## Exercise 1

- **a**)
- b)

Scan Conversion is the process where the different polygons converted to pixels.

**c**)

Only a quarter of the circle needs to be specified. The quarter can be mirrored twice in order to calculated the complete circle.

The implicit function F(x,y) for the given segment of the circle is the following

$$F(x,y) = x^2 + y^2 - r$$

where r is about 2.8 because the origin of the circle is in the middle and a complete quarter of the circle is given. The value of r is extracted of the picture.

1. Step Initialize d

$$\begin{array}{rcl} d & = & F(M) \\ & = & F(x+1,y-\frac{1}{2}) \\ & = & (x+1)^2 + (y-\frac{1}{2})^2 - r \end{array}$$

In the first step is  $x_1 = 0$  and  $y_1 = 3$ . With r = 2.8,  $d = 1^2 + (1.5)^2 - 2.8$ , so d = 0.45 > 0. The algorithm chooses (E).

2. Step

$$d_{new} = F(x_1 + 2, y_1 - \frac{3}{2})$$

$$= 2^2 + 0.5^2 - 2.8$$

$$= 2^2 + 0.5^2 - 2.8$$