How to debug slow Lambda response times



Yan Cui @theburningmonk

Developer Advocate, Lumigo AWS Serverless Hero Author of Production-Ready Serverless



Amazon Found Every 100ms of Latency Cost them 1% in Sales



Yoay Einay Desay 30, 301



3 minutes read

10 years ago, Amazon found that every 100ms of latency cost them 1% in sales. Google found an extra .5 seconds in search page generation time <u>dropped traffic by 20%</u>. A broker could lose <u>\$4 million in revenues per millisecond</u> if their electronic trading platform is 5 milliseconds behind the competition.

The expectations of today's NOW customers continue to grow and the amount of data generated and accessed is mind boggling. Bernard Marr, in his article in <u>Forbes</u> describes how 2.5 quintillion bytes of data are generated every day and that over the last two years alone 90 percent of the data in the world was generated.

It is clear, that the need for speed and scale are escalating and enterprises need to understand how they can support current and future applications to remain competitive from all aspects; optimized operations, regulation adherence and enhanced customer experience,

So, we've decided to put together some of the latest statistics discussing not just the cost of

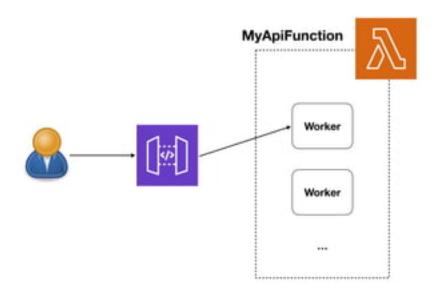


Lambda autoscales by traffic



multi-AZ by default





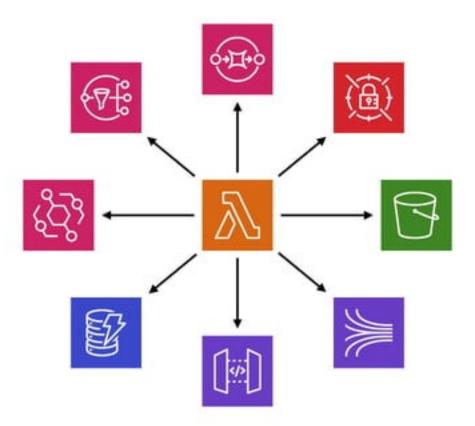


overloaded servers are a thing of the past











observation

majority of performance problems originates from a function's integration points



how well is this service performing in general?

micro



identify systemic issues

how well is this service performing in general?

micro



how well is this service performing in general?

micro get a bad exp?

why did this user



In control theory, observability is a measure of how well internal states of a system can be inferred from knowledge of its external outputs.



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Yan Cui

@theburningmonk
http://theburningmonk.com

AWS user since 2009

Developer Advocate @ 🏀 lumigo



Yan Cui @theburningmonk http://theburningmonk.com

Independent Consultant





























































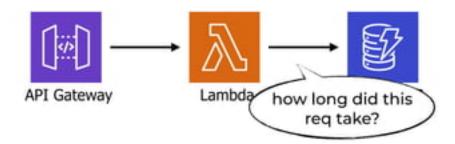














```
module.exports.handler = (event, context, callback) => {
         const response = {
           statusCode: 200,
                 JSON.stringify({
what is the state
                     'Go Serverless v1.0! Your function executed successfully!',
 of the world?
                    event,
          11,
         };
         callback(null, response);
       };
```



In control theory, observability is a measure of how well internal states of a system can be inferred from knowledge of its external outputs.

