```
Help
/*
 * File written by Jérôme Lelong <jerome.lelong@gmail.com>
 * for Premia release 11
 * February 2009
 */
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "pnl/pnl_mathtools.h"
#include "pnl/pnl_random.h"
#include "pnl/pnl_cdf.h"
#include "pnl/pnl matrix.h"
#include "pnl/pnl_vector.h"
#include "bsnd_stdnd.h"
#include "enums.h"
#include "math/bsnd math/bsnd path.h"
#if defined(PremiaCurrentVersion) && PremiaCurrentVersion <</pre>
     (2009+2) //The "#else" part of the code will be freely av
    ailable after the (year of creation of this file + 2)
static int CHK_OPT(MC_Jourdain_Lelong)(void *Opt, void *
    Mod)
{
  return NONACTIVE;
int CALC(MC Jourdain Lelong) (void *Opt, void *Mod, Pricing
    Method *Met)
{
  return AVAILABLE_IN_FULL_PREMIA;
}
#else
/*
 * Call the payoff function stored in a NumFunc nd
static double payoff_func (const PnlMat *path, NumFunc_nd *
    p)
{
  /* create a wrapper for the final values of St */
  PnlVect St;
```

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St.size = path->n; St.owner = 0;
 St.array = &(path->array[(path->m-1)*path->n]); /* path(
   m-1, 0) */
 return p->Compute (p->Par, &St);
}
/**
* Computes
* expect_0 = E(payoffs^2 * exp(-theta . g sqrt(T)))
* expect_1 = E(payoffs^2 * g * exp(-theta . g sqrt(T)))
* expect_0 = E(payoffs^2 * g' * g * exp(-theta . g sqrt(T)
   ))
* Oparam g is an array of PnlVect. g[i] is the vector of
   W_T / sqrt(T).
* Oparam theta the drift vector
* @param payoffs the vector of payoff values
* Oparam T the maturity time
* Oparam N the number of samples
* Oparam expect 0 a double containing E(payoffs^2 * exp(-
   theta . g sqrt(T)) on exit
* Oparam expect_1 a vector containing E(payoffs^2 * g *
   exp(-theta . g sqrt(T))) on exit
* @param expect_2 a matri containing E(payoffs^2 * g' *
   g * exp(-theta . g sqrt(T))) on exit
static void expectation_order_n( PnlVect * const * g, cons
   t PnlVect *theta,
                                  const PnlVect *payoffs,
   double T, int N, double *expect_0,
                                  PnlVect *expect 1, PnlMa
   t *expect 2 )
{
 double tmp;
 int i;
 double payoffs_i;
 *expect_0 = 0.0;
 pnl vect set double (expect 1, 0.);
 pnl_mat_set_double (expect_2, 0.);
```

```
for (i=0; i<N; i++)
     payoffs_i = pnl_vect_get (payoffs, i);
     tmp = payoffs_i * payoffs_i * exp (-pnl_vect_scalar_
   prod (theta, g[i]) * sqrt (T));
     *expect 0 += tmp;
     pnl_vect_axpby (tmp, g[i], 1., expect_1); /* E1 += tm
   p * g[i] */
     pnl_mat_dger (tmp, g[i], g[i], expect_2); /* E2 += tm
      * g[i]' * g[i] */
   }
 *expect 0 /= N;
 pnl_vect_mult_double (expect_1, sqrt (T) / N);
 pnl_mat_mult_double (expect_2, T / N);
}
/**
* Find the optimal theta
* Oparam g is an array of PnlVect. g[i] is the vector of
   W_T / sqrt(T).
* Oparam theta the drift vector
* @param payoffs the vector of payoff values
* Oparam d the size of the model
* Oparam T the maturity time
* Oparam N the number of samples
static void sample_averaging_newton (PnlVect *theta,
   ect * const *g, const PnlVect *payoffs,
                                     int d, int N, double
   T)
{
 double expect_0, norm_gradv;
 PnlVect *expect_1, *grad_v;
 PnlMat *expect_2, *hes_v;
 double EPS = 0.0000001*d;
 int k=30;
 expect_1 = pnl_vect_create (d);
 grad_v = pnl_vect_create (d);
```

```
expect 2 = pnl mat create (d, d);
hes v = pnl mat create (d, d);
pnl_vect_resize (theta, d);
pnl_vect_set_double (theta, 0.);
for (1=0; 1<k; 1++)
     expectation_order_n(g, theta, payoffs, T, N, &expec
  t_0, expect_1, expect_2);
    pnl_vect_clone (grad_v, theta);
    pnl_vect_axpby (1. / (-T * expect_0), expect_1, 1.,
  grad_v);
    /* hes_v = I + (E2 E O + E1'E1) / (E0^2 T) */
    pnl_mat_div_double (expect_2, expect_0 * T);
    pnl mat set id (hes v);
    pnl_mat_plus_mat (hes_v, expect_2);
    pnl_mat_dger ( -1. / (expect_0 * expect_0 * T), expec
  t 1, expect 1, hes v);
    norm_gradv = pnl_vect_norm_two (grad_v);
    pnl_mat_chol (hes_v);
    pnl mat chol syslin inplace (hes v, grad v);
    pnl_vect_axpby (-1., grad_v, 1., theta); /* theta -=
  grad v */
     if (norm gradv < EPS) break;
  }
pnl_vect_free (&expect_1);
pnl_vect_free (&grad_v);
pnl mat free (&expect 2);
pnl mat free (&hes v);
* Monte Carlo with importance Sampling
* The optimal importance smapling parameter is determined
  using sample
* averaging techniques rather than stochastic approximatio
  n. Then the Monte
* Carlo approximation is computed using the same samples
```

}

```
as in the sample
 * average approximation step.
 * @param mod a B&S structure
 * Oparam T the maturity time
 * Oparam N the number of samples
 * Oparam gen the index of the random generator to be used
 * Oparam price a double containing the price on exit
 * Cparam var a double containing the variance on exit
 */
static void mc_sample_averaging(const PremiaBSnd *mod,
    double T, int N, int gen,
                                NumFunc nd *p, double *
   price, double *var)
 PnlVect *theta, *payoffs;
 PnlVect **g final;
 PnlMat **G, *path;
  double tmp, sqrt_T, sqrt_timesteps;
  int i:
  pnl_rand_init (gen, N, mod->d);
  payoffs = pnl_vect_create (N);
 theta = pnl vect create (N);
  G = malloc (sizeof (PnlMat*) * N);
  g final = malloc (sizeof (PnlVect*) * N);
 path = pnl mat create (0, 0);
  *price=0.0; *var=0.0;
  sqrt T = sqrt (T);
  sqrt_timesteps = sqrt (mod->timesteps);
  /*
   * Draw a set of N B&S paths
   * On each path, compute and store the payoff
   */
  for (i=0; i<N; i++)
      G[i] = pnl_mat_create (0, 0);
      pnl_mat_rand_normal(G[i], mod->timesteps, mod->d,
      premia_bs_path (path, mod , G[i], T, NULL);
      g_final[i] = pnl_vect_create (0);
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pnl mat sum vect (g final[i], G[i], 'r');
    pnl_vect_div_double (g_final[i], sqrt_timesteps);
    pnl_vect_set (payoffs, i, payoff_func (path, p));
/*
 * computation of the theta optimal
sample_averaging_newton (theta, g_final, payoffs, mod->d,
   N, T);
/*
 st Computation of MC with that value using the same sampl
 */
for (i=0; i<N; i++)
  {
    premia_bs_path (path, mod , G[i], T, theta);
    tmp = payoff_func (path, p) * exp (- pnl_vect_scalar_
  prod (g final[i], theta) * sqrt T -
                                       pnl vect scalar
  prod (theta, theta) *T/2.);
    *price += tmp;
    *var += tmp * tmp;
*price *= exp(-mod->r * T) / N;
*var = *var * exp(-2. * mod->r * T) / N - *price * *
  price;
pnl_vect_free (&theta);
pnl vect free (&payoffs);
pnl mat free (&path);
for (i=0; i<N; i++)
  {
    pnl vect free (&g final[i]);
    pnl_mat_free (&G[i]);
free (g_final);
free (G);
```

}

