

# **VBA for Technical Writers**

**a.k.a what to do when the macro recorder isn't enough**

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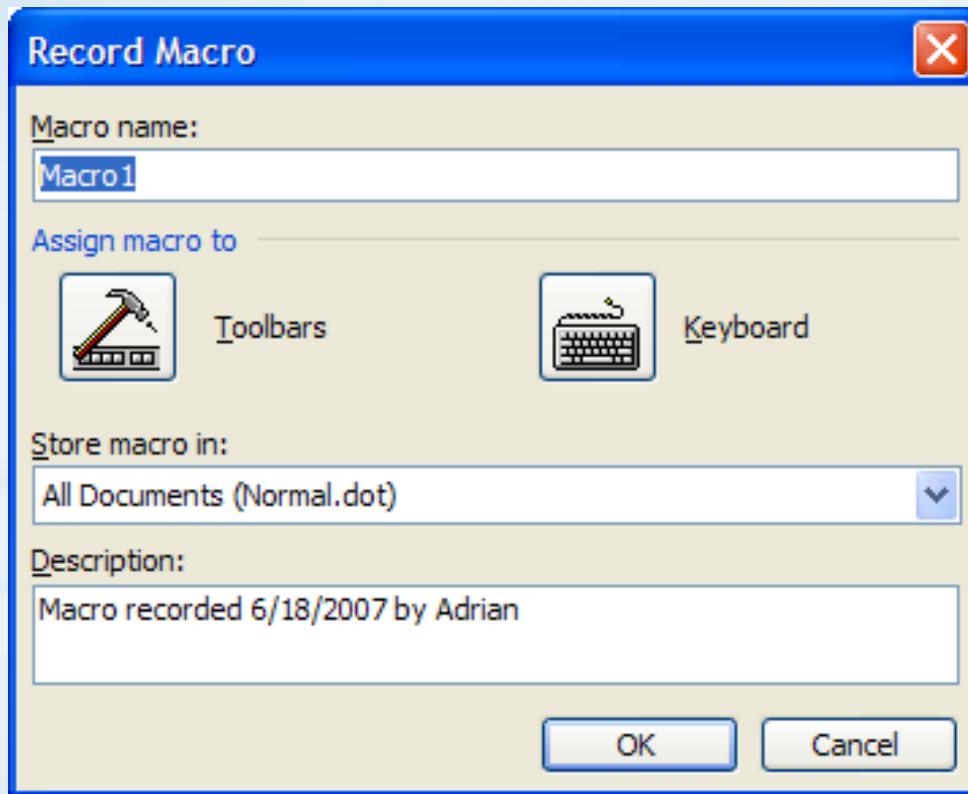
# Topics

- The macro recorder
- The VBA Editor
- Basic VBA concepts
- Adding a user interface
- Adding “intelligence”

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# The Macro Recorder: Introduction



- Macros automate tasks that we expect to repeat
- Macros can be stored in the document or the “Normal” template
- Can create a toolbar button and keyboard shortcut for the macro.

## The Macro Recorder: Limitations

- Guesses the user intentions — interprets actions in the most primitive way
- No user interface (for showing data or allowing user to enter it)
- No “intelligence” — for example, it cannot take action based on the outcome of previous events
- Cannot handle errors

# The blue monkey

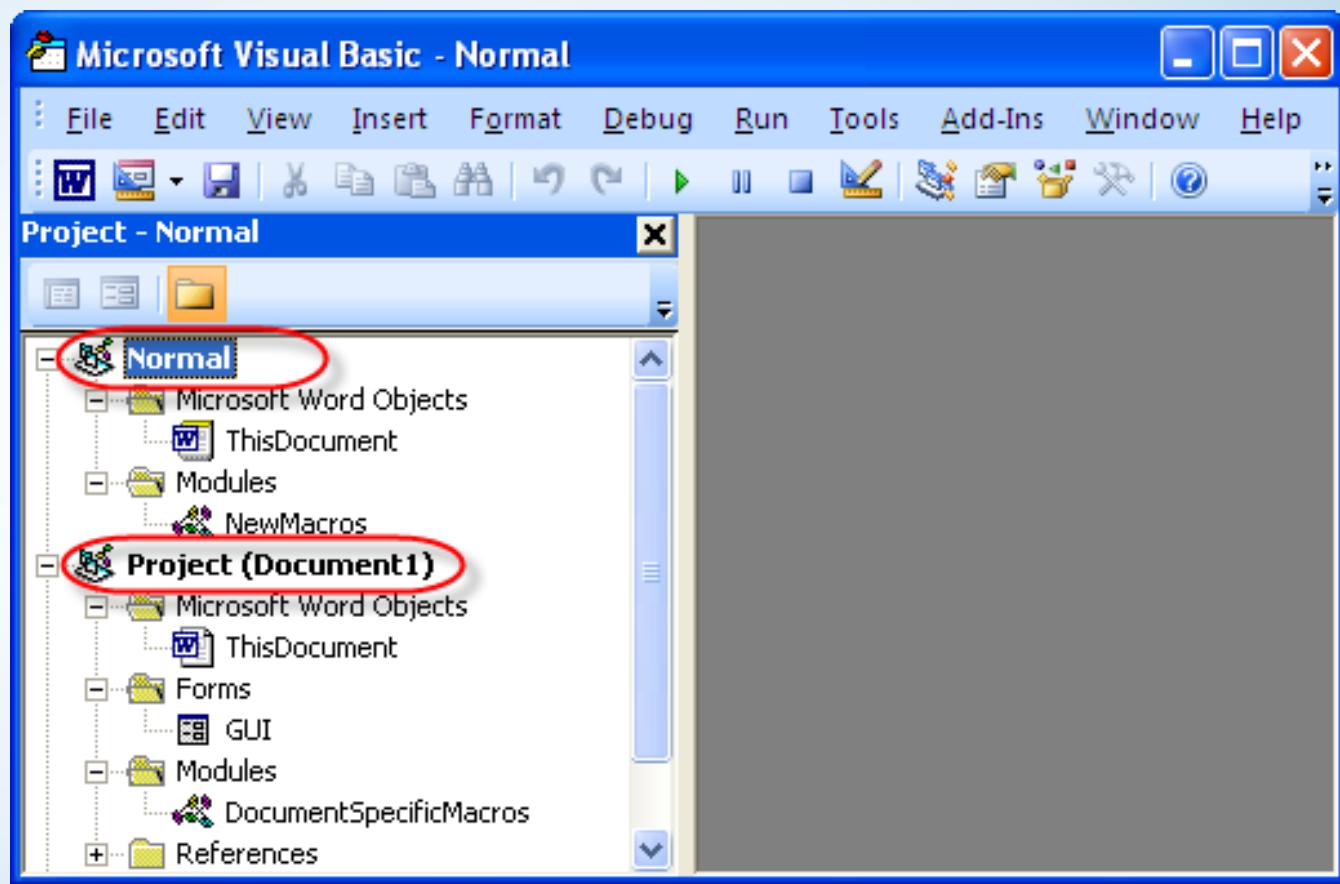
**DEMO**

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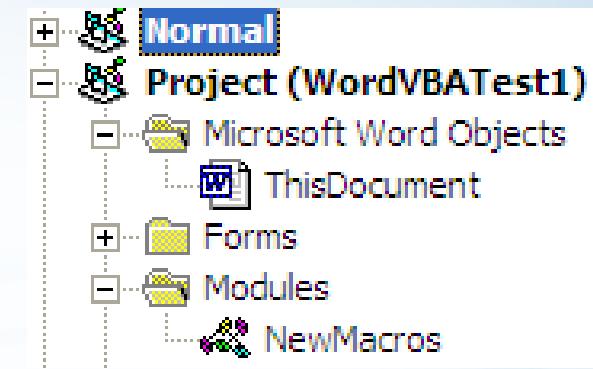
## The VBA Editor: The project pane i

- **ALT+F11** opens the VBA Editor
- There is a “project” for the Normal template and each open document
- You may also see a project for any addins you have



## The VBA Editor: The project pane ii

- **ThisDocument** stores any code you want to run in response to an action (event).  
Example: When the doc is opened or closed
- **Forms** stores any GUI windows that you want to show to the reader (to provide info or so the user can enter data)
- **Modules** stores macros you create with the recorder or directly in the VBA Editor



# The VBA Editor: Inside the blue monkey

Macros start with "Sub"

Comments  
added  
automatically

Actions performed  
by the user

Macros end with "End Sub"

The screenshot shows the Microsoft VBA Editor window titled "Normal - NewMacros (Code)". The tab bar has "General" selected. The code pane displays the following VBA code:

```
Sub TheBlueMonkey()
    ' TheBlueMonkey Macro
    ' Selection.TypeText Text:="monkey"
    ' Selection.MoveLeft Unit:=wdCharacter, Count:=7, Extend:=wdExtend
    ' Selection.Font.Bold = wdToggle
    ' Selection.Font.Name = "Arial"
    ' Selection.Font.Size = 24
    ' Selection.Font.Color = 15773696
End Sub
```

Annotations with red arrows point to specific parts of the code:

- An arrow points to the first line "Sub TheBlueMonkey()", labeled "Macro name".
- An arrow points to the explanatory comments above the actions, labeled "Comments added automatically".
- An arrow points to the final line "End Sub", labeled "Macros end with 'End Sub'".

# The *bold blue monkey*

**DEMO**

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## Basic VBA Concepts: Objects i

- VBA is based on the idea of “objects”
- An object is anything that users can see and manipulate in some way e.g. a paragraph, a table, a text selection...
- Objects are arranged in a hierarchy with object classes including other objects.

Example: The ‘Document’ object contains the ‘Paragraph’ object

## Basic VBA Concepts: Objects ii

- Objects are based on classes, which are like templates for the object. You can create objects from existing classes or define your own classes.

**Example:** You could create an object class to keep track of the time you spend working on documents during the day.

- You can interact with an object in three ways:
  - Change a **property** associated with it
  - Make it perform a task by activating an associated **method**
  - Define a procedure that runs whenever an **event** affects the object

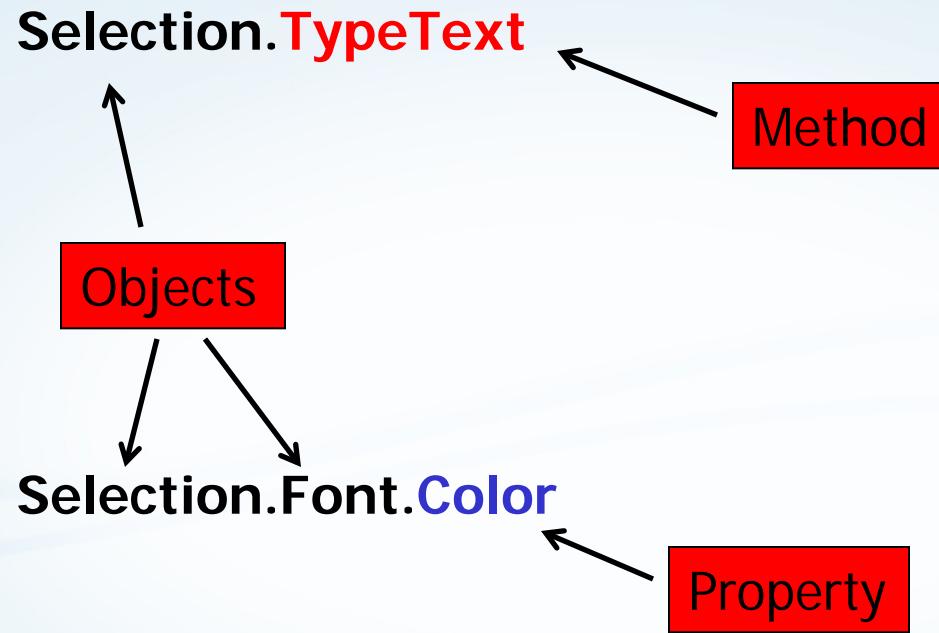
## Basic VBA Concepts: Object analogy

You can think of an object like a car...



- Its **properties** are its physical characteristics—model, colour, engine size...
- Its **methods** are actions the car can do—accelerate, brake, turn...
- Its **events** are actions that can be performed on it—turn the ignition key, press the horn, open the door...