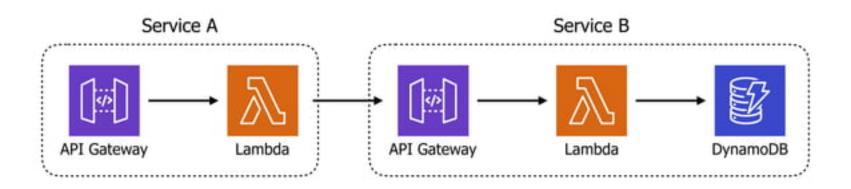




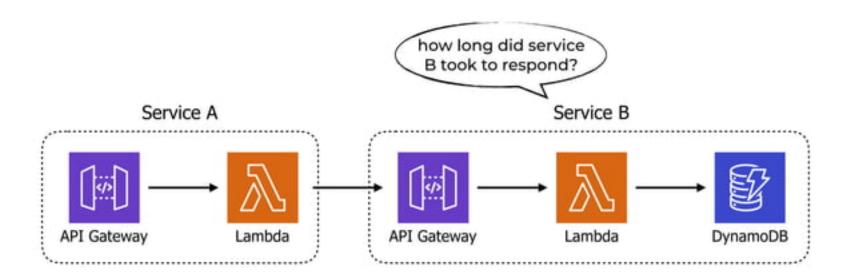
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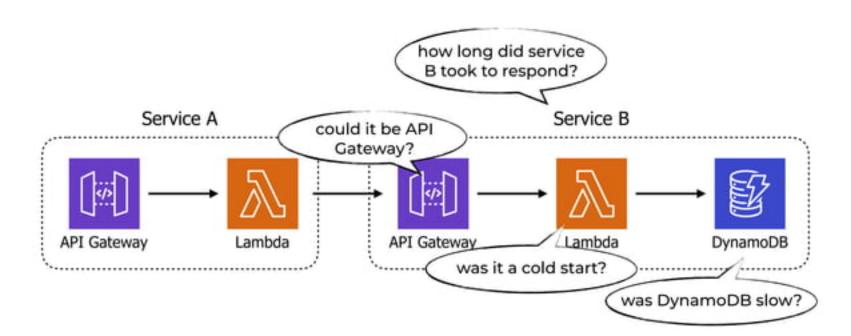
















	WITH SAME
IntegrationLatency	The time between when API Gateway relays a request to the backend and when it receives a response from the backend. Unit: Millisecond
Latency	The time between when API Gateway receives a request from a client and when it returns a response to the client. The latency includes the integration latency and other API Gateway overhead. Unit: Millisecond





Using performance metrics

Performance metrics provide performance details about a single invocation. For example, the Duncks on metric indicates the amount of time in milliseconds that your function spends processing an event. To get a sense of how fast your function processes events, view these metrics with the Avenage or Max statistic.

Performance metrics

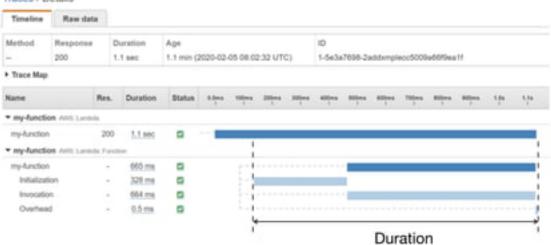
- Duration The amount of time that your function code spends processing an event. For the first event processed by an
 instance of your function, this includes initialization time. The billed duration for an invocation is the value of Duration
 rounded up to the nearest 100 milliseconds.
- IteratorAge For event source mappings that read from streams, the age of the last record in the event. The age is the
 amount of time between when the stream receives the record and when the event source mapping sends the event to the
 function.

Dungs in also supports percentile statistics. Use percentiles to exclude outlier values that skew average and maximum statistics. For example, the P95 statistic shows the maximum duration of 95 percent of executions, excluding the slowest 5 percent.





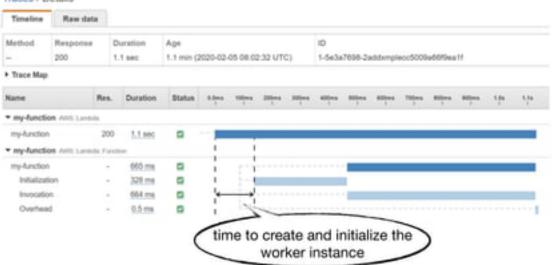
Traces > Details





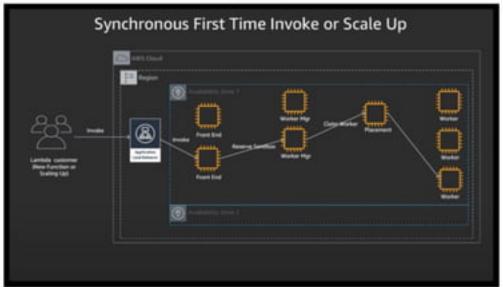


Traces > Details



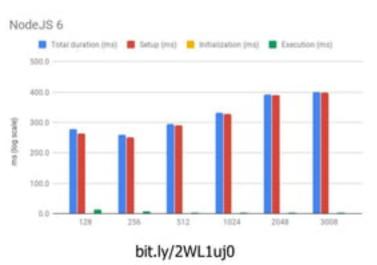








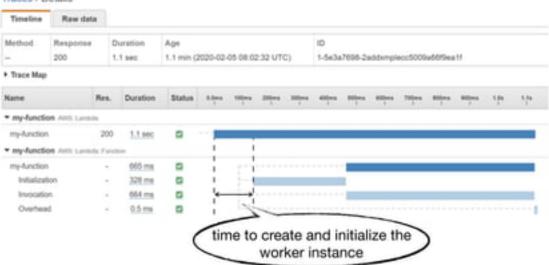








Traces > Details





for API functions, use API Gateway's **IntegrationLatency** as a proxy for "total response time from Lambda"





