

## Educational Codeforces Round 16

### A. King Moves

time limit per test: 1 second

memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

input: standard input

output: standard output

The only king stands on the standard chess board. You are given his position in format " $cd$ ", where  $c$  is the column from 'a' to 'h' and  $d$  is the row from '1' to '8'. Find the number of moves permitted for the king.

Check the king's moves here [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/King\\_\(chess\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/King_(chess)).

King moves from the position e4

#### Input

The only line contains the king's position in the format " $cd$ ", where 'c' is the column from 'a' to 'h' and 'd' is the row from '1' to '8'.

#### Output

Print the only integer  $x$  — the number of moves permitted for the king.

#### Example

input
e4
output
8

## B. Optimal Point on a Line

time limit per test: 1 second

memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

input: standard input

output: standard output

You are given  $n$  points on a line with their coordinates  $x_i$ . Find the point  $x$  so the sum of distances to the given points is minimal.

### Input

The first line contains integer  $n$  ( $1 \leq n \leq 3 \cdot 10^5$ ) — the number of points on the line.

The second line contains  $n$  integers  $x_i$  ( $-10^9 \leq x_i \leq 10^9$ ) — the coordinates of the given  $n$  points.

### Output

Print the only integer  $x$  — the position of the optimal point on the line. If there are several optimal points print the position of the leftmost one. It is guaranteed that the answer is always the integer.

### Example

input
4 1 2 3 4
output
2

# C. Magic Odd Square

time limit per test: 1 second  
memory limit per test: 256 megabytes  
input: standard input  
output: standard output

Find an  $n \times n$  matrix with different numbers from 1 to  $n^2$ , so the sum in each row, column and both main diagonals are odd.

## Input

The only line contains odd integer  $n$  ( $1 \leq n \leq 49$ ).

## Output

Print  $n$  lines with  $n$  integers. All the integers should be different and from 1 to  $n^2$ . The sum in each row, column and both main diagonals should be odd.

## Examples

input
1
output
1
input
3
output
2 1 4 3 5 7 6 9 8

## D. Two Arithmetic Progressions

time limit per test: 1 second

memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

input: standard input

output: standard output

You are given two arithmetic progressions:  $a_1k + b_1$  and  $a_2l + b_2$ . Find the number of integers  $x$  such that  $L \leq x \leq R$  and  $x = a_1k' + b_1 = a_2l' + b_2$ , for some integers  $k', l' \geq 0$ .

### Input

The only line contains six integers  $a_1, b_1, a_2, b_2, L, R$  ( $0 < a_1, a_2 \leq 2 \cdot 10^9$ ,  $-2 \cdot 10^9 \leq b_1, b_2, L, R \leq 2 \cdot 10^9$ ,  $L \leq R$ ).

### Output

Print the desired number of integers  $x$ .

### Examples

input
2 0 3 3 5 21
output
3

  

input
2 4 3 0 6 17
output
2

## E. Generate a String

time limit per test: 2 seconds

memory limit per test: 512 megabytes

input: standard input

output: standard output

zscoder wants to generate an input file for some programming competition problem.

His input is a string consisting of  $n$  letters 'a'. He is too lazy to write a generator so he will manually generate the input in a text editor.

Initially, the text editor is empty. It takes him  $x$  seconds to insert or delete a letter 'a' from the text file and  $y$  seconds to copy the contents of the entire text file, and duplicate it.

zscoder wants to find the minimum amount of time needed for him to create the input file of exactly  $n$  letters 'a'. Help him to determine the amount of time needed to generate the input.

### Input

The only line contains three integers  $n$ ,  $x$  and  $y$  ( $1 \leq n \leq 10^7$ ,  $1 \leq x, y \leq 10^9$ ) — the number of letters 'a' in the input file and the parameters from the problem statement.

### Output

Print the only integer  $t$  — the minimum amount of time needed to generate the input file.

### Examples

input
8 1 1
output
4

  

input
8 1 10
output
8

## F. String Set Queries

time limit per test: 3 seconds  
memory limit per test: 768 megabytes  
input: standard input  
output: standard output

You should process  $m$  queries over a set  $D$  of strings. Each query is one of three kinds:

1. Add a string  $s$  to the set  $D$ . It is guaranteed that the string  $s$  was not added before.
2. Delete a string  $s$  from the set  $D$ . It is guaranteed that the string  $s$  is in the set  $D$ .
3. For the given string  $s$  find the number of occurrences of the strings from the set  $D$ . If some string  $p$  from  $D$  has several occurrences in  $s$  you should count all of them.

Note that you should solve the problem in `online` mode. It means that you can't read the whole input at once. You can read each query only after writing the answer for the last query of the third type. Use functions `fflush` in C++ and `BufferedWriter.flush` in Java languages after each writing in your program.

### Input

The first line contains integer  $m$  ( $1 \leq m \leq 3 \cdot 10^5$ ) — the number of queries.

Each of the next  $m$  lines contains integer  $t$  ( $1 \leq t \leq 3$ ) and nonempty string  $s$  — the kind of the query and the string to process. All strings consist of only lowercase English letters.

The sum of lengths of all strings in the input will not exceed  $3 \cdot 10^5$ .

### Output

For each query of the third kind print the only integer  $c$  — the desired number of occurrences in the string  $s$ .

### Examples

input
5 1 abc 3 abcab 2 abc 1 aba 3 ababab
output
2 2

  

input
10 1 abc 1 bcd 1 abcd 3 abcd 2 abcd 3 abcd 2 bcd 3 abcd 2 abc 3 abcd
output
3 2 1 0