

Acceptance Test Driven Development

Naresh Jain naresh@agilefaqs.com
http://blogs.agilefaqs.com

Warmup Scenarios

Warmup Scenarios

Pick one scenario and in relation to your scenario, what are the specific observable results that will tell you that the activity has been successfully completed?

Warmup Scenarios

Pick one scenario and in relation to your scenario, what are the specific observable results that will tell you that the activity has been successfully completed?

Going out for Movie (THX sound and Digital projection)

Warmup Scenarios

Pick one scenario and in relation to your scenario, what are the specific observable results that will tell you that the activity has been successfully completed?

- Going out for Movie (THX sound and Digital projection)
- Going out for meal (one veg.)

Warmup Scenarios

Pick one scenario and in relation to your scenario, what are the specific observable results that will tell you that the activity has been successfully completed?

- Going out for Movie (THX sound and Digital projection)
- Going out for meal (one veg.)
- ☑ Going shopping (\$50)

Warmup Scenarios

Pick one scenario and in relation to your scenario, what are the specific observable results that will tell you that the activity has been successfully completed?

- Going out for Movie (THX sound and Digital projection)
- Going out for meal (one veg.)
- ☑ Going shopping (\$50)

[10 Minutes]

Warmup Scenarios

Pick one scenario and in relation to your scenario, what are the specific observable results that will tell you that the activity has been successfully completed?

- Going out for Movie (THX sound and Digital projection)
- Going out for meal (one veg.)
- ☑ Going shopping (\$50)

[10 Minutes]

Present back to the group your findings. [3 minutes per group]

What is a Story?

Story is a smallest piece of functionality that add business value

Story Title - Actor Action Context

As a .. <user who requires this feature>

I want .. <do something>

So that... < user goal/business justification >

Ron Jeffries' 3 Cs - Card, Conversation and Confirmation

Story Example

- Title: Keen Reader subscribes to a blog
- As a keen reader of your blog
- I want to subscribe to your blog





Another Story Example

- Title: Social Networking Enthusiast uploads profile picture
- As a Social Networking Enthusiast
- I want to upload my profile picture



So my friends can see how I look and recognize me

Stories should follow the INVEST principle:

- Stories should follow the INVEST principle:
- Independent

- Stories should follow the INVEST principle:
- Independent
- Megotiable

- Stories should follow the INVEST principle:
- Independent
- Megotiable
- Valuable

- Stories should follow the INVEST principle:
- Independent
- Megotiable
- Valuable
- **Stimate-able**

- Stories should follow the INVEST principle:
- Independent
- Megotiable
- ✓ Valuable
- Estimate-able
- ☑ Small

- Stories should follow the INVEST principle:
- Independent
- Megotiable
- ✓ Valuable
- Estimate-able
- **☑** Small
- Testable

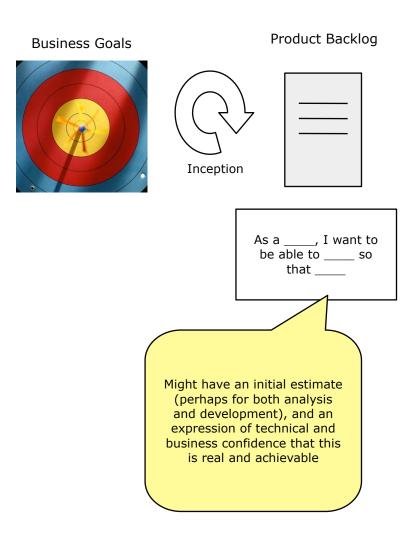
Business Goals

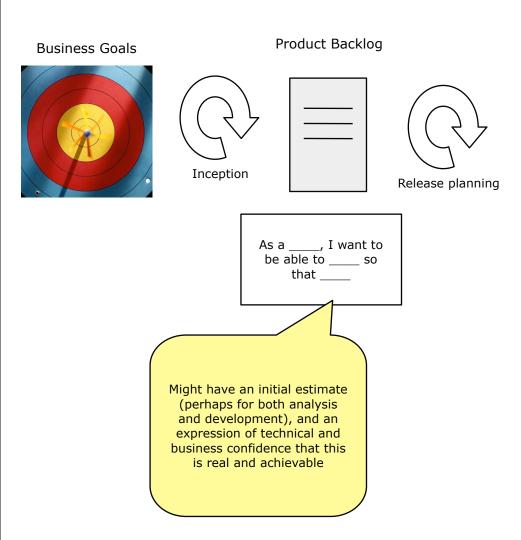


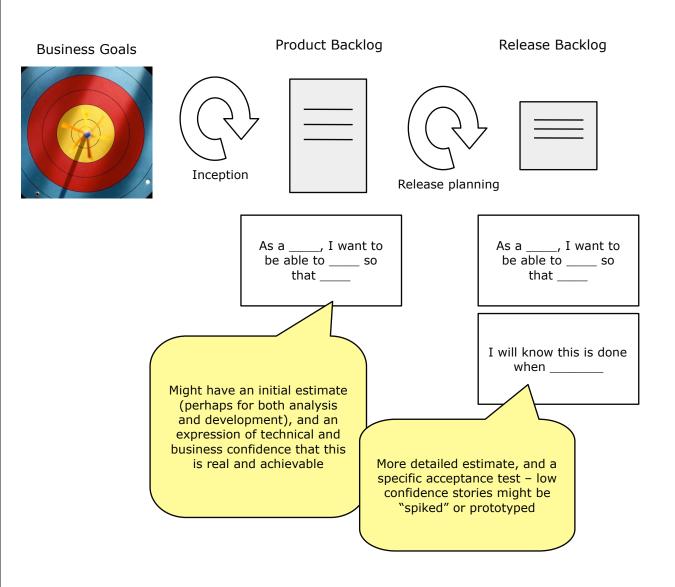
Business Goals

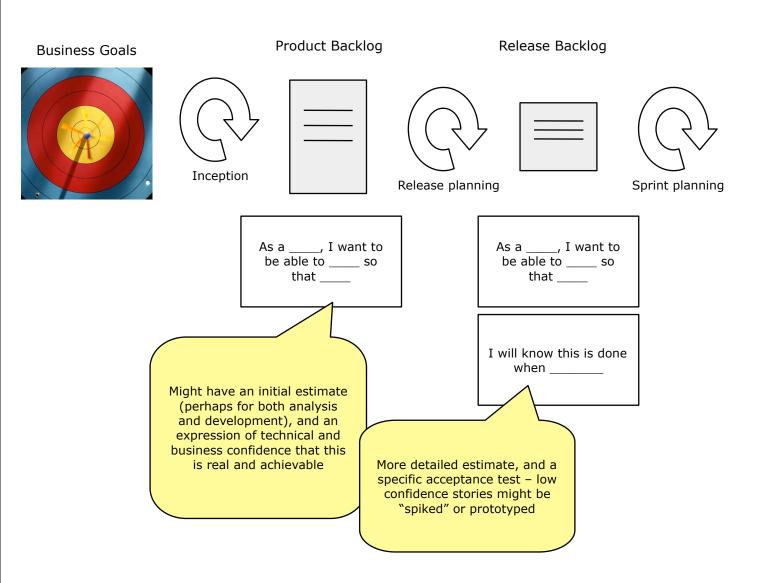


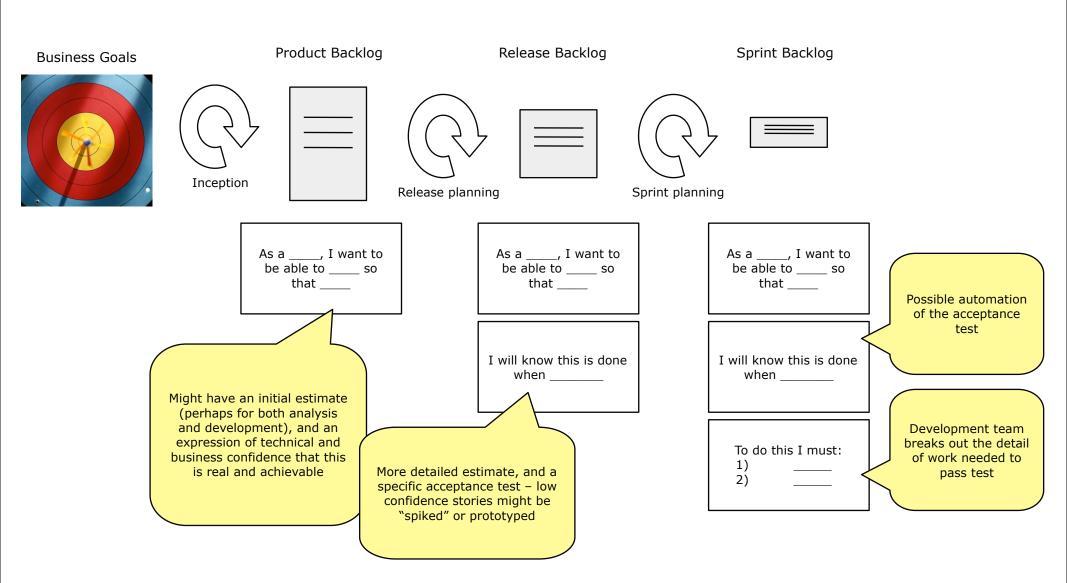












Acceptance Criteria

- Is a set of conditions that the Story must meet for it to be accepted as complete
- Is typically provided by the customer or product owner.