DynamoDB Metrics



Amazon CloudWatch aggregates the following DynamoDB metrics at one-minute intervals:

- · ConditionalCheckFailedRequests
- ConsumedReadCapacityUnits
- ConsumedWriteCapacityUnits
- . ReadThrottleEvents
- ReturnedBytes
- · ReturnedItemCount
- ReturnedRecordsCount
- SuccessfulRequestLatency
- SystemErrors
- · TimeToLiveDeletedItemCount
- · ThrottledRequests
- · TransactionConflict
- UserErrors
- · WriteThrottleEvents

For all other DynamoDB metrics, the appregation granularity is five minutes.





DynamoDB Metrics



Affaire Coulffield appropriate the following Debensell Instituted two minute intervals

- Confittional Overvior Legisquests
- Ownersties/Count (v0+t)
- Combined tri LeCopar (1) (0411)
- · Amadhirent Calverd
- · Representative
- Returned Director
- . Balanca Standard Lan
- SuccessfulRequestLatency
- lystendreer
- * TimeTellveDvletedTheeCoun
- . Throughtadkingstati
- . TransactionCoeffic
- Valetiment
- · Britchhottletaints

For all other Dynamical Institute, the appreciation providedly in fine introduc-

SuccessfulRequestLatency



"I'm facing this problem now with a lambda that usually takes 25 ms but once a week or so takes > 6000 ms and times out. The lambda's first step is to load a DynamoDB table that only has 8 items. I'm at a loss to understand how such a simple query could take so long."



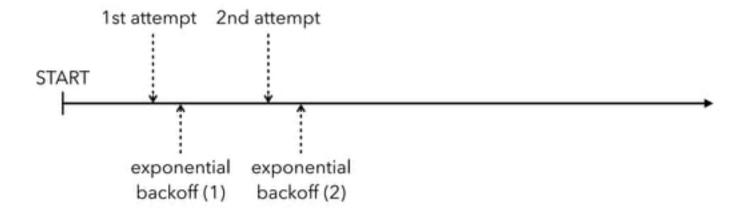




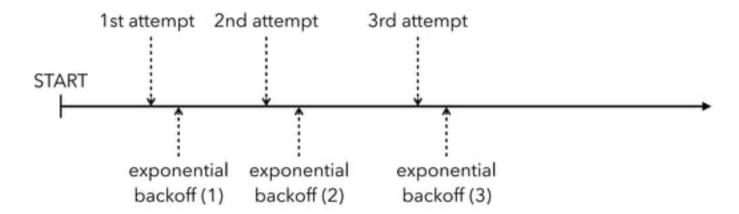




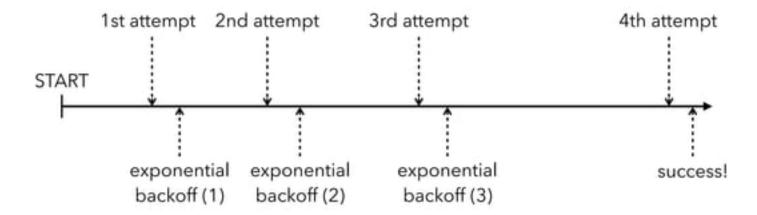




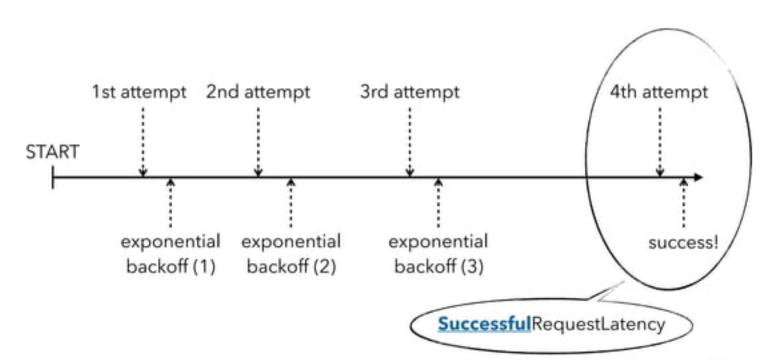














JavaScript AWS SDK

10 retries Initial exponential backoff of 50ms

delay = Math.random() * (Math.pow(2, retryCount) * base)

this is Marc Brooker's fav formula!



