplicatives);
mallocLibor(&ptLib current, N, tenor, 0.1);
// ptSwpt_current := contains the information about the
  swap to be be exerced at each exercice date.
// The maturity of the swap stays the same.
mallocSwaption(&ptSwpt_current, ptBermSwpt->swaptionMatu
```

```
rity, ptBermSwpt->swapMaturity, 0.0, ptBermSwpt->strike, ten
  or):
Numeraire(0, ptLib, flag_numeraire);
// Simulation the "NbrMCsimulation" paths of Libor rates.
   We also store brownian motion values.
Sim_Libor_Glasserman(start_index, end_index, ptLib, pt
                                                         Vol, generator, NbrM
  paths, LiborPathsMatrix, save_brownian, BrownianPathsMatrix,
  flag_numeraire);
ptSwpt current->swaptionMaturity = ptBermSwpt->swapMatu
  rity - tenor; // Last exerice date.
time_index = end_index;
// At the last exercice date, price of the option = payo
for (m=0; m<NbrMCsimulation; m++)</pre>
    pnl mat get row(ptLib current->libor, LiborPathsMatr
  ix, time index + m*Nsteps);
    LET(OptimalPayoff, m) = Swaption_Payoff_Discounted(pt
  Lib_current, ptSwpt_current, p, flag_numeraire);
  }
for (k=NbrExerciseDates-1; k>=1; k--)
    ptSwpt_current->swaptionMaturity -= tenor; // k'th
  exercice date
    time_index -=1;
    /** Least square fitting. **/
    for (m=0; m<NbrMCsimulation; m++)</pre>
      {
        for (j=0; j<Nfac; j++)</pre>
            MLET(ExplicativeVariables, m, j) = MGET(Brow
  nianPathsMatrix, time_index-1 + m*Nsteps, j);
      }
```

```
pnl basis fit ls(basis, LS RegCoeffVect, ExplicativeV
ariables, OptimalPayoff);
  pnl_mat_set_row(LS_RegressionCoeffMat, LS_RegCoeffVec
t, k-1); // Store regression coefficients
  /** Regression coefficients needed in Schoenmakers et
 al. algorithm. **/
  for (j=0; j<Nfac; j++)</pre>
      for (m=0; m<NbrMCsimulation; m++)</pre>
          for (i=0; i<Nfac; i++)</pre>
              VariablesExplicatives[i] = MGET(BrownianP
athsMatrix, time_index-1 + m*Nsteps, i);
          regressed value = pnl basis eval(basis,LS Reg
CoeffVect, VariablesExplicatives);
          dW = MGET(BrownianPathsMatrix, time index +
m*Nsteps, j)-MGET(BrownianPathsMatrix, time index-1 + m*Ns
teps, j);
          LET(ToRegressSch_Vect, m) = (dW/tenor) * (GET
(OptimalPayoff, m)-regressed value);
      pnl basis fit ls(basis,Sch RegCoeffVect, Explic
ativeVariables, ToRegressSch Vect);
      pnl mat set row(Sch RegressionCoeffMat, Sch Reg
CoeffVect, (k-1)*Nfac + j);
    }
  /** Dynamical programing. **/
  for (m=0; m<NbrMCsimulation; m++)</pre>
      pnl mat get row(ptLib current->libor, LiborPathsM
atrix, time_index + m*Nsteps);
      payoff = Swaption_Payoff_Discounted(ptLib_
current, ptSwpt current, p, flag numeraire);
      // If the payoff is null, the OptimalPayoff doesn
```

```
t change.
        if (payoff>0)
          {
            for (j=0; j<Nfac; j++)</pre>
                VariablesExplicatives[j] = MGET(BrownianP
  athsMatrix, time_index-1 + m*Nsteps, j);
            regressed_value = pnl_basis_eval(basis,LS_Reg
  CoeffVect, VariablesExplicatives);
            if (payoff > regressed_value)
                LET(OptimalPayoff, m) = payoff;
          }
      }
  }
// The price at date 0 is the conditional expectation of
  OptimalPayoff, ie it's an empirical mean.
*LS_LowerPrice = pnl_vect_sum(OptimalPayoff)/NbrMCsimulat
  ion;
free(VariablesExplicatives);
pnl basis free (&basis);
pnl mat free(&LiborPathsMatrix);
pnl_mat_free(&ExplicativeVariables);
pnl_mat_free(&BrownianPathsMatrix);
pnl vect free(&OptimalPayoff);
pnl_vect_free(&LS_RegCoeffVect);
pnl_vect_free(&Sch_RegCoeffVect);
pnl vect free(&ToRegressSch Vect);
freeSwaption(&ptSwpt_current);
freeLibor(&ptLib_current);
```

}

