

Help

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/*
 * American option pricing with the underlying asset follow
   ing a Samuelson
 * dynamics in one dimension using the methodology of:
 *
 * Barty, K., Roy, J.-S., and Strugarek, C. (2005).
 * Temporal difference learning with kernels.
 * Available at Optimization Online:
 * http://www.optimization-online.org/DB\_HTML/2005/05/1133.html.
 *
 * with enhancements by Girardeau, P.
 *
 * More information on the specifics of the implemetation
   can be found in the
 * accompagnying documentation.
 *
 * The code was written by Girardeau, P. and Roy, J.-S. at
   the EDF R&D and is
 * Copyright (c) 2005-2006, EDF SA.
 */

static char const rcsid[] =
"@(#) $EDF: mc_bgrs.c,v 1.5 2006/01/19 17:02:41 girardea
  Exp $";

#if defined(linux) && defined(i386)
/* When under Linux 386, some math inlines in GLIBC are inc
   orrect */
#define __NO_MATH_INLINES
#endif

#include <cstdlib>
#include <iostream>
#include <cmath>
#include <vector>

using namespace std;

extern "C"{
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#include "bs1d_std.h"
#include "enums.h"
}

/* Type definitions */

typedef struct ifgt_set_
{
    double *C; /* coefficients of the Taylor expansion : C[bo
                x*binom+index] */
    int Kd; /* number of centers (number of boxes per dimens
            ion) */
    int d; /* state dimension */
    int p; /* degree of the Taylor expansion */
    int rho; /* ~ number of neighbours to be considered */
    double h; /* bandwidth */
} ifgt_set;

typedef struct liste_ifgt_
{
    ifgt_set f;
    struct liste_ifgt_ *next;
} liste_ifgt;

typedef struct ifgt_
{
    int p; /* degree of the Taylor expansion */
    int rho; /* ~ number of neighbours to be considered */
    int d; /* state dimension */
    struct liste_ifgt_ *liste; /* 1st element of the list */
    double h0; /* first bandwidth, next ones decrease like h0
                *2^i */
} ifgt;

/* Prototypes */

static void ifgt_set_init(ifgt_set *f, int p, int rho,
                        double h);
static void ifgt_set_add(ifgt_set *f, double x, double q);
static double ifgt_set_eval(ifgt_set *f, double x);

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static void ifgt_init(ifgt *F);
static void ifgt_add(ifgt *F, double x, double q, double h)
    ;
static double ifgt_eval(ifgt *F, double x);
static void ifgt_free(ifgt *F);

static void alea_bb_traj(std::vector<double> & x, double x0
    , double dt, double si, double r,
                        double divid, int generator, int
    nmax);

static inline double max(double a, double b);

static int MC_BGRS_aux(double x, NumFunc_1 *p, double tmax,
    double r,
                        double divid, double sigma, long N,
    int generator, double inc,
                        int exercise_date_number, double *pt
    price, double *ptdelta);

/* IFGT toolbox on [0, 1] */

void ifgt_set_init(ifgt_set *f, int p, int rho, double h)
{
    f->Kd = (int)ceil(0.5/h);

    f->p = p;
    f->rho = rho;
    f->h = h;

    /* Initialization of C to 0 */
    f->C = (double*)calloc(f->Kd * f->p, sizeof(*(f->C)));
}

void ifgt_set_add(ifgt_set *f, double x, double q)
{
    int ind = (int)floor((x/f->h)*0.5), i;
    double dx = (x/f->h) - (2.0*ind+1), puis, fact, sum2, *v;

    if (ind < 0 || ind >= f->Kd) return;

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    sum2 = q * exp(-dx*dx);

    /* update the coefficients with the new kernel */
    v = &f->C[ind*f->p];
    v[0] += sum2;
    for (i=1, puis=2*dx, fact=1; i<f->p; i++, puis*=2*dx,
        fact*=i)
        v[i] += sum2 * puis / fact;
}

double ifgt_set_eval(ifgt_set *f, double x)
{
    int k, b = (int)floor((x/f->h)*0.5), ind, minind, maxind;
    double *v, rest, res = 0.0, dx;

    minind = b-f->rho < 0 ? 0 : b-f->rho;
    maxind = b+f->rho+1 < f->Kd ? b+f->rho+1 : f->Kd;
    /* for every box near the one containing x */
    for (ind=minind, dx = x/f->h - (ind*2+1); ind<maxind; ind
        ++, dx-=2)
    {
        v = &f->C[ind*f->p];

        for (rest = v[f->p-1], k=f->p-2; k >=0; k--)
            rest = rest*dx + v[k];

        res += rest * exp(-dx*dx);
    }

    return res;
}

void ifgt_init(ifgt *F)
{
    F->liste = NULL;
    /* Default values for 0.001 rel. precision */
    F->rho = 1;
    F->p = 5; /* DO NOT CHANGE THIS unless you change ifgt_se
        t_eval */
}