	retry count	max delay
	1	100
JavaScript AWS SDK	2	200
	3	400
10 retries Initial exponential backoff of 50ms	4	800
	5	1600
	6	3200
	7	6400
delay = Math.random() * (Math.pow(2, retryCount) * base)	8	12800
	9	25600
	10	51200



JavaScript AWS SDK

10 retries

Initial exponential backoff of 50ms

delay = Math.random() * (Math.pow(2, retryCount) * base)

retry count	max delay
1	100
2	200
3	400
4	800
5	1600
6	3200
7	6400
8dange	er zone!
9	25600
10	51200



Record client-side latency metrics for IO operations



```
EXPLORER
                                  If get-index.ls X
                                                                                                                                 t
                                  emf > functions > 15 get-index is > ...

→ OPEN EDITORS

                                         const fs = require("fs")
        X JB get-index./s ant/hu...
                                         const Mustache = require['mustache']
      - DEBUGGING-LAMBOA-PER...
                                         const http = require('axios')
        v and
                                         const mus4 = require('sws4')
                                         const URL = require('url')

    functions

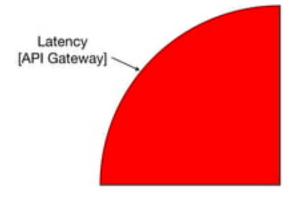
                                         const Log = require('@dazn/lambda-powertools-logger')
                                         const wrap = require('@dazn/lambda-powertools-pattern-basic')
          If get-index is
                                         #mst CorrelationIds - require['@dazm/lambda-powertools-correlation-ids']
          IS get-restaurants is
                                         int ( metricScope, Unit ) * require('mus-embedded-metrics')
          If notify-restaurant is
          IN place-order is
                                         const restaurantsApiRoot = process.env.restaurants_api
                                         const ordersApiRoot = process_env.orders_api
          # search-restaurants is
                                         const mwsRegion = process, env. AWS_REGION
          25 seed-restaurants is
                                         count days . ['Sunday', 'Minday', 'Tuesday', 'Wednesday', 'Thursday', 'Friday', 'Sats
         > statio
                                         const template = fs.readFileSync('static/index.html', 'utf-8')
         (1) package juon
         [] package-lock json
                                         const getRestaurants = assis: () -> {
         I serveriess ymi
                                           Log.debug('getting restaurants...', { url: restaurantsAppRout })
        3 Jumigo
                                           const orl = URL parse | restaurantsAptRoot |
        > manual_logging
                                             hosti urlihostname,
        3 none
                                             path: wrl.pathname
       OUTLINE |
      > TIMELINE
                                           mundisign(opts)
        AWS COK EXPLORER (PRE
                                                                                                                                          2020-07-09 00-30-38
DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY NAMED IN
```



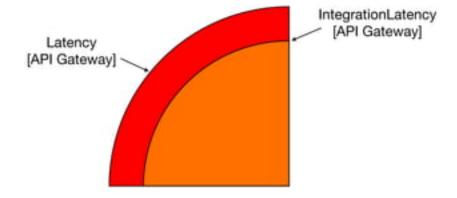
Embedded Metric Format (EMF)

```
2828-87-89T14:39:85.616Z
                                bf6c45d4-38a8-4003-962d-0f9da54a8982
                                                                         INFO
    "LogGroup": "debug-perf-lssues-emf-demo-dev-get-index",
    "ServiceName": "debug-perf-issues-emf-demo-dev-get-index",
    "ServiceType": "AWS::Lambda::Function",
    "RequestId": "bf6c45d4-38g8-4003-96Zd-0f9dg54g8982",
    "executionEnvironment": "AWS_Lambda_nodejs12.x",
    "memorySize": "1024",
    "functionVersion": "$LATEST",
    "logStreamId": "2020/07/09/[$LATEST]e8ba9df804464a2f8de196abe630ad5e",
    "_gws": {
        "Timestamp": 1594385545477,
        "CloudWatchMetrics": [
                "Dimensions": [
                        "LogGroup",
                        "ServiceName",
                        "ServiceType"
                "Metrics": [
                        "Name": "latency.HTTP.getRestaurants",
                        "Unit": "Milliseconds"
                "Namespace": "emf-demo"
    "latency.HTTP.getRestaurants": 137
```

