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Help
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  Implementation of Ninomyia-Victoir paper "Weak approxima
   tion of stochastic differential equations and application
   to derivative pricing"
*/
#include "hes1d pad.h"
/***********************************
   *****/
/* */
*****/
#include <math.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#if defined(PremiaCurrentVersion) && PremiaCurrentVersion <</pre>
     (2007+2) //The "#else" part of the code will be freely av
   ailable after the (year of creation of this file + 2)
static int CHK OPT(MC AsianKusuoka Heston)(void *Opt, void
   *Mod)
{
 return NONACTIVE;
int CALC(MC AsianKusuoka Heston)(void *Opt, void *Mod,
   PricingMethod *Met)
return AVAILABLE_IN_FULL_PREMIA;
#else
static double *expVO(double s, double *initial, double *de
   stination,
        double mu, double rho, double alpha, double bet
   a,
        double theta){
```

```
double J, A;
  J = theta - 0.25*beta*beta/alpha;
  A = mu - 0.25*rho*beta - 0.5*initial[1];
  destination[0] =
    initial[0]*exp((mu-rho*beta*0.25-0.5*J)*s
       +(initial[1]-J)*0.5/alpha*(exp(-alpha*s)-1.0));
  destination[1] = J+(initial[1]-J)*exp(-alpha*s);
  destination[2] = initial[2]+initial[0]*(\exp(A*s)-1.0)/A;
  return destination;
}
static double *expV1(double s, double *initial, double *de
    stination,
         double mu, double rho, double alpha, double bet
    a,
         double theta){
  double X, sqrt_y2;
  sqrt y2 = sqrt(initial[1]);
  X = 0.5*rho*beta*s + sqrt_y2;
  destination[0] =
    initial[0]*exp(s*(0.25*rho*beta*s + sqrt_y2));
  destination[1] = X*X;
  destination[2] = initial[2];
  return destination;
}
static double *expV2(double s, double *initial, double *de
    stination,
         double mu, double rho, double alpha, double bet
    a,
         double theta){
  double X;
  X = 0.5*sqrt(1.0-rho*rho)*beta*s + sqrt(initial[1]);
  destination[0] = initial[0];
  destination[1] = X*X;
  destination[2] = initial[2];
  return destination;
}
```

```
static int MCAsianKusuoka(double x0, NumFunc_2 *p, double
    T, double r, double divid, double y0, double alpha, double th
    eta, double beta, double rho, long niter, int n steps, double
    inc,double *ptprice, double *ptdelta)
{
  double K, mu, dt, sq dt;
  double *u_seq1, *u_seq2, *n_seq1, *n_seq2, *ber_seq;
  K=p->Par[0].Val.V DOUBLE;
  mu=r-divid;
  dt = T/(double)n steps;
  sq dt = sqrt(dt);
  u_seq1 = (double *)calloc(3*n_steps, sizeof(double));
  u \text{ seq2} = u \text{ seq1} + n \text{ steps};
  ber_seq = u_seq1 + 2*n_steps;
  n_seq1 = (double *)calloc(2*n_steps, sizeof(double));
  n \text{ seq2} = n \text{ seq1} + n \text{ steps};
  {
    double sum, x[4][3], dsum, dx[4][3];
    double *last=NULL, *dlast=NULL;
    long int i;
    int j;
    for (dsum=sum=0.0, i=0; i < niter; i++){
      b2_g_sobol_seq("G_SOBOL_1", 3*n_steps, u_seq1);
      {
  int k;
  for (k=0; k< n steps; k++){
    n_{seq1[k]} = sqrt(-2.0*log(u_{seq1[k]}))*cos(2.0*M_PI*u_{seq1[k]})
    seq2[k]);
    n \text{ seq2[k]} = \text{sqrt}(-2.0*\log(u \text{ seq1[k]}))*\sin(2.0*M \text{ PI*u})
    seq2[k]);
  } /** for (k) **/
      for (x[0][0]=x0, dx[0][1]=x[0][1]=y0, dx[0][2]=x[0][2]
    =0.0,
      dx[0][0]=x0*(1.0+inc), j=0;
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```
j < n steps; j++){</pre>
/* int k;*/
if (ber_seq[j] > 0.5){
  last=
    expV0(0.5*dt,
    expV1(sq dt*n seq1[j],
    expV2(sq_dt*n_seq2[j],
          expV0(0.5*dt,
          x[0], x[1], mu, rho, alpha, beta, theta),
          x[2], mu, rho, alpha, beta, theta),
    x[3], mu, rho, alpha, beta, theta),
    x[0], mu, rho, alpha, beta, theta);
  dlast=
    expV0(0.5*dt,
    expV1(sq_dt*n_seq1[j],
    expV2(sq_dt*n_seq2[j],
          expV0(0.5*dt,
          dx[0], dx[1], mu, rho, alpha, beta, theta),
          dx[2], mu, rho, alpha, beta, theta),
    dx[3], mu, rho, alpha, beta, theta),
    dx[0], mu, rho, alpha, beta, theta);
else{ /** ber_seq[j] <= 0.5 **/}
  last=
    expV0(0.5*dt,
    expV2(sq_dt*n_seq1[j],
    expV1(sq dt*n seq2[j],
          expV0(0.5*dt,
          x[0], x[1], mu, rho, alpha, beta, theta),
          x[2], mu, rho, alpha, beta, theta),
    x[3], mu, rho, alpha, beta, theta),
    x[0], mu, rho, alpha, beta, theta);
  dlast=
    expV0(0.5*dt,
    expV2(sq_dt*n_seq1[j],
    expV1(sq dt*n seq2[j],
          expV0(0.5*dt,
          dx[0], dx[1], mu, rho, alpha, beta, theta),
          dx[2], mu, rho, alpha, beta, theta),
    dx[3], mu, rho, alpha, beta, theta),
    dx[0], mu, rho, alpha, beta, theta);
}
```

```
} /** for (j) **/
     if ((p->Compute) == &Call_OverSpot2){
 sum += (last[2]/(double)T - K > 0)? last[2]/(double)T -
   K : 0;
 dsum += (dlast[2]/(double)T - K > 0)? dlast[2]/(double)
   T - K : O;
     }else{
 if ((p->Compute) == &Put OverSpot2){
   sum += (K-last[2]/(double)T > 0)? K-last[2]/(double)
   T : 0;
   dsum += (K-dlast[2]/(double)T > 0)? K-dlast[2]/(
   double)T : 0;
 }
   } /** for (i) **/
   *ptprice = exp(-r*T)*sum/(double)niter;
   *ptdelta=exp(-r*T)*(dsum-sum)/(double)niter/inc/x0;
 }
 free(u seq1);
 free(n_seq1);
 b2_g_sobol_free();
 return OK;
}
int CALC(MC_AsianKusuoka_Heston)(void *Opt, void *Mod,
   PricingMethod *Met)
{
 TYPEOPT* ptOpt=(TYPEOPT*)Opt;
 TYPEMOD* ptMod=(TYPEMOD*)Mod;
 double r, divid;
 r=log(1.+ptMod->R.Val.V DOUBLE/100.);
 divid=log(1.+ptMod->Divid.Val.V_DOUBLE/100.);
 return MCAsianKusuoka(ptMod->SO.Val.V PDOUBLE,
     ptOpt->PayOff.Val.V_NUMFUNC_2,
     ptOpt->Maturity.Val.V_DATE-ptMod->T.Val.V_DATE,r,
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divid, ptMod->SigmaO.Val.V PDOUBLE,ptMod->MeanReversion.hal.
    V PDOUBLE,
     ptMod->LongRunVariance.Val.V_PDOUBLE,
      ptMod->Sigma.Val.V_PDOUBLE,
      ptMod->Rho.Val.V PDOUBLE,
      Met->Par[0].Val.V_LONG,
      Met->Par[1].Val.V_INT,
      Met->Par[2].Val.V DOUBLE,
      &(Met->Res[0].Val.V_DOUBLE),
      &(Met->Res[1].Val.V_DOUBLE));
}
static int CHK_OPT(MC_AsianKusuoka_Heston)(void *Opt, void
    *Mod)
  if ( (strcmp( ((Option*)Opt)->Name, "AsianCallFixedEuro")=
    =0)
       || (strcmp( ((Option*)Opt)->Name," AsianPutFixedEuro")==0) )
    return OK;
 return WRONG;
#endif //PremiaCurrentVersion
static int MET(Init)(PricingMethod *Met,Option *Opt)
  if (Met->init == 0)
    {
     Met->init=1;
      Met->Par[0].Val.V_LONG=10000;
      Met->Par[1].Val.V INT=100;
      Met->Par[2].Val.V PDOUBLE=0.001;
    }
 return OK;
```

References