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void ifgt_add(ifgt *F, double x, double q, double h)
{
    liste_ifgt *Ltmp, *Ltmp2=NULL;

    if (F->liste == NULL)
        F->h0 = h;

    /* find the floor with f.h the nearest from h */
    for (Ltmp = F->liste; Ltmp!=NULL; Ltmp2 = Ltmp, Ltmp = Ltmp->next)
        if (Ltmp->f.h*.5 < h && h <= Ltmp->f.h) break;

    if (Ltmp == NULL) /* if we did not find a "good h" */
    {
        /* compute the nearest  $h_0 \cdot 2^i$  from h */
        double htmp = F->h0 * pow(2.0, ceil(log(h/F->h0)/log(2.0)));

        Ltmp = (liste_ifgt*) malloc(sizeof(*Ltmp));

        /* create a new floor */
        /* pointer to the next : NULL */
        Ltmp->next = NULL;

        /* Initialization of the corresponding fgt_set */
        ifgt_set_init(&(Ltmp->f), F->p, F->rho, htmp);

        if (F->liste) /* if F->liste is not NULL */
            Ltmp2->next = Ltmp; /* put it behind */
        else /* else */
            F->liste = Ltmp;
    }

    /* ajout de x a l'etage */
    ifgt_set_add(&(Ltmp->f), x, q);
}

double ifgt_eval(ifgt *F, double x)
{
    double res = 0.0;

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    liste_ifgt *Ltmp;

    /* Sum over all bandwidths */
    for (Ltmp = F->liste; Ltmp != NULL; Ltmp = Ltmp->next)
        res += ifgt_set_eval(&(Ltmp->f), x);

    return res;
}

void ifgt_free(ifgt *F)
{
    liste_ifgt *Ltmp, *L = F->liste;

    while (L) /* for every non-empty floor */
    {
        Ltmp = L;
        L = L->next;
        free(Ltmp->f.C);
        free(Ltmp);
    }
}

/* Compute price processes following Samuelson dynamic in
   dim. 1 */

void alea_bb_traj(std::vector<double> & x, double x0,
                  double dt, double si, double r,
                  double divid, int generator, int nmax)
{
    int n = pnl_rand_or_quasi(generator);
    double tmax = dt * nmax, W, l0;

    /* log-tranform */
    l0 = log(x0);

    /* draw all the transition noises */
    pnl_rand_gauss(nmax, CREATE, 0, generator);

    /* draw x(nmax) */
    W = pnl_rand_gauss(nmax, RETRIEVE, 0, generator);
    x[nmax] = l0 + ((r-divid)-si*si/2)*tmax + sqrt(tmax)*si*

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    W;

    /* compute brownian bridge from the end */
    for (n=nmax-1; n>=1; n--)
    {
        double t = n * dt;
        W = pnl_rand_gauss(nmax, RETRIEVE, n, generator);
        /* dynamic */
        x[n] = l0 + (t/(t+dt))*(x[n+1]-l0) + sqrt(t/(n+1))*si
        *W;
    }

    /* inverse log-transform */
    for (n=1; n<=nmax; n++)
        x[n] = exp(x[n]);
}

/* Other functions */

inline double max(double a, double b)
{
    return (a>b) ? a : b;
}

/*
 * Main function
 */
int MC_BGRS_aux(double x, NumFunc_1 *p, double tmax,
    double r, double divid,
        double sigma, long N, int generator,
    double inc, int exercise_date_number,
        double *ptprice, double *ptdelta)
{
    double dt = tmax / (exercise_date_number-1.), exprdt =
        exp(-r*dt);
    int k, n, k0 = (int)floor(60.0*N/100), nmax = (int)    floor(tmax / dt);
    std::vector<ifgt> f (nmax+1); /* optimal control for ev
        ery step n */
    /* price process xi */
    std::vector<double> xi(nmax+1);
    /* Results */

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double J[3] = {0, 0, 0}, Jmoy[3] = {0, 0, 0};

/* initialization of the fgt */
for (n=0; n<=nmax; n++)
    ifgt_init(&(f[n]));

/* Test after initialization for the generator */
if (pnl_rand_init(generator, nmax, N) == OK)
{
    for (k=0; k<N; k++)
    {
        /* add increment for hedging computation */
        xi[0] = x + ((k%3)-1)*inc*x;

        /* draw price process xi */
        alea_bb_traj(xi, xi[0], dt, sigma, r, divid, generator, nmax);