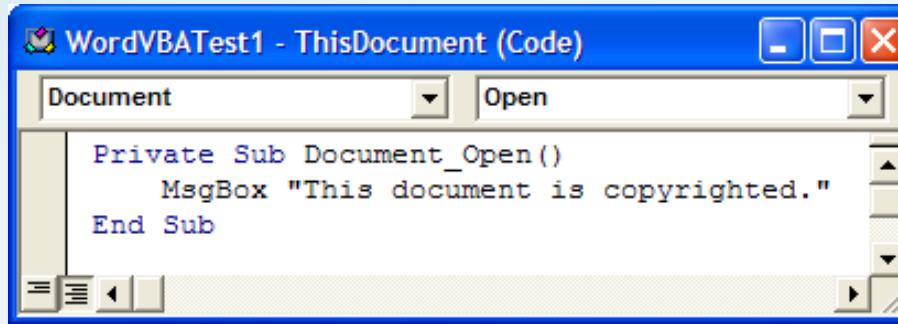
# Basic VBA Concepts: Methods and properties



- The macro recorder often bases its code on the “Selection” object, one of the most important objects in Word VBA

## Basic VBA Concepts: Events

- This code in the *ThisDocument* file...



```
Private Sub Document_Open()
    MsgBox "This document is copyrighted."
End Sub
```

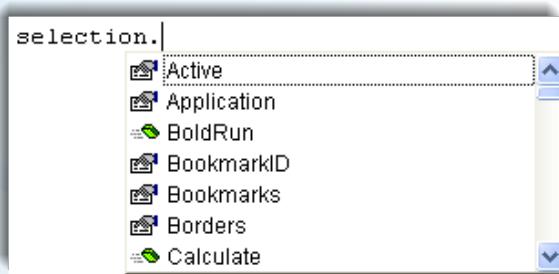
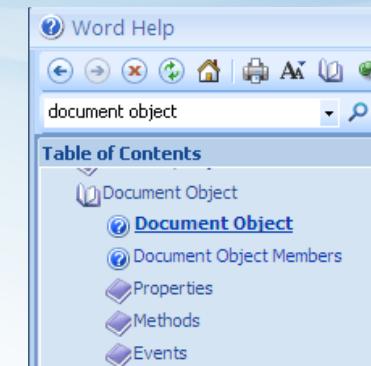
...causes this message box to be shown when the document is opened



- The object is the active document. The event is “open”
- Many objects do not have events associated with them

# Basic VBA Concepts: Getting help

- Search for an object name in the help **TOC** to see methods, properties & events for that object



- Type a dot after an object name to see all possible methods and properties for that object



