# **Libxmp 4.4 API documentation**

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### Introduction

Libxmp is a module player library supporting many mainstream and obscure module formats including Protracker MOD, Scream Tracker III S3M and Impulse Tracker IT. Libxmp loads the module and renders the sound as linear PCM samples in a buffer at rate and format specified by the user, one frame at a time (standard modules usually play at 50 frames per second).

Possible applications for libxmp include stand-alone module players, module player plugins for other players, module information extractors, background music replayers for games and other applications, module-to-mp3 renderers, etc.

### Concepts

- Player context: Most libxmp functions require a handle that identifies the module player context. Each context is independent and multiple contexts can be defined simultaneously.
- Sequence: Each group of positions in the order list that loops over itself, also known as "subsong". Most modules have only one sequence, but some modules, especially modules used in games can have multiple sequences. "Hidden patterns" outside the main song are also listed as extra sequences, certain module authors such as Skaven commonly place extra patterns at the end of the module.
- State: [Added in libxmp 4.2] The player can be in one of three possible states: unloaded, loaded, or playing. The player is in unloaded state after context creation, changing to other states when a module is loaded or played.
- External sample mixer: [Added in libxmp 4.2] Special sound channels can be reserved using xmp\_start\_smix() to play module instruments or external samples. This is useful when libxmp is used to provide background music to games or other applications where sound effects can be played in response to events or user actions
- Amiga mixer: [Added in libxmp 4.4] Certain formats may use special mixers modeled after the original hardware used to play the format, providing more realistic sound at the expense of CPU usage. Currently Amiga formats such as Protracker can use a mixer modeled after the Amiga 500, with or without the led filter.

## A simple example

This example loads a module, plays it at 44.1kHz and writes it to a raw sound file:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <xmp.h>
int main(int argc, char **argv)
    xmp_context c;
    struct xmp_frame_info mi;
    FILE *f;
    /* The output raw file */
    f = fopen("out.raw", "wb");
    if (f == NULL) {
        fprintf(stderr, "can't open output file\n");
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }
    /* Create the player context */
    c = xmp_create_context();
    /* Load our module */
    if (xmp_load_module(c, argv[1]) != 0) {
        fprintf(stderr, "can't load module\n");
```

```
exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }
    /* Play the module */
    xmp_start_player(c, 44100, 0);
    while (xmp_play_frame(c) == 0) {
        xmp_get_frame_info(c, &mi);
        if (mi.loop_count > 0)  /* exit before looping */
            break;
        fwrite(mi.buffer, mi.buffer size, 1, f); /* write audio data */
    }
    xmp_end_player(c);
    xmp_release_module(c);
                                 /* unload module */
    xmp_free_context(c);
                                 /* destroy the player context */
    fclose(f);
    exit(EXIT SUCCESS);
}
```

A player context can load and play a single module at a time. Multiple contexts can be defined if needed.

Use xmp\_test\_module() to check if the file is a valid module and retrieve the module name and type. Use xmp\_load\_module() to load the module to memory. These two calls return 0 on success or <0 in case of error. Error codes are:

```
-XMP_ERROR_INTERNAL /* Internal error */
-XMP_ERROR_FORMAT /* Unsupported module format */
-XMP_ERROR_LOAD /* Error loading file */
-XMP_ERROR_DEPACK /* Error depacking file */
-XMP_ERROR_SYSTEM /* System error */
-XMP_ERROR_STATE /* Incorrect player state */
```

If a system error occurs, the specific error is set in errno.

Parameters to xmp\_start\_player() are the sampling rate (up to 48kHz) and a bitmapped integer holding one or more of the following mixer flags:

After xmp\_start\_player() is called, each call to xmp\_play\_frame() will render an audio frame. Call xmp\_get\_frame\_info() to retrieve the buffer address and size. xmp\_play\_frame() returns 0 on success or -1 if replay should stop.

Use xmp\_end\_player(), xmp\_release\_module() and xmp\_free\_context() to release memory and end replay.

## SDL example

To use libxmp with SDL, just provide a callback function that renders module data. The module will play when SDL\_PauseAudio(0) is called:

```
#include <SDL/SDL.h>
#include <xmp.h>
static void fill_audio(void *udata, unsigned char *stream, int len)
{
```

```
xmp_play_buffer(udata, stream, len, 0);
}
int sound_init(xmp_context ctx, int sampling_rate, int channels)
    SDL_AudioSpec a;
    a.freq = sampling_rate;
    a.format = (AUDIO_S16);
    a.channels = channels;
    a.samples = 2048;
    a.callback = fill_audio;
    a.userdata = ctx;
    if (SDL_OpenAudio(&a, NULL) < 0) {</pre>
            fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", SDL_GetError());
            return -1;
    }
}
int main(int argc, char **argv)
    xmp_context ctx;
    if ((ctx = xmp_create_context()) == NULL)
            return 1;
    sound_init(ctx, 44100, 2);
    xmp_load_module(ctx, argv[1]);
    xmp_start_player(ctx, 44100, 0);
    SDL_PauseAudio(0);
    sleep(10);
                             // Do something important here
    SDL_PauseAudio(1);
    xmp_end_player(ctx);
    xmp_release_module(ctx);
    xmp_free_context(ctx);
    SDL CloseAudio();
    return 0;
```

SDL callbacks run in a separate thread, so don't forget to protect sections that manipulate module data with SDL\_LockAudio() and SDL\_UnlockAudio().

## **API** reference

## **Version and player information**

### const char \*xmp version

A string containing the library version, such as "4.0.0".

### const unsigned int xmp\_vercode

The library version encoded in a integer value. Bits 23-16 contain the major version number, bits 15-8 contain the minor version number, and bits 7-0 contain the release number.

### char \*\*xmp\_get\_format\_list()

Query the list of supported module formats.

#### Returns:

a NULL-terminated array of strings containing the names of all supported module formats.

### **Context creation**

### xmp\_context xmp\_create\_context()

Create a new player context and return an opaque handle to be used in subsequent accesses to this context.

#### Returns:

the player context handle.

### void xmp\_free\_context(xmp\_context c)

Destroy a player context previously created using xmp\_create\_context().

### Parameters:

c: the player context handle.

## **Module loading**

### int xmp\_test\_module(char \*path, struct xmp\_test\_info \*test\_info)

Test if a file is a valid module. Testing a file does not affect the current player context or any currently loaded module.

#### Parameters:

path: pathname of the module to test.

test\_in NULL, or a pointer to a structure used to retrieve the module title and format if the file is a validfo: module.struct xmp\_test\_info is defined as:

#### Returns:

0 if the file is a valid module, or a negative error code in case of error. Error codes can be -XMP\_ERROR\_FORMAT in case of an unrecognized file format, -XMP\_ERROR\_DEPACK if the file is compressed and uncompression failed, or -XMP\_ERROR\_SYSTEM in case of system error (the system error code is set in error).

### int xmp\_load\_module(xmp\_context c, char \*path)

Load a module into the specified player context. (Certain player flags, such as XMP\_PLAYER\_SMPCTL and XMP\_PLAYER\_DEFPAN, must be set before loading the module, see xmp\_set\_player() for more information.)

#### Parameters:

c: the player context handle.

path: pathname of the module to load.

#### Returns:

0 if sucessful, or a negative error code in case of error. Error codes can be -XMP\_ERROR\_FORMAT in case of an unrecognized file format, -XMP\_ERROR\_DEPACK if the file is compressed and uncompression failed, -XMP\_ERROR\_LOAD if the file format was recognized but the file loading failed, or -XMP\_ERROR\_SYSTEM in case of system error (the system error code is set in erro).

### int xmp\_load\_module\_from\_memory(xmp\_context c, void \*mem, long size)

[Added in libxmp 4.2] Load a module from memory into the specified player context.

#### Parameters:

c: the player context handle.

**mem:** a pointer to the module file image in memory. Multi-file modules or compressed modules can't be loaded from memory.

**size:** the size of the module, or 0 if the size is unknown or not specified. If size is set to 0 certain module formats won't be recognized, the MD5 digest will not be set, and module-specific quirks won't be applied.

### Returns:

0 if sucessful, or a negative error code in case of error. Error codes can be -XMP\_ERROR\_FORMAT in case of an unrecognized file format, -XMP\_ERROR\_LOAD if the file format was recognized but the file loading failed, or -XMP ERROR SYSTEM in case of system error (the system error code is set in erro).

### int xmp\_load\_module\_from\_file(xmp\_context c, FILE \*f, long size)

[Added in libxmp 4.3] Load a module from a stream into the specified player context.

### Parameters:

**c:** the player context handle.

**f:** the file stream. On return, the stream position is undefined.

size: the size of the module, or 0 if the size is unknown or not specified. If size is set to 0 certain module formats won't be recognized, the MD5 digest will not be set, and module-specific quirks won't be applied.

### Returns:

0 if sucessful, or a negative error code in case of error. Error codes can be -XMP\_ERROR\_FORMAT in case of an unrecognized file format, -XMP\_ERROR\_LOAD if the file format was recognized but the file loading failed, or -XMP\_ERROR\_SYSTEM in case of system error (the system error code is set in erro).

### void xmp\_release\_module(xmp\_context c)

Release memory allocated by a module from the specified player context.

#### Parameters:

c: the player context handle.

### void xmp\_scan\_module(xmp\_context c)

Scan the loaded module for sequences and timing. Scanning is automatically performed by xmp\_load\_module() and this function should be called only if xmp\_set\_player() is used to change player timing (with parameter XMP\_PLAYER\_VBLANK) in libxmp 4.0.2 or older.

### Parameters:

c: the player context handle.

### void xmp\_get\_module\_info(xmp\_context c, struct xmp\_module\_info \*info)

Retrieve current module data.

#### Parameters:

c: the player context handle.

info: pointer to structure containing the module data. struct xmp\_module\_info is defined as
 follows:

Detailed module data is exposed in the mod field:

```
struct xmp_module {
                              /* Module title */
   char name[XMP_NAME_SIZE];
   char type[XMP_NAME_SIZE];
                              /* Module format */
                              /* Number of patterns */
   int pat;
   int trk;
                              /* Number of tracks */
                              /* Tracks per pattern */
   int chn;
   int ins;
                              /* Number of instruments */
                              /* Number of samples */
   int smp;
                              /* Initial speed */
   int spd;
                              /* Initial BPM */
   int bpm;
   int len;
                              /* Module length in patterns */
   int rst;
                              /* Restart position */
                              /* Global volume */
   int qvl;
   unsigned char xxo[XMP_MAX_MOD_LENGTH]; /* Orders */
};
```

See the header file for more information about pattern and instrument data.

## Module playing

### int xmp\_start\_player(xmp\_context c, int rate, int format)

Start playing the currently loaded module.

#### Parameters:

c: the player context handle.

rate: the sampling rate to use, in Hz (typically 44100). Valid values range from 8kHz to 48kHz.

flags: bitmapped configurable player flags, one or more of the following:

#### Returns:

0 if sucessful, or a negative error code in case of error. Error codes can be -XMP\_ERROR\_INTERNAL in case of a internal player error, -XMP\_ERROR\_INVALID if the sampling rate is invalid, or -XMP\_ERROR\_SYSTEM in case of system error (the system error code is set in erro).

### int xmp\_play\_frame(xmp\_context c)

Play one frame of the module. Modules usually play at 50 frames per second. Use xmp\_get\_frame\_info() to retrieve the buffer containing audio data.

#### Parameters:

c: the player context handle.

#### Returns:

0 if sucessful, -XMP\_END if the module ended or was stopped, or -XMP\_ERROR\_STATE if the player is not in playing state.

### int xmp play buffer(xmp context c, void \*buffer, int size, int loop)

[Added in libxmp 4.1] Fill the buffer with PCM data up to the specified size. This is a convenience function that calls xmp\_play\_frame() internally to fill the user-supplied buffer. **Don't call both xmp\_play\_frame() and xmp\_play\_buffer() in the same replay loop.** If you don't need equally sized data chunks, xmp\_play\_frame() may result in better performance. Also note that silence is added at the end of a buffer if the module ends and no loop is to be performed.

#### Parameters:

c: the player context handle.

**buffer:** the buffer to fill with PCM data, or NULL to reset the internal state.

size: the buffer size in bytes.

loop: stop replay when the loop counter reaches the specified value, or 0 to disable loop checking.

### Returns:

0 if sucessful, -XMP\_END if module was stopped or the loop counter was reached, or -XMP\_ERROR\_STATE if the player is not in playing state.

### void xmp\_get\_frame\_info(xmp\_context c, struct xmp\_frame\_info \*info)

Retrieve the current frame data.

#### Parameters:

**c:** the player context handle.

info: pointer to structure containing current frame data. struct xmp\_frame\_info is defined as
 follows:

This function should be used to retrieve sound buffer data after xmp\_play\_frame() is called. Fields buffer and buffer\_size contain the pointer to the sound buffer PCM data and its size. The buffer size will be no larger than XMP\_MAX\_FRAMESIZE.

### void xmp\_end\_player(xmp\_context c)

End module replay and release player memory.

### Parameters:

c: the player context handle.

## **Player control**

### int xmp\_next\_position(xmp\_context c)

Skip replay to the start of the next position.

### Parameters:

c: the player context handle.

#### Returns:

The new position index, or -XMP\_ERROR\_STATE if the player is not in playing state.

### int xmp\_prev\_position(xmp\_context c)

Skip replay to the start of the previous position.

#### Parameters:

c: the player context handle.

#### Returns:

The new position index, or -XMP\_ERROR\_STATE if the player is not in playing state.

### int xmp\_set\_position(xmp\_context c, int pos)

Skip replay to the start of the given position.

#### Parameters:

**c:** the player context handle. **pos:** the position index to set.

### Returns:

The new position index, -XMP\_ERROR\_INVALID of the new position is invalid or -XMP\_ERROR\_STATE if the player is not in playing state.

### void xmp\_stop\_module(xmp\_context c)

Stop the currently playing module.

### Parameters:

c: the player context handle.

### void xmp\_restart\_module(xmp\_context c)

Restart the currently playing module.

### Parameters:

c: the player context handle.

### int xmp\_seek\_time(xmp\_context c, int time)

Skip replay to the specified time.

### Parameters:

**c:** the player context handle. **time:** time to seek in milliseconds.

### Returns:

The new position index, or -XMP\_ERROR\_STATE if the player is not in playing state.

### int xmp\_channel\_mute(xmp\_context c, int chn, int status)

Mute or unmute the specified channel.

#### Parameters:

c: the player context handle.

chn: the channel to mute or unmute.

**status:** 0 to mute channel, 1 to unmute or -1 to query the current channel status.

#### Returns:

The previous channel status, or -XMP\_ERROR\_STATE if the player is not in playing state.

### int xmp\_channel\_vol(xmp\_context c, int chn, int vol)

Set or retrieve the volume of the specified channel.

#### Parameters:

c: the player context handle.

chn: the channel to set or get volume.

vol: a value from 0-100 to set the channel volume, or -1 to retrieve the current volume.

#### Returns:

The previous channel volume, or -XMP\_ERROR\_STATE if the player is not in playing state.

### void xmp\_inject\_event(xmp\_context c, int chn, struct xmp\_event \*event)

Dynamically insert a new event into a playing module.

### Parameters:

c: the player context handle.

chn: the channel to insert the new event.

**event:** the event to insert. struct xmp\_event is defined as:

```
struct xmp_event {
  unsigned char note;    /* Note number (0 means no note) */
  unsigned char ins;    /* Patch number */
  unsigned char vol;    /* Volume (0 to basevol) */
  unsigned char fxt;    /* Effect type */
  unsigned char fxp;    /* Effect parameter */
  unsigned char f2t;    /* Secondary effect type */
  unsigned char f2p;    /* Secondary effect parameter */
  unsigned char _flag;    /* Internal (reserved) flags */
};
```

### Player parameter setting

### int xmp\_set\_instrument\_path(xmp\_context c, char \*path)

Set the path to retrieve external instruments or samples. Used by some formats (such as MED2) to read sample files from a different directory in the filesystem.

#### Parameters:

c: the player context handle.

path: the path to retrieve instrument files.

#### Returns:

0 if the instrument path was correctly set, or -XMP\_ERROR\_SYSTEM in case of error (the system error code is set in erro).

### int xmp\_get\_player(xmp\_context c, int param)

Retrieve current value of the specified player parameter.

#### Parameters:

c: the player context handle.

param: player parameter to get. Valid parameters are:

```
XMP_PLAYER_AMP
                     /* Amplification factor */
XMP_PLAYER_MIX
                    /* Stereo mixing */
XMP_PLAYER_INTERP
                    /* Interpolation type */
XMP_PLAYER_DSP
                    /* DSP effect flags */
                    /* Player flags */
XMP_PLAYER_FLAGS
XMP_PLAYER_SMIX_VOLUME /* SMIX Volume */
XMP_PLAYER_DEFPAN /* Default pan separation */
XMP_PLAYER_MODE /* Player personality */
XMP_PLAYER_MIXER_TYPE /* Current mixer (read only) */
                     /* Maximum number of mixer voices */
XMP_PLAYER_VOICES
```

#### Valid states are:

### Valid mixer types are:

See xmp\_set\_player for the rest of valid values for each parameter.

### Returns:

The parameter value, or -XMP\_ERROR\_STATE if the parameter is not XMP\_PLAYER\_STATE and the player is not in playing state.

### int xmp\_set\_player(xmp\_context c, int param, int val)

Set player parameter with the specified value.

#### Parameters:

param: player parameter to set. Valid parameters are:

```
XMP PLAYER AMP
                          /* Amplification factor */
XMP_PLAYER_MIX
                          /* Stereo mixing */
XMP_PLAYER_INTERP
                          /* Interpolation type */
                          /* DSP effect flags */
XMP_PLAYER_DSP
.._FLAGS

.._FLAGS

XMP_PLAYER_CFLAGS

XMP_PLAYER_SMPCTL

XMP_PLAYER_VOLUME

XMP_PLAYER_SMIX VOLUME

XMP_PLAYER_SMIX VOLUME
                          /* Player flags */
                          /* Player flags for current module*/
                          /* Control sample loading */
                          /* Player master volume */
XMP_PLAYER_SMIX_VOLUME /* SMIX Volume */
XMP_PLAYER_DEFPAN
                          /* Default pan separation */
XMP_PLAYER_MODE
                          /* Player personality */
XMP_PLAYER_VOICES
                          /* Maximum number of mixer voices */
```

val: the value to set. Valid values depend on the parameter being set.

#### Valid values:

- Amplification factor: ranges from 0 to 3. Default value is 1.
- Stereo mixing: percentual left/right channel separation. Default is 70.
- Interpolation type: can be one of the following values:

```
XMP_INTERP_NEAREST /* Nearest neighbor */
XMP_INTERP_LINEAR /* Linear (default) */
XMP_INTERP_SPLINE /* Cubic spline */
```

• DSP effects flags: enable or disable DSP effects. Valid effects are:

• Player flags: tweakable player parameters. Valid flags are:

- [Added in libxmp 4.1] Player flags for current module: same flags as above but after applying module-specific quirks (if any).
- [Added in libxmp 4.1] Sample control: Valid values are:

```
XMP_SMPCTL_SKIP /* Don't load samples */
```

- Disabling sample loading when loading a module allows allows computation of module duration without decompressing and loading large sample data, and is useful when duration information is needed for a module that won't be played immediately.
- [Added in libxmp 4.2] Player volumes: Set the player master volume or the external sample mixer master volume. Valid values are 0 to 100.
- [Added in libxmp 4.3] Default pan separation: percentual left/right pan separation in formats with only left and right channels. Default is 100%.

• [Added in libxmp 4.4] Player personality: The player can be forced to emulate a specific tracker in cases where the module relies on a format quirk and tracker detection fails. Valid modes are:

```
XMP_MODE_AUTO
                  /* Autodetect mode (default) */
XMP_MODE_MOD
                  /* Play as a generic MOD player */
XMP_MODE_NOISETRACKER /* Play using Noisetracker quirks */
XMP_MODE_PROTRACKER /* Play using Protracker 1/2 quirks */
XMP MODE ST3
                 /* Play using ST3 bug emulation */
XMP_MODE_ST3GUS /* Play using ST3+GUS quirks */
XMP_MODE_XM
                  /* Play as a generic XM player */
                  /* Play using FT2 bug emulation */
XMP_MODE_FT2
XMP_MODE_IT
                  /* Play using IT quirks */
XMP_MODE_ITSMP /* Play using IT sample mode quirks */
```

By default, formats similar to S3M such as PTM or IMF will use S3M replayer (without Scream Tracker 3 quirks/bug emulation), and formats similar to XM such as RTM and MDL will use the XM replayer (without FT2 quirks/bug emulation).

Multichannel MOD files will use the XM replayer, and Scream Tracker 3 MOD files will use S3M replayer with ST3 quirks. S3M files will use the most appropriate replayer according to the tracker used to create the file, and enable Scream Tracker 3 quirks and bugs only if created using ST3. XM files will be played with FT2 bugs and quirks only if created using Fast Tracker II.

Modules created with OpenMPT will be played with all bugs and quirks of the original trackers.

• [Added in libxmp 4.4] Maximum number of mixer voices: the maximum number of virtual channels that can be used to play the module. If set too high, modules with voice leaks can cause excessive CPU usage. Default is 128.

#### Returns:

0 if parameter was correctly set, -XMP\_ERROR\_INVALID if parameter or values are out of the valid ranges, or -XMP\_ERROR\_STATE if the player is not in playing state.

## **External sample mixer API**

Libxmp 4.2 includes a mini-API that can be used to add sound effects to games and similar applications, provided that you have a low latency sound system. It allows module instruments or external sample files in WAV format to be played in response to arbitrary events.

## **Example**

This example using SDL loads a module and a sound sample, plays the module as background music, and plays the sample when a key is pressed:

```
#include <SDL/SDL.h>
#include <xmp.h>
static void fill_audio(void *udata, unsigned char *stream, int len)
{
    xmp_play_buffer(udata, stream, len, 0);
}
int sound_init(xmp_context ctx, int sampling_rate, int channels)
    SDL_AudioSpec a;
    a.freq = sampling_rate;
    a.format = (AUDIO_S16);
    a.channels = channels;
    a.samples = 2048;
    a.callback = fill_audio;
    a.userdata = ctx;
    if (SDL_OpenAudio(&a, NULL) < 0) {</pre>
            fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", SDL_GetError());
            return -1;
    }
}
int video_init()
{
    if (SDL_Init(SDL_INIT_VIDEO) < 0) {</pre>
        fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", SDL_GetError());
        return -1;
    if (SDL_SetVideoMode(640, 480, 8, 0) == NULL) {
        fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", SDL_GetError());
        return -1;
    atexit(SDL_Quit);
}
int main(int argc, char **argv)
{
    SDL_Event event;
    xmp_context ctx;
    if ((ctx = xmp_create_context()) == NULL)
            return 1;
    video_init();
    sound_init(ctx, 44100, 2);
```

```
xmp_start_smix(ctx, 1, 1);
    xmp_smix_load_sample(ctx, 0, "blip.wav");
    xmp_load_module(ctx, "music.mod");
    xmp_start_player(ctx, 44100, 0);
    xmp_set_player(ctx, XMP_PLAYER_VOLUME, 40);
    SDL_PauseAudio(0);
    while (1) {
        if (SDL_WaitEvent(&event)) {
            if (event.type == SDL_KEYDOWN) {
                if (event.key.keysym.sym == SDLK_ESCAPE)
                    break;
                xmp_smix_play_sample(ctx, 0, 60, 64, 0);
            }
        }
    }
    SDL PauseAudio(1);
    xmp_end_player(ctx);
    xmp_release_module(ctx);
    xmp free context(ctx);
    xmp_end_smix(ctx);
    SDL_CloseAudio();
    return 0;
}
```

### **SMIX API reference**

### int xmp\_start\_smix(xmp\_context c, int nch, int nsmp)

Initialize the external sample mixer subsystem with the given number of reserved channels and samples.

#### Parameters:

c: the player context handle.

**nch:** number of reserved sound mixer channels (1 to 64).

nsmp: number of external samples.

### Returns:

0 if the external sample mixer system was correctly initialized, -XMP\_ERROR\_INVALID in case of invalid parameters, -XMP\_ERROR\_STATE if the player is already in playing state, or -XMP\_ERROR\_SYSTEM in case of system error (the system error code is set in errno).

### int xmp smix play instrument(xmp context c, int ins, int note, int vol, int chn)

Play a note using an instrument from the currently loaded module in one of the reserved sound mixer channels.

### Parameters:

**c:** the player context handle.

ins: the instrument to play.

**note:** the note number to play (60 = middle C).

**vol:** the volume to use (range: 0 to the maximum volume value used by the current module).

**chn:** the reserved channel to use to play the instrument.

#### Returns:

0 if the instrument was correctly played, -XMP\_ERROR\_INVALID in case of invalid parameters, or -XMP\_ERROR\_STATE if the player is not in playing state.

### int xmp\_smix\_play\_sample(xmp\_context c, int ins, int vol, int chn)

Play an external sample file in one of the reserved sound channels. The sample must have been previously loaded using xmp\_smix\_load\_sample().

#### Parameters:

c: the player context handle.

ins: the sample to play.

vol: the volume to use (0 to the maximum volume value used by the current module.

**chn:** the reserved channel to use to play the sample.

#### Returns:

0 if the sample was correctly played, -XMP\_ERROR\_INVALID in case of invalid parameters, or -XMP\_ERROR\_STATE if the player is not in playing state.

### int xmp\_smix\_channel\_pan(xmp\_context c, int chn, int pan)

Set the reserved channel pan value.

#### Parameters:

c: the player context handle.

chn: the reserved channel number.

pan: the pan value to set (0 to 255).

#### Returns:

0 if the pan value was set, or -XMP\_ERROR\_INVALID if parameters are invalid.

### int xmp\_smix\_load\_sample(xmp\_context c, int num, char \*path)

Load a sound sample from a file. Samples should be in mono WAV (RIFF) format.

#### Parameters:

**c:** the player context handle.

num: the slot number of the external sample to load.

path: pathname of the file to load.

#### Returns:

0 if the sample was correctly loaded, -XMP\_ERROR\_INVALID if the sample slot number is invalid (not reserved using xmp\_start\_smix()), -XMP\_ERROR\_FORMAT if the file format is unsupported, or -XMP\_ERROR\_SYSTEM in case of system error (the system error code is set in erro).

### int xmp\_smix\_release\_sample(xmp\_context c, int num)

Release memory allocated by an external sample in the specified player context.

#### Parameters:

c: the player context handle.

**num:** the sample slot number to release.

#### Returns:

0 if memory was correctly released, or -XMP\_ERROR\_INVALID if the sample slot number is invalid.

## void xmp\_end\_smix(xmp\_context c)

Deinitialize and resease memory used by the external sample mixer subsystem.

### Parameters:

**c:** the player context handle.