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Help
/* Longstaff & Schwartz algorithm, backward simulated brow
    nian paths */
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include "bsnd stdnd.h"
/*#include "math/linsys.h"*/
#include "pnl/pnl_basis.h"
#include "black.h"
#include "optype.h"
#include "enums.h"
#include "pnl/pnl_random.h"
#include "pnl/pnl_matrix.h"
static double *FP=NULL, *Paths=NULL, *PathsN=NULL;
static double *Brownian Bridge=NULL;
static PnlMat *M = NULL;
static PnlVect *AuxR=NULL, *Res=NULL, *VBase=NULL;
/* only for importance sampling*/
static double *theta=NULL,*thetasigma=NULL;
static PnlBasis *Basis = NULL;
static int LoScB Allocation(long AL MonteCarlo Iterations,
                            int AL Basis Dimension, int BS
    Dimension)
{
    if (FP==NULL) FP=(double*)malloc(AL_MonteCarlo_Iteratio
    ns*sizeof(double));
    if (FP==NULL) return MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILURE;
    if (Paths==NULL) Paths=(double*)malloc(AL_MonteCarlo_
    Iterations*BS Dimension*sizeof(double));
    if (Paths==NULL) return MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILURE;
    /* only usefull for normalised L&S, suboptimal but ...
    */
    if (PathsN==NULL){
        PathsN=(double*)malloc(AL_MonteCarlo_Iterations*BS_
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Dimension*sizeof(double));
    if (PathsN==NULL) return MEMORY_ALLOCATION_FAILURE;
    if (M==NULL) M=pnl mat create(AL Basis Dimension, AL
    Basis Dimension);
    if (M==NULL) return MEMORY_ALLOCATION_FAILURE;
    if (Brownian Bridge==NULL){
        Brownian_Bridge=(double*)malloc(AL_MonteCarlo_Itera
    tions*BS Dimension*sizeof(double));
    if (Brownian Bridge==NULL) return MEMORY ALLOCATION FAI
    LURE;
    if (Res==NULL) Res=pnl_vect_create (AL_Basis_Dimension)
    if (Res==NULL) return MEMORY_ALLOCATION_FAILURE;
    if (AuxR==NULL) AuxR = pnl vect create (AL Basis Dimens
    ion);
    if (AuxR==NULL) return MEMORY_ALLOCATION_FAILURE;
    if (VBase==NULL) VBase = pnl vect create (AL Basis Dim
    ension);
    if (VBase==NULL) return MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILURE;
   return OK;
}
static int Theta Allocation (int BS Dimension)
{
    if (theta==NULL) theta=(double*)malloc(BS_Dimension*si
    zeof(double));
    if (theta==NULL) return MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILURE;
    if (thetasigma==NULL) thetasigma=(double*)malloc(BS Dim
    ension*sizeof(double));
    if (thetasigma==NULL) return MEMORY_ALLOCATION_FAILURE;
    return OK;
}
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static void LoScB Liberation()
{
    if (FP!=NULL) {free(FP); FP=NULL;}
    if (Brownian Bridge!=NULL) {free(Brownian Bridge); Brow
    nian Bridge=NULL;}
    if (Paths!=NULL) {free(Paths); Paths=NULL;}
    if (PathsN!=NULL) {free(PathsN); PathsN=NULL;}
    if (M!=NULL) {pnl_mat_free (&M);}
    if (Res!=NULL) {pnl_vect_free (&Res); }
    if (AuxR!=NULL) {pnl_vect_free (&AuxR);}
    if (VBase!=NULL) {pnl vect free (&VBase);}
}
static void Theta_Liberation()
{
    if (thetasigma!=NULL){ free(thetasigma); thetasigma=NUL
    L;}
    if (theta!=NULL) {free(theta); theta=NULL;}
}
/*Compute the Girsanov Martingale (change of measure)*/
static double Girsanovfactor(double *BrownianPath,double
    Time, int BS Dimension)
{
    int jj;
    double auxgirs;
    auxgirs=0.0;
    /*--L(theta,t)=exp[-theta*W(t)-0.5*theta**t]----*/
    for(jj=0;jj<BS Dimension;jj++)</pre>
        auxgirs+=(-0.5*theta[jj]*theta[jj]*Time-theta[jj]*
    BrownianPath[jj]);
    return(exp(auxgirs));
}
/*Creal sequence for Robbins Monro convergence*/
static double gamma RM(int n,double a,double b)
{
    return (a/(b+n));
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}
static double rmstep(int n)
    return (sqrt(log(n+1)/10.0)+100.);
}
/*Robbins Monro algorithm, adaptation of code used by Arou
    na, since Premia 4*/
static int rmgraphic(NumFunc_nd *p, PnlVect *Stock,double
    t, double r,
                     double *divid,int BS_Dimension,double
    *teta,
                     int generator)
{
    int RM=500000;/*NUMBER OF RM iteration*/
    int i=0, j=0, ii=0;
    int sig_itere=0;
    double expo=0,S i;
    double sqrt_T=sqrt(t);
    double x_1=0.0925, x_2=0.0725;
    double *m_Theta=NULL,*Vol_tp=NULL,*vol=NULL,*Normalvec
    t=NULL,*m Mu=NULL;
    double *m UnderlyingAsset=NULL,*m sigma=NULL;
    double vol T,a,b,dot1,dot2,payoff,payoffcarre,val test,
    temp;
    PnlVect Vm_UnderlyingAsset;
    Vm_UnderlyingAsset.size=BS_Dimension;
    /*memory allocation*/
    if (Normalvect==NULL) Normalvect=(double*)malloc(BS Dim
    ension*RM*sizeof(double));
    if (Normalvect==NULL) return MEMORY_ALLOCATION_FAILURE;
    if (m Mu==NULL) m Mu=(double*)malloc(BS Dimension*size
    of(double));
    if (m_Mu==NULL) return MEMORY_ALLOCATION_FAILURE;
    if (m_sigma==NULL) m_sigma=(double*)malloc(BS_Dimensio
    n*BS Dimension*sizeof(double));
    if (m_sigma==NULL) return MEMORY_ALLOCATION_FAILURE;
    if (m_UnderlyingAsset==NULL) m_UnderlyingAsset=(double*
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)malloc(BS Dimension*sizeof(double));
if (m UnderlyingAsset==NULL) return MEMORY ALLOCATION
FAILURE;
if (vol==NULL) vol=(double *)malloc(sizeof(double)*(BS
Dimension+1));
if (vol==NULL) return MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILURE;
if (Vol_tp==NULL) Vol_tp=(double *)malloc(sizeof(
double)*(BS Dimension+1));
if (Vol tp==NULL) return MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILURE;
if (m_Theta==NULL) m_Theta=(double *)malloc(sizeof(
double)*(BS Dimension+1));
if (m Theta==NULL) return MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILURE;
/*initialization of gaussian variables*/
gauss_stock(Normalvect,BS_Dimension*RM, generator);
/*initialisation of the drift m Mu and of the
volatility */
for(i=0;i<BS_Dimension;i++) m_Mu[i]=0;</pre>
RMsigma(m sigma, BS Dimension);
for(i=0;i<BS Dimension;i++){</pre>
    vol[i]=0.0;
    for(j=0;j<=i;j++){
        vol[i]+=(m sigma[i*BS Dimension+j]*m sigma[i*
BS Dimension+j]);
    }
/*a is the step of R-M iterations: very important to ha
ve fast*/
/*convergence to sub-optimal theta*/
a=0.19;
b=1.0;
for(ii=0;ii<RM;ii++){</pre>
    for(i=0;i<BS Dimension;i++)</pre>
    {
        vol_T=0;
        for(j=0;j<BS Dimension;j++)</pre>
            vol_T+=Normalvect[j+ii*BS_Dimension]*m_si
