Basic

Contents

```
makefile
1 Basic
 1.2 /.vimrc .
                                   CPP = g++ -std=c++11 -02
 1
 1.4 debug list . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                   name = $(basename $(file))
                                   type = $(suffix $(file))
 exe = (name).out
 2.4 min cost max flow . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                   $(exe): $(file)
3 Geometry
3.1 2D Point Template . .
                                   ifeq ($(type),.cpp)
 $(CPP) -o $(exe) $(name).cpp
 3.5 Smallest Covering Circle . . . . . . . . . . .
                                   /.vimrc
4 Mathmatics
 "顯示行號
                                   set nu
 set tabstop=4 " tab 的字元數
 set ai
                                   set smartindent
                                   set softtabstop=4
 4.8 Hash
 set shiftwidth=4
 4.10Inverse . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                   set cindent
 se ai ar sm nu rnu is
                                   se mouse=a bs=2 so=6 ts=4 ttm=100
5 Graph
 5.1 Strongly Connected Component(SCC) . . . . . . . .
 nmap <F2> :! gedit %<.in %<*.in &<CR>
                                   nmap <F4> :! date > %<.pt; cat -n % > %<.pt; lpr %<.pt
 <CR>
 nmap <F8> :! clear ; python3 % <CR>
nmap <F9> :! clear ; make file=%; for i in %<*.in; do</pre>
 5.7 LCA . . . . . .
                                   echo $i; ./%<.out < $i; echo -e "\n"; done <CR>nmap <F10> :! clear ; make file=%; ./%<.out <CR>
6 Data Structure
 6.1 Disjoint Set
                                   nmap <C-I> :! read -p "CASE:" CASE; gedit %<_$CASE.in <</pre>
 CR>
7 String
 11
                                   default code
 11
 7.5 Suffix Automaton . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                   #include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                   using namespace std;
 int main(){
9 Search
                                 12
                                    ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false);
                                     cin.tie(0);
10 Others
                                 12
11 Persistence
                                 12
                                   debug list
                                   把邊界條件都加入測資
                                   邊界條件 (過程溢位, 題目數據範圍)
```