```
int CALC(MC Jourdain Lelong) (void *Opt, void *Mod, Pricing
   Method *Met)
 TYPEOPT* ptOpt=(TYPEOPT*)Opt;
 TYPEMOD* ptMod=(TYPEMOD*)Mod;
 double r;
  int i, size;
 PnlVect *spot, *sig, *divid;
 PnlMat *LGamma;
 PremiaBSnd mod;
  double alpha, z_alpha, var, price, inf_price, sup_price,
    error price;
  size = ptMod->Size.Val.V_PINT;
  divid = pnl_vect_create(size);
  spot = pnl vect compact to pnl vect (ptMod->SO.Val.V PNLV
    ECTCOMPACT);
  sig = pnl_vect_compact_to_pnl_vect (ptMod->Sigma.Val.V_PN
    LVECTCOMPACT);
  for(i=0; i<size; i++)</pre>
    pnl_vect_set (divid, i,
                  log(1.+ pnl_vect_compact_get (ptMod->Div
    id.Val.V PNLVECTCOMPACT, i)/100.));
 r= log(1.+ptMod->R.Val.V DOUBLE/100.);
 LGamma = pnl_mat_create_from_double (size, size, ptMod->
    Rho.Val.V_DOUBLE);
  for (i=0; i<size; i++) pnl mat set (LGamma, i, i, 1.);
 pnl mat chol (LGamma);
 mod.spot = spot;
 mod.LGamma = LGamma;
 mod.sigma = sig;
 mod.r = r;
 mod.divid = divid;
 mod.d = ptMod->Size.Val.V_PINT;
 mod.timesteps = 1;
 mc_sample_averaging(&mod,
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ptOpt->Maturity.Val.V DATE-ptMod->T.
    Val.V_DATE,
                      Met->Par[1].Val.V_PINT,
                      Met->Par[0].Val.V ENUM.value,
                      ptOpt->PayOff.Val.V NUMFUNC ND,
                      &price, &var);
  Met->Res[0].Val.V_DOUBLE = price;
  /* Value to construct the confidence interval */
  alpha= (1. - Met->Par[2].Val.V DOUBLE) / 2.;
  z_alpha= pnl_inv_cdfnor(1.- alpha);
  error price = sqrt (var / Met->Par[1].Val.V PINT);
  inf_price = price - z_alpha * error_price;
  sup_price = price + z_alpha * error_price;
 Met->Res[1].Val.V DOUBLE = error price;
  Met->Res[2].Val.V_DOUBLE = inf_price;
 Met->Res[3].Val.V_DOUBLE = sup_price;
 pnl vect free(&divid);
 pnl_vect_free (&spot);
  pnl_vect_free (&sig);
 pnl mat free (&LGamma);
 return OK;
static int CHK OPT(MC Jourdain Lelong)(void *Opt, void *
    Mod)
  Option* ptOpt=(Option*)Opt;
  TYPEOPT* opt=(TYPEOPT*)(ptOpt->TypeOpt);
  if ( (strcmp(ptOpt->Name, "CallBasketEuro_nd")==0) ||
       (strcmp( ptOpt->Name, "PutBasketEuro nd")==0) )
    return OK;
  if ((opt->EuOrAm).Val.V_BOOL==EURO)
    return OK;
  return WRONG;
```

}

```
#endif //PremiaCurrentVersion
static int MET(Init)(PricingMethod *Met,Option *Opt)
  if (Met->init == 0)
    {
      Met->init=1;
      Met->Par[0].Val.V ENUM.value = 0;
      Met->Par[0].Val.V_ENUM.members = &PremiaEnumMCRNGs;
      Met->Par[1].Val.V_PINT = 10000;
      Met->Par[2].Val.V_DOUBLE= 0.95;
    }
  return OK;
}
PricingMethod MET(MC_Jourdain_Lelong)=
  "MC_JourdainLelong",
    {"RandomGenerator", ENUM, {0}, ALLOW},
    {"N iterations",PINT,{10000},ALLOW},
    {"Confidence Value", DOUBLE, {100}, ALLOW},
    {" ",PREMIA_NULLTYPE, {O}, FORBID}},
  CALC(MC Jourdain Lelong),
  {{"Price",DOUBLE,{100},FORBID},
   {"Error Price", DOUBLE, {100}, FORBID},
   {"Inf Price", DOUBLE, {100}, FORBID},
   {"Sup Price", DOUBLE, {100}, FORBID},
   {" ",PREMIA NULLTYPE, {0}, FORBID}},
  CHK_OPT(MC_Jourdain_Lelong),
  CHK ok,
  MET(Init)
};
```

## References