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In [9]: import scipy.special as sc
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [10]: def comb(n, k):
             return sc.comb(n, k, exact=True)
         def get_hamming_border(n, k):
             t = 0
             cur_sum = comb(n, t)
             while cur_sum + comb(n, t + 1) \leq 2 ** (n - k):
                 cur_sum += comb(n, t + 1)
                 t += 1
             return t * 2 + 2
         def get hilbert_border(n, k):
             if (n == k):
                 return 1
             prev_prev_d = 0
             cur_sum = comb(n - 1, prev_prev_d)
             while cur_sum + comb(n - 1, prev_prev_d + 1) < 2 ** (n - k):
                 cur_sum += comb(n - 1, prev_prev_d + 1)
                 prev_prev_d += 1
             return prev prev d + 2
In [11]: ns = list(range(8, 41, 2))
         ks = [n / 2 for n in ns]
         ds = [4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 6, 6, 7, 8, 7, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 9, 10]
         hammings = []
         hilberts = []
In [12]: for n, k, d in zip(ns, ks, ds):
             hamming = get_hamming_border(n, k)
             hilbert = get_hilbert_border(n, k)
             hammings.append(hamming)
             hilberts.append(hilbert)
In [14]: plt.figure(figsize=(16,9))
         plt.grid(linestyle='--')
         plt.plot(ns, ds, linestyle='-',marker='.',color='g', label='Минимальное расстояние')
         plt.plot(ns, hammings, linestyle='-',marker='.',color='r', label='Граница Хэмминга')
         plt.plot(ns, hilberts, linestyle='-',marker='.',color='b', label='Граниица Варшамова-Гильберта')
         plt.xlabel('Длина кода(n)')
         plt.ylabel('Значение минимального расстояния')
         plt.legend()
         plt.show()
               Минимальное расстояние
                Граниица Варшамова-Гильберта
                                                      20
                                                               Длина кода(n)
```

In [ ]: