Imagerie 3D Compte rendu TP2

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1 Architecture

1.1 Classe Voxel

Un voxel est définit par son centre et par sa taille.

```
class Voxel {
 1
3
      Point center;
      float sizeX;
5
      float sizeY;
      float sizeZ;
7
      VALUE value;
      \label{toy-condition} \mbox{Voxel(float x, float y, float z, VALUE value) } \{
9
         this->value = value;
11
         center.set(x,y,z);
13
       . . .
```

1.2 Classe trianle

Un voxel est définit par 3 coordonées

```
class Triangle {

Point p1;
Point p2;
Point p3;
6 ...
```

1.3 Méthodes de la classe Voxel

A partir d'un voxel, les méthodes suivantes sont définies :

- Point* getSommets() Retourne la position des 8 sommets du voxel
- Point* getAdj() Retourne la position des 6 voxels adjacent (les centres)
- Point* getTriangles(int numeroFace) Retourne les deux triangle de la face numéro N (de 0 à 6)

1.4 Alogrithme général

La fonction retourne la liste des triangles générés.

```
vector<Triangle> seuillage(Image img, int seuil) {

vector<Triangle> out;

// Parcours de l'image
for (int i = 0; i < img.sizeX; ++i) {
    for (int j = 0; j < img.sizeY; ++j) {
        for (int k = 0; k < img.sizeZ; ++k) {

// Calcul du voxel
        VALUE value = img.getValue(i,j,k);</pre>
```

```
12
            Voxel v(i,j,k, value);
            if (v.getValue() > seuil) {
14
16
               // Parcours des voisins
              for (auto adj : v.getAdj() {
18
                if (img.getValue(adj.x,adj.y,adj.z) < seuil) {</pre>
                   // Calcul des triangles
20
                   Triangle* triangles = v.getTriangles(face);
22
                   out.push_back(triangles[0]);
                   out.push_back(triangles[1]);
24
26
28
      }
30
      return out;
   }
```

1.5 Ecriture dans fichier

Pour retranscrire les triangles dans un fichier, on ajoute une méthode toString dans Triangle :

On affiche toString() sur chacun des triangles de sortie, et on redirige la sortie standard vers un fichier STL à l'excutation du fichier binaire..

2 Résultats

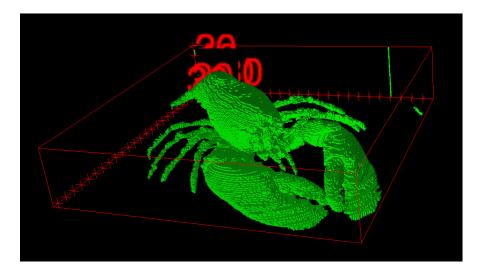


FIGURE 1 – Whatisit sous FIGI

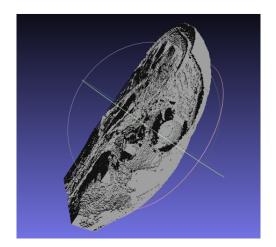


FIGURE 2 – Brainix sous MeshLab

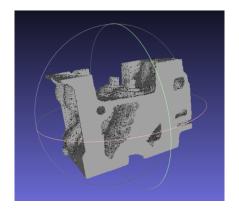


Figure 3 – Engine, seuil 100 sous Mesh Lab

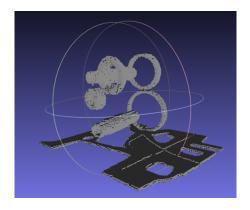


Figure 4 – Engine, seuil 200 sous MeshLab

3 Code source

3.1 Librairie

```
1
  #ifndef VOXEL_PPM
   #define VOXEL_PPM
3
   #include <iostream>
5 | #include <stdlib.h>
   #include <stdio.h>
  #include <string>
   #include <math.h>
  #include "Image.h"
11 typedef unsigned short VALUE;
13 using namespace std;
   class Point {
15
   public:
17
     float x;
     float y;
19
     float z;
21
     Point() {
       set(0,0,0);
23
25
     Point(float x, float y, float z) {
       set(x,y,z);
27
     void set(float x, float y, float z) {
29
       this->x = x;
31
       this->y = y;
       this ->z = z;
33
35
     string toString() {
       char s[250];
       sprintf(s, "%f %f %f", x, y, z);
37
```

```
return s;
39
     }
   };
41
   class Triangle {
43
   public:
     Point p1;
     Point p2;
45
     Point p3;
47
     string toString() {
49
       string s = "facet normal 0 0 0\n";
       s += "outer loop\n";
       s += "vertex "+p1.toString() +"\n";
51
       s += "vertex "+p2.toString() +"\n";
       s += "vertex "+p3.toString() +"\n";
53
       s += "endloop\nendfacet";
55
       return s;
     }
57
   };
59
61
   class Voxel {
   public:
63
     Point center;
65
     float sizeX;
     float sizeY;
67
     float sizeZ;
     VALUE value;
69
     Voxel(float x, float y, float z, VALUE value) {
       this->value = value;
71
       center.set(x,y,z);
73
       sizeX = 1;
       sizeY = 1;
75
       sizeZ = 1;
77
     Point* getSommets() {
79
       Point* sommets = new Point[8];
       sommets[0].set(center.x -sizeX/2, center.y -sizeY/2, center.z -sizeZ/2)
       sommets[1].set(center.x +sizeX/2, center.y -sizeY/2, center.z -sizeZ/2)
81
        sommets[2].set(center.x +sizeX/2, center.y +sizeY/2, center.z -sizeZ/2)
        sommets[3].set(center.x -sizeX/2, center.y +sizeY/2, center.z -sizeZ/2)
83
       sommets[4].set(center.x -sizeX/2, center.y -sizeY/2, center.z +sizeZ/2)
85
       sommets[5].set(center.x +sizeX/2, center.y -sizeY/2, center.z +sizeZ/2)
       sommets[6].set(center.x +sizeX/2, center.y +sizeY/2, center.z +sizeZ/2)
87
        sommets[7].set(center.x -sizeX/2, center.y +sizeY/2, center.z +sizeZ/2)
        return sommets;
     }
89
```

```
91
      // Num\widetilde{A}@ro de la face de 0 \widetilde{A} 5
      Triangle* getTriangles(int nFace) {
93
         Triangle* triangles = new Triangle[2];
        Point* sommets = getSommets();
        switch (nFace) {
97
           case 0: // Droite
             triangles[0].p1 = sommets[1];
             triangles[0].p2 = sommets[2];
99
             triangles[0].p3 = sommets[5];
101
             triangles[1].p1 = sommets[2];
             triangles[1].p2 = sommets[6];
             triangles[1].p3 = sommets[5];
103
             break;
           case 1: // Gauche
105
             triangles[0].p1 = sommets[4];
107
             triangles[0].p2 = sommets[3];
             triangles[0].p3 = sommets[0];
             triangles[1].p1 = sommets[4];
109
             triangles[1].p2 = sommets[6];
             triangles[1].p3 = sommets[3];
111
             break;
           case 2: // {\it Derri} \tilde{\it A} "re
113
             triangles[0].p1 = sommets[6];
115
             triangles[0].p2 = sommets[2];
             triangles[0].p3 = sommets[3];
117
             triangles[1].p1 = sommets[6];
             triangles[1].p2 = sommets[3];
119
             triangles[1].p3 = sommets[7];
             break;
           case 3: // Devant
121
             triangles[0].p1 = sommets[0];
             triangles[0].p2 = sommets[1];
123
             triangles[0].p3 = sommets[5];
             triangles[1].p1 = sommets[0];
125
             triangles[1].p2 = sommets[5];
127
             triangles[1].p3 = sommets[4];
             break;
129
           case 4: // Haut
             triangles[0].p1 = sommets[4];
131
             triangles[0].p2 = sommets[5];
             triangles[0].p3 = sommets[6];
             triangles[1].p1 = sommets[6];
133
             triangles[1].p2 = sommets[7];
135
             triangles[1].p3 = sommets[4];
             break;
137
           case 5: // Bas
             triangles[0].p1 = sommets[3];
             triangles[0].p2 = sommets[2];
139
             triangles[0].p3 = sommets[1];
             triangles[1].p1 = sommets[3];
141
             triangles[1].p2 = sommets[1];
             triangles[1].p3 = sommets[0];
143
             break;
        }
145
147
        return triangles;
149
      Point* getAdj() {
        Point* voxels = new Point[6];
151
```

```
voxels[0].set(center.x + 1, center.y, center.z);
voxels[1].set(center.x - 1, center.y, center.z);
voxels[2].set(center.x, center.y + 1, center.z);
voxels[3].set(center.x, center.y - 1, center.z);
voxels[4].set(center.x, center.y, center.z + 1);
voxels[5].set(center.x, center.y, center.z - 1);
return voxels;
}

#endif
#endif
```