gma[i*BS_Dimension+j];
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Vol_tp[i]=vol_T;
    }
    dot1=0.0;dot2=0.0;
    for(i=0;i<BS Dimension;i++)</pre>
    {
        S_i = (r-divid[i]-0.5*vol[i])*t+Vol_tp[i]*sqrt_T;
        m UnderlyingAsset[i]=exp(S i)*Stock->array[i];
        dot1+=Normalvect[i+ii*BS Dimension]*m Mu[i];
        dot2+=m_Mu[i]*m_Mu[i];
    }
    Vm UnderlyingAsset.array = m UnderlyingAsset;
    payoff=exp(-r*t)*p->Compute(p->Par, &Vm_Underlying
Asset);
    payoffcarre=payoff*payoff;
    expo=exp(-dot1+0.5*dot2);
    val test=0;
    for(i=0;i<BS_Dimension;i++)</pre>
        temp=(m Mu[i]-Normalvect[i+ii*BS Dimension])*
expo*payoffcarre;
        m_Theta[i]=temp;
        val_test+=pow(m_Mu[i]-gamma_RM(ii,a,b)*temp,2);
    }
    val test=sqrt(val test);
    if(val test<=rmstep(sig itere))</pre>
    {
        for(i=0;i<BS Dimension;i++)</pre>
            m_Mu[i]=m_Mu[i]-gamma_RM(ii,a,b)*m_Theta[i]
    }
    else
    {
        if(sig_itere-2*(sig_itere/2)==0)
             for(i=0;i<BS_Dimension;i++)</pre>
                 m Mu[i]=x 1;
        else
             for(i=0;i<BS_Dimension;i++)</pre>
                 m Mu[i]=x 2;
        sig_itere+=1;
    }
```

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for(i=0;i<BS_Dimension;i++) {teta[i]=m_Mu[i];}</pre>
    /*memory liberation*/
    if (Normalvect!=NULL) {free(Normalvect); Normalvect=NUL
    L; }
    if (m_UnderlyingAsset!=NULL) { free(m_UnderlyingAsset);
    m_UnderlyingAsset=NULL; }
    if (m Mu!=NULL) {free(m Mu); m Mu=NULL;}
    if (vol!=NULL) {free(vol); vol=NULL;}
    if (Vol_tp!=NULL) {free(Vol_tp); Vol_tp=NULL;}
    if (m_Theta!=NULL) {free(m_Theta); m_Theta=NULL; }
    return OK;
}
static void Regression( long AL MonteCarlo Iterations,
    NumFunc_nd *p,
                        int AL_Basis_Dimension, int BS_Dim
    ension, int Time,
                        int AL PayOff As Regressor, int us
    e_normalised_regressor,
                        int use_importance_sampling,
    double step)
{
    int i,j,k;
    double AuxOption, tmp;
    double *PathspkmDimBS=Paths, *PathsNpkmDimBS=Paths;
    PnlVect VStock;
    long InTheMonney=0;
    VStock.size=BS Dimension;
    if(use normalised regressor)
        PathsNpkmDimBS=PathsN;
    pnl_vect_set_double (AuxR, 0.0);
    pnl_mat_set_double (M, 0.0);
    for(k=0;k<AL MonteCarlo Iterations;k++)</pre>
    {
        /*kth regressor value*/
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VStock.array=&(PathspkmDimBS[k*BS Dimension]);
    AuxOption=p->Compute(p->Par, &VStock);
    if (use_importance_sampling)
        AuxOption*=Girsanovfactor(Brownian Bridge+k*BS
Dimension,(double)Time*step,BS Dimension);
    /*only the at-the-monney path are taken into accoun
t*/
    if (AuxOption>0)
    {
        InTheMonney++;
        /*value of the regressor basis on the kth path*
        if (AL PayOff As Regressor==1)
            /*here, the payoff function is introduced
in the regression basis*/
            pnl vect set (VBase, 0, AuxOption);
            for (i=1;i<AL Basis Dimension;i++){</pre>
                pnl_vect_set (VBase, i, pnl_basis_i(
Basis,&(PathsNpkmDimBS[k*BS Dimension]),i-1));
        }