Is not a replacement for conversation.

Is the results of the conversation

Acceptance Criteria are **NOT** tests

Writing Acceptance Criteria

Acceptance Criteria should contain:

- ☑ VERB DESCRIBING A BEHAVIOR
- ☑ OBSERVABLE RESULT

To accommodate pre-conditions Acceptance Criteria can be expressed as

Given [Precondition]

When [Actor + Action]

Then [Observable Result]





- Given the user has a valid facebook account and a digital picture on her computer,
- When she uploads a picture in facebook,
- Then her the picture should be visible to all her friends in her network.



- Given the user has a valid facebook account and a digital picture on her computer,
- When she uploads a picture in facebook,
- Then her the picture should be visible to all her friends in her network.
- Given an user is trying to find a friend on facebook,
- When the user searches for a person using their name,
- Then their profile picture should be displayed along with other details.



- Given the user has a valid facebook account and a digital picture on her computer,
- When she uploads a picture in facebook,
- Then her the picture should be visible to all her friends in her network.
- Given an user is trying to find a friend on facebook,
- When the user searches for a person using their name,
- Then their profile picture should be displayed along with other details.
- As owner of facebook,
- I want users to upload authentic, personal profile picture,
- So facebook's reputation remains intact and facebook stays out of legal hassles.



Acceptance Criteria & Tests: Definition

Acceptance Tests



Acceptance Criteria & Tests: Definition

Acceptance Tests

Acceptance Criteria



Acceptance Criteria & Tests: Definition

Acceptance Tests

Acceptance Criteria





Acceptance Criteria & Tests: Definition

Acceptance Tests

Acceptance Criteria

+ Examples (data + scenarios)



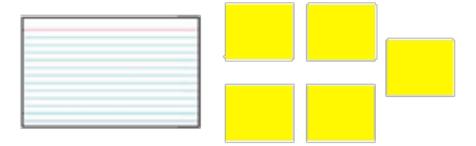
Acceptance Criteria & Tests: Definition

Acceptance Tests

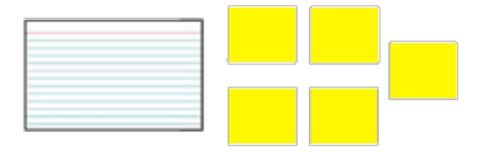
Acceptance Criteria

+ Examples (data + scenarios)

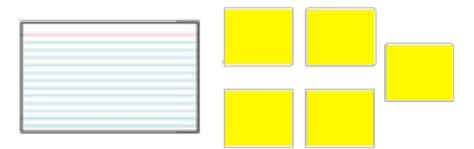
Acceptance Tests



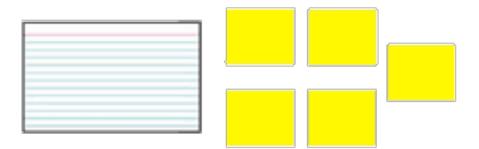
- To accomplish this story:
 - we start off with a simple upload and image display



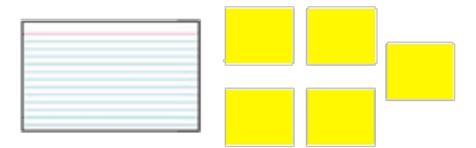
- To accomplish this story:
 - we start off with a simple upload and image display
 - restrict user to only upload certain image types (gif, jpg and png)



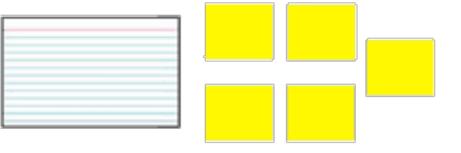
- To accomplish this story:
 - we start off with a simple upload and image display
 - restrict user to only upload certain image types (gif, jpg and png)
 - figure out where to store the image. (performant and fault-tolarent)



- To accomplish this story:
 - we start off with a simple upload and image display
 - restrict user to only upload certain image types (gif, jpg and png)
 - figure out where to store the image. (performant and fault-tolarent)
 - scale down (size, resolution, etc.) of the image



- To accomplish this story:
 - we start off with a simple upload and image display
 - restrict user to only upload certain image types (gif, jpg and png)
 - figure out where to store the image. (performant and fault-tolarent)
 - scale down (size, resolution, etc.) of the image
 - and so on...



Demo

Roman Numerals to Decimal Conversion Example



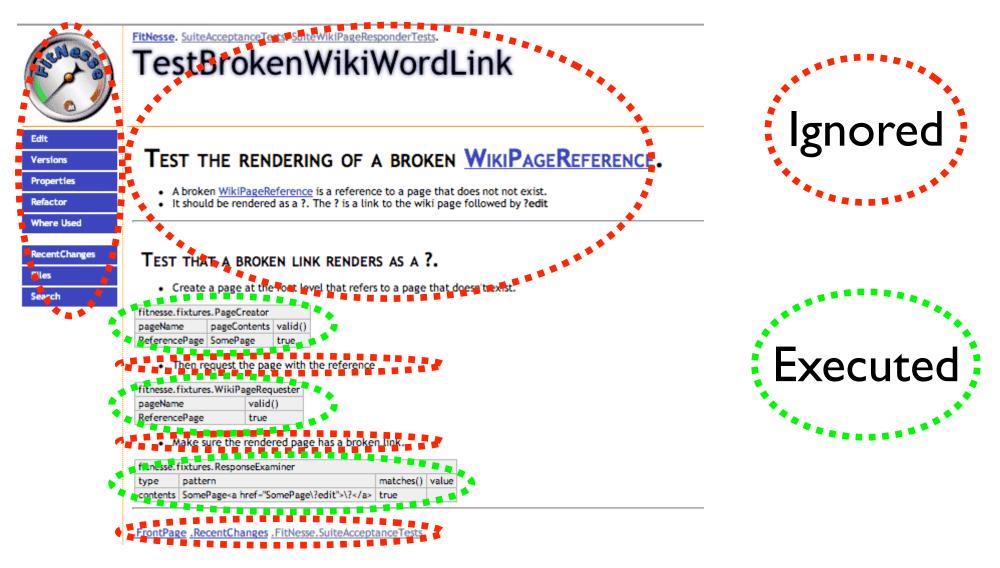
Demo

Real World Domain Forwarding Server

Thinking in Tables



Only Tables Execute



Thinking in Tables

Foundational Table Structure

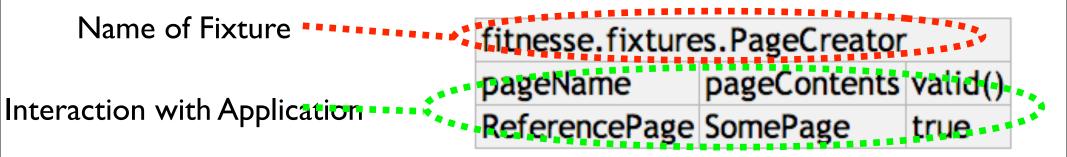
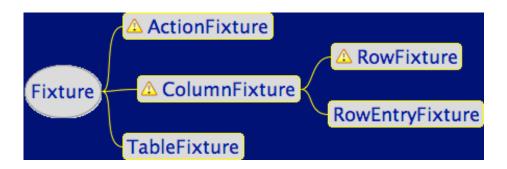