- Use the object browser

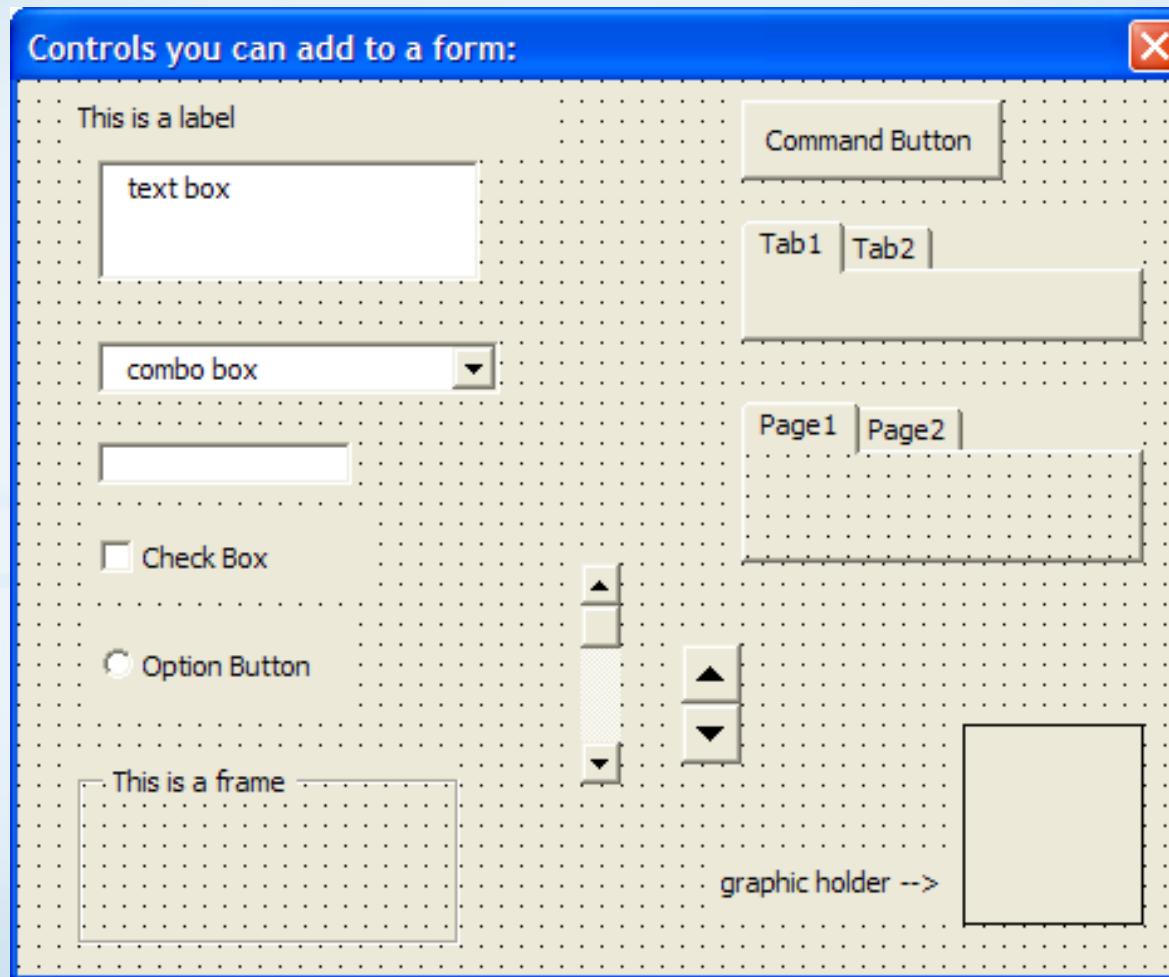
# The *responsive blue monkey*

**DEMO**

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# Adding a User Interface: What you can do



# The *inquisitive blue monkey*

**DEMO**

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# Adding Intelligence: Loops i

Means “repeat the code below for each value of x between 1 and 10”.

```
For x = 1 To 10
```

```
    Selection.TypeText Text:="monkey"
```

```
    Selection.MoveLeft Unit:=wdCharacter, Count:=-1
```

```
    Selection.Font.Bold = True
```

```
    Selection.Font.Name = "Arial"
```

```
    Selection.Font.Size = 24
```

```
    Selection.Font.Color = 15773696
```

```
    Selection.MoveRight Unit:=wdCharacter, Count:=1
```

```
    Selection.TypeParagraph
```

```
Next x
```

Repeating the code is called *looping*. There are many ways to do it. This example shows a simple ‘For...Next’ loop.

# The *loopy blue monkey*

**DEMO**

## Adding Intelligence: Loops ii

```
For x = 1 To 10
```

```
    Selection.TypeText Text:="monkey"
```

```
    Selection.MoveLeft Unit:=wdCharacter, Count:=-1
```

```
    Selection.Font.Bold = True
```

```
    Selection.Font.Name = "Arial"
```

```
    Selection.Font.Size = 24 + 2*x
```

```
    Selection.Font.Color = 15773696
```

```
    Selection.MoveRight Unit:=wdCharacter, Count:=1
```

```
    Selection.TypeParagraph
```

```
Next x
```

In this loop we increase the font size by 2 points each loop

# The *increasingly loopy blue monkey*

DEMO

## Adding Intelligence: Conditions

There are different ways to apply conditions. This example shows a simple 'If...Then' loop

Means “run the code below if the document file name is *Blue.docm* ”

```
If ActiveDocument.Name = "Blue.docm" Then  
    Load UserForm1  
    UserForm1.Show  
  
Else: MsgBox ("Rename the document to Blue.docm")  
End If
```

Means “otherwise (if the document is not named *Blue.docm*) show this message... ”

# The *conditional* blue monkey

DEMO

# Key Points to Remember

- The macro recorder      Great for getting started but many limitations
- The VBA Editor      **ALT+F11** opens the editor
- Basic VBA concepts      Macros are based on **objects** that have **properties, methods & events.**
- Adding a user interface      You can easily create a GUI and add code “behind” its controls
- Adding “intelligence”      You can enhance code with looping, conditions...

## What Next?

- Play around with recording and editing macros
- Look at the Word MVPS site  
(<http://word.mvps.org/FAQs/MacrosVBA/>)
- Get a book!
- Join a forum...e.g. the VBA forum on the MSDN site

# That's all folks!