3.2 Algorithme de seuillage

```
#ifndef IMAGETOOLS_PPM
   #define IMAGETOOLS_PPM
  #include <iostream>
   #include <stdlib.h>
   #include <stdio.h>
   #include <string.h>
   #include <math.h>
   #include "Image.h"
   #include "Voxel.h"
   #include <Vector>
12
   vector<Triangle> seuillage(Image img, int seuil) {
14
     vector < Triangle > out;
16
      for (int i = 0; i < img.sizeX; ++i) {</pre>
        for (int j = 0; j < img.sizeY; ++j) {
18
          for (int k = 0; k < img.sizeZ; ++k) {
20
            VALUE value = img.getValue(i,j,k);
            Voxel v(i,j,k, value);
22
            if (value > seuil) {
              Point* adjs = v.getAdj();
              for (int face = 0; face < 6; ++face) {</pre>
24
                Point adj = adjs[face];
26
                VALUE valueADJ = img.getValue(adj.x,adj.y,adj.z);
                if (valueADJ < seuil) {</pre>
28
                   Triangle* triangles = v.getTriangles(face);
                   out.push_back(triangles[0]);
                   out.push_back(triangles[1]);
30
32
            }
          }
34
        }
     }
36
     return out;
38
   void print(vector<Triangle> tab) {
     for (auto var : tab) {
42
       cout << var.toString() << endl;</pre>
```

```
44 | } #endif
```

3.3 Fichier main

```
1 | #include "../lib/Image.h"
                    #include "../lib/Voxel.h"
    3 | #include "../lib/ImageTools.h"
                    #include <iostream>
    5
              #include <algorithm>
   7
               using namespace std;
    9
                    void printModel(const char* path, int seuil, int sizeX, int sizeY, int
                                      sizeZ) {
                              Image in(sizeX, sizeY, sizeZ);
11
                              in.load(path);
                             cout << "solid name" << endl;</pre>
13
                              vector < Triangle > triangles = seuillage(in, seuil);
                             print(triangles);
                             cout << "endsolid name" << endl;</pre>
15
17
                    int main() {
                             //print \textit{Model (".../ressources/BRAINIX/brainix.256x256x100.0.9375x0.9375x1)}
19
                                                   .5. img", 200, 256, 256, 100);
                              printModel("../ressources/MANIX/manixSansIV.512x512x48.0.4570x0.4570x3.0.
                                                 img", 1250, 512, 512, 48);
                               //print \textit{Model (".../ressources/BEAUFIX/beaufix.448x576x72.0.6250x0.6250x1.4.
21
                                                   img", 120, 576, 72, 448);
                                //print Model ("../ressources/WHATISIT/what is it.301x324x56.1.1.1.4.img", the state of the st
                                                   50, 301, 324, 56);
23
                                //print \texttt{Model} ("../ressources/engine/engine.256x256x128.1x1x1.img", 200, and also follows: \texttt{Model} ("../ressources/engine/engine.256x256x128.1x1x1.img"), and also follows: \texttt{Model} ("../ressources/engine.256x256x128.1x1x1.img"), and also follows: \texttt{Model} ("../ressources/engine.256x128.1x1x1.img"), and also follows: \texttt{Model} 
                                                   256, 256, 128);
                    }
```