Table structure depends on type of Fixture

Thinking in Tables

3 Foundation Fixtures

- Column Fixture
- **M** Row Fixture
- Action Fixture





Column Fixture

eg. Division				
numerator	denominator	quotient?		
100	4	25		
100	4	>26		
300	3	100		
700	4	_>100		
28	5	5<_<6		
22	10	2 <= _ < 3		
300	х	24		
1	0	error		

```
package eg;

// Copyright (c) 2002 Cunningham & Cunningham, Inc.
// Released under the terms of the
// GNU General Public License version 2 or later.

import fit.ColumnFixture;

public class Division extends ColumnFixture {
    public float numerator;
    public float denominator;
    public float quotient() {
        return numerator / denominator;
    }
}
```



Row Fixture

List All Documents		
getld?	getDocName?	getAuthor?
1	Agile India Experience Report	Tom
2	XP Day Fitnesse Tutorial	Jerry
3	Agile 2006 Open Space Proposal	Lion King

```
package com.asci.agileindia2006.servlet.fixtures;

import patang.util.MockRequest;

import com.asci.agileindia2006.contract.DocumentDTO;
import com.asci.agileindia2006.servlet.DocumentManagement;

import fit.RowFixture;

public class ListAllDocuments extends RowFixture {

   public Object[] query() throws Exception {
        DocumentManagement manager = new DocumentManagement();
        return manager.findAll(new MockRequest());
   }

   public Class getTargetClass() {
        return DocumentDTO.class;
   }
}
```

Analogous to comparing against rows in a database table

```
package com.asci.agileindia2006.contract;

public class DocumentDTO {
    private String docName;
    private Integer id;
    private String author;

public DocumentDTO(int id, String documentName, String authorName) {
        this.id = new Integer(id);
        this.docName = documentName;
        this.author = authorName;
    }

public String getAuthor() {
        return author;
    }

public String getDocName() {
        return docName;
    }

public Integer getId() {
        return id;
    }
}
```



Action Fixture

Think GUI window package fitnesse.fixtures; import fit.Fixture; public class CountFixture extends Fixture private int counter = 0; public void count() counter++; public int counter() return counter; public void counter(int i) counter = i;

Counter Window		
Counter:		
Counter: 6		
Count		

fit.ActionFixture			
start	fitnesse.fixtures.CountFixture		
check	counter	0	
press	count		
check	counter	1	
press	count		
check	counter	2	
enter	counter	5	
press	count		
check	counter	6	

FitLibrary

- Extension to FIT
- Written by Rick Mugridge
- Adds some handy Fixtures



FitLibrary

FitLibrary Fixtures

- ArrayFixture for ordered lists
- ☑ SetFixture for unordered lists
- ☑ SetUpFixture
- ☑ Supports
 - **Graphics**
 - ☑ Tree structures
 - Mested Tables

DoFixture

- Broken tables
- Highly readable
- Flexibility

ChatStart

FitLibrary

connect user sarah

user sarah creates fit room

There should be no occupants in the "fitNesse" room:

check occupants fit 0

Sarah can't enter an unknown room:

user sarah enters unfit room

We can expect that, by putting reject in the first cell:

reject user sarah enters unfit room

and an unknown user can't create a room:

reject user george creates unfit room

Sarah hasn't entered the room, so she can't be in there:

users in room fit name sarah

Here's a DoFixtureSummary.

- Copyright (c) 2004, 2005 Rick Mugridge, Rimu Research.
- Released under the terms of the GNU General Public License version 2 or later.

Tools FIT



- Framework for Integrated Tests
- Created by Ward Cunningham
- Open Source
- The most accepted solution for agile acceptance testing

Tools FitNesse



- Environment build around FIT
- Makes everything easier
- Created by Object Mentor, Inc.
- Open Source

FIT

- Tests written in HTML
- Tests are executed on the command line
- Tables are executed
- Non-table markup is ignored
- Tables map to Fixtures
- Fixtures are code that is aware of the system
- Supplies foundational Fixtures
- Implementations ported to many languages

FitNesse

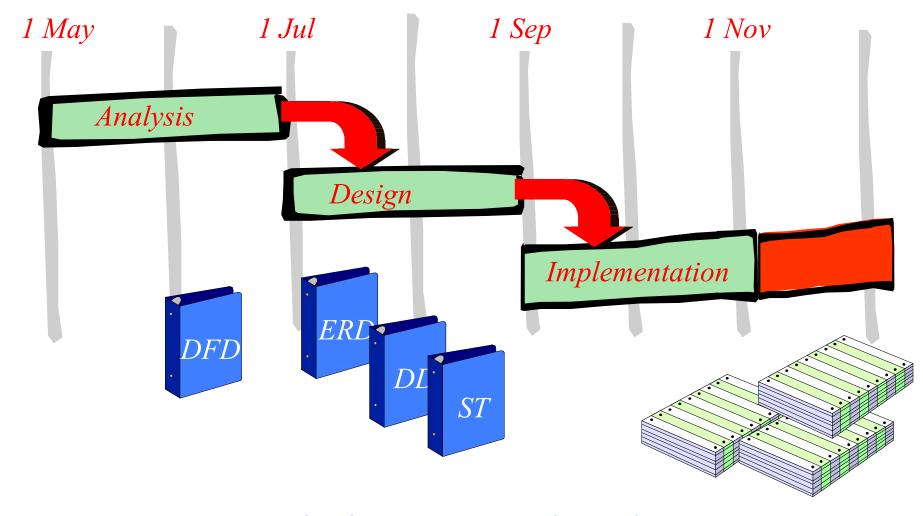
- Stand alone web server
- Is a wiki
- Tests written in wiki text
- Tests are executed from within the wiki
- Translates tests into HTML
- Uses FIT to execute tests
- Supports test suites
- Supports variables in tests
- Supports test refactoring
- Written in Java
- Supports FIT implementations in any language



Acceptance Criteria and Tests: A Critical Piece of Agile

agile of Agile Acceptance Criteria & Tests: A Critical Piece of Agile

Traditional Approach





Key Questions

Business Facing

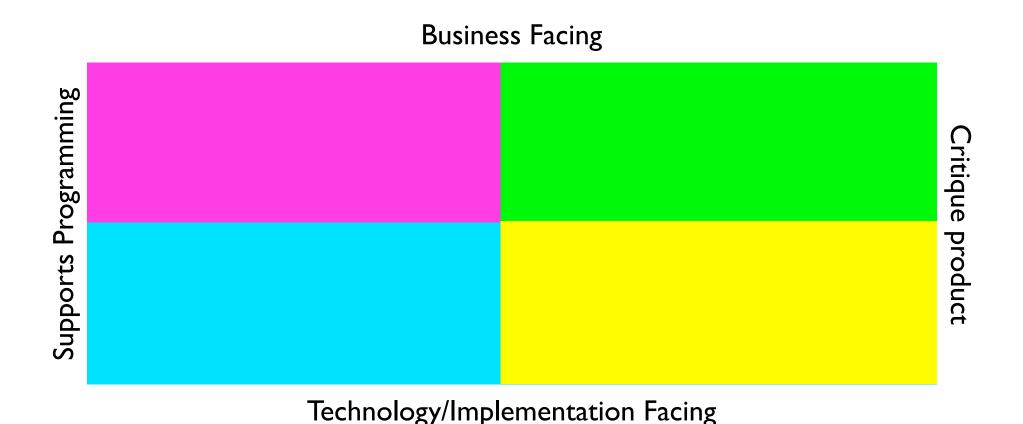
Are we building the right product?

Are we building the product right?

Technology/Implementation Facing

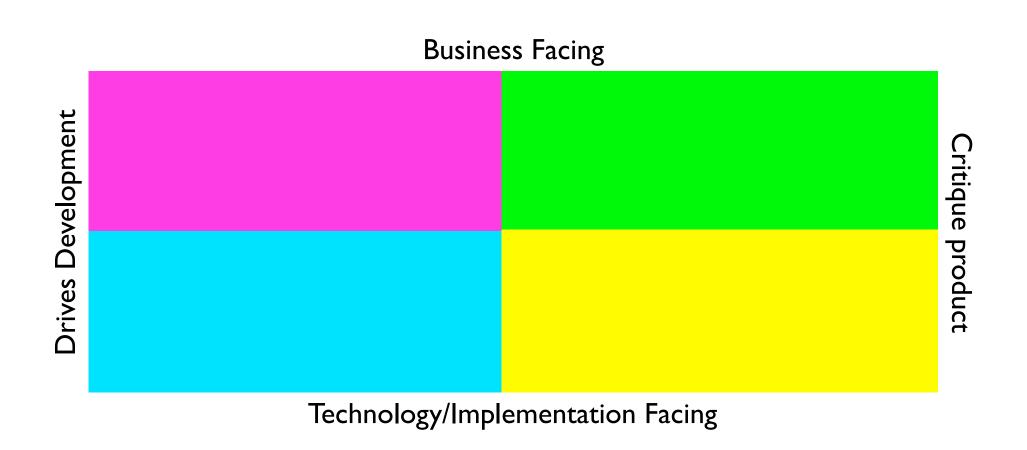


Brian Marick's Test Categorization



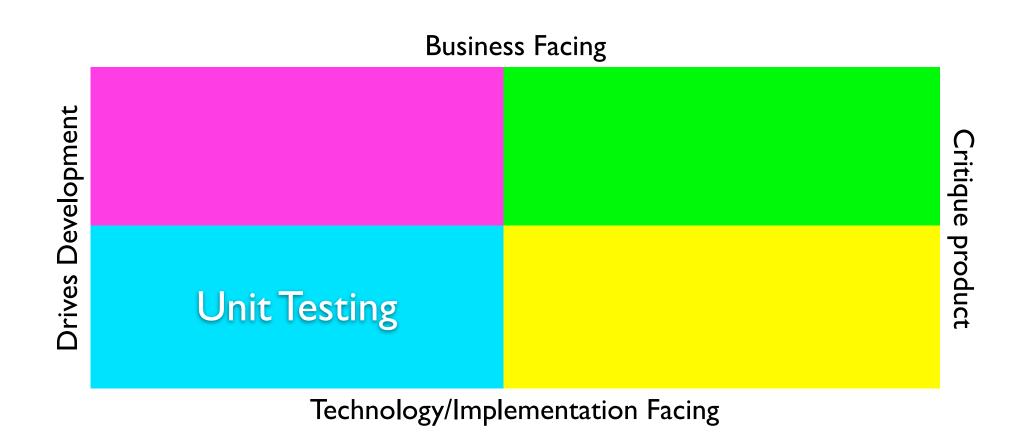


It Helps to Think of Tests this way...



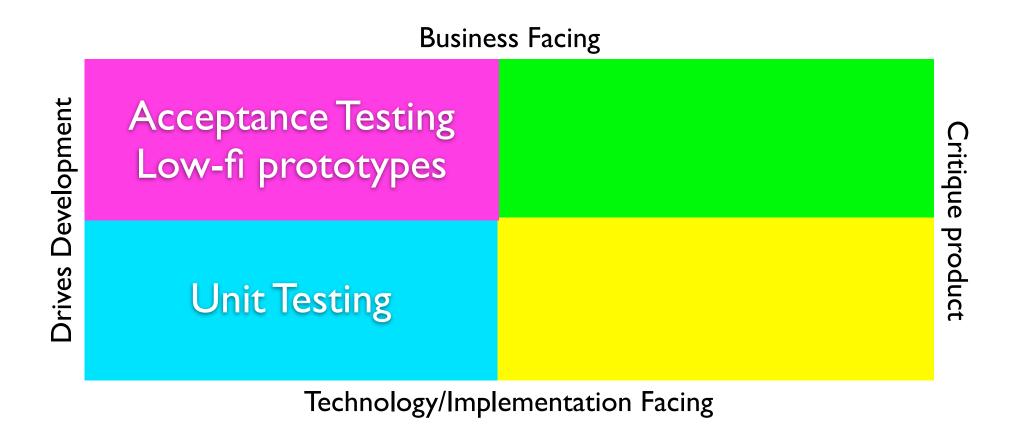


It Helps to Think of Tests this way...





It Helps to Think of Tests this way...



It Helps to Think of Tests this way...

Business Facing

Acceptance Testing Low-fi prototypes

Exploratory Testing
UI and Usability Testing

Unit Testing

Technology/Implementation Facing

Licensed Under <u>Creative Commons</u> by <u>Naresh Jain</u>

Drives Development

Critique product

Drives Development

It Helps to Think of Tests this way...

Business Facing

Acceptance Testing Low-fi prototypes

Exploratory Testing
UI and Usability Testing

Unit Testing

Performance Testing
System Tests

Technology/Implementation Facing

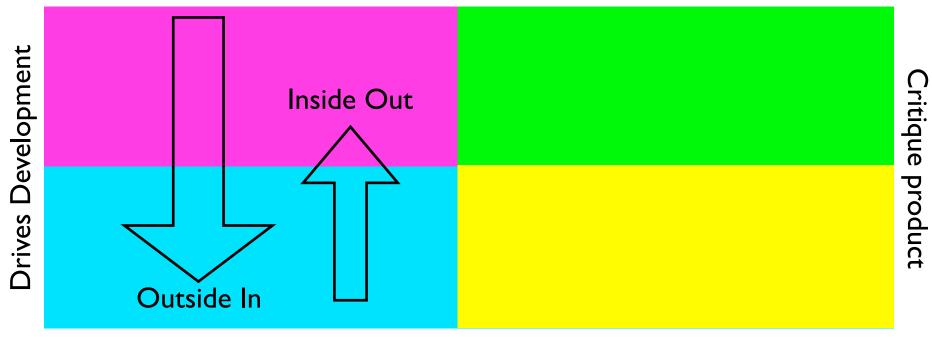
Licensed Under <u>Creative Commons</u> by <u>Naresh Jain</u>

Critique product



Avatars of TDD

Business Facing

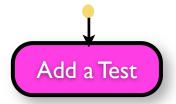


Technology/Implementation Facing

Test Driven Development

TDD Rhythm - Test, Code, Refactor

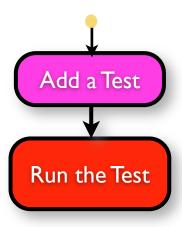
Test Driven Development



TDD Rhythm - Test, Code, Refactor



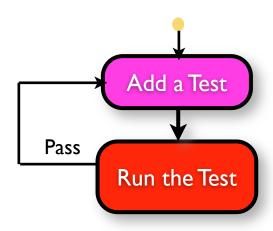
Test Driven Development



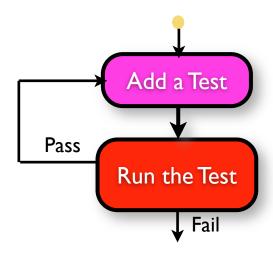
TDD Rhythm - Test, Code, Refactor

agile ? faqs

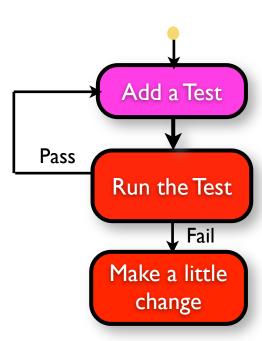
Test Driven Development



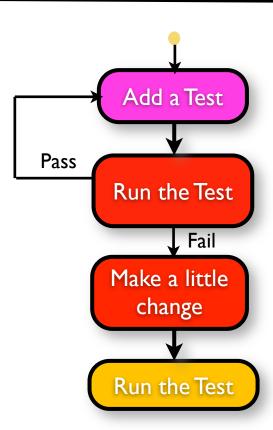




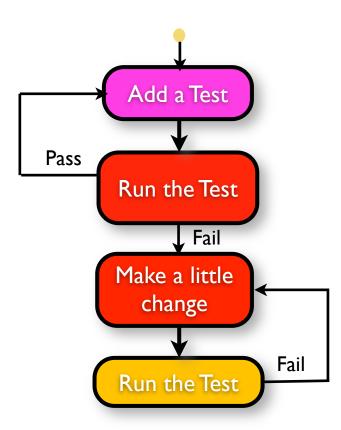




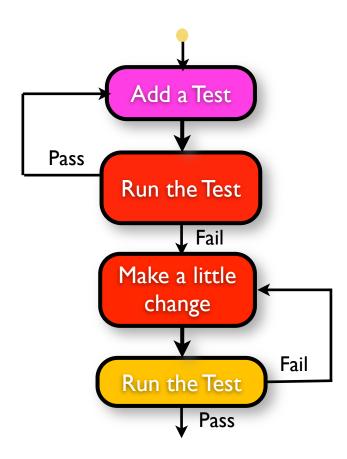




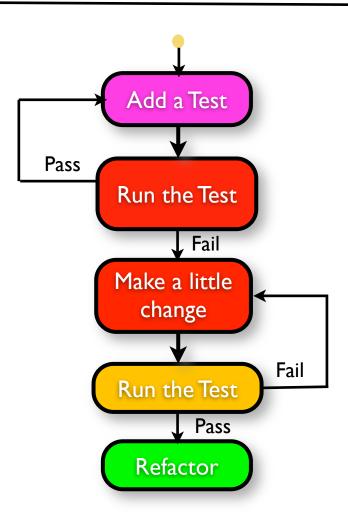




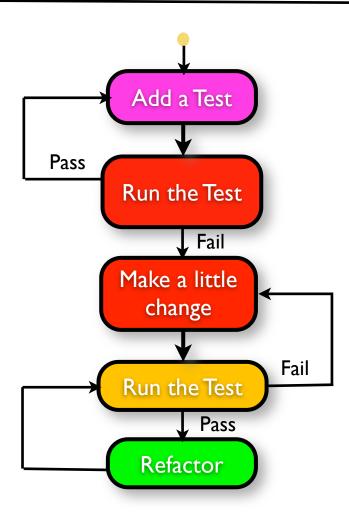




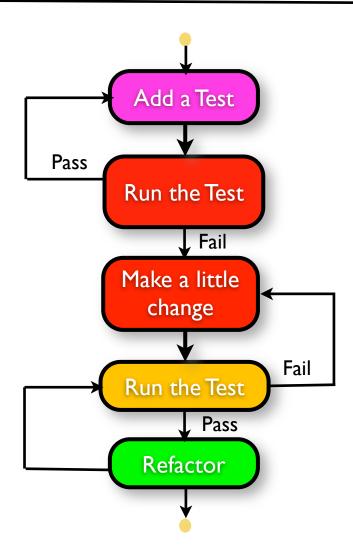




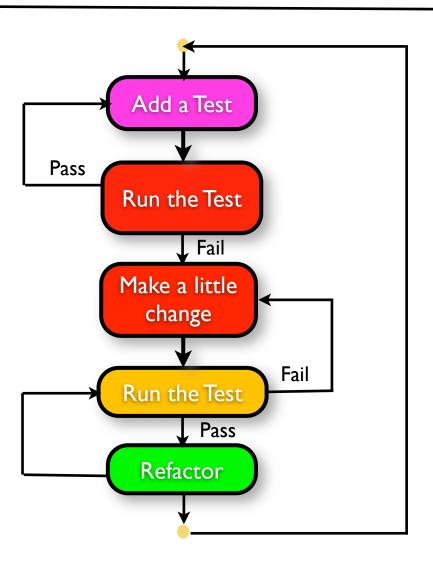










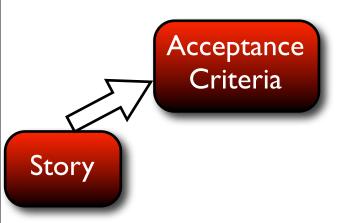




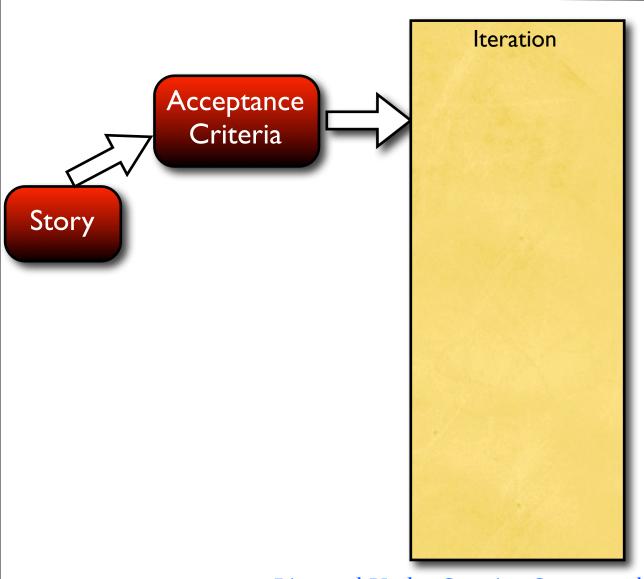




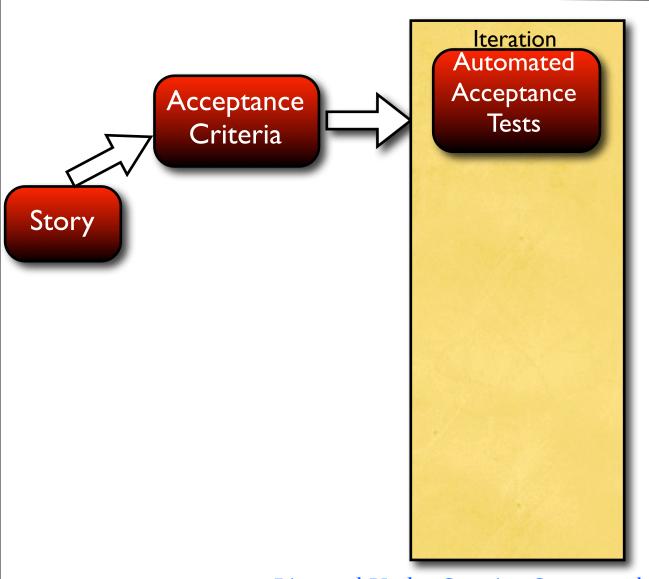




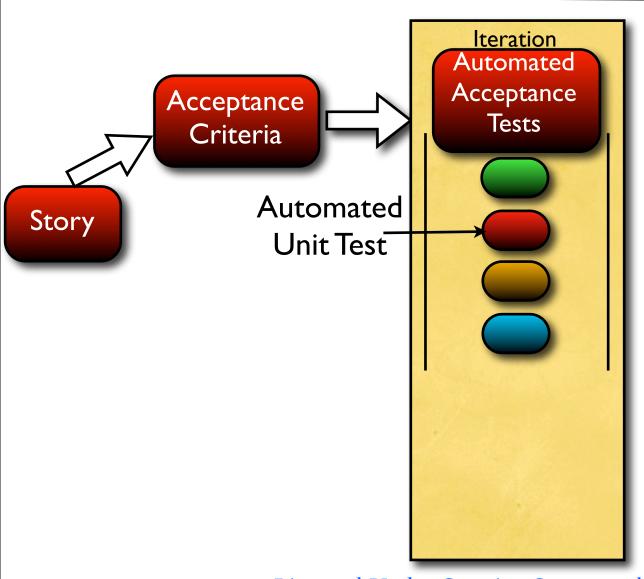




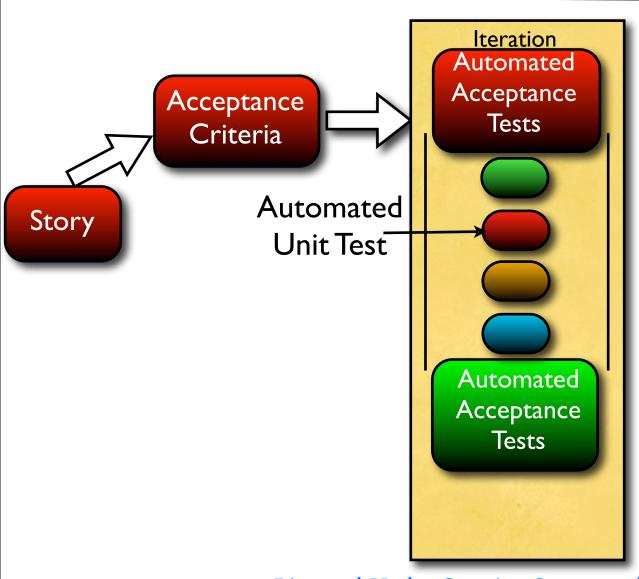




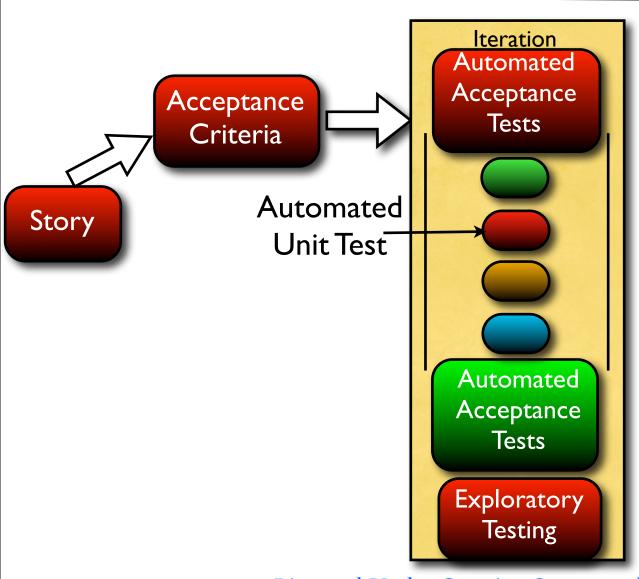




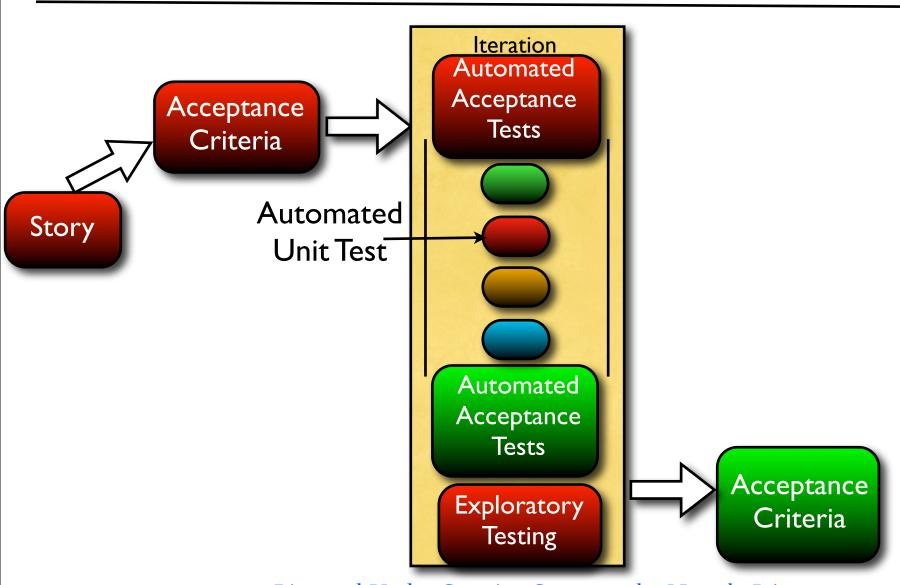




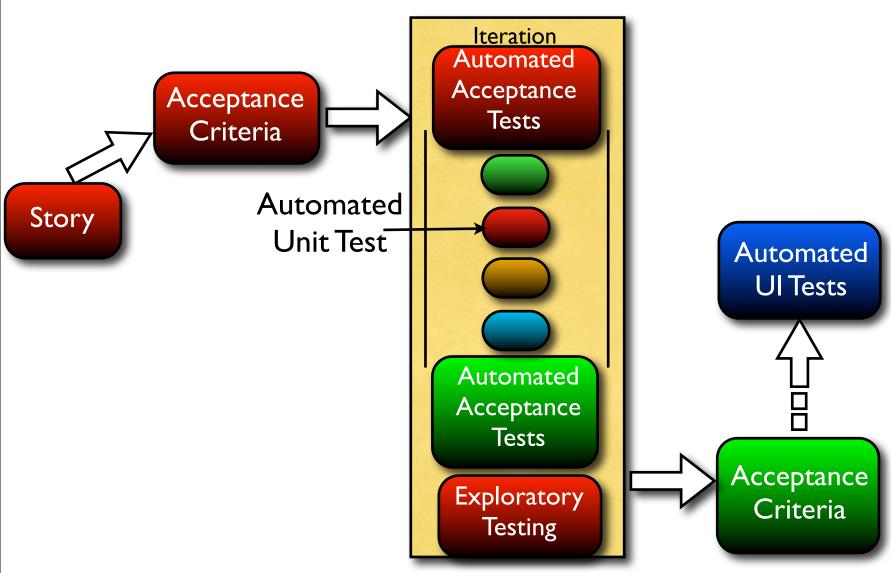




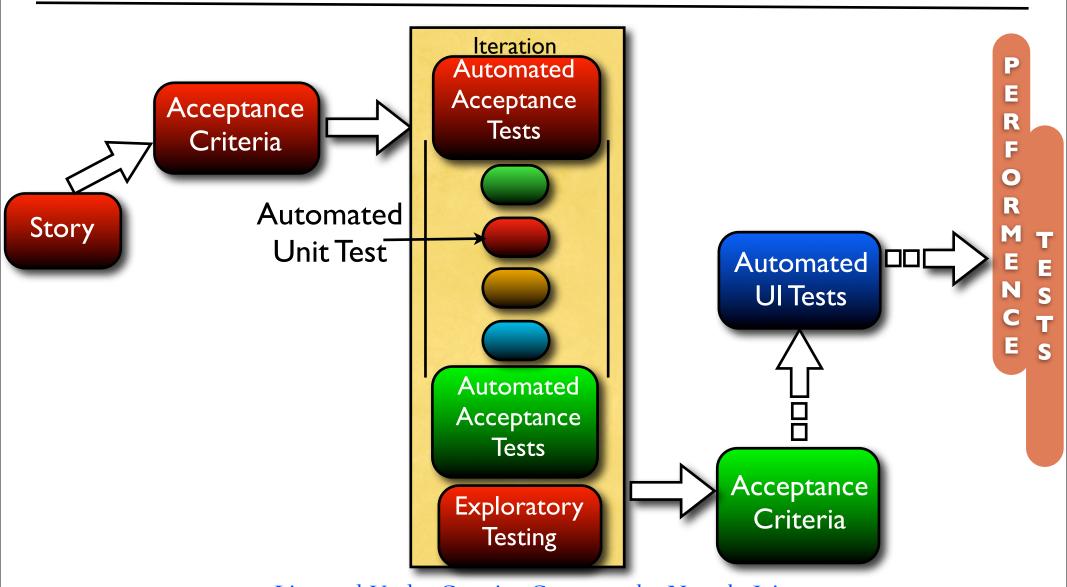










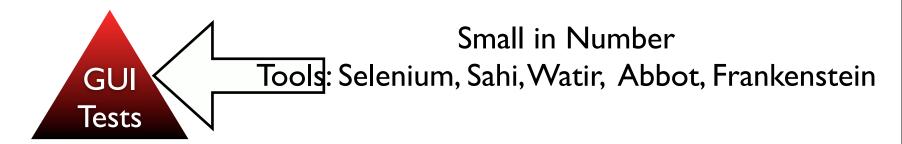


agile ? faqs

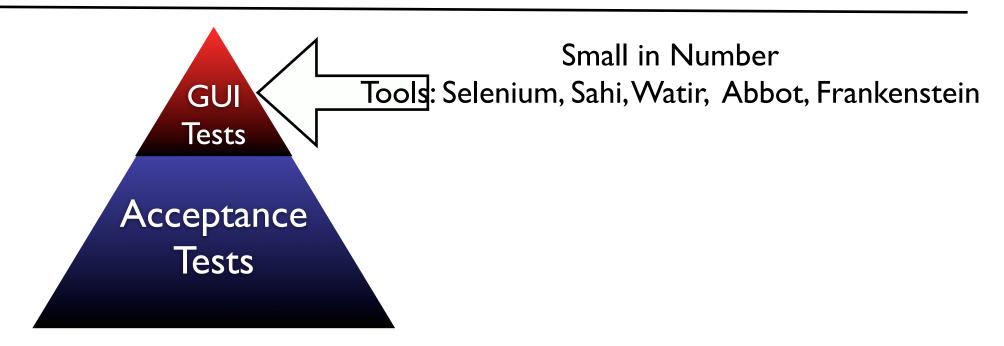
agile ? faqs



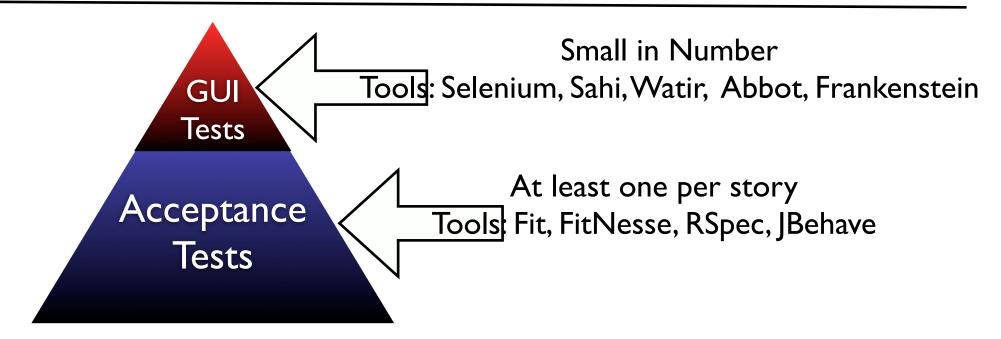




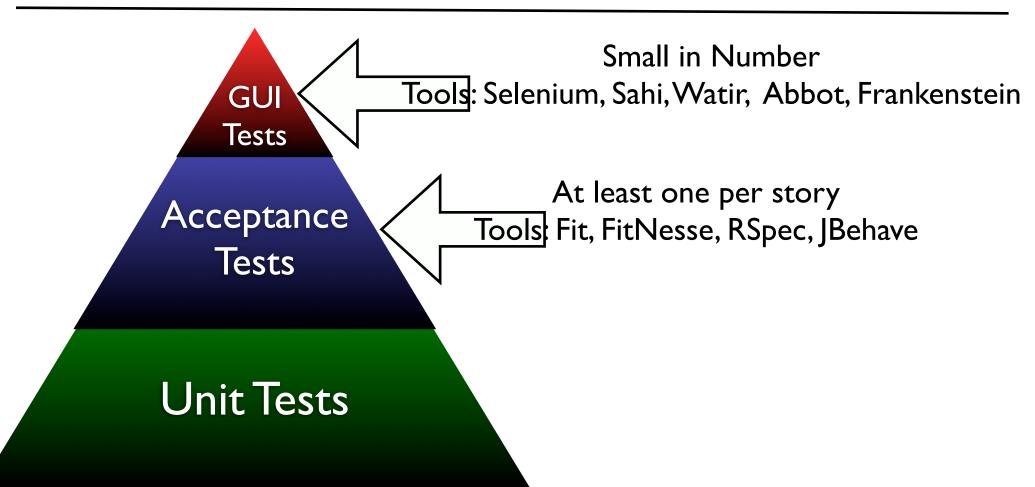




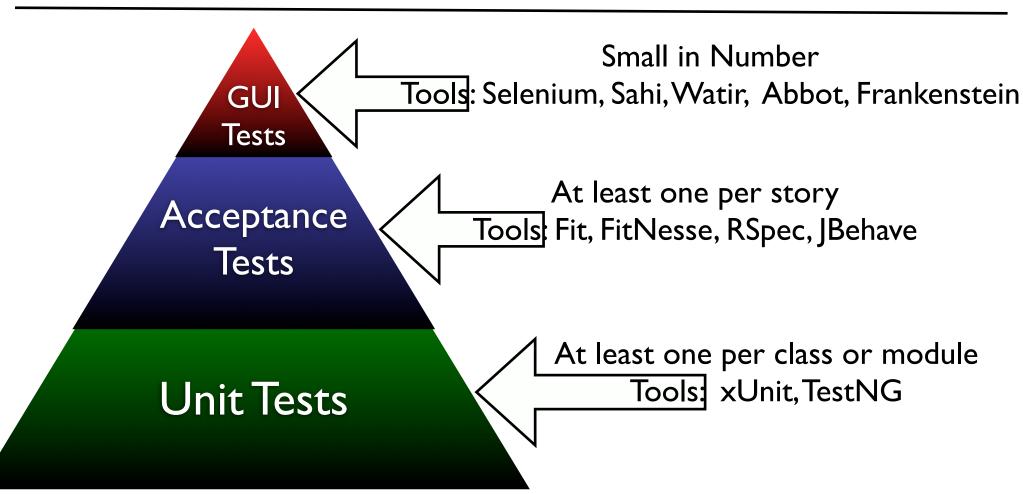














Criteria for DONE

- Every story must have at least one Acceptance Test
- A story is not DONE until it passes it's Acceptance Tests



Manual Acceptance Tests



Manual Acceptance Tests

Manual Acceptance Tests



Manual Acceptance Tests



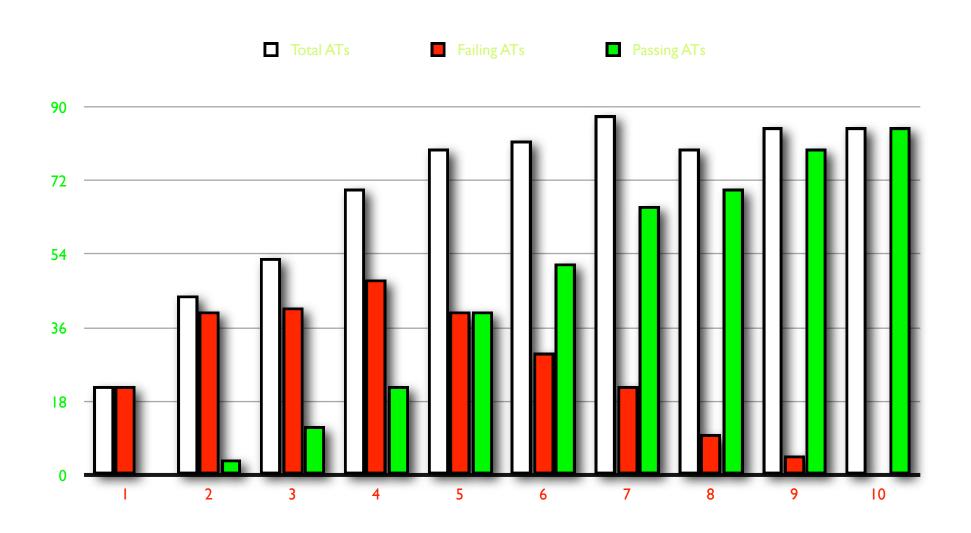
agile ? faqs

Why Acceptance Tests?

- Criteria for Completion
- Great Collaboration tool
- **☑** Source of Feedback
- Real data to measure progress



Data From Acceptance Tests





Acceptance Tests Are Automated



The Button

- How often would you press it?
- When would you press it?
- Who would press it?
 - Testers, Developers, Managers, Customers, Spectators, etc.



Criteria for DONE

Criteria for DONE





Criteria for DONE

+

Automated



Criteria for DONE

+

Automated

Executable Specification



Acceptance Tests: A Critical Piece of Agile

Executable Specification

- A new paradigm for testing
- Puts quality first
- Removes ambiguity from requirements

Who Writes Acceptance Tests?



Who Writes Acceptance Tests?

The Customer

- The Customer Role
 - Stake holder
 - Business Analyst
 - Quality Assurance
 - Product Owner
 - Developer



Who Writes Acceptance Tests?

Tests Get Technical

- The "Customer" may need technical help to write tests
- Developers and QAs are technical
- Pair test authoring



Who Writes Acceptance Tests?