        /* update */
        for (n=nmax-1; n>=0; n--)
        {
            /* steps of the algorithm */
            double rho_pow = 0.3;
            double rho = 1.1 / pow(k+1.0, rho_pow);
            double eps_pow = 0.3;
            double eps = 1.0 / pow(k+1.0, eps_pow);
            double td, logxi1=0.0, logxi2;

            /* transform lognormal into normal centered
on 0.5 */
            if (n>0)
                logxi1 = (log(xi[n]) - log(x) - n*dt*(r - sigma*
sigma/2)) / (sigma*sqrt(n*dt)*10.0) + 0.5;
                logxi2 = (log(xi[n+1]) - log(x) - (n+1)*dt*(r - si
gma*sigma/2)) / (sigma*sqrt((n+1)*dt)*10.0) + 0.5;

            /* temporal difference */
            if (n>0)
                td = exprdt * max( p->Compute(p->Par, xi[n+
1]),
                                ifgt_eval(&(f[n+1]), log
xi2)) - ifgt_eval(&(f[n]), logxi1);

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        else
            td = exprdt * max( (p->Compute)(p->Par, xi[
n+1]),
                                ifgt_eval(&(f[n+1]), log
xi2)) - J[k%3];

        /* update fgt */
        if (n>0)
            ifgt_add(&(f[n]), logxi1, rho * td, eps);
        else
            J[k%3] += rho * td;
    }

    /* Polyak Juditsky */
    if (k<k0)
        Jmoy[k%3] = J[k%3];
    else
        Jmoy[k%3] += (J[k%3] - Jmoy[k%3])/(k/3+1-k0/3);
}

}

*ptprice = max(Jmoy[1], p->Compute(p->Par, x));
*ptdelta = (max(Jmoy[2], p->Compute(p->Par, x+inc*x))-
            max(Jmoy[0], p->Compute(p->Par, x-inc*x))) / (
    2*x*inc);

/* free memory */
for (n=0; n<=nmax; n++)
    ifgt_free(&(f[n]));

return 0;
}
extern "C"{
    int CALC(MC_BGRS)(void *Opt, void *Mod, PricingMethod *
        Met)
    {
        TYPEOPT *ptOpt=(TYPEOPT*)Opt;
        TYPEMOD *ptMod=(TYPEMOD*)Mod;
        double r, divid;

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    r = log(1.+ptMod->R.Val.V_DOUBLE/100.);
    divid = log(1.+ptMod->Divid.Val.V_DOUBLE/100.);

    return MC_BGRS_aux(ptMod->S0.Val.V_PDOUBLE,
                       ptOpt->PayOff.Val.V_NUMFUNC_1,
                       ptOpt->Maturity.Val.V_DATE-ptMod->T.
                       Val.V_DATE,
                       r,
                       divid,
                       ptMod->Sigma.Val.V_PDOUBLE,
                       Met->Par[0].Val.V_LONG,
                       Met->Par[1].Val.V_ENUM.value,
                       Met->Par[2].Val.V_PDOUBLE,
                       Met->Par[3].Val.V_INT,
                       &(Met->Res[0].Val.V_DOUBLE),
                       &(Met->Res[1].Val.V_DOUBLE));

}

static int CHK_OPT(MC_BGRS)(void *Opt, void *Mod)
{
    Option *ptOpt=(Option*)Opt;
    TYPEOPT *opt=(TYPEOPT*)(ptOpt->TypeOpt);

    if ((opt->EuOrAm).Val.V_BOOL==AMER) return OK;
    return WRONG;
}

static int MET(Init)(PricingMethod *Met,Option *Mod)
{
    static int first=1;

    if (first)
    {
        Met->Par[0].Val.V_LONG=50000;
        Met->Par[1].Val.V_ENUM.value=0;
        Met->Par[1].Val.V_ENUM.members=&PremiaEnumRNGs;
        Met->Par[2].Val.V_PDOUBLE=0.01;
        Met->Par[3].Val.V_INT=10;
        first=0;
    }
}

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    return OK;
}

PricingMethod MET(MC_BGRS) =
{
    "MC_BartyRoyStrugarek",
    {"N iterations",LONG,{100},ALLOW},
    {"RandomGenerator",ENUM,{100},ALLOW},
    {"Delta Increment Rel",PDOUBLE,{100},ALLOW},
    {"Number of Exercise Dates",INT,{100},ALLOW},
    {" ",PREMIA_NULLTYPE,{0},FORBID}},
    CALC(MC_BGRS),
    {"Price",DOUBLE,{100},FORBID},
    {"Delta",DOUBLE,{100},FORBID} ,
    {" ",PREMIA_NULLTYPE,{0},FORBID}},
    CHK_OPT(MC_BGRS),
    CHK_mc,
    MET(Init)
};
}

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References