$\underline{\mathbf{Stats}}$

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Probability Distributions

Binomial

The binomial distribution is used to model a situation with a fixed number of independent trials each with a constant probability of success.

You can model X as a binomial distribution if:

- There a fixed number of trials, n
- Each trial must succeed or fail
- There is a fixed probability of success, p
- Each trial is independent

If
$$X \sim B(n, p)$$
, then
$$P(X = x) = \binom{n}{x} p^x (1 - p)^{n - x} (0 \le x \le n)$$

Normal

The normal distribution $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ is symmetrical, meaning the mean and median are equal.