Business Rules Get Fuzzy

- Sometimes developers need help understanding tests
- Customers know business rules
- Pair test implementation

Exercise #1



Exercise #1

The Login Test

- Write a test plan, in plain text, for the business rules of logging in.
- Web application
- User credentials are stored in relational database
- Successful login redirects to "Welcome" page



Writing Good Acceptance Tests



Login Test Possibilities

I. Direct browser to URL for login page

Writing Good Acceptance Tests

Login Test Possibilities

1. Direct browser to URL for login page

Writing Good Acceptance Tests

Login Test Possibilities

- 1. Direct browser to URL for login page
 - I. Enter the username 'wallace'

Writing Good Acceptance Tests

Login Test Possibilities

- 1. Direct browser to URL for login page
- I. Enter the username wallace



Login Test Possibilities

- 1. Direct browser to URL for login page
- 1. Enter the username wallace

Build a Testable Environment First



Login Test Possibilities

I.Add some users to the system

Writing Good Acceptance Tests

Login Test Possibilities

1. Add some users to the system

Writing Good Acceptance Tests

Login Test Possibilities

1. Add some users to the system

3. Enter a value into the username field

Writing Good Acceptance Tests

Login Test Possibilities

1. Add some users to the system

3. Enter a value into the username field

Writing Good Acceptance Tests

Login Test Possibilities

- 1. Add some users to the system
- 3. Enter a value into the username field

Be Specific

Writing Good Acceptance Tests

Tests are Examples

- Use concrete examples
- ☑ Specify concrete behavior
- No ambiguity allowed



Login Test Possibilities

I. Insert into User table values ('wallace', 'ilikecheeze')

Writing Good Acceptance Tests

Login Test Possibilities

1. Insert into User table values ('wallace', 'ilikecheeze')



Login Test Possibilities

- 1. Insert into User table values ('wallace', 'ilikecheeze')
- 2. Open a browser to the URL http://localhost/myapp



Login Test Possibilities

- i. Insert into User table values ('wallace', 'ilikecheeze')
- 2. Open a browser to the URL http://bcalhost/myapp



Login Test Possibilities

- i. Insert into User table values ('wallace', 'ilikecheeze')
- 2. Open a browser to the URL http://blocalhost/myapp

Avoid Implementation Details

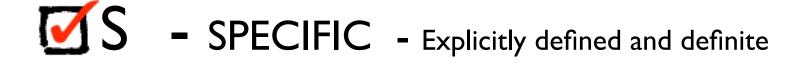
Good Acceptable Criteria and Tests



S - SPECIFIC - Explicitly defined and definite



Good Acceptable Criteria and Tests



M - MEASURABLE - Possible to observe and quantify



- S SPECIFIC Explicitly defined and definite
- M MEASURABLE Possible to observe and quantify
- A ACHIEVABLE Capable of existing or taking place

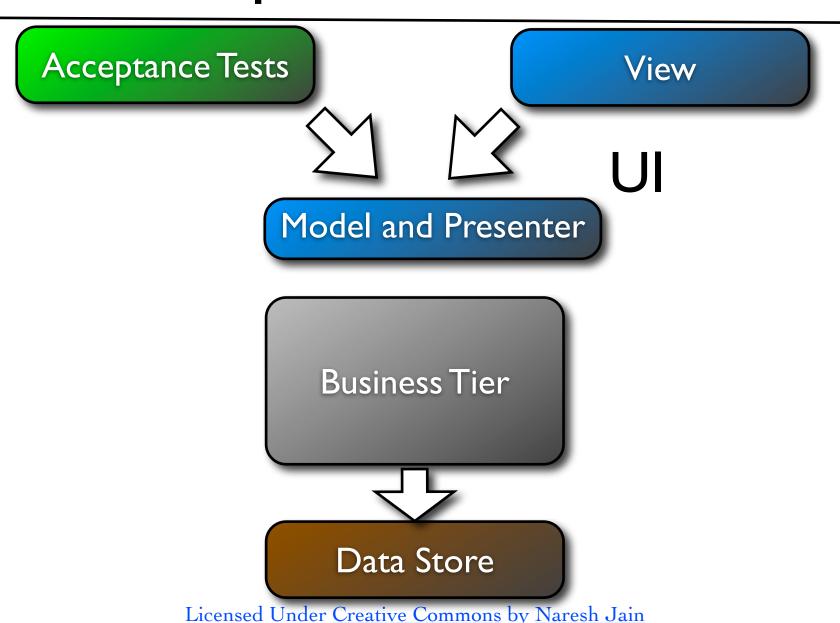


- S SPECIFIC Explicitly defined and definite
- M MEASURABLE Possible to observe and quantify
- A ACHIEVABLE Capable of existing or taking place
- R RELEVANT Having a connection with the story

- S SPECIFIC Explicitly defined and definite
- M MEASURABLE Possible to observe and quantify
- A ACHIEVABLE Capable of existing or taking place
- R RELEVANT Having a connection with the story
- T TIME-BOUND When will the outcome be observed

Writing Good Acceptance Tests

Avoid Implementation Details



57

Writing Good Acceptance Tests

Login Test: Possible Solution

- Add user to system: ('wallace', 'ilikecheeze')
- Process login with username 'wallace' and password 'blah'
- Check login failed
- Process login with username 'wallace' and password 'ilikecheeze'
- Check login succeeded

Tools

Tools

Commercial Tools

WinRunner TestPartner EggPlant

Squish
WindowTester

Are not suitable for Acceptance Testing in an Agile environment

Tools

Open Source Options

Selenium Abbot RSpec/JBehave

Among the few tools that support Test Driven Development

Wiki

Wiki

What is it?

- M A collaborative web site
- Editable by any
- Created by Ward Cunningham
- Every project should have one
- http://en.wikipedia.com



Wiki

Creating Tests

- Use Wiki syntax to create a page with test tables
- Label the page as a Test Page
 - ☑ Use a page name of the form Test...
 - Turn on the Test property
- Make sure your Fixtures are in the classpath
 - Use !path widget
- Mechanics
 - !path values are concatenated
 - Java command to start FitServer is executed
 - Testable HTML is passed to FitServer
 - FitServer runs the tests
 - Results are passed back to FitNesse

Wiki

Creating Suites

There are 2 ways to make Suites

- Set the Suite property
 - Create a page with the Suite property
 - Created test pages inside this page
 - When the suite is executed, all child test pages will be included in the suite execution
- Use the !see widget
 - !see <name of test page>
 - All "included" tests pages will be included in the suite execution

Hands-on Session

- Conference Proposal Submission Portal
- ✓ Some sample Stories
 - Should be able to submit new proposal

 - ☑ Submitting proposal with same title should display appropriate error message
 - ☑ Should be able to delete submitted proposal based on the title
 - ☑ Should be able to delete submitted proposal based on the title
 - Should be able to search proposals by title
 - Should be able to search proposals by ID
 - ☑ Should be able to find all proposal by an author's name

Break

Patterns

Patterns

Organizing Tests

Make Allowing customers to add new tests without breaking the build

Patterns

Version Control

Meeping the acceptance test in version control with the code.

Patterns

Cross-Functional Pairing

Using FitNesse based acceptance tests for collaboration between cross-functional team members.

Patterns

ATDD

Acceptance Test Driven Development

Patterns

CSTT

☑ Cleanup, Setup, Test, Teardown

Patterns

Independent Tests

- Tests shouldn't depend on each other.
- Tests leave the system in the same state it started in.

Patterns

Dynamic Stubbing

Avoiding complications of external systems.

Patterns

Non-Production Setup/Teardown

- Using non-production light weigh code for setup and teardown.
- Helps test only what you want to test.

Patterns

Suite Levels

- Creating different levels of suites depending on the depth/level of feedback desired.
- ☑ Smoke, Current Iteration/Sprint, Regression

Patterns

DRY

Using !include to avoid repeating yourself.

Patterns

Make it Real

Write ATs as close as possible to the real environment.

Patterns

Fixture Evolution

- Market Allow Fixture implementation to evolve over time.
- Treat fixtures as first class citizens.

Patterns

At Least One Test/Story

- **Every story should have at least one acceptance test**
- Avoid long/multipurpose tests.

Anti-Patterns



Developer ATs

Developers writing acceptance tests by themselves, for themselves.

Anti-Patterns

Unit Testing

- Mon't write ATs at the unit testing level
 - Unit tests are implementation specific
 - ATs are NOT implementation specific



QA Testing Tool

- Hard to write tests up front.
- Perhaps only on large projects.



Silver Bullet

- Trying to use FitNesse for all types of Acceptance Tests
 - **U**I testing
 - ☑ XML testing



Test After

Writing tests after the code is already written.



Hidden Test Data

Hiding test data in the fixtures.

Anti-Patterns

Implementation Dependent ATs

Making test pages (tables) dependent on implementation details and data structures.

Anti-Patterns

Logging in Your Fixtures

- Putting log statements or print statements in the fixture code.
- Tixtures are probably too complicated.

Reference

- Portions of this presentation is adopted from Micah Martin's Introduction to Automated Acceptance Tests Presentation
- Ment Beck, Test Driven Development By Example.
- "Agile Testing Directions" Brian Marick
- Matter://www.opensourcetesting.org/

The End

Questions?

<u>naresh@agilefaqs.com</u> <u>http://blogs.agilefaqs.com</u>