```
/** Upper bound for bermudan swaption using Schoenmakers et
    al. algorithm.
* @param SwaptionPriceUpper upper bound for the price on
   exit.
* Oparam NbrMCsimulationDual number of simulation in Schoe
   nmakers et al. algorithm.
* Oparam NbrMCsimulationPrimal number of simulation in Lon
   gstaff-Schwartz algorithm.
*/
static void Schoenmakers(double *SwaptionPriceUpper,
   double Nominal, long NbrMCsimulationDual, long NbrMCsimulationP
   rimal, NumFunc 1 *p, Libor *ptLib, Swaption *ptBermSwpt,
   Volatility *ptVol, int generator, int basis name, int DimApprox,
   int NbrStepPerTenor, int flag_numeraire)
{
 int i, j, m, N, k, Nfac, alpha, beta, Nsteps, save_all_
   paths, save brownian;
 int NbrExerciseDates, start_index, end_index, nbr_var_ex
   plicatives;
 double tenor, payoff, numeraire_0, ContinuationValue, Low
   erPrice 0, LowerPrice alpha;
 double DoobMeyerMartingale, MaxVariable, Delta_0, dW, Z;
 double *VariablesExplicatives;
 PnlMat *LiborPathsMatrix, *BrownianPathsMatrix;
 PnlMat *LS_RegressionCoeffMat, *Sch RegressionCoeffMat;
 PnlVect *Sch RegCoeffVect, *LS RegressionCoeffVect;
 PnlBasis *basis;
 Libor *ptLib current;
 Swaption *ptSwpt current;
 Nfac = ptVol->numberOfFactors;
 N = ptLib->numberOfMaturities;
 tenor = ptBermSwpt->tenor;
 alpha = (int)(ptBermSwpt->swaptionMaturity/tenor); // T(
   alpha) is the swaption maturity. T(i) = i*tenor.
 beta = (int)(ptBermSwpt->swapMaturity/tenor); // T(beta)
     is the swap maturity
 NbrExerciseDates = beta-alpha;
```

```
nbr var explicatives = Nfac;
VariablesExplicatives = malloc(nbr_var_explicatives*size
  of(double));
basis = pnl basis create(basis name, DimApprox, nbr var e
  xplicatives);
LS RegressionCoeffVect = pnl vect create(0);
LS_RegressionCoeffMat = pnl_mat_create(0, 0);
Sch_RegCoeffVect = pnl_vect_create(0);
Sch_RegressionCoeffMat = pnl_mat_create(0, 0);
LiborPathsMatrix = pnl mat create(0, 0);
BrownianPathsMatrix = pnl_mat_create(0, 0);
mallocLibor(&ptLib_current , N, tenor, 0.);
numeraire_0 = Numeraire(0, ptLib, flag_numeraire);
// ptSwpt current := le swap qui sera exerce à chaque da
  te de la bermudeene. sa maturite reste fixe.
mallocSwaption(&ptSwpt_current, ptBermSwpt->swaptionMatu
  rity, ptBermSwpt->swapMaturity, 0.0, ptBermSwpt->strike, ten
  or);
// calcul de la borne inf du prix et des coefficients de
  regression.
MC BermSwaption LongstaffSchwartz(&LowerPrice O, NbrMCs
  imulationPrimal, p, ptLib, ptBermSwpt, ptVol, generator,
  basis_name, DimApprox, NbrStepPerTenor/2+1, flag_numeraire,
  LS_RegressionCoeffMat, Sch_RegressionCoeffMat);
Delta 0 = 0;
save_brownian = 2; // save_brownian = 2. We also save
  intermediate steps.
save_all_paths = 1; // If save_all_paths=1, we store the
  simulated value of libors at each date T(i).
start index = 0;
end_index = beta-1;
```

```
Nsteps = end index - start index;
// Simulate "NbrMCsimulationDual" paths
Sim Libor Glasserman(start index, end index, ptLib, pt Vol, generator, NbrM
  all paths, LiborPathsMatrix, save brownian, BrownianPathsM
  atrix, flag_numeraire);
for (m=0; m<NbrMCsimulationDual; m++)</pre>
    start_index = alpha;
    pnl mat get row(ptLib current->libor, LiborPathsMatr
  ix, start index + m*Nsteps);
    ptSwpt_current->swaptionMaturity = ptBermSwpt->swapt
  ionMaturity; // First exerice date.
    payoff = Swaption_Payoff_Discounted(ptLib_current, pt
  Swpt_current, p, flag_numeraire);
    pnl_mat_get_row(LS_RegressionCoeffVect, LS_Regression
  CoeffMat, 0);
    for (j=0; j<Nfac; j++)
      {
        VariablesExplicatives[j] = MGET(BrownianPathsMatr
  ix, start_index*NbrStepPerTenor-1 + m*NbrStepPerTenor*Nstep
  s, j);
    ContinuationValue = pnl_basis_eval(basis,LS_Regressi
  onCoeffVect, VariablesExplicatives);
    LowerPrice_alpha = MAX(ContinuationValue, payoff); //
   Price of the option at t=T(alpha), using Longstaff/Schwa
  rtz.
    DoobMeyerMartingale = LowerPrice_alpha; // Martingal
  e value at t=T(alpha).
    MaxVariable = payoff-DoobMeyerMartingale; // Value of
   Duale Variable at t=T(alpha).
    for (k=0; k<NbrExerciseDates-1; k++)</pre>
      {
```

```
start index = alpha + k;
      end index = start index+1;
      for (i=1; i<=NbrStepPerTenor; i++)</pre>
          for (j=0; j<Nfac; j++)</pre>
              VariablesExplicatives[j] = MGET(BrownianP
athsMatrix, i-1 + start index*NbrStepPerTenor-1 + m*NbrStep
PerTenor*Nsteps, j);
            }
          // Here we compute the stochatic integral of
Z process with respect to brownian motion W.
          for (j=0; j<Nfac; j++)</pre>
              pnl mat get row(Sch RegCoeffVect, Sch Reg
ressionCoeffMat, k*Nfac+j);
              Z = pnl_basis_eval(basis,Sch_RegCoeffVec
t, VariablesExplicatives);
              dW = MGET(BrownianPathsMatrix, i + start_
index*NbrStepPerTenor-1 + m*NbrStepPerTenor*Nsteps, j);
              dW -= VariablesExplicatives[j];
              DoobMeyerMartingale += Z * dW;
            }
        }
      ptSwpt_current->swaptionMaturity += tenor;
      pnl_mat_get_row(ptLib_current->libor, LiborPathsM
atrix, end index + m*Nsteps);
      payoff = Swaption Payoff Discounted(ptLib
current, ptSwpt_current, p, flag_numeraire);
      MaxVariable = MAX(MaxVariable, payoff-DoobMeyerM
artingale); // Value of Duale Variable.
    }
 Delta 0 += MaxVariable; // somme de MonteCarlo
```

```
Delta 0 /= NbrMCsimulationDual;
  *SwaptionPriceUpper = (numeraire_0 * Nominal) * (LowerP
    rice 0 + 0.5*Delta 0);
  free(VariablesExplicatives);
 pnl basis free (&basis);
 pnl mat free(&LiborPathsMatrix);
 pnl_mat_free(&BrownianPathsMatrix);
 pnl mat free(&Sch RegressionCoeffMat);
 pnl mat free(&LS RegressionCoeffMat);
 pnl vect free(&Sch RegCoeffVect);
 pnl_vect_free(&LS_RegressionCoeffVect);
 freeSwaption(&ptSwpt current);
  freeLibor(&ptLib_current);
}
static int MCSchoenmakers(NumFunc 1 *p, double 10, double
    sigma_const, int nb_factors, double swap_maturity, double
    swaption maturity, double Nominal, double swaption strike,
    double tenor, long NbrMCsimulationPrimal, long NbrMCsimulationD
    ual, int generator, int basis name, int DimApprox, int Nb
    rStepPerTenor, int flag numeraire, double *swaption price upp
    er)
{
 Volatility *ptVol;
 Libor *ptLib;
  Swaption *ptBermSwpt;
  int init mc;
  int Nbr Maturities;
  Nbr Maturities = (int)(swap maturity/tenor + 0.1);
 mallocLibor(&ptLib , Nbr_Maturities, tenor, 10);
 mallocVolatility(&ptVol , nb_factors, sigma_const);
 mallocSwaption(&ptBermSwpt, swaption maturity, swap matu
    rity, 0.0, swaption_strike, tenor);
```

```
init mc = pnl rand init(generator, nb factors, NbrMCsimu
    lationPrimal);
  if (init_mc != OK) return init_mc;
  Schoenmakers(swaption price upper, Nominal, NbrMCsimulat
    ionDual, NbrMCsimulationPrimal, p, ptLib, ptBermSwpt, pt
                                                                 Vol, generator,
    numeraire);
  freeLibor(&ptLib);
  freeVolatility(&ptVol);
  freeSwaption(&ptBermSwpt);
 return init_mc;
}
int CALC(MC_Schoenmakers_BermudanSwaption)(void *Opt, void
    *Mod, PricingMethod *Met)
  TYPEOPT* ptOpt=(TYPEOPT*)Opt;
 TYPEMOD* ptMod=(TYPEMOD*)Mod;
  return MCSchoenmakers( ptOpt->PayOff.Val.V_NUMFUNC_1,
                          ptMod->10.Val.V_PDOUBLE,
                          ptMod->Sigma.Val.V PDOUBLE,
                          ptMod->NbFactors.Val.V_ENUM.value
                          ptOpt->BMaturity.Val.V DATE-pt
   Mod->T.Val.V_DATE,
                          ptOpt->OMaturity.Val.V DATE-pt
   Mod->T.Val.V_DATE,
                          ptOpt->Nominal.Val.V PDOUBLE,
                          ptOpt->FixedRate.Val.V PDOUBLE,
                          ptOpt->ResetPeriod.Val.V DATE,
                          Met->Par[0].Val.V_LONG,
                          Met->Par[1].Val.V LONG,
                          Met->Par[2].Val.V ENUM.value,
                          Met->Par[3].Val.V_ENUM.value,
                          Met->Par[4].Val.V_INT,
                          Met->Par[5].Val.V INT,
                          Met->Par[6].Val.V ENUM.value,
                          &(Met->Res[0].Val.V_DOUBLE));
```

```
}
static int CHK_OPT(MC_Schoenmakers_BermudanSwaption)(void *
    Opt, void *Mod)
{
  if ((strcmp(((Option*)Opt)->Name, "PayerBermudanSwaption")
    ==0) || (strcmp(((Option*)Opt)->Name,"
    ReceiverBermudanSwaption")==0))
    return OK;
  else
    return WRONG;
}
#endif //PremiaCurrentVersion
static int MET(Init)(PricingMethod *Met,Option *Opt)
  if (Met->init == 0)
      Met->init=1;
      Met->Par[0].Val.V LONG=50000;
      Met->Par[1].Val.V_LONG=10000;
      Met->Par[2].Val.V_ENUM.value=0;
      Met->Par[2].Val.V ENUM.members=&PremiaEnumMCRNGs;
      Met->Par[3].Val.V_ENUM.value=0;
      Met->Par[3].Val.V ENUM.members=&PremiaEnumBasis;
      Met->Par[4].Val.V INT=10;
      Met->Par[5].Val.V_INT=10;
      Met->Par[6].Val.V ENUM.value=0;
      Met->Par[6].Val.V_ENUM.members=&PremiaEnumAfd;
    }
  return OK;
}
PricingMethod MET(MC_Schoenmakers_BermudanSwaption)=
  "MC Schoenmakers BermudanSwaption",
    {"N iterations Primal", LONG, {100}, ALLOW},
```

```
{"N iterations Dual",LONG,{100},ALLOW},
    {"RandomGenerator",ENUM,{100},ALLOW},
    {"Basis",ENUM,{100},ALLOW},
    {"Dimension Approximation",INT,{100},ALLOW},
    {"Nbr discretisation step per periode",INT,{100},ALLOW},
    {"Martingale Measure",ENUM,{100},ALLOW},
    {" ",PREMIA_NULLTYPE,{0},FORBID}},
CALC(MC_Schoenmakers_BermudanSwaption),
    {{"Price",DOUBLE,{100},FORBID}, {" ",PREMIA_NULLTYPE,{0},
        FORBID}},
CHK_OPT(MC_Schoenmakers_BermudanSwaption),
CHK_ok,
MET(Init)
};
```

References