Training TypeScript Module: Type Queries





Peter Kassenaar

info@kassenaar.com

We know the typeof operator

Types in plain JavaScript:

```
console.log(typeof 123); // 'number'
console.log(typeof 'this is a string'); // 'string'
console.log(typeof [10, 20, 30]); // 'object'
console.log(typeof {}); // 'object'
```

In TypeScript we can use typeof in a slightly different manner

```
// Lets say we have a type/object literal as such
const employee = {
  name: 'Boris',
  age: 27
};
```

```
// we can now QUERY the employee object and assign it's properties
// to the Person type.
type Person = typeof employee;
let person: Person = {
  name: 'Brandon',
  age: 19
};
                   // we can no type Person = {
                                                           assign it's properti
              20
                                  name: string;
                   // to the Pe
              21
                                  age: number;
              22
                   type Herson
              23
                   let person: Person = {
              24
              25
                     name: 'Brandon',
              26
                     age: 19
              27
                    };
```

In JavaScript, typeof would have given us 'object'.

In TypeScript, it gives us the properties of the inferred type!

Keyof index type queries

```
// PersonKeys is now a union type "name" | "age"
type PersonKeys = keyof Person;

// b/c we want to access the exact types
// of the 'name' and 'age' properties
type PersonTypes = Person[PersonKeys];
```

```
type PersonTypes = string | number

type PersonTypes = Person[PersonKeys]; // b/c we want to
```

Creating a custom Lookup function

Let's say we want to look up the value of a given property on an object – BUT DO IT TYPE SAFE

This would be the type-unsafe notation:

```
function getPropertyValue(obj : object, key: string) {
  return obj[key]; // type unsafe way
}
```

Solution: create a generic type, and use extends keyof:

```
function getPropertyValue<T, K extends keyof T>(obj: T, key: K) {
   return obj[key]; // type safe way
}
const personName = getProperty(person, 'name');
```

"K is a subtype of T, and has the keys that are looked up"

```
const personName: string
const personName = getProperty(person, 'name');
console.log(personName);
```

First of all – we get the correct typing on the variable the value is assigned to.

```
return obj[key]; // type safe wa
}

[ts] Argument of type '"test"' is not assignable
to parameter of type '"name" | "age"'.

const personName = getProperty(person, 'test');
console.log(personName);
```

Second – we get an error if we try to look up a non-existing property

Workshop

- Study the example ../21-type-queries.ts
- Create an example of your own, using one of your own data types:
 - 1. Use typeof as a type query
 - 2. Use keyof and see what type is returned
 - 3. Create a lookup function that returns the value of one of the properties of your own custom object
- Check your current project if
 <T, K extends keyof T> is used.
 Explain now in your own words what is happening here.

