```
Help
#include "uvm1d pad.h"
#include "pnl/pnl_mathtools.h"
#include "pnl/pnl_tridiag_matrix.h"
#if defined(PremiaCurrentVersion) && PremiaCurrentVersion <</pre>
     (2012+2) //The "#else" part of the code will be freely av
    ailable after the (year of creation of this file + 2)
static int CHK_OPT(FD_UVM)(void *Opt, void *Mod)
  return NONACTIVE;
int CALC(FD_UVM)(void*Opt,void *Mod,PricingMethod *Met)
  return AVAILABLE_IN_FULL_PREMIA;
#else
static void grid_construction(double *ptsgrid, double ssta
    r, double **ptptgrid, int sizeP, int sizeS)
  int i,j;
  for (j=0; j<sizeP; j++)</pre>
    for (i=0; i<sizeS; i++)
    ptptgrid[j][i] = ptsgrid[i] * ptsgrid[j]/ sstar;
  }
static int nearest(double *ptgrid, int size, double value,
    int begin)
{
  double value nearest=ABS(ptgrid[begin]-value);
  double index nearest=-1;
  int i;
  for (i=begin; i<size; i++)
    if (ABS(ptgrid[i]-value) <= value_nearest)</pre>
  {
```

```
value nearest = ABS(ptgrid[i]-value);
    index nearest = i;
  }
  }
  return index nearest;
}
static int nearest_lower(double *ptgrid, int size, double
    value)
{
  int i=0;
  while ((i<size)&&(ptgrid[i]<=value))</pre>
  i++;
  }
 i--;
  return i;
}
static double interpolation_linear(double x, double y,
    double fx, double fy, double z)
  if (x!=y) {
    return fx + (fy-fx) * (z-x)/(y-x);
  }
  else {
    return (fx+fy)/2.; // Just in case... Or return fx;
  }
double interpolation xy(double slow, double shigh, double
    plow, double phigh,
            double V_slow_plow, double V_shigh_plow,
            double V_slow_phigh, double V_shigh_phig
    h,
            double s, double p)
  double V 11 hl = interpolation linear(slow, shigh, V slow
    _plow, V_shigh_plow, s);
  double V_lh_hh = interpolation_linear(slow, shigh, V_slow
```

```
phigh, V shigh phigh, s);
 return interpolation_linear(plow, phigh, V_ll_hl, V_lh_hh
    , p);
double interpolation diagonal ( double slow, double shigh,
     double plow, double phigh,
                double V slow plow, double V shigh
    plow,
                double V_slow_phigh, double V_shig
    h_phigh,
                double s, double p)
{
  if (ABS(s-p) < ABS(s*0.00001)) {
    return interpolation_linear(plow, phigh, V_slow_plow,
    V_shigh_phigh, p);
  else {
   // return NAN; // Interpolation, only on the diagonal.
  return 0.;
  }
}
static void resolution_pde_sigma_constant(double *Space_po
    ints, int size Space points, double *Vector boundary,
          double T, int NT,
          double r, double divid, double sigma,
          double theta, double omega,
          double *Sortie)
{
int i, j;
double coeff1, coeff2, coeff3, DeltaSpaceUp, DeltaSpaceDow
    n, DeltaSpaceDouble;
double tau;
double *upper d lhs, *diagonal lhs, *lower d lhs;
double *upper_d_rhs, *diagonal_rhs, *lower_d_rhs;
PnlVect *Solution;
PnlVect *Vector;
PnlTridiagMat *Mat lhs;
PnlTridiagMat *Mat_rhs;
```

```
PnlTridiagMat *Mat for non const syslin;
/*Initialization*/
tau = T/NT;
/*Memory Allocation*/
upper_d_lhs = (double*)malloc(size_Space_points*sizeof(
    double));
diagonal lhs = (double*)malloc(size Space points*sizeof(
    double));
lower_d_lhs = (double*)malloc(size_Space_points*sizeof(
    double));
upper_d_rhs = (double*)malloc(size_Space_points*sizeof(
    double));
diagonal_rhs = (double*)malloc(size_Space_points*sizeof(
    double));
lower d rhs = (double*)malloc(size Space points*sizeof(
    double));
/*Left hand side*/
/*
V^n+1_i
- tau*theta*sigma^2 S i^2/2 *
((V^n+1 i+1 - V^n+1 i)/(S i+1-S i)
 -(V^n+1_i - V^n+1_i-1)/(S_i-S_i-1)) / ((S_i+1 - S_i-1)/2)
- tau*theta*r*S i * ( (V^n+1 i+1 - V^n+1 i)/(S i+1-S i) *om
    ega/2
                    + (V^n+1 i - V^n+1 i-1)/(S i-S i-1) *(2
    -omega)/2)
+r*tau*theta *V^n+1_i
*/
for (i=1; i<size Space points-1; i++)</pre>
  DeltaSpaceDown = 1.0/(Space_points[i]-Space_points[i-1]
    );
  DeltaSpaceUp = 1.0/(Space points[i+1]-Space points[i]
    );
  DeltaSpaceDouble = 2.0/(Space_points[i+1]-Space_points[i-
    1]);
  coeff1 = sigma*Space_points[i];
  coeff1 = tau*theta*coeff1*coeff1/2.0;
```

```
coeff2 = tau*theta*r*Space points[i];
  diagonal lhs[i] = 1.0
      - coeff1 * (-1.0) * (DeltaSpaceUp+DeltaSpaceDown) *
    DeltaSpaceDouble
      - coeff2 * (-omega/2.0 * DeltaSpaceUp + (2.0 - omega)
    /2.0 * DeltaSpaceDown)
      + r*tau*theta;
  upper_d_lhs[i] = -coeff1 * DeltaSpaceUp * DeltaSpaceDou
    ble
      - coeff2 * omega/2.0 * DeltaSpaceUp;
  // Be careful of the index for lower band.
  lower d lhs[i-1] = -coeff1 * DeltaSpaceDown*DeltaSpaceDou
      + coeff2 * (2.0 - omega)/2.0 * DeltaSpaceDown;
}
/*Right hand side*/
/*
V^n i
+ tau*(1-theta)*sigma^2 S i^2/2 *
((V^n_i+1 - V^n_i)/(S_i+1-S_i)
 -(V^n_i - V^n_{-i-1})/(S_i-S_{-i-1})) / ((S_i+1 - S_{-i-1})/2)
+ tau*(1-theta)*r*S i * ( (V^n i+1 - V^n i)/(S i+1-S i) *om
    ega/2
                        + (V^n i - V^n i-1)/(S i-S i-1) *(2
    -omega)/2)
-r*tau*(1-theta) *V^n i
*/
for (i=1; i<size_Space_points-1; i++)</pre>
  DeltaSpaceDown = 1.0/(Space_points[i]-Space_points[i-1]
    );
  DeltaSpaceUp = 1.0/(Space points[i+1]-Space points[i]
  DeltaSpaceDouble = 2.0/(Space_points[i+1]-Space_points[i-
    1]);
  coeff1 = sigma*Space points[i];
  coeff1 = tau*theta*coeff1*coeff1/2.0;
  coeff2 = tau*theta*r*Space_points[i];
```

```
diagonal rhs[i] = 1.0
      + coeff1 * (-DeltaSpaceUp-DeltaSpaceDown)*DeltaSpaceD
    ouble
      + coeff2 * (-omega/2.0 * DeltaSpaceUp + (2.0 - omega)
    /2.0 * DeltaSpaceDown)
      - r*tau*(1.0 - theta);
  upper_d_rhs[i] = coeff1 * DeltaSpaceUp * DeltaSpaceDouble
      + coeff2 * omega/2.0 * DeltaSpaceUp;
  // Be careful of the index for lower band.
  lower_d_rhs[i-1] = coeff1 * DeltaSpaceDown*DeltaSpaceDou
    ble
      - coeff2 * (2.0 - omega)/2.0 * DeltaSpaceDown;
}
/* Coefficients consistant with boundary conditions */
/*
Si i=imin+1 alors
(V^n_i - V^n_{-i-1})/(S_i-S_{-i-1}) = (V^n_i+1 - V^n_i)/(S_i+1-S_i)
    i)
donc
//Left hand side
V^n+1 i
- tau*theta*r*S i * (V^n+1 i+1 - V^n+1 i)/(S i+1-S i)
+r*tau*theta *V^n+1 i
//Right hand side
+ tau*(1-theta)*r*S_i * (V^n_i+1 - V^n_i)/(S_i+1-S_i)
-r*tau*(1-theta) *V^n i
*/
coeff3 = r*tau*Space points[0];
DeltaSpaceUp = 1.0/(Space_points[1]-Space_points[0]);
diagonal_lhs[0] = 1.0 + theta*coeff3*DeltaSpaceUp + r*tau*
upper_d_lhs[0] = -theta*coeff3*DeltaSpaceUp;
diagonal_rhs[0] = 1.0 - (1.0 - theta)*coeff3*DeltaSpaceUp -
     r*tau*(1.0 - theta);
upper_d_rhs[0] = (1.0 - theta)*coeff3*DeltaSpaceUp;
```

```
/*
Si i=imax-1 alors
(V^n_i - V^n_{-i-1})/(S_i-S_{-i-1}) = (V^n_i+1 - V^n_i)/(S_i+1-S_i)
    i)
donc
//Left hand side
V^n+1 i
- tau*theta*r*S i * (V^n+1 i - V^n+1 i-1)/(S i-S i-1)
+r*tau*theta *V^n+1 i
//Right hand side
V^n i
+ tau*(1-theta)*r*S i * (V^n i - V^n i-1)/(S i-S i-1)
-r*tau*(1-theta) *V^n i
*/
coeff3 = r*tau*Space_points[size_Space_points-1];
DeltaSpaceDown = 1.0/(Space points[size Space points-1]-
    Space_points[size_Space_points-2]);
diagonal lhs[size Space_points-1] = 1.0 - theta*coeff3*Delt
    aSpaceDown + r*tau*theta;
// Be careful of the index for lower band.
lower d_lhs[size_Space_points-2] = theta*coeff3*DeltaSpaceD
    own:
diagonal_rhs[size_Space_points-1] = 1.0 + (1.0 - theta)*coe
    ff3*DeltaSpaceDown - r*tau*(1.0 - theta);
// Be careful of the index for lower band.
lower_d_rhs[size_Space_points-2] = -(1.0 - theta)*coeff3*De
    ltaSpaceDown;
Mat_lhs = pnl_tridiag_mat_create_from_ptr (size_Space_po
    ints, lower d lhs, diagonal lhs, upper d lhs);
Mat rhs = pnl tridiag mat create from ptr (size Space po
    ints,lower_d_rhs, diagonal_rhs, upper_d_rhs);
Mat for non const syslin = pnl tridiag mat create(size Spac
    e points);
pnl_tridiag_mat_clone(Mat_for_non_const_syslin, Mat_lhs);
Solution = pnl_vect_create_from_ptr (size_Space_points, Vec
    tor_boundary);
```

```
Vector = pnl vect create from ptr (size Space points, Vec
    tor boundary);
for (i=0; i<NT; i++)
  pnl tridiag mat mult vect inplace(Vector, Mat rhs, Solu
  pnl tridiag mat syslin(Solution, Mat for non const sysl
    in, Vector);
  // It is necessary to copy Vector in Solution somewhere
    in the loop.
  // So I use mat syslin instead of mat syslin inplace.
  pnl_tridiag_mat_clone(Mat_for_non_const_syslin, Mat_lhs);
  for (j=1; j<size_Space_points-1; j++)</pre>
    Sortie[j] = pnl_vect_get (Solution, j);
  // Boundary conditions
  Sortie[0] = pnl vect get (Solution, 1) - (pnl vect get (
    Solution, 2)-pnl_vect_get (Solution, 1))
      /(Space_points[2]-Space_points[1])*(Space_points[1
    ]-Space points[0]);
  Sortie[size_Space_points-1] = pnl_vect_get (Solution, si
    ze Space points-2)
      + (pnl vect get (Solution, size Space points-2)-pn
    l_vect_get (Solution, size_Space_points-3))
      /(Space_points[size_Space_points-2]-Space_points[
    size_Space_points-3])
      *(Space_points[size_Space_points-1]-Space_points[
    size Space points-2]);
/*Solution in the output pointer*/
for (i=0; i<size Space points; i++)</pre>
  Sortie[i] = pnl_vect_get (Solution, i);
}
pnl_tridiag_mat_free(&Mat_lhs);
pnl_tridiag_mat_free(&Mat_rhs);
```

```
pnl tridiag mat free(&Mat for non const syslin);
pnl vect free(&Solution);
pnl_vect_free(&Vector);
free(upper d lhs);
free(diagonal lhs);
free(lower d lhs);
free(upper_d_rhs);
free(diagonal rhs);
free(lower d rhs);
}
void matrix_of_newton_system_new(double *Space_points, int
    size Space points, PnlVect *Vector,
                double tau,
                double r, double divid, double si
    gma min, double sigma max,
                double theta, double omega, int lef
    t_or_right,
                PnlTridiagMat *Sortie)
{
int i;
double coeff1, coeff2, coeff3, DeltaSpaceUp, DeltaSpaceDow
    n, DeltaSpaceDouble;
double gamma_local, sigma, alpha, beta;
for (i=1; i<size Space points-1; i++)</pre>
 DeltaSpaceDown = 1.0/(Space_points[i]-Space_points[i-1]
    );
 DeltaSpaceUp = 1.0/(Space_points[i+1]-Space_points[i]
  DeltaSpaceDouble = 2.0/(Space_points[i+1]-Space_points[i-
    1]);
  // Computation of the gamma.
  gamma local = ((pnl vect get(Vector,i+1)-pnl vect get(
    Vector,i))*DeltaSpaceUp
        +(pnl_vect_get(Vector,i-1)-pnl_vect_get(Vector,
    i))*DeltaSpaceDown)*DeltaSpaceDouble;
  // Volatility according to gamma.
  if (gamma_local>0) { sigma = sigma_min; }
```

```
else { sigma = sigma max; }
  // Central or forward difference scheme.
  if (sigma min*sigma min*Space points[i]*DeltaSpaceDown >=
     r)
  {
    coeff1 = sigma*sigma*Space_points[i];
  coeff2 = Space points[i]*DeltaSpaceDouble*tau/2.0;
    alpha = (coeff1*DeltaSpaceDown - r)*coeff2;
  beta = (coeff1*DeltaSpaceUp + r)*coeff2;
  else
  {
    coeff1 = sigma*sigma*Space points[i];
    alpha = coeff1*Space_points[i]*tau*DeltaSpaceDown*Delt
    aSpaceDouble/2.0;
         (coeff1*DeltaSpaceDouble/2.0 + r)*Space points[
    i]*DeltaSpaceUp*tau;
  }
 pnl tridiag mat set(Sortie,i,0,alpha+beta+r*tau);
 pnl_tridiag_mat_set(Sortie,i,-1,-alpha);
 pnl_tridiag_mat_set(Sortie,i,1,-beta);
}
/* Coefficients should be consistant with boundary conditi
    ons. */
/* On boundary S=0. */
pnl tridiag mat set(Sortie,0,0, r*tau);
pnl_tridiag_mat_set(Sortie,0,1, 0.0);
/* On boundary S=Smax. */
coeff3 = r*tau/(Space points[size Space points-1]-Space po
    ints[size Space points-2]);
if (left_or_right==-1) // Left member = U^n+1
if (theta != 1.0)
// lambda^n+1
pnl tridiag mat set(Sortie, size Space points-1,-1,
  (-1.0 - coeff3*Space_points[size_Space_points-1]*(1.0 -
    theta))/(1.0 - theta));
```

```
// mu^n+1
pnl_tridiag_mat_set(Sortie,size_Space_points-1,0,
  (-1.0 + coeff3*Space_points[size_Space_points-2]*(1.0 -
    theta))/(1.0 - theta));
}
else
// lambda^n+1
pnl_tridiag_mat_set(Sortie, size_Space_points-1,-1, 0.0);
// mu^n+1
pnl_tridiag_mat_set(Sortie, size_Space_points-1,0, 0.0);
}
}
if (left_or_right==1) // Right member = U^n
if (theta != 0.0)
{
// lambda^n
pnl_tridiag_mat_set(Sortie, size_Space_points-1,-1,
  (1.0 - coeff3*Space points[size Space points-1]*theta)/
    theta);
// mu^n
pnl_tridiag_mat_set(Sortie, size_Space_points-1,0,
  (1.0 + coeff3*Space points[size Space points-2]*theta)/
    theta);
}
else
// lambda^n
pnl_tridiag_mat_set(Sortie, size_Space_points-1,-1, 0.0);
// mu^n
pnl tridiag mat set(Sortie, size Space points-1,0, 0.0);
}
}
void resolution_pde_sigma_uncertain_implicit(
          double *Space_points, int size_Space_points,
     double *Vector_boundary,
          double T, int NT,
          double r, double divid, double sigma_min,
    double sigma_max,
```

```
double theta global, double omega,
          double max Iteration Newton, double toleranc
    е,
          double *Sortie)
{
int i, j, k;
double tau, error, difference, theta;
PnlVect *Solution;
PnlVect *Old solution;
PnlVect *Vector;
PnlTridiagMat *Working Matrix;
PnlTridiagMat *Identity Matrix;
/*Initialization*/
tau = T/(double)NT;
/*Memory Allocation*/
Identity_Matrix = pnl_tridiag_mat_create_from_two_double(si
    ze_Space_points, 1.0, 0.0); // Identity matrix.
Working Matrix = pnl tridiag mat create (size Space points)
Solution = pnl_vect_create_from_ptr (size_Space_points, Vec
    tor boundary);
Old solution = pnl vect create from ptr (size Space points,
     Vector boundary);
Vector = pnl vect create from ptr (size Space points, Vec
    tor boundary);
// Rannacher
theta = theta global;
if (NT<2) {
  theta = 1.0; // Explicit.
}
for (j=0; j<NT; j++)
  /* Definition of the M matrix. */
  /* With control at S=Smax */
 matrix_of_newton_system_new( Space_points, size_Space_
    points, Solution,
              tau, r, divid, sigma_min, sigma_max,
                                theta, omega, -1, Working_
```

```
Matrix);
pnl_tridiag_mat_mult_double(Working_Matrix, -theta);
// Sum with the identity matrix. Result is in the first
  argument.
pnl tridiag mat plus tridiag mat(Working Matrix, Identity
  Matrix);
// Vector <- Working Matrix * Solution
pnl_tridiag_mat_mult_vect_inplace(Vector, Working_Matrix,
   Solution);
// Newton iterations.
i=0;
error = ABS(tolerance)+1;
pnl vect clone(Old solution, Vector);
while ((i<max_Iteration_Newton) && (error>tolerance))
  matrix of newton system new(Space points, size Space po
  ints, Old_solution,
            tau, r, divid, sigma_min, sigma_max,
            theta, omega, 1, Working Matrix);
/**/
  pnl_tridiag_mat_mult_double(Working_Matrix, (1.0 - thet
  a));
  // Sum with the identity matrix. Result is in the fir
  st argument.
  pnl tridiag mat plus tridiag mat(Working Matrix, Ident
  ity Matrix);
  // Solution <- (Working Matrix)^-1 * Vector</pre>
  pnl_tridiag_mat_syslin(Solution, Working_Matrix, Vector
  );
// Computation of the error.
error = 0.0;
for (k=0; k<size Space points; k++)</pre>
{
  difference = (ABS(pnl vect get(Solution,k)-pnl vect
  get(Old solution,k)))
        /(MAX(1.0,ABS(pnl_vect_get(Solution,k))));
  if (difference > error)
  {
    error = difference;
  }
```

```
pnl_vect_clone(Old_solution, Solution);
  }
}
/*Solution in the output pointer*/
for (i=0; i<size_Space_points; i++)</pre>
  Sortie[i] = pnl_vect_get (Solution, i);
}
pnl_tridiag_mat_free(&Identity_Matrix);
pnl_tridiag_mat_free(&Working_Matrix);
pnl_vect_free(&Solution);
pnl vect free(&Old solution);
pnl_vect_free(&Vector);
static int cliquet_scheme( double s, double t,
          double r, double divid, double sigma_min,
    double sigma max,
          int Kmax, int Jmax, int N, int M,
          double interpolation, int Number of tempora
    l iterations,
          double Al, double Ar,
          double Cl, double Fl, double Cg, double Fg,
          double theta, double omega,
          double *ptprice, double *ptdelta)
{
  /*Declarations*/
  int i, j, k, n, m; // Variable index.
  double temp_value; // Temporary variable. Sometimes used
    to optimize the computations.
  double S value, P value; // Temporary variables. Only us
    ed to optimize the computations.
  int index_nearest, index_nearest_2, index_nearest_3, ind
```

```
ex nearest 4;
 double slow, shigh, plow, phigh;
 double V_slow_plow, V_shigh_plow, V_slow_phigh, V_shigh_
   phigh;
 double V_temp_Zlow, V_temp_Zhigh;
 double deltaz, R, Rstar, Zplus, h;
 /*Memory Allocation*/
 double *Temporal points;
 double *Space_points;
 double *New_Space_points;
 double *Previous_Space_points;
 double *Vector boundary;
 double *Z_points;
 double **PS_grid;
 double ****Vector_ZPST;
 double acc_newton=0.0000001;
 int N newton=10;
/*Initial space points*/
 double limit_inf = 0.1; // Coefficient between 0 and 1.
 // Moreover s+atanh(Space points(N-1))/atanh(Space points
   (0))*(Al-s) near Ar
 double limit_sup = 1.0 - tanh((Ar-s)/(Al-s)*pnl_atanh(-1+
                                                               limit_inf)); //
 /*Initialization*/
  if ((N\%2)==0) N++;
  if ((Jmax\%2)==0) Jmax++;
 Temporal_points = (double*)malloc((M+1)*sizeof(double));
   // Temporal points.
 Space_points = (double*)malloc(N*sizeof(double)); // Spac
   e points with a tanh distribution.
 Previous_Space_points = (double*)malloc(N*sizeof(double))
   ; // Previous Space points.
 New Space points = (double*)malloc(N*sizeof(double)); //
   New Space points.
 Vector boundary = (double*)malloc(N*sizeof(double)); //
   Vector on the boundaries.
```

```
Z points = (double*)malloc(Kmax*sizeof(double)); // Z po
  ints.
PS grid=(double **)calloc(Jmax,sizeof(double *)); // (P,
  S) grid.
for (j=0; j<Jmax; j++)
  PS_grid[j]=(double *)calloc(N,sizeof(double));
}
Vector_ZPST=(double ****)calloc(Kmax,sizeof(double ***));
   // General vector (Z*P*Space*time).
for (k=0;k<Kmax;k++)
  Vector ZPST[k]=(double ***)calloc(Jmax,sizeof(double **
  ));
for (j=0;j<Jmax;j++)</pre>
  Vector_ZPST[k][j] = (double **)calloc(N, sizeof(
  double *));
  for (n=0;n<N;n++)
    Vector_ZPST[k][j][n] = (double *)calloc((M+1), size
  of(double));
  }
}
/*Time Step and temporal points*/
for(m=0;m<M+1;m++)
  Temporal_points[m] = (m * t)/M; // Uniform discretizati
  on.
```

```
}
// Centered points near s.
for(i=0;i<N;i++)</pre>
Space points[i] = s+pnl atanh(-1.0 + limit inf + ((
  double)i)/((double)(N-1))
*(2.0 - limit_sup - limit_inf))/pnl_atanh(-1.0 +limit_
  inf)*(Al-s)
- pnl atanh(limit inf - 0.5 *(limit sup + limit inf))/pn
  l_atanh(-1.0 +limit_inf)*(Al-s)
  Previous_Space_points[i] = Space_points[i] ;
}
/*(P,S) grid construction*/
grid construction(Space points, s, PS grid, Jmax, N);
/* Z grid construction*/
// Discretization of [min(F1,0)*M,Cl*M]....
deltaz = (Cl * M - MIN(Fl,0) * M)/(Kmax-1.0);
Z \text{ points}[0] = MIN(F1,0);
for (k=1;k<Kmax;k++)
  Z_{points[k]} = Z_{points[k-1]} + deltaz;
}
/*Definition of the terminal value.
  It depends only on Z variable which contains all the
  information.*/
for (k=0;k<Kmax;k++) // Loop on Z variable.</pre>
  temp_value = MAX(Fg, MIN (Cg, Z_points[k]));
  for (j=0; j<Jmax; j++) // Loop on P variable.
    for (n=0;n<N;n++) // Loop on space variable S.
  Vector_ZPST[k][j][n][M] = temp_value; // Terminal val
```

```
ue.
}
/*General temporal loop*/
for (m=M-1; m>-1; m--)
  /*Loop on the Z variable*/
  for (k=0; k<Kmax; k++)
  /*Loop on the P variable*/
    for (j=0; j<Jmax; j++)
      /*Loop on the space variable S*/
    for (n=0;n<N;n++)
    S_value = PS_grid[j][n];
    P_value = Previous_Space_points[j];
        // We want to compute the value of the option wit
  h the jump condition.
    // Given a value of %Z of Z variable, we compute th
  e value of
    // V( %S , t^- , %P , %Z) = V( %S , t^+ , %S , %Z +
   \max(Fl,\min(Cl,%S/%P-1))
    // but since the value of the option V is only de
  fined on a fixed Z-grid * PS-grid,
    // we need some interpolations. Here %S = PS grid[
  j][n] and %P = Previous Space points[j]).
    // First, we should compute the concerned index in
  the Z-grid
    R = (S \text{ value/P value}) - 1.0;
    Rstar = MAX(F1,MIN(C1,R));
    Zplus = Z_points[k] + Rstar;
    index nearest=nearest(Z points,Kmax,Zplus,0);
    // Rstar is positive, so the index is actually gre
  ater than k.
    // But if Fl is negative, this is not the case.
    // If the Z-grid is uniform then the index can be
  computed explicitely and
    // index_nearest = (int floor) (k + Rstar/SIZE_STEP
```

```
IN Z GRID)
  if (index nearest == Kmax-1) {
    // if index_nearest = Kmax-1, we are on the boun
dary.
    // we will do a linear extrapolation with the tw
o last Z values.
    // This extrapolation will actually be an interp
olation with an external point
  // but this is not a problem and it is sufficient
to do :
  index nearest--;
  // The actualization P+ = S needs an interpolation.
  // We need the value V ( %S, t^+, %S , Zplus), so
we study the position of the (%S, %S) point.
  if (interpolation==0) // xy-interpolation
  {
    // First, we look for the Plow and Phigh values
of the (%S,%S) point.
    index nearest 2=nearest lower(Previous Space po
ints,Jmax,S_value);
    // Take care of the condition on the boundary
    // if S_value < Previous_Space_points_min i.e.</pre>
index nearest 2 = -1
    // or if S_value > Previous_Space_points_max i.e.
 index nearest 2 = N-1.
    // In these cases, the new values are not given
by an interpolation
    // but just by the value in the extremal points
    // "according to a similarity condition".
    if (index nearest 2 == -1)
  {
    // Looking for the index of the nearest S value
of Previous_Space_points_min in the PS grid.
    // This should be (int)((N-1)/2) for the scaled
grid.
    index_nearest_3 = nearest(PS_grid[0],N,Previous_
Space_points[0],0);
    V temp Zlow = interpolation linear(
          PS_grid[0][index_nearest_3],PS_grid[0]
[index_nearest_3+1],
```

```
Vector ZPST[index_nearest][0][index_ne
arest 3] [m+1],
          Vector_ZPST[index_nearest][0][index_ne
arest 3+1] [m+1],
          Previous Space points[0]);
    V temp Zhigh = interpolation linear(
          PS_grid[0][index_nearest_3],PS_grid[0]
[index nearest 3+1],
          Vector ZPST[index nearest+1][0][index
nearest_3][m+1],
          Vector_ZPST[index_nearest+1][0][index
nearest 3+1] [m+1],
          Previous Space points[0]);
    }
    else
    if (index nearest 2 == N-1)
      // Looking for the index of the nearest S val
ue of Previous Space points max in the PS grid.
      // This should be (int)((N-1)/2) for the sca
led grid.
        index_nearest_3 = nearest(PS_grid[Jmax-1],N,
Previous Space points[Jmax-1],0);
      V temp Zlow = interpolation linear(
          PS grid[Jmax-1][index nearest 3],PS
grid[Jmax-1][index_nearest_3+1],
          Vector ZPST[index nearest][Jmax-1][ind
ex_nearest_3][m+1],
          Vector_ZPST[index_nearest][Jmax-1][ind
ex_nearest_3+1][m+1],
          Previous Space points[Jmax-1]);
      V temp Zhigh = interpolation linear(
          PS_grid[0][index_nearest_3],PS_grid[0]
[index_nearest_3+1],
          Vector ZPST[index nearest+1][0][index
nearest_3][m+1],
          Vector_ZPST[index_nearest+1][0][index_
nearest_3+1][m+1],
          Previous_Space_points[0]);
      }
```

```
else
      // The Plow and Phigh values of the (%S, %S) po
int are in the interior of the P-grid.
    // Now, we look for the Slow and Shigh values
of the (%S,%S) point in the PS-grid.
    index_nearest_3 = nearest(PS_grid[index_neares
t_2],N,S_value,0);
      slow = Space_points[index_nearest 2];
      plow = slow; // Xy-interpolation
      shigh = Space_points[index_nearest_2+1];
      phigh = shigh; // Interpolation on the diagon
al.
    // The index on the PS-grid in order to do the
interpolation
    // corresponds to the index j=index nearest 2 and
    // n = index such that Space points[n] = sstar
value used in the construction
    // of the PS grid.
    // Indeed, we need a point (X,X) = (PS grid[j][
n],Space_points[index_nearest 2])
    // := (S_j * S_n / Sstar,Space_points[index_near
est 2])
   // with S_j = Space_points[index_nearest_2] so
S n should be equal to Sstar.
    // Actually, this index is (N-1)/2 !
    V_slow_plow = Vector_ZPST[index_nearest][index_
nearest 2]
                 [(int)((N-1)/2)][m+1];
    // V shigh plow is useless in the diagonal
interpolation.
    V_shigh_plow = Vector_ZPST[index_nearest][index_
nearest 2+1]
                [(int)((N-1)/2)][m+1];
    // V slow phigh is useless in the diagonal
interpolation.
    V_slow_phigh = Vector_ZPST[index_nearest][index_
nearest 2]
                [(int)((N-1)/2)][m+1];
    V_shigh_phigh = Vector_ZPST[index_nearest][ind
```

```
ex nearest 2+1]
                 [(int)((N-1)/2)][m+1];
      V temp Zlow = interpolation diagonal( slow,
shigh, plow, phigh,
                  V slow plow, V shigh plow,
V_slow_phigh, V_shigh_phigh,
                  PS grid[j][n], PS grid[j][
n]);
      V_slow_plow = Vector_ZPST
                                    [index nearest+
1] [index nearest 2]
                  [(int)((N-1)/2)][m+1];
      // V shigh plow is useless in the diagonal
interpolation.
      V_shigh_plow = Vector_ZPST [index_nearest+1]
[index nearest 2+1]
                  [(int)((N-1)/2)][m+1];
      // V_slow_phigh is useless in the diagonal
interpolation.
    V_slow_phigh = Vector_ZPST [index_nearest+1][
index_nearest 2]
                  [(int)((N-1)/2)][m+1];
    V shigh phigh = Vector ZPST [index nearest+1][
index nearest 2+1]
                  [(int)((N-1)/2)][m+1];
    V temp Zhigh = interpolation diagonal( slow,
shigh, plow, phigh,
                V_slow_plow, V_shigh_plow, V_
slow_phigh, V_shigh_phigh,
                PS grid[j][n], PS grid[j][n])
;
    }
    }
  Vector_ZPST[k][j][n][m] = interpolation_linear(
                Z_points[index_nearest], Z_po
ints[index nearest+1],
                V_temp_Zlow, V_temp_Zhigh, Zp
lus);
```

```
else // Diagonal interpolation
    // First, we look for the Plow and Phigh values
of the (%S,%S) point.
    index nearest 2=nearest lower(Previous Space po
ints, Jmax, S_value);
    // Take care of the condition on the boundary
    // if S_value < Previous_Space_points_min i.e.</pre>
index_nearest_2 = -1
    // or if S_value > Previous_Space_points_max i.e.
 index nearest 2 = N-1.
    // In these cases, the new values are not given
by an interpolation
    // but just by the value in the extremal points
    // "according to a similarity condition".
  if (index_nearest_2 == -1)
    // Looking for the index of the nearest S value
of Previous Space points min in the PS grid.
    // This should be (int)((N-1)/2) for the scaled
grid.
    index_nearest_3 = nearest(PS_grid[0],N,Previous_
Space points[0],0);
    V temp Zlow = interpolation linear(
          PS grid[0][index nearest 3], PS grid[0]
[index nearest 3+1],
          Vector ZPST[index nearest][0][index ne
arest_3] [m+1],
          Vector_ZPST[index_nearest][0][index_ne
arest 3+1] [m+1],
          Previous_Space_points[0]);
    V_temp_Zhigh = interpolation_linear(
          PS grid[0][index nearest 3], PS grid[0]
[index nearest 3+1],
          Vector_ZPST[index_nearest+1][0][index_
nearest_3][m+1],
          Vector ZPST[index nearest+1][0][index
nearest_3+1][m+1],
          Previous_Space_points[0]);
```

```
}
    else
  {
    if (index nearest 2 == N-1)
      // Looking for the index of the nearest S val
ue of Previous_Space_points_max in the PS grid.
      // This should be (int)((N-1)/2) for the sca
led grid.
        index_nearest_3 = nearest(PS_grid[Jmax-1],N,
Previous Space points[Jmax-1],0);
      V temp Zlow = interpolation linear(
          PS grid[Jmax-1][index nearest 3],PS
grid[Jmax-1][index_nearest_3+1],
          Vector_ZPST[index_nearest][Jmax-1][ind
ex_nearest_3][m+1],
          Vector ZPST[index nearest][Jmax-1][ind
ex_nearest_3+1] [m+1],
          Previous_Space_points[Jmax-1]);
      V temp Zhigh = interpolation linear(
          PS_grid[0][index_nearest_3],PS_grid[0]
[index_nearest_3+1],
          Vector_ZPST[index_nearest+1][0][index
nearest 3] [m+1],
          Vector_ZPST[index_nearest+1][0][index_
nearest_3+1] [m+1],
          Previous Space points[0]);
      }
      else
      // Looking for the index of a diagonal point
in the PS-grid
    index_nearest_3 = nearest(PS_grid[index_neares
t_2],N,
                                       Previous Space po
ints[index nearest 2],0);
    if (index_nearest_3==-1) {
      index_nearest_3=0;
    if (index_nearest_3==N-1) {
      index_nearest_3=N-2;
```

```
// Looking for the index of the nearest higher
   S value of the value above %S iin the PS grid.
        index nearest 4 = nearest(PS grid[index neares
   t_2+1],N,
                                         Previous Space po
   ints[index_nearest_2+1],0);
       // We have find plow < %S < phigh and slow < %
   S < shigh.
         slow = PS_grid[index_nearest_2][index nearest
   3];
       plow = Previous_Space_points[index_nearest_2];
         shigh = PS grid[index nearest 2+1][index near
   est 4];
       phigh = Previous_Space_points[index_nearest_2+1
   1:
// In the case of the scaled grid,
         // the index on the PS-grid in order to do th
   e interpolation
         // corresponds to the index j=index_nearest_2
   and
         // n = index such that Space points[n] = ssta
   r value used in the construction
         // of the PS grid.
         // Indeed, we need a point (X,X) = (PS grid[j]
    [n],Space points[index nearest 2])
         // := (S j * S n / Sstar, Space points[index ne
   arest_2])
         // with S j = Space points[index nearest 2]
   so S n should be equal to Sstar.
         // Actually, this index is (N-1)/2 !
V_slow_plow = Vector_ZPST [index nearest][
   index_nearest_2]
                     [index_nearest_3] [m+1];
         // V shigh plow is useless in the diagonal
   interpolation.
         V_shigh_plow = 0;
```

```
// V slow phigh is useless in the diagonal
interpolation.
      V_slow_phigh = 0;
      V shigh phigh = Vector ZPST [index nearest][
index nearest 2+1]
                  [index nearest 4][m+1];
        V temp Zlow = interpolation diagonal( slow
, shigh, plow, phigh,
                  V_slow_plow, V_shigh_plow,
V_slow_phigh, V_shigh_phigh,
                  PS_grid[j][n], PS_grid[j][
n]);
        V_slow_plow = Vector_ZPST [index_nearest+1
][index nearest 2]
                  [index nearest 3] [m+1];
        // V_shigh_plow is useless in the diagonal
interpolation.
        V shigh plow = 0;
        // V slow phigh is useless in the diagonal
interpolation.
      V_slow_phigh = 0;
      V shigh phigh = Vector ZPST [index nearest+1
[index_nearest_2+1]
                  [index nearest 4][m+1];
      V_temp_Zhigh = interpolation_diagonal( slow,
 shigh, plow, phigh,
                V_slow_plow, V_shigh_plow, V_
slow_phigh, V_shigh_phigh,
                PS grid[j][n], PS grid[j][n])
;
    }
    }
  Vector_ZPST[k][j][n][m] = interpolation_linear(
                Z_points[index_nearest], Z_po
ints[index_nearest+1],
                V temp Zlow, V temp Zhigh, Zp
lus);
  }
```

```
} /*Loop on the S variable*/
  } /*Loop on the P variable*/
} /*Loop on the Z variable*/
  /*Loop on the Z variable*/
  for (k=0; k<Kmax; k++)
  /*Loop on the P variable*/
    for (j=0;j<Jmax;j++)</pre>
  /*Redefinition of the space points for the FD scheme*
  for(n=0;n<N;n++)
   New_Space_points[n] = PS_grid[j][n];
  /*Definition of the value on the boundary.
    It corresponds to the value in t_m^- i.e. the value
  s for the temporal index m
    after the jump conditions.*/
  for(n=0;n<N;n++)
    Vector_boundary[n] = Vector_ZPST[k][j][n][m];
  }
  /*Call of the procedure for the FD scheme.*/
  if (sigma min == sigma max)
   // sigma <- sigma_min
    resolution_pde_sigma_constant(New_Space_points, N,
   Vector boundary,
        Temporal points[m+1]-Temporal points[m],
  Number_of_temporal_iterations,
        r, divid, sigma_min, theta, omega,
        Vector boundary);
  }
  else
        {
          resolution pde sigma uncertain implicit(New
  Space_points, N, Vector_boundary,
        Temporal_points[m+1]-Temporal_points[m], (
```

```
int) (Number of temporal iterations/2),
        r, divid, sigma_min, sigma_max, theta, omeg
  a,
        N newton, acc newton,
        Vector boundary);
  }
  /*Record of the solution in the big array Vector ZP
  for(n=0;n<N;n++)
    Vector_ZPST[k][j][n][m] = Vector_boundary[n];
  } /*Loop on the P variable*/
} /*Loop on the Z variable*/
} /*General temporal loop*/
/*Find the good multiple index (k,j,n,m) for the price an
  d the delta*/
// Temporary minimal value and its index in order to find
   the index near the 0 value.
index_nearest = nearest(Z_points, Kmax, 0, 0);
if (Z_points[index_nearest]>0) {
  index nearest = index nearest-1; // Point under 0 value
}
// Index of the Z value just before 0.
if (index_nearest<0) { index_nearest=0; } //</pre>
index nearest 2 = nearest(Previous Space points, Jmax, s, 0)
index_nearest_3 = nearest(PS_grid[index_nearest_2],N,
                          Previous Space points[index ne
  arest 2],0);
index_nearest_4 = nearest(PS_grid[index_nearest_2+1],N,
                          Previous_Space_points[index_ne
  arest 2+1],0);
// We have find plow < s < phigh and slow < s < shigh.
slow = PS_grid[index_nearest_2][index_nearest_3];
```

```
plow = Previous Space points[index nearest 2];
shigh = PS grid[index nearest 2+1][index nearest 4];
phigh = Previous_Space_points[index_nearest_2+1];
V slow plow = Vector ZPST
                             [index nearest][index near
  est 2]
                    [index_nearest_3] [m+1];
V shigh phigh = Vector ZPST [index nearest][index near
  est_2+1]
                    [index_nearest_4][m+1];
m=0;
/*Price*/
// We do an interpolation if the Z value is not equal to
if (Z_points[index_nearest] == 0.) {
  *ptprice = Vector_ZPST[index_nearest][index_nearest_2][
  index nearest 3][m];
}
else {
  *ptprice = interpolation_linear(Z_points[index_neares
  t], Z points[index nearest+1],
          Vector_ZPST[index_nearest][index_nearest_
  2] [index_nearest_3] [m],
           Vector ZPST[index nearest+1][index near
  est_2][index_nearest_3][m], 0.);
}
/*Delta*/
// We do an interpolation if the Z value is not equal to
h = (PS_grid[index_nearest_2][index_nearest_3+1]-PS_grid[
  index nearest 2][index nearest 3-1])/2.0;
if (Z points[index nearest] == 0.) {
  *ptdelta=( Vector_ZPST[index_nearest][index_nearest_2
  [index_nearest_3+1][m]
      -Vector ZPST[index nearest][index nearest 2][
  index nearest 3-1][m])/h;
else {
  *ptdelta= ( interpolation linear(Z points[index neares
  t], Z_points[index_nearest+1],
            Vector_ZPST[index_nearest][index_neares
```

```
t 2] [index nearest 3+1] [m],
          Vector_ZPST[index_nearest+1][index_neares
  t_2][index_nearest_3+1][m], 0.)
        interpolation_linear(Z_points[index_nearest],
   Z points[index nearest+1],
            Vector_ZPST[index_nearest][index_neares
  t_2][index_nearest_3-1][m],
          Vector_ZPST[index_nearest+1][index_neares
  t_2][index_nearest_3-1][m], 0.)
      )/h;
}
/*Memory Desallocation*/
free(Temporal_points);
free(Space points);
free(Previous_Space_points);
free(New_Space_points);
free(Vector_boundary);
free(Z_points);
Z points=NULL;
for (j=Jmax-1;j>-1;j--)
  free(PS_grid[j]);
free(PS_grid);
for (k=Kmax-1;k>-1;k--)
for (j=Jmax-1; j>-1; j--)
  for (n=N-1;n>-1;n--)
    free(Vector_ZPST[k][j][n]);
```

```
}
    free(Vector_ZPST[k][j]);
  free(Vector_ZPST[k]);
  free(Vector ZPST);
 return 0;
}
static int UVM(int t, double Fg, double Cg, double Fl, double
    Cl, double s, double r, double divid, double sigma_min, double si
    gma_max,int Number_of_temporal_iterations,int N,int Kmax,
    double *ptprice,double *ptdelta)
  int Jmax;
  int M = intapprox(t); // M = Number of temporal iteratio
  double interpolation = 1; // 0 for xy-interpolation, els
    e diagonal interpolation. !!!!!
  double Al = s/100.0; // Al = Minimal value of the space
    domain.
  double Ar = s*9.0; // Ar = Maximal value of the space dom
    ain.
  // Parameters which should NOT be modified by the user.
  double theta = 0.5; // Theta of the theta scheme.
  double omega = 1.0; // Between 0 and 2.
  Jmax=N;
  cliquet_scheme(s, t, r, divid, sigma_min, sigma_max,
        Kmax, Jmax, N, M, interpolation, Number_of_
    temporal iterations,
        Al, Ar, Cl, Fl, Cg, Fg,
        theta, omega, ptprice, ptdelta);
  return OK;
}
```

```
int CALC(FD UVM)(void *Opt,void *Mod,PricingMethod *Met)
  TYPEOPT* ptOpt=(TYPEOPT*)Opt;
  TYPEMOD* ptMod=(TYPEMOD*)Mod;
  double r, divid;
  double Fg, Cg, Fl, Cl;
  Fg=(ptOpt->PathDep.Val.V NUMFUNC 2)->Par[0].Val.V PDOUB
    LE;
  Cg=(ptOpt->PathDep.Val.V_NUMFUNC_2)->Par[1].Val.V_PDOUB
    LE;
  F1=(ptOpt->PathDep.Val.V NUMFUNC 2)->Par[2].Val.V PDOUB
  Cl=(ptOpt->PathDep.Val.V NUMFUNC 2)->Par[3].Val.V PDOUB
    LE;
  r=log(1.+ptMod->R.Val.V DOUBLE/100.);
  divid=log(1.+ptMod->Divid.Val.V_DOUBLE/100.);
  return UVM(ptOpt->Maturity.Val.V_PINT,Fg,Cg,Fl,Cl,ptMod->
    SO. Val. V PDOUBLE,
      r,divid,ptMod->sigmamin.Val.V_PDOUBLE,ptMod->sigma
    max.Val.V PDOUBLE,
       Met->Par[0].Val.V INT,Met->Par[1].Val.V INT,Met->
    Par[2].Val.V INT,
       &(Met->Res[0].Val.V DOUBLE),&(Met->Res[1].Val.V
    DOUBLE));
}
//ptOpt->Fg.Val.V_PDOUBLE,ptOpt->Cg.Val.V_PDOUBLE,ptOpt->
    F1.Val.V_PDOUBLE,ptOpt->Cl.Val.V_PDOUBLE,
static int CHK OPT(FD UVM)(void *Opt, void *Mod)
   if ((strcmp( ((Option*)Opt)->Name, "Cliquet")==0))
    return OK;
  return WRONG;
}
#endif //PremiaCurrentVersion
static int MET(Init)(PricingMethod *Met,Option *Opt)
  if ( Met->init == 0)
```

```
{
      Met->init=1;
      Met->Par[0].Val.V_INT2=100;
      Met->Par[1].Val.V INT2=64;
      Met->Par[2].Val.V_INT2=20;
    }
  return OK;
}
PricingMethod MET(FD_UVM)=
  "FD UVM",
  {{"TimeStepforYear",INT2,{100},ALLOW} ,{"SpaceStep S",
    INT2,{100},ALLOW},{"SpaceStep Z",INT2,{100},ALLOW},{" ",PREM
    IA_NULLTYPE, {0}, FORBID}},
  CALC(FD UVM),
  {{"Price",DOUBLE,{100},FORBID},{"Delta",DOUBLE,{100},FORB
   {" ",PREMIA_NULLTYPE, {0}, FORBID}},
  CHK_OPT(FD_UVM),
  CHK_ok,
  MET(Init)
};
```

References