Flow

是否讀錯題目 模板要記得 init

Dinic

```
const int INF = 1<<29;
struct Dinic{ //O(VVE)
    static const int MAXV = 5003;
    struct Edge{
       int from, to, cap, flow;
    };
    int n, m, s, t, d[MAXV], cur[MAXV];
    vector<Edge> edges;
    vector<int> G[MAXV];
```

```
for (int j=0; j<n; j++)
  edge[i][j] = 0;</pre>
  void init(int _n=MAXV){
    edges.clear();
    for (int i=0; i<_n; i++)G[i].clear();</pre>
                                                                       void add_edge(int x, int y, int w){ // long long
                                                                          edge[x][y] = w;
 void AddEdge(int from, int to, int cap){
  edges.push_back( {from,to,cap,0} );
  edges.push_back( {to,from,0,0} );
                                                                       bool DFS(int x){
                                                                          vx[x] = 1;
                                                                          for (int y=0; y<n; y++){</pre>
                                                                            if (vy[y]) continue;
if (lx[x]+ly[y] > edge[x][y]){
    m = edges.size()
    G[from].push_back(m-2);
    G[to].push_back(m-1);
                                                                               slack[y] = min(slack[y], lx[x]+ly[y]-edge[x][y]
                                                                            } else {
   vy[y] = 1;
  bool dinicBFS(){
                                                                               if (match[y] == -1 \mid I \mid DFS(match[y])){
    memset(d,-1,sizeof(d));
    queue<int> que;
                                                                                 match[y] = x;
    que.push(s); d[s]=0;
                                                                                 return true;
    while (!que.empty()){
       int u = que.front(); que.pop();
                                                                            }
       for (int ei:G[u]){
                                                                          }
         Edge &e = edges[ei];
                                                                          return false;
         if (d[e.to]<\bar{0} \& e.cap>e.flow){
           d[e.to]=d[u]+1;
                                                                       int solve(){
           que.push(e.to);
                                                                          fill(match, match+n,-1);
         }
                                                                          fill(lx,lx+n,-INF);
                                                                          fill(ly,ly+n,0);
for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
      }
    }
                                                                          for (int j=0; j<n; j++)
    lx[i] = max(lx[i], edge[i][j]);
for (int i=0; i<n; i++){</pre>
    return d[t]>=0;
  int dinicDFS(int u, int a){
                                                                            fill(slack,slack+n,INF);
    if (u==t | | a==0)return a;
                                                                            while (true){
                                                                               fill(vx,vx+n,0);
    int flow=0, f;
                                                                              fill(vy,vy+n,0);
if ( DFS(i) ) break;
int d = INF; // long long
    for (int &i=cur[u]; i<(int)G[u].size(); i++){</pre>
       Edge &e = edges['G[u][i]'];
       if (d[u]+1!=d[e.to])continue;
                                                                              for (int j=0; j<n; j++)
  if (!vy[j]) d = min(d, slack[j]);
for (int j=0; j<n; j++){</pre>
       f = dinicDFS(e.to, min(a, e.cap-e.flow) );
      if (f>0){
         e.flow += f:
         edges[G[u][i]^1].flow -=f;
                                                                                 if (vx[j]) lx[j] -= d;
                                                                                 if (vy[j]) ly[j] += d;
         flow += \bar{f}; a -= f;
                                                                                 else slack[j] -= d;
         if (a==0)break;
                                                                            }
      }
                                                                          int res=0;
    return flow;
                                                                          for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
                                                                            res += edge[match[i]][i];
  int maxflow(int s, int t){
                                                                          return res;
    this->s = s, this->t = t;
    int flow=0, mf;
                                                                     }graph;
    while ( dinicBFS() ){
      memset(cur,0,sizeof(cur));
      while ( (mf=dinicDFS(s,INF)) )flow+=mf;
                                                                     KM
    return flow;
                                                                     const int MAX_N = 400 + 10;
}dinic;
                                                                     const 11 \text{ INF64} = 0x3f3f3f3f3f3f3f3f1L;
                                                                     int nl , nr;
int pre[MAX_N];
// s=0, t=1;
int fnd(int id ,int out=0){
                                                                     11 slack[MAX_N]
  // out=0 入點 out=1 出點
                                                                     11 W[MAX_N][MAX_N];
                                                                     ll lx[MAX_N] , ly[MAX_N];
int mx[MAX_N] , my[MAX_N];
bool vx[MAX_N] , vy[MAX_N];
  static int spr=1;
  //spr=2 時每個點分成入點,出點
  return id*spr+out+2;
                                                                     void augment(int u) {
                                                                          if(!u) return;
                                                                          augment(mx[pre[u]]);
                                                                          mx[pre[u]] = u;
KM
                                                                          my[u] = pre[u];
                                                                     inline void match(int x) {
struct KM{
// Maximum Bipartite Weighted Matching (Perfect Match)
                                                                          queue<int> que;
  static const int MXN = 650;
                                                                          que.push(x);
  static const int INF = 2147483647; // long long
                                                                          while(1) +
  int n,match[MXN],vx[MXN],vy[MXN]
                                                                               while(!que.empty()) {
  int edge[MXN][MXN],lx[MXN],ly[MXN],slack[MXN];
                                                                                   x = que.front();
  // ^^^ long long
                                                                                   que.pop();
  void init(int _n){
                                                                                    vx[x] = 1;
    n = _n;
                                                                                    REP1(y , 1
                                                                                                  nr) {
                                                                                        if(vy[y]) continue;
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
```

```
E[u].PB({v, SZ(E[v]) , f, c});
E[v].PB({u, SZ(E[u])-1, 0, -c});
                   ll t = lx[x] + ly[y] - W[x][y];
                  if(t > 0) {
                       if(slack[y] >= t) slack[y] = t ,
                                                                      pll flow() {
                            pre[y] = x;
                                                                        while (true) {
  for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {</pre>
                       continue;
                                                                            dis[i] = INF;
                  pre[y] = x;
                   if(!my[y]) {
                                                                             inq[i] = 0;
                       augment(y);
                                                                          dis[s] = 0;
                       return;
                                                                          queue<int> que;
                  vy[y] = 1;
                                                                          que.push(s);
                  que.push(my[y]);
                                                                          while (!que.empty()) {
             }
                                                                             int u = que.front(); que.pop();
                                                                             inq[u] = 0;
         ilt = INF64;
                                                                             for (int i=0; i<SZ(E[u]); i++) {</pre>
         REP1(y, 1, nr) if(!vy[y]) t = min(t, slack[y])
                                                                               int v = E[u][i].v
                                                                               long long w = E[u][i].c;
if (E[u][i].f > 0 && dis[v] > dis[u] + w) {
         REP1(x , 1 , nl) if(vx[x]) lx[x] = t;
         REP1(y , 1 , nr) {
    if(vy[y]) ly[y] += t;
                                                                                 prv[v] = u; prvL[v] = i;
                                                                                 dis[v] = dis[u] + \overline{w};
              else slack[y] -= t;
                                                                                 if (!inq[v]) {
                                                                                    inq[v] = 1;
         REP1(y , 1 , nr) {
    if(vy[y] || slack[y]) continue;
                                                                                    que.push(v);
                                                                               }
              if(!my[y]) {
                                                                            }
                  augment(y);
                  return;
                                                                          if (dis[t] == INF) break;
                                                                          long long tf = INF;
              vy[y] = 1;
                                                                          for (int v=t, u, l; v!=s; v=u) {
  u=prv[v]; l=prvL[v];
              que.push(my[y]);
         }
                                                                            tf = min(tf, E[u][l].f);
    }
int main() {
                                                                           for (int v=t, u, l; v!=s; v=u) {
                                                                            u=prv[v]; l=prvL[v];
E[u][l].f -= tf;
    int m;
    RI(nl , nr , m);
nr = max(nl , nr);
while(m--) {
                                                                             E[v][E[u][l].r].f += tf;
                                                                          }
                                                                          cost += tf * dis[t];
         int x , y;
         11 w;
                                                                          fl += tf;
         RI(x', y , w);
W[x][y] = w;
                                                                        return {fl, cost};
         lx[x] = max(lx[x], w);
                                                                   }flow;
    REP1(i
              1 , nl) {
         REP1(x , 1 , nl) vx[x] = 0;

REP1(y , 1 , nr) vy[y] = 0 , slack[y] = INF64;
         match(i);
                                                                   Geometry
    ll \ ans = 0LL;
    REP1(x , 1 , nl) ans += W[x][mx[x]];
                                                                    2D Point Template
    PL(ans);
    typedef double T;
    return 0;
                                                                   struct Point {
                                                                      T x,y;
}
```

min cost max flow

```
// from: https://github.com/bobogei81123/bcw_codebook/
    blob/master/codes/Graph/Flow/CostFlow.cpp
typedef pair<long long, long long> pll;
struct CostFlow {
    static const int MXN = 205;
    static const long long INF = 102938475610293847LL;
    struct Edge {
        int v, r;
        long long f, c;
    };
    int n, s, t, prv[MXN], prvL[MXN], inq[MXN];
    long long dis[MