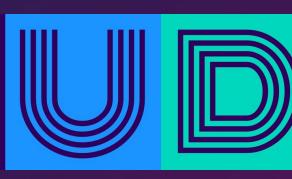
Introducing



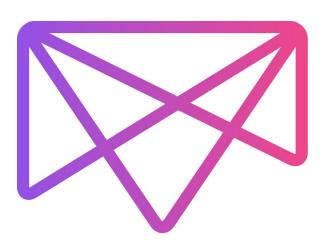




Kubernetes Operators The Easy Way

Matt Jarvis, Senior Director - Open Source Program Office

- Open Source Program Office @ Mesosphere
- Building stuff with open source software for ~20 years
- Ops, Dev and Dev/Ops
- Relatively new to Kubernetes
- ... but not new to Ops



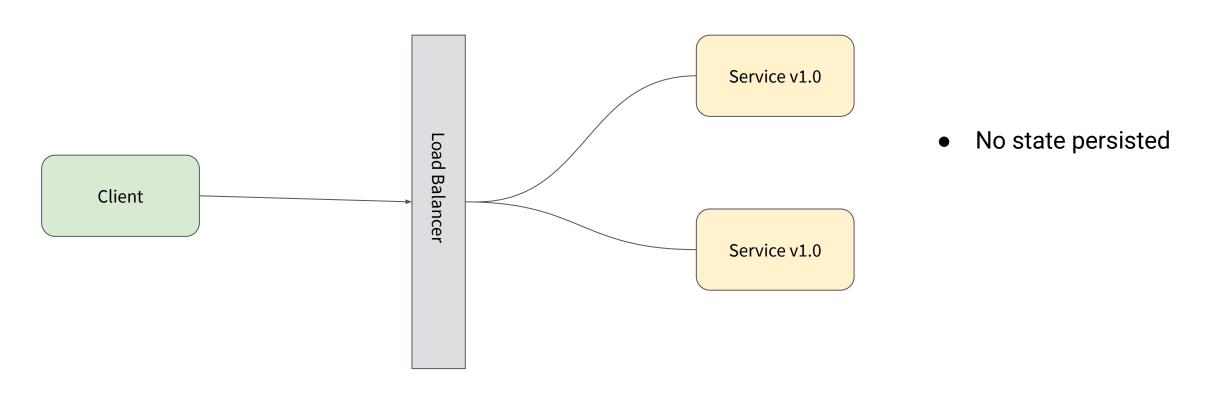


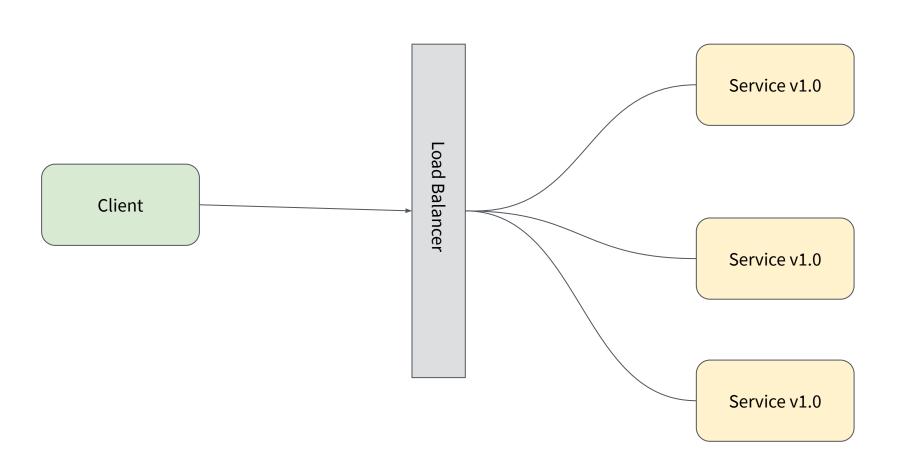
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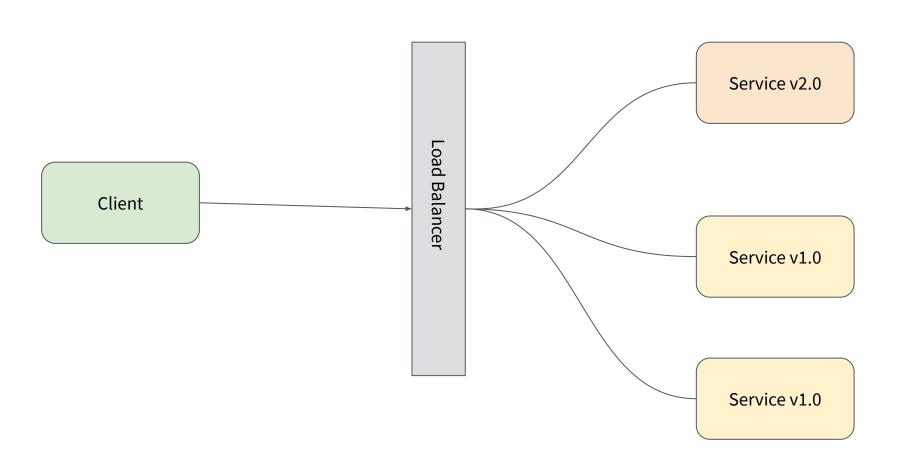




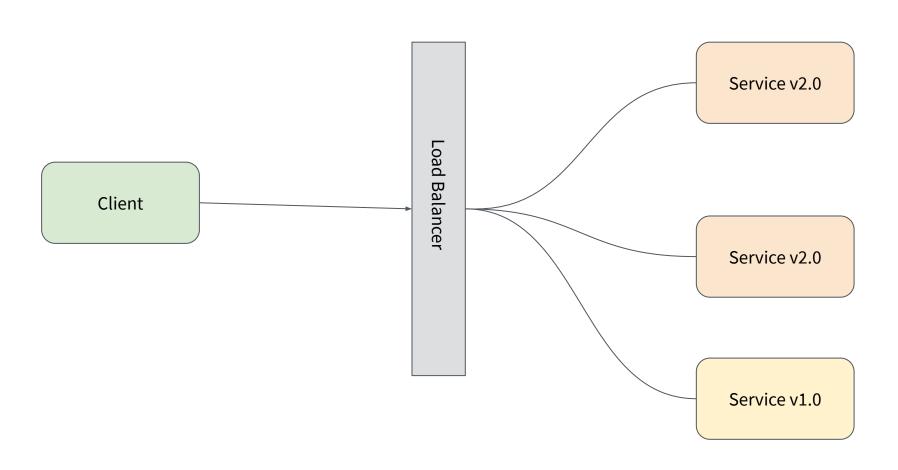




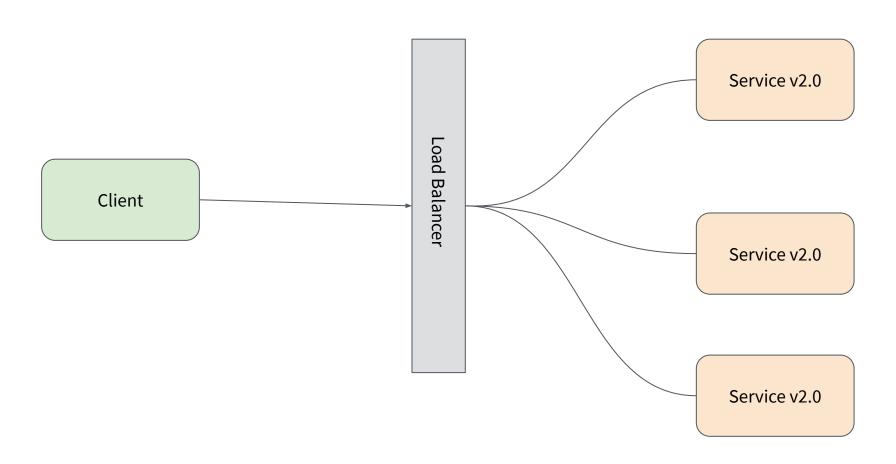
- No state persisted
- Easy to scale up / down



- No state persisted
- Easy to scale up / down

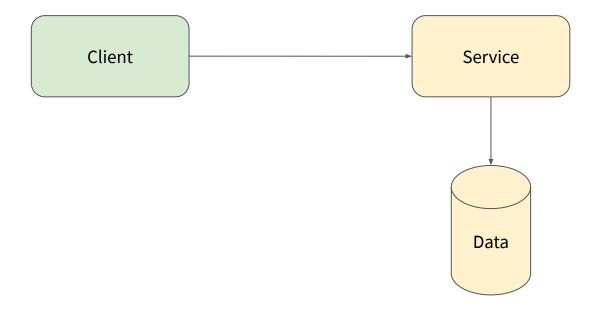


- No state persisted
- Easy to scale up / down

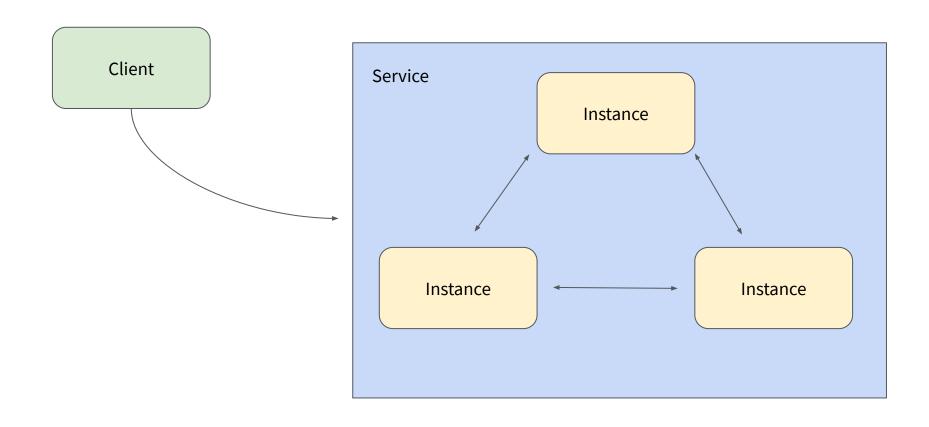


- No state persisted
- Easy to scale up/down
- Straightforward to upgrade

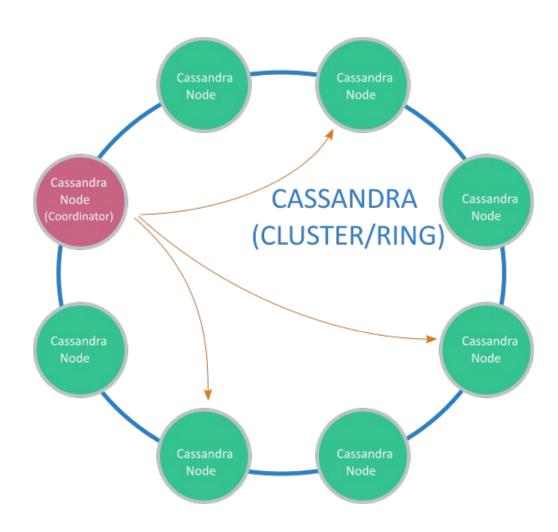
Stateful Applications



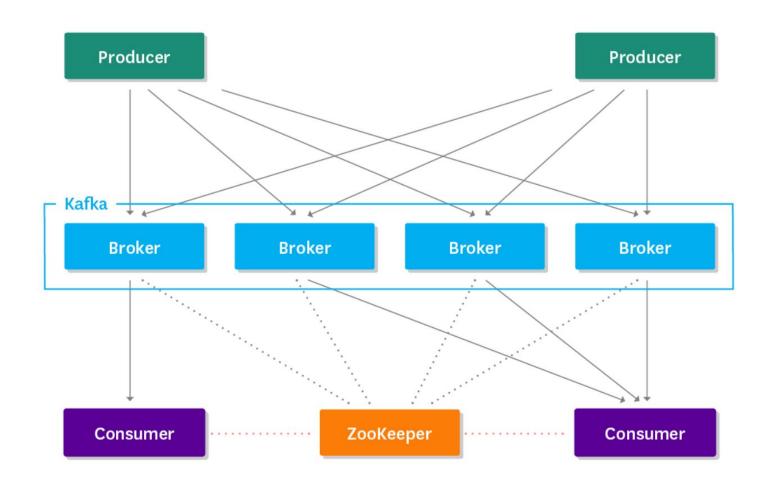
Stateful Applications



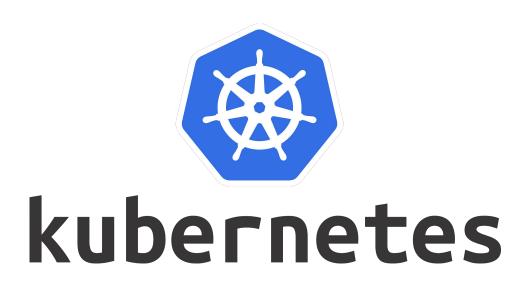
Distributed Stateful Applications



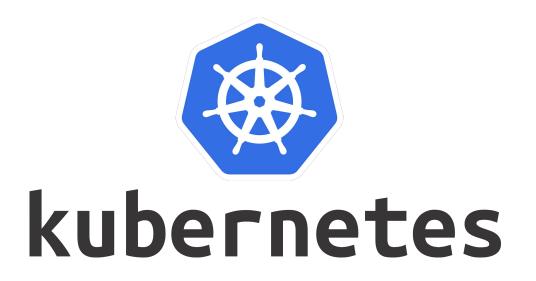
Distributed Stateful Applications



Kubernetes

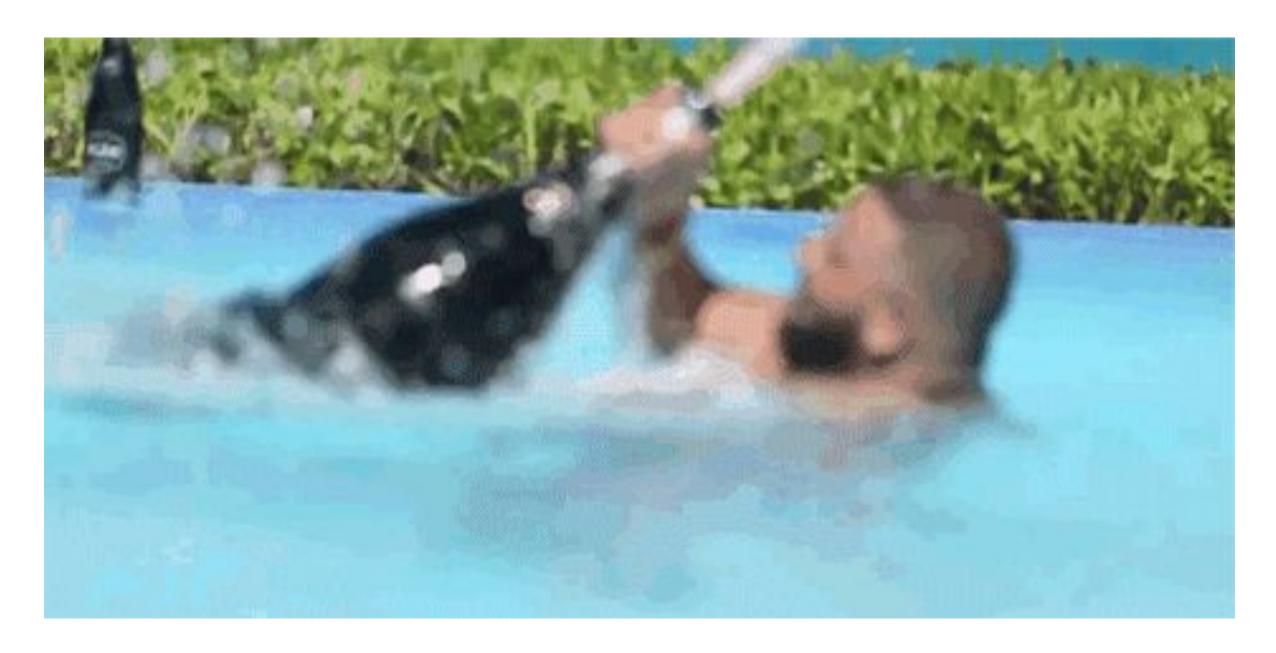


- Focused initially for purely stateless workloads
- Scheduler can move pods around

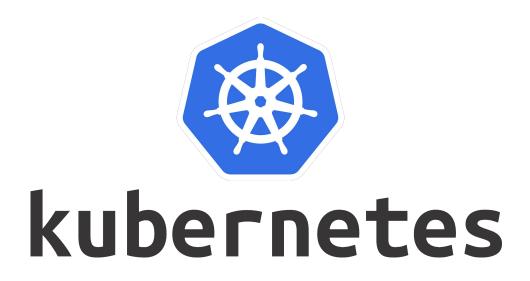


StatefulSets are valuable for applications that require one or more of the following:

- Stable, unique network identifiers.
- Stable, persistent storage.
- Ordered, graceful deployment and scaling.
- Ordered, graceful deletion and termination.
- Ordered, automated rolling updates.



Kubernetes





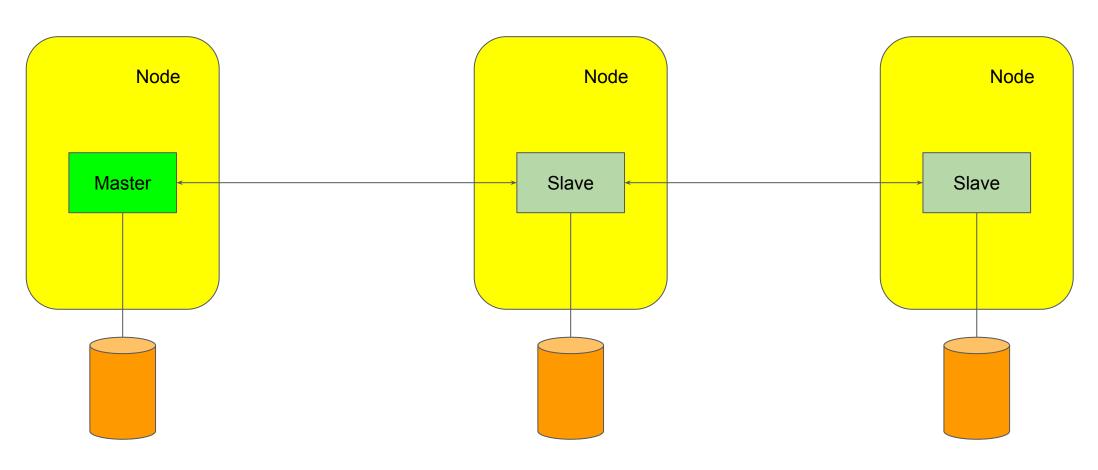


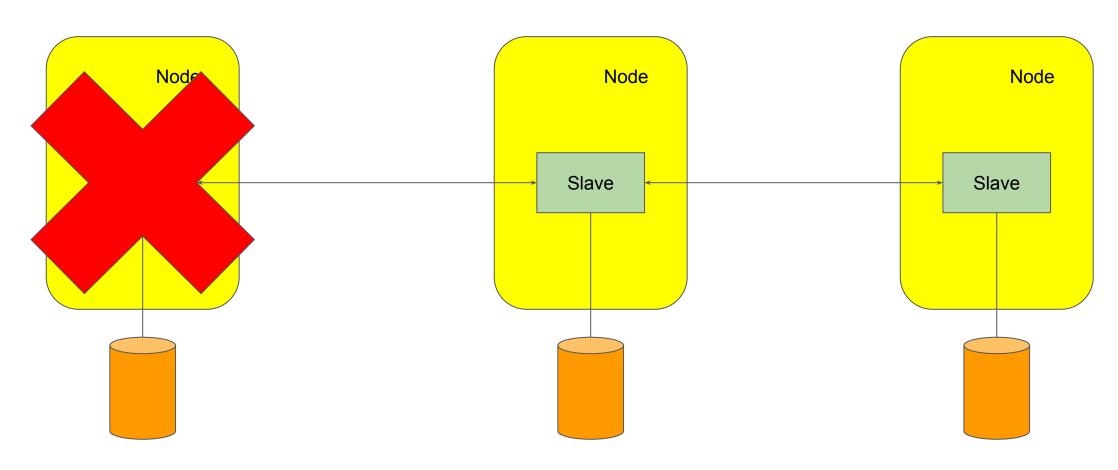
I'm always going to recommend people exercise extreme caution when running stateful workloads on Kubernetes. Most people who are asking "can I run stateful workloads on Kubernetes" don't have much experience with Kubernetes and often times the workload they are asking about.

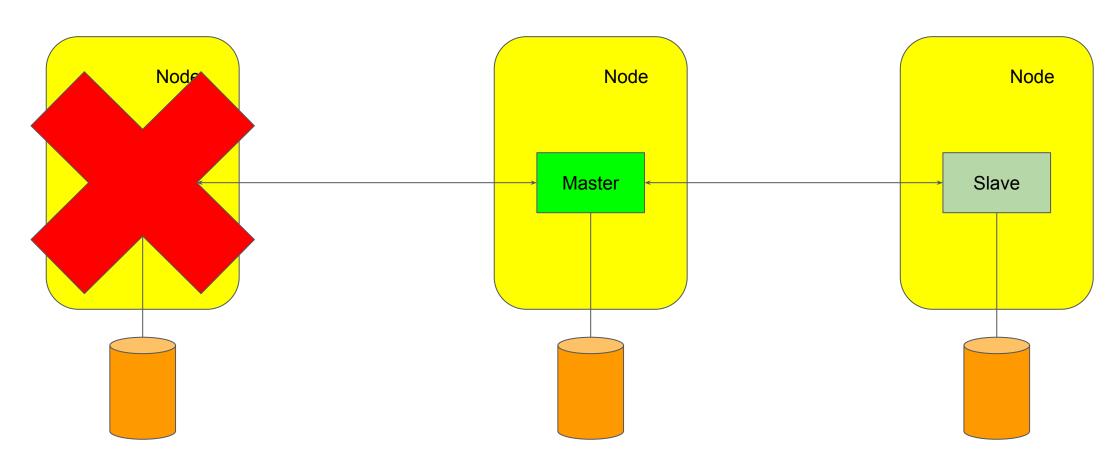
3:10 AM - 24 Mar 2019

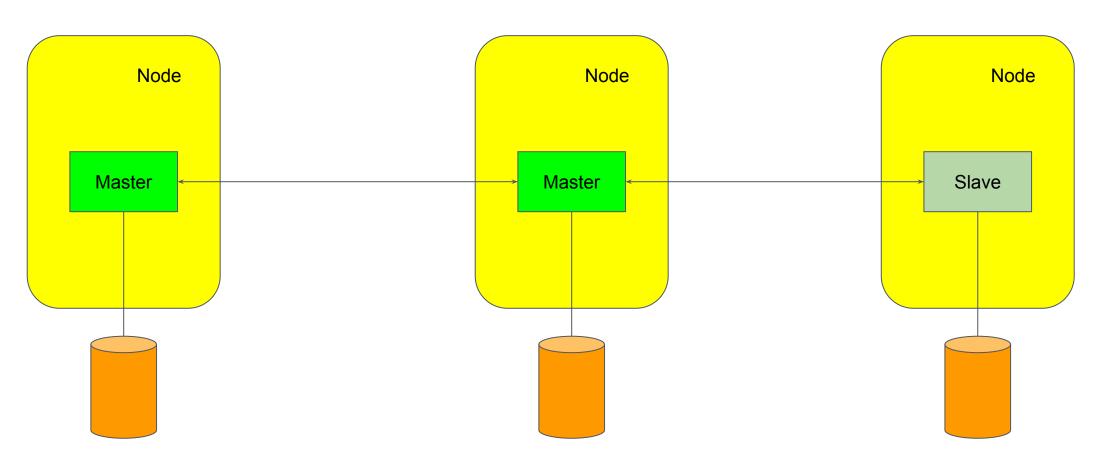
286 Retweets 901 Likes

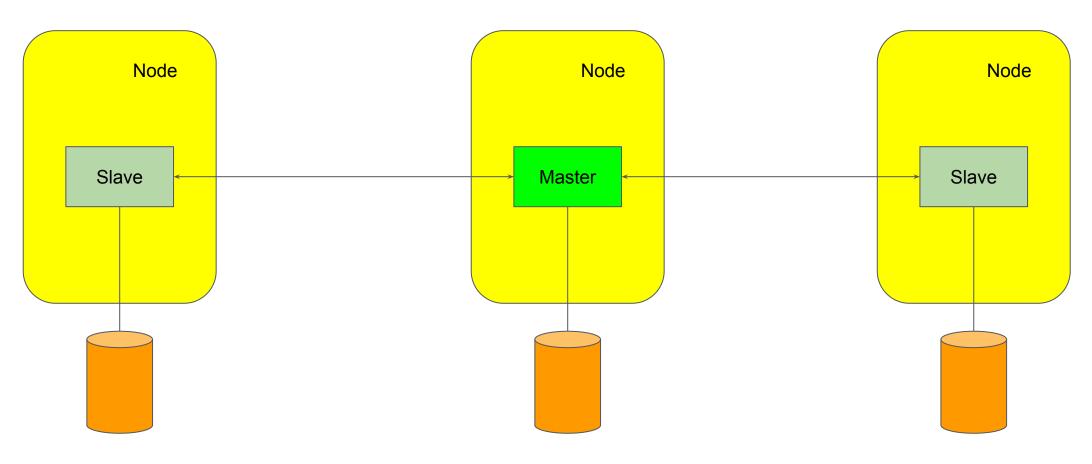


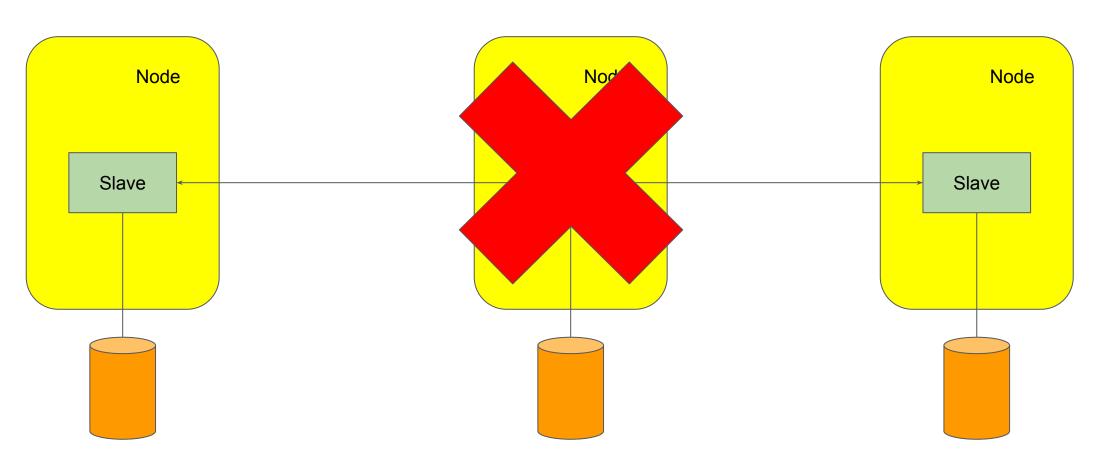












Operators



- Orchestrate stateful applications using K8s API
- Extend API using Custom Resource Definitions
- Encode domain specific operational knowledge
 - Upgrades
 - Failure and Recovery Scenarios
 - Scaling up/down
- Purpose built per application

Operators



CRD CRD CRD

- Operator manages and monitors lifecycle
- CRD's represent application elements / actions

```
apiVersion:
mysql.presslabs.org/v1alph
a1
kind: MysqlCluster
metadata:
   name: my-cluster
spec:
   replicas: 2
   secretName: my-secret

$ kubectl apply -f mysql-cluster.yaml
```

Developing Operators

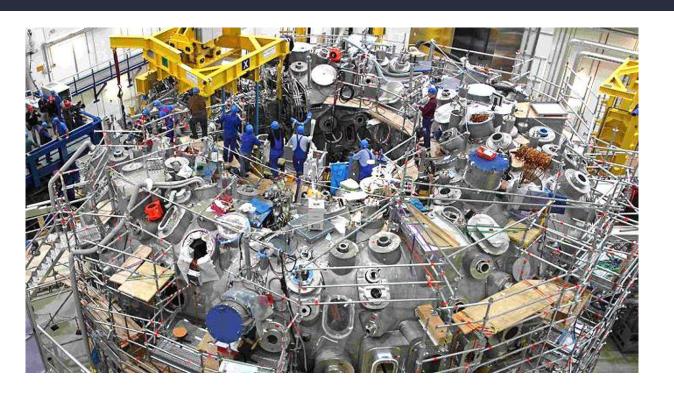
Operator Framework

- RedHat / IBM project
- Implement using Ansible, Helm charts, or Go
- Existing implementations often don't cover the entire lifecycle
- Ansible and Helm are limited. Go requires 1,000s of lines of controller code

Kubebuilder

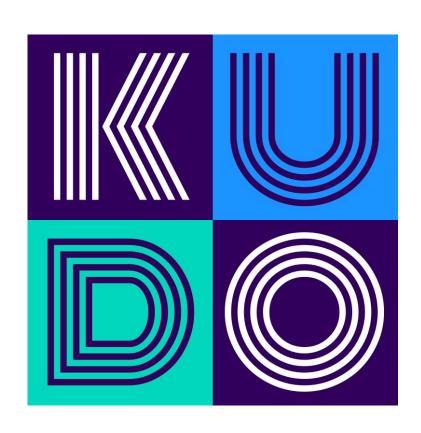
- Kubernetes SIG API Machinery sub-project
- Operators written in Go with a focus on code generation
- Existing implementations often don't cover the entire lifecycle

Developing Operators



- Operators require deep knowledge of Kubernetes internals
- May require thousands of lines of code

KUDO



- Kubernetes Universal Declarative Operator
 - Universal operator configured via YAML
 - Encodes commonality and reuse between lifecycle operations
 - Provide 'Plans' as a way of sequencing and abstracting
- OS project licensed as Apache 2.0
- Open Development model
- "KUDO make me a sandwich"

Operator Development

Operator Framework

- RedHat / IBM project
- Implement using Ansible, Helm charts, or Go
- Existing implementations often don't cover the entire lifecycle
- Ansible and Helm are limited. Go requires 1,000s of lines of controller code

Kubebuilder

- Kubernetes SIG API Machinery sub-project
- Operators written in Go with a focus on code generation
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KUDO

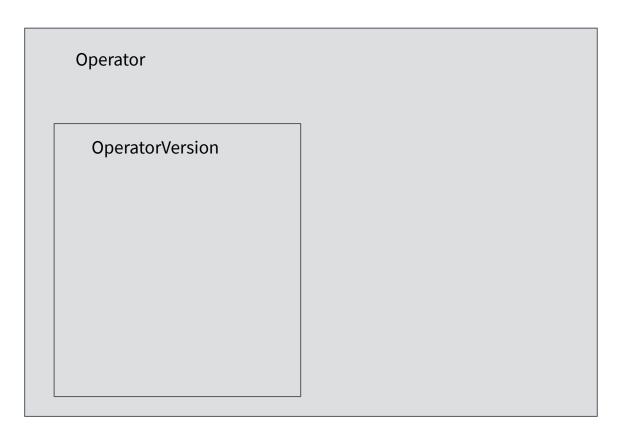
- Universal Operator
- Built using community projects (Kubebuilder, Kustomize, ...)
- Write Operators as templated YAML manifests
- Provide high level CRDs that represent workloads
- Focused on higher level coordination of software lifecycles
- "Day 2 Operators"

KUDO Concepts - 'Operator'



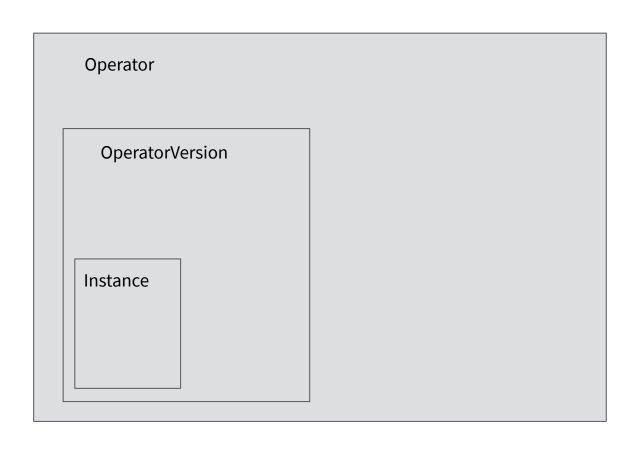
- High level description of a deployable service
- A deployable service can be anything that you'd want to run on your cluster
- Represented as a CRD object

KUDO Concepts - 'OperatorVersion'



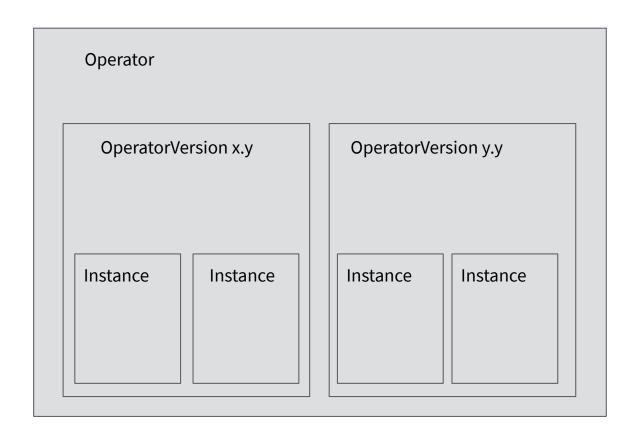
- Implementation of an Operator
- Specific version of a deployable application
- Contains parameters, objects, plans

KUDO Concepts - 'Instance'



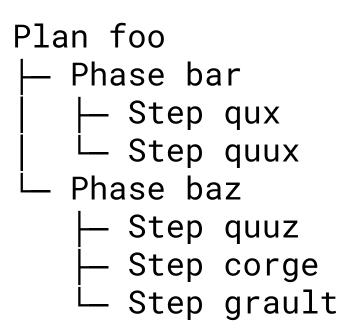
- Ties application instantiation to an OperatorVersion
- Once created, renders parameters in templates such as services, pods or StatefulSets
- Can create multiple instances of an OperatorVersion within your cluster

KUDO Concepts - 'Instance'



- Ties application instantiation to an OperatorVersion
- Once created, renders parameters in templates such as services, pods or StatefulSets
- Can create multiple instances of an OperatorVersion within your cluster

Kudo Concepts - 'Plan'



- Orchestrate tasks through phases and steps
- A structured 'runbook' which can then be executed by software
- Typically define several plans:
 - Deploy
 - Backup
 - Restore
 - Upgrade
- Phases and steps can be run serial or parallel

Kudo Concepts - 'PlanExecution'

- Defines inputs and status of an instance's executable plans
- Each execution of a Plan has its own CRD

Kudo - CLI

CLI extension to kubectl

```
# Install a KUDO package from the official GitHub repo.
kubectl kudo install <name> [flags]

# View plan history of a specific package
kubectl kudo plan history <name> [flags]

# View all plan history of a specific package
kubectl kudo plan history [flags]

# List instances
kubectl kudo list instances [flags]

# View plan status
kubectl kudo plan status [flags]
```

KUDO Operator Examples - Plans

```
plans:
  deploy:
    strategy: serial
    phases:
      - name: deploy
                                                            Serial or parallel
        strategy: serial
        steps:
          - name: deploy
            tasks:
            - deploy
          - name: init
            tasks:
            - init
          - name: cleanup
            tasks:
            - init
            delete: true
  backup:
    strategy: serial
                                                            Serial or parallel
    phases:
      - name: backup
        strategy: serial
        steps:
          - name: pv
            tasks:
            - pv
          - name: backup
                                                            Tasks can be reused in multiple plans
            tasks:
            - backup
          - name: cleanup
            tasks:
            - backup
            delete: true
  restore:
    strategy: serial
    phases:
      - name: restore
        strategy: serial
```

KUDO Operator Examples - Tasks

```
tasks:
 deploy:
    resources:
    service.yaml ◀
    - pdb.yaml
   - configmap.yaml
   - statefulset.yaml
templates:
 service.yaml:
    apiVersion: v1
    kind: Service
   metadata:
      name: svc
   spec:
     ports:
     - port: {{ .Params.BROKER_PORT }}
        name: server
     clusterIP: None
     selector:
       app: kafka
       instance: {{ .Name }}
 pdb.yaml:
    apiVersion: policy/v1beta1
    kind: PodDisruptionBudget
   metadata:
     name: pdb
    spec:
     selector:
       matchLabels:
          app: kafka
         instance: {{ .Name }}
     minAvailable: 2
```

Go / Sprig templated K8s objects

KUDO Operator - Parameters

```
parameters:
                                                           Define parameter
name: BROKER_COUNT
  description: "Number of brokers spun up for Kafka"
  default: "3"
  displayName: "Broker Count"
- name: BROKER CPUS
  description: "CPUs allocated to the Kafka Broker pods"
                                                               Default value
  default: "200m"
name: BROKER MEM
  description: "Memory (limit) allocated to the Kafka Broker pods"
  default: "200m"
- name: BROKER PORT
  description: "Port brokers run on"
  default: "9093"
- name: KAFKA NUM PARTITIONS
  description: "Number of partitions for Kafka topics"
  default: "3"

    name: KAFKA ZOOKEEPER URI

  description:
    host and port information for Zookeeper connection.
    e.g. zk:2181,zk2:2181,zk3:2181
  required: true
- name: KAFKA ZOOKEEPER PATH
  description: "Path inside of KAFKA ZOOKEEPER URI to host data"
  default: "/kafka"
- name: KAFKA AUTO CREATE TOPICS ENABLE
  default: "true"
```

KUDO Operator Examples - Instance

```
apiVersion: kudo.k8s.io/v1alpha1
                                                                Currently a single CRD for Instantiations of a
kind: OperatorVersion
                                                                 OperatorVersion
metadata:
 labels:
    controller-tools.k8s.io: "1.0"
 name: kafka-2.11-2.4.0
 namespace: default
spec:
 serviceSpec:
 version: "2.11-2.4.0"
                                                        Reference Operator Version to use
  connectionString: ""
  operator:
   name: kafka
    kind: Operator
                                                           Define parameters for instance
  parameters:
 name: BROKER COUNT
   description: "Number of brokers spun up for Kafka"
   default: "3"
   displayName: "Broker Count"
 - name: BROKER CPUS
   description: "CPUs allocated to the Kafka Broker pods"
   default: "200m"
  - name: BROKER MEM
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     host and port information for Zookeeper connection.
     e.g. zk:2181, zk2:2181, zk3:2181
   required: true
```

DEMO





KUDO Futures - Dynamic CRD's

- Create new CRD's during runtime operation
- Update existing CRD's

```
$ kubectl kudo update-parameter-trigger --framework kafka \
    --framework-version 1.1 --parameter IMAGE_TAG blue-green

Update successful. IMAGE_TAG updates will now trigger the 
`blue-green` plan

$ kubectl apply -f new-plan.yaml 
plan.kafka.kudo.dev/latest blue-green created
```

KUDO Futures - Dynamic CRD's

- Represent components as first-class Kubernetes objects
- Represent operations as first-class Kubernetes objects
 - Kind: Kafka
 - Kind: Topic
 - Kind: User
 - Backup
 - maxAge: 24h
 - Backup / Restore
 - Index

KUDO Futures - Framework Extensions

Framework Developer Maintained

ACME Corp Maintained

MySQL

"Standard" infrastructure, plans, CRDs, etc.

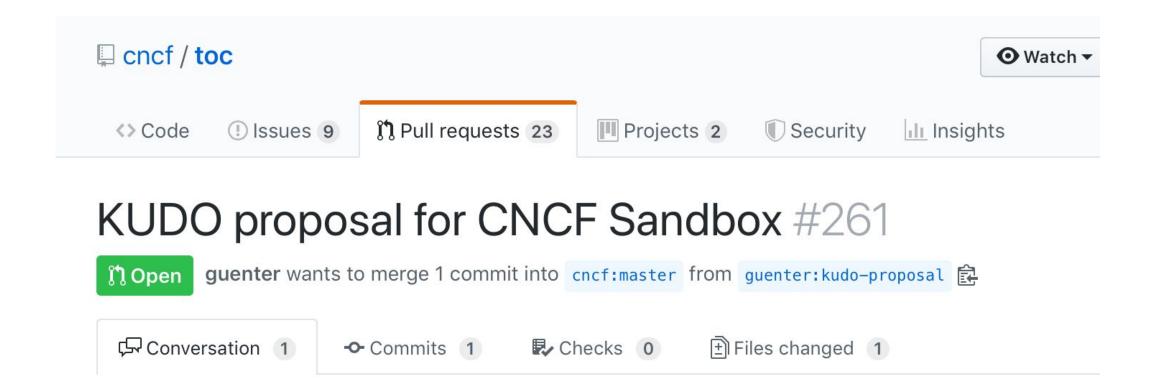
MySQL + GKE

Istio, Cloud Storage, GCP Security Rules, StackDriver Monitoring, etc.

ACME Corp

ACME specific plans. Network policy, special operations, cached queries, custom functions, etc.

Future - CNCF



Get Involved!



https://kudo.dev/



https://github.com/kudobuilder/kudo



#kudo http://slack.k8s.io/



https://groups.google.com/forum/#!forum/kudobuilder



Community Meeting - weekly Thursdays 10am PT