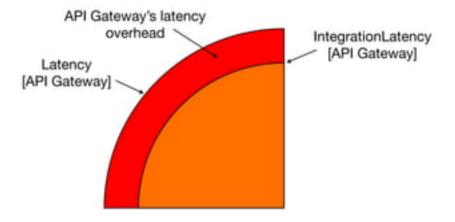




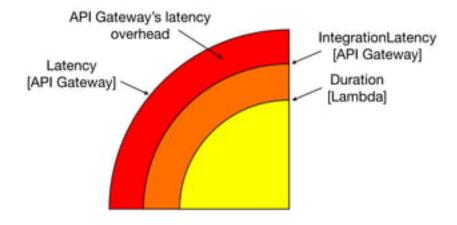




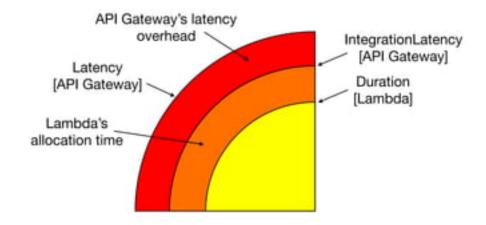




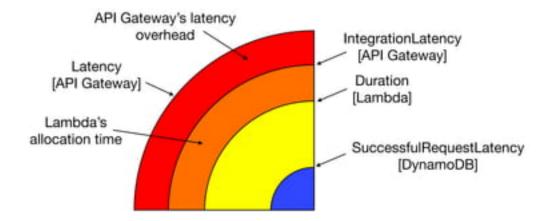




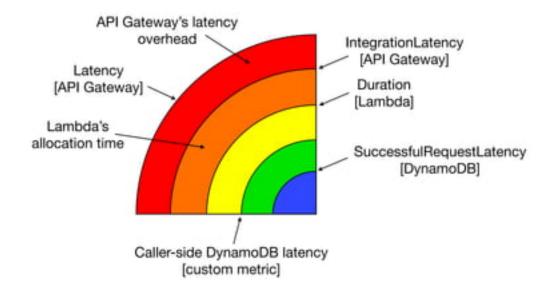




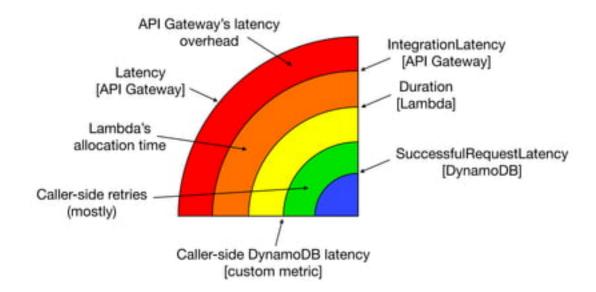






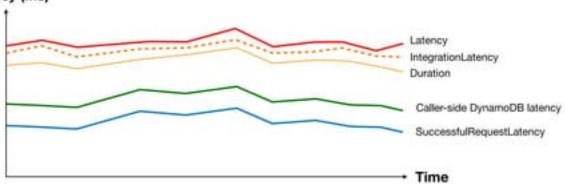




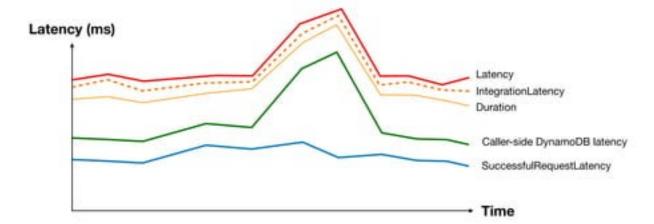




Latency (ms)









macro

how well is this service performing in general?



micro

why did this transaction perform poorly?