        else
        {
            for (i=0;i<AL Basis Dimension;i++){</pre>
                pnl vect set (VBase, i, pnl basis i(
Basis,&(PathsNpkmDimBS[k*BS Dimension]),i));
        }
        /*empirical regressor dispersion matrix*/
        for (i=0;i<AL Basis Dimension;i++)</pre>
            for (j=0;j<AL Basis Dimension;j++)</pre>
                tmp = pnl_mat_get (M, i, j);
                pnl_mat_set (M, i, j , tmp + pnl_vect_
get (VBase, i) * pnl vect get (VBase, j));
        /*auxiliary for regression formulae*/
        for (i=0;i<AL Basis Dimension;i++){</pre>
            tmp = pnl vect get(AuxR, i);
            pnl vect_set (AuxR, i, FP[k] * pnl_vect_get
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(VBase,i) + tmp);
        }
    }
    if (InTheMonney==0)
    {
        pnl_vect_set_double (Res, 0);
    }
    else
    {
        /*normalisation*/
        pnl vect div double (AuxR, InTheMonney);
        pnl_mat_div_double (M, InTheMonney);
        pnl_vect_clone (Res, AuxR);
        /* solve in the least square sense, using a QR de
    composition */
        pnl_mat_ls (M, Res);
    }
}
static void Close()
    /*memory liberation*/
    LoScB Liberation();
}
/*see the documentation for the parameters meaning*/
int LoScB(PnlVect *BS_Spot,
          NumFunc_nd *p,
          double OP_Maturity,
          double BS_Interest_Rate,
          PnlVect *BS Dividend Rate,
          PnlVect *BS Volatility,
          double *BS_Correlation,
          long AL MonteCarlo Iterations,
          int generator,
          int name_basis,
          int AL_Basis_Dimension,
          int OP Exercice Dates,
          int AL_PayOff_As_Regressor,
          int AL_Antithetic,
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```
int use normalised regressor,
          int use importance sampling,
          double *AL_FPrice)
{
   double AuxOption,AuxScal,DiscountStep,Step;
   long i;
   int k,l, init_mc, init;
   int BS Dimension = BS Spot->size;
   double *paths; /* = Paths but changed to PathsN, when
   use_normalised_regressor*/
   PnlVect VStock;
   *AL FPrice=0.;
   /* MC sampling */
   init_mc= pnl_rand_init(generator, BS_Dimension, AL_
   MonteCarlo_Iterations);
   /* Test after initialization for the generator */
   if(init_mc != OK) return init_mc;
   if (use importance sampling)
        /*memory allocation for the importance sampling (dr
   ift) variables*/
        init=Theta_Allocation(BS_Dimension);
        if (init!=OK) return init;
   /* initialisation of BS */
   init=Init_BS(BS_Dimension, BS_Volatility->array, BS_
   Correlation,
                 BS_Interest_Rate, BS_Dividend_Rate->array)
   if (init!=OK) return init;
   /*Initialization of the regression basis*/
   Basis = pnl basis create (name basis, AL Basis Dimensio
   n, BS_Dimension);
   /*time step*/
   Step=OP_Maturity/(double)(OP_Exercice_Dates-1);
   /*discounting factor for a time step*/
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DiscountStep=exp(-BS Interest Rate*Step);
if (use_importance_sampling)
    /*initialization of drift "theta" via a Robbins-
Monro Algorithm for the european option*/
    init=rmgraphic(p, BS_Spot,OP_Maturity,BS_Interest_