X-Ray







```
const XRay = require('aws-xray-sdk-core')
const AWS = AWSXRay.captureAWS(require('aws-sdk'))
AWSXRay.captureHTTPsGlobal(require('https'))
```





```
const XRay = require('aws-xray-sdk-core')
const AWS = AWSXRay.captureAWS(require('aws-sdk'))
AWSXRay.captureHTTPsGlobal(require('https'))
```

can be encapsulated in custom modules





doesn't add latency





- doesn't add latency
- can see "system" overhead (e.g. allocation time)





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- built-in sampling





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- poor support for saync event sources (only SNS)
- 🗶 doesn't capture request & response data
- 🗶 logs and traces are separate
- X difficult to search





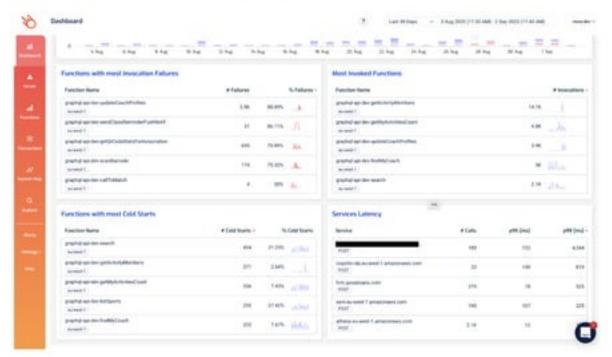
good enough for simple workloads when you outgrow X-Ray, look for a 3rd-party tool















ervices Latency			
Service	# Calls	p95 (ms)	p99 (ms)
POST	189	132	4,344
cognito-idp.eu-west-1.amazonaws.com POST	32	149	819
fcm.googleapis.com POST	319	78	525
ssm.eu-west-1.amazonaws.com (POST)	745	107	225
athena.eu-west-1.amazonaws.com POST	2.1K	12	200





ervices Latency			
ervice	# Calls	p95 (ms)	p99 (ms) ~
POST	189	132	4,344
ognito-idp.eu-west-1.amazonaws.com POST	32	149	819
cm.googleapis.com POST	319	78	525
sm.eu-west-1.amazonaws.com Post	745	107	225
thena.eu-west-1.amazonaws.com	2.1K	12	200

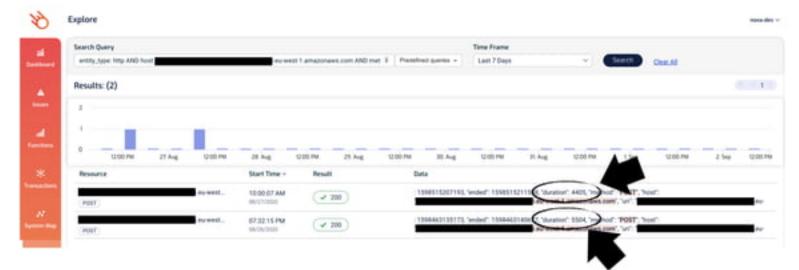






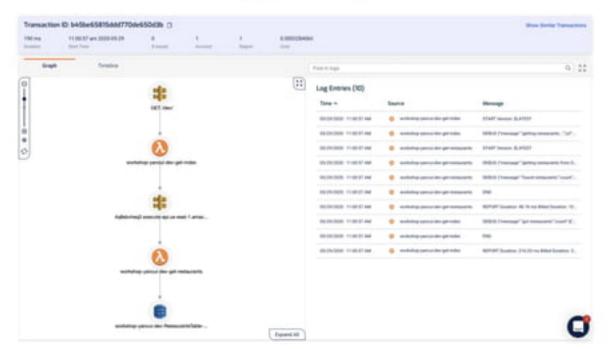
















	02:25:08 pm					
		1000	pana	Billina	Allera	Stime
graphqi api dev search.	427ms					
E son ev west 1 amazonaes com			Total Contract of the last of	- 2		
 graphsji-api-der-UserTable-QY95823,8X8474 				24ms		
withowes2walgolia.net					H2me	
 withowealtw-dun algoria net 						111ms





answer both macro and micro level questions in just **a few clicks!**





Function Name	# Cold Starts ~	%	Cold Starts
graphql-api-dev-search eo-west-1	454	21.25%	as Mus
graphql-api-dev-getActivityMembers eu-west-1	371	2.64%	
graphql-api-dev-getMyActivitiesCount eu-west-1	356	7.43%	a),Min
graphql-api-dev-listSports eu-west-1	255	27.42%	JAMA.
graphql-api-dev-findMyCoach euwest-1	233	7.67%	blother





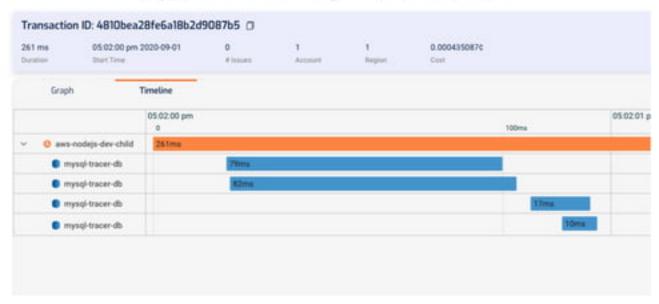
Support async event sources such as Kinesis, DynamoDB streams and SNS





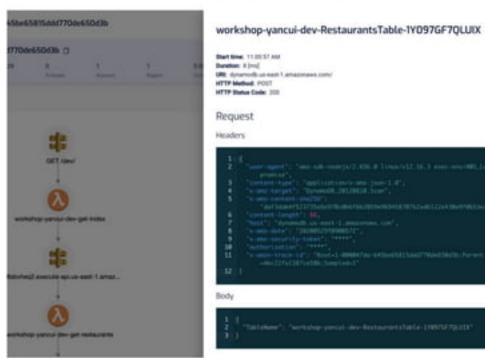


Support TCP traffic - e.g. RDS and Elasticache











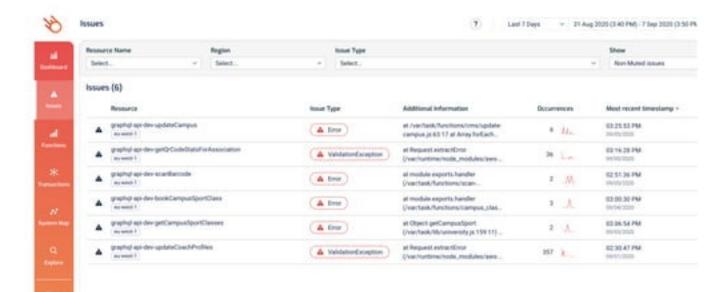
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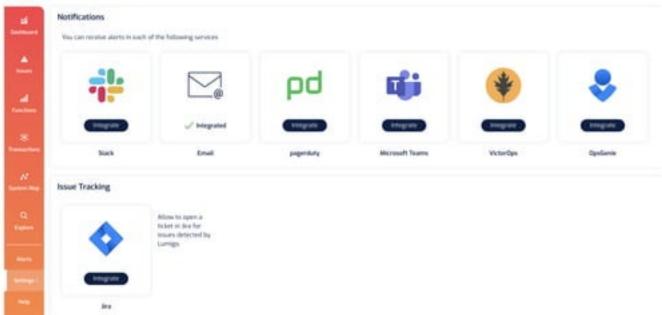






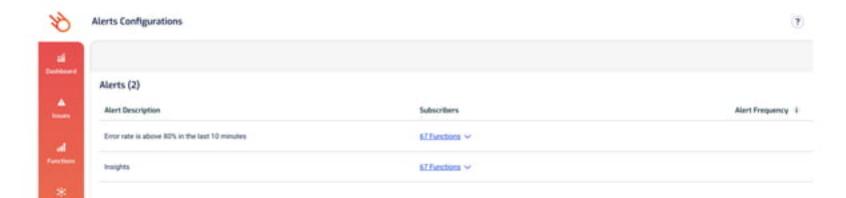


Settings > Integrations











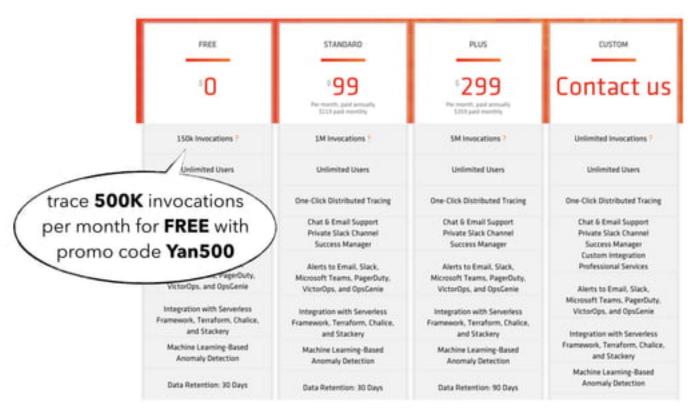




FREE	STANDARD	PLUS	CUSTOM
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150k Invocations	1M Invocations *	SM Invocations ?	Unlimited Invocations *
Unlimited Users	Unlimited Users	Unlimited Users	Unlimited Users
One-Click Distributed Tracing	One-Click Distributed Tracing	One-Click Distributed Tracing	One-Click Distributed Tracing
Chat & Email Support Community Slack Channel	Chat & Email Support Private Slack Channel Success Manager	Chat & Email Support Private Slack Channel Success Manager	Chat & Email Support Private Slack Channel Success Manager
Alerts to Email, Slack, Microsoft Teams, PagerDuty, VictorOps, and OpsCenie	Alerts to Email, Slack, Microsoft Teams, PagerDuty, VictorDps, and OpsCenie	Alerts to Email, Slack, Microsoft Teams, PagerDuty, VictorOps, and OpsGenie	Custom Integration Professional Services Alerts to Email, Slack
Integration with Serverless Framework, Terraform, Challce.	Integration with Serverless Framework, Terraform, Chalice.	Integration with Senerless Framework, Terraform, Chalice.	Microsoft Teams, PagerDuty, VictorOps, and OpsCenie
and Stackery	and Stackery	and Stackery	Integration with Serverless
Machine Learning-Based Anomaly Detection	Machine Learning-Based Anomaly Detection	Machine Learning-Based Anomaly Detection	Framework, Terraform, Challce, and Stackery
Data Retention: 30 Days	Data Referition: 30 Days	Data Retention: 90 Days	Machine Learning-Based Anomaly Detection











How to mitigate slow dependencies?



it depends...



can you use another service?



if not, a good caching strategy often helps



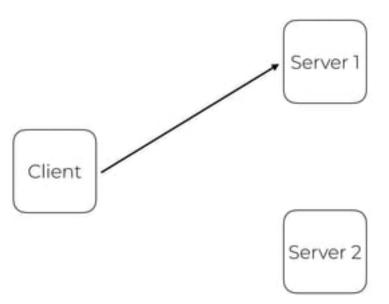


Achieving Rapid Response Times in Large Online Services

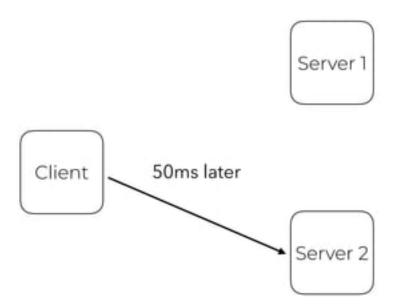
Jeff Dean Google Fellow jeff@google.com

bit.ly/3h7Bo41

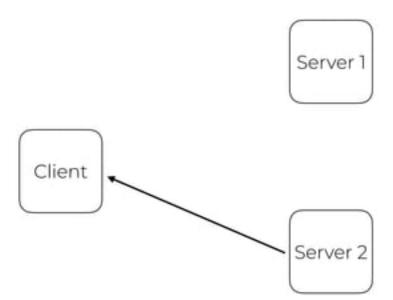














Backup Requests Effects

- In-memory BigTable lookups
 - data replicated in two in-memory tables
 - -issue requests for 1000 keys spread across 100 tablets
 - -measure elapsed time until data for last key arrives

	Avg	Std Dev	95%ile	99%ile	99.9%ile
No backups	33 ms	1524 ms	24 ms	52 ms	994 ms
Backup after 10 ms	14 ms	4 ms	20 ms	23 ms	50 ms
Backup after 50 ms	16 ms	12 ms	57 ms	63 ms	68 ms

- Modest increase in request load:
- 10 ms delay: <5% extra requests; 50 ms delay: <1%





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					ning required for each service

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helps in some cases

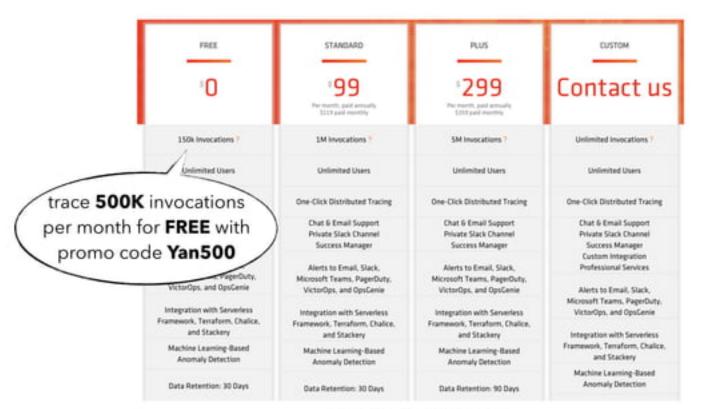
but can exaspate the problem in other cases



can you use another service?







platform.lumigo.io/signup







@theburningmonk
theburningmonk.com
github.com/theburningmonk
yan@lumigo.io