Rate, BS Dividend Rate->array,
                   BS Dimension, theta, generator);
    if (init!=OK) return init;
    /*The theta given by RM driftes the gaussian variable
     *who is used to compute
     *W(OP_Maturity)={sqrt(OP_Maturity)*gaussian. As a
     *consequence, the theta that has to be used for
W is
     *given as: thetaUSA=thetaRM/sqrt(OP_Maturity)*/
    for(l=0;1<BS Dimension;1++) theta[1]/=sqrt(OP Matu</pre>
rity);
    /*Initialization of extra-drift */
    InitThetasigma(theta,thetasigma,BS Dimension);
}
/*memory allocation of the algorithm's variables*/
init=LoScB Allocation(AL MonteCarlo Iterations, AL Basi
s Dimension, BS Dimension);
if (init!=OK) return init;
paths=Paths;
if (AL Antithetic)
    /*here, the brownian bridge is initialised with an
tithetic paths*/
    Init_Brownian_Bridge_A(Brownian_Bridge,AL_
MonteCarlo_Iterations,
                           BS_Dimension,OP_Maturity, generator);
else
    Init_Brownian_Bridge(Brownian_Bridge,AL_MonteCarlo_
Iterations,
                         BS Dimension, OP Maturity,
                                                    generator);
/*computation of the BlackScholes paths at the maturit
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y related to Brownian Bridge*/
Backward Path(Paths, Brownian Bridge, BS Spot->array, OP
Maturity,
              AL MonteCarlo Iterations,BS Dimension);
if (use importance sampling)
    /*adjusting drift for the BlackScholes paths at th
e maturity*/
    ThetaDriftedPaths(Paths,thetasigma,OP Maturity,AL
MonteCarlo_Iterations, BS_Dimension);
/*initialisation of the payoff values at the maturity*/
for (i=0;i<AL MonteCarlo Iterations;i++)</pre>
    VStock.size=BS_Dimension;
    VStock.array = &(Paths[i*BS Dimension]);
    FP[i]=p->Compute(p->Par, &VStock);
    if (use_importance_sampling)
        FP[i] *= Girsanovfactor(Brownian_Bridge+i*BS_
Dimension, OP Maturity, BS Dimension);
    if (FP[i]>0) FP[i]=DiscountStep*FP[i];
}
for (k=OP Exercice Dates-2;k>=1;k--)
    if (AL Antithetic)
        /*here, the brownian bridge is computed with an
tithetic paths*/
        Compute_Brownian_Bridge_A(Brownian_Bridge,k*
Step,Step,BS_Dimension,
                                  AL MonteCarlo Itera
tions, generator);
    else
        Compute_Brownian_Bridge(Brownian_Bridge,k*Step,
Step, BS Dimension,
                                AL MonteCarlo Iteratio
ns, generator);
    /*computation of the BlackScholes paths at time k
related to Brownian_Bridge*/
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```
Backward Path(Paths, Brownian Bridge, BS Spot->array,
(double)k*Step,
                  AL_MonteCarlo_Iterations,BS_Dimensio
n);
    if (use_normalised_regressor)
        /*computation of the inverse of the BlackScho
les
         * dispersion matrix used in the normalisation
paths
         * procedure*/
        Compute_Inv_Sqrt_BS_Dispersion((double)k*Step,
BS_Dimension, BS_Spot,
                                        BS Interest Ra
te, BS Dividend Rate);
        /*the regression is done with respect to the
normalised
         * BlackScholes paths (see the documentation)*/
        NormalisedPaths(Paths,PathsN,AL_MonteCarlo_
Iterations,BS_Dimension);
        paths=PathsN;
    }
    if (use importance sampling)
        /*adjusting drift for the BlackScholes paths
at time k*/
        ThetaDriftedPaths(Paths,thetasigma,(double)k*
Step,AL_MonteCarlo_Iterations,BS_Dimension);
    /*regression procedure*/
    Regression(AL_MonteCarlo_Iterations,p, AL_Basis_Dim
ension,
               BS Dimension, k, AL PayOff As Regressor,
use_normalised_regressor,
               use_importance_sampling, Step);
    /* dynamical programming*/
    for (i=0;i<AL_MonteCarlo_Iterations;i++)</pre>
    {
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/*exercise value*/
        VStock.size=BS Dimension;
        VStock.array = &(Paths[i*BS_Dimension]);
        AuxOption=p->Compute(p->Par, &VStock);
        if (use importance sampling)
            AuxOption *= Girsanovfactor(Brownian Brid
ge+i*BS_Dimension,(double)k*Step,BS_Dimension);
        /*approximated continuation value, only the at-
the-monney paths are taken into account*/
        if (AuxOption>0)
            /* if k is greater than or equal to
             * AL_PayOff_As_Regressor, the payoff
function is
             * introduced to the regression basis*/
            if (AL_PayOff_As_Regressor==1)
            {
                AuxScal=AuxOption*pnl_vect_get (Res, 0)
;
                for (l=1;l<AL Basis Dimension;l++)</pre>
                    AuxScal+=pnl basis i(Basis,paths+i*
BS_Dimension,l-1)*pnl_vect_get (Res, 1);
            }
            else
                AuxScal=0.;
                for (1=0;1<AL Basis Dimension;1++){</pre>
                    AuxScal+=pnl_basis_i(Basis,paths+i*
BS_Dimension,1)*pnl_vect_get (Res,1);
            }
            /* AuxScal contains the approximated conti
nuation value*/
            /* if the continuation value is less than
the exercise value,
             * the optimal stopping time is modified*/
            if (AuxOption>AuxScal)
                FP[i] = AuxOption;
        /*Discount for a time step*/
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FP[i]*=DiscountStep;
        }
    }
    /*at time 0, the conditionnal expectation reduces to an
     expectation*/
    for (i=0;i<AL_MonteCarlo_Iterations;i++){</pre>
        *AL_FPrice+=FP[i];
    }
    *AL_FPrice/=(double)AL_MonteCarlo_Iterations;
    /*output of the algorithm*/
    *AL FPrice=MAX(p->Compute(p->Par, BS Spot), *AL FPrice);
    if (use importance sampling)
        Theta_Liberation();
    pnl_basis_free (&Basis);
    End BS();
    Close();
    return OK;
}
int CALC(MC LongstaffSchwartzND)(void *Opt, void *Mod,
    PricingMethod *Met)
{
    TYPEOPT* ptOpt=(TYPEOPT*)Opt;
    TYPEMOD* ptMod=(TYPEMOD*)Mod;
    double r;
    double *BS_cor;
    int i, res;
    PnlVect *divid = pnl vect create(ptMod->Size.Val.V PINT
    );
    PnlVect *spot, *sig;
    spot = pnl_vect_compact_to_pnl_vect (ptMod->S0.Val.V_PN
    LVECTCOMPACT);
    sig = pnl_vect_compact_to_pnl_vect (ptMod->Sigma.Val.V_
    PNLVECTCOMPACT);
    for(i=0; i<ptMod->Size.Val.V_PINT; i++)
      pnl_vect_set (divid, i,
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log(1.+ pnl vect compact get (ptMod-
>Divid.Val.V PNLVECTCOMPACT, i)/100.));
r= log(1.+ptMod->R.Val.V DOUBLE/100.);
if ((BS cor = malloc(ptMod->Size.Val.V PINT*ptMod->Size
.Val.V_PINT*sizeof(double)))==NULL)
    return MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILURE;
for(i=0; i<ptMod->Size.Val.V_PINT*ptMod->Size.Val.V_PI
NT; i++)
    BS cor[i] = ptMod->Rho.Val.V DOUBLE;
for(i=0; i<ptMod->Size.Val.V PINT; i++)
    BS_cor[i*ptMod->Size.Val.V_PINT+i] = 1.0;
/* If we use importance sampling : activate
 * payoff_as_regressor and deactivates normalised_reg
ressor */
if (Met->Par[7].Val.V BOOL)
    Met->Par[5].Val.V_BOOL=1; /* payoff as regressor */
   Met->Par[7].Val.V_BOOL=0; /* normalised regressor
s */
}
res=LoScB(spot,
          ptOpt->PayOff.Val.V_NUMFUNC_ND,
          ptOpt->Maturity.Val.V_DATE-ptMod->T.Val.V_DA
TE,
          r, divid, sig,
          BS cor,
          Met->Par[0].Val.V LONG,
          Met->Par[1].Val.V_ENUM.value,
          Met->Par[2].Val.V ENUM.value,
          Met->Par[3].Val.V INT,
          Met->Par[4].Val.V_INT,
          Met->Par[5].Val.V_ENUM.value,
          Met->Par[6].Val.V ENUM.value,
          Met->Par[7].Val.V_ENUM.value,
          Met->Par[8].Val.V_ENUM.value,
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&(Met->Res[0].Val.V DOUBLE));
    pnl vect free(&divid);
    free(BS_cor);
    pnl_vect_free (&spot);
    pnl vect free (&sig);
    return res;
}
static int CHK OPT(MC LongstaffSchwartzND)(void *Opt, void
    *Mod)
{
    Option* ptOpt= (Option*)Opt;
    TYPEOPT* opt= (TYPEOPT*)(ptOpt->TypeOpt);
    if ((opt->EuOrAm).Val.V_BOOL==AMER)
        return OK;
    return WRONG;
}
static int MET(Init)(PricingMethod *Met,Option *Opt)
{
    if ( Met->init == 0)
      Met->init=1;
        Met->HelpFilenameHint = "mc longstaffschwatrz nd";
        Met->Par[0].Val.V_LONG=50000;
        Met->Par[1].Val.V ENUM.value=0;
        Met->Par[1].Val.V ENUM.members=&PremiaEnumMCRNGs;
        Met->Par[2].Val.V_ENUM.value=0;
        Met->Par[2].Val.V ENUM.members=&PremiaEnumBasis;
        Met->Par[3].Val.V_INT=9;
        Met->Par[4].Val.V INT=10;
        Met->Par[5].Val.V ENUM.value=1;
        Met->Par[5].Val.V ENUM.members=&PremiaEnumBool;
        Met->Par[6].Val.V_ENUM.value=0;
        Met->Par[6].Val.V ENUM.members=&PremiaEnumBool;
        Met->Par[7].Val.V ENUM.value=0;
        Met->Par[7].Val.V_ENUM.members=&PremiaEnumBool;
        Met->Par[8].Val.V_ENUM.value=0;
        Met->Par[8].Val.V ENUM.members=&PremiaEnumBool;
    }
    return OK;
```

```
}
PricingMethod MET(MC_LongstaffSchwartzND)=
    "MC LongstaffSchwartz ND",
    {{"N iterations",LONG,{100},ALLOW},
     {"RandomGenerator", ENUM, {0}, ALLOW},
     {"Basis", ENUM, {1}, ALLOW},
     {"Dimension Approximation", INT, {100}, ALLOW},
     {"Number of Exercise Dates", INT, {100}, ALLOW},
     {"Use Payoff as Regressor", ENUM, {1}, ALLOW},
     {"Use Antithetic Variables", ENUM, {1}, ALLOW},
     {"Use Normalised Regressors", ENUM, {0}, ALLOW},
     {"Use Importance Sampling", ENUM, {0}, ALLOW},
     {" ",PREMIA_NULLTYPE, {0}, FORBID}},
    CALC(MC LongstaffSchwartzND),
    {{"Price",DOUBLE,{100},FORBID},
     {" ",PREMIA_NULLTYPE, {0}, FORBID}},
    CHK_OPT(MC_LongstaffSchwartzND),
    CHK mc,
    MET(Init)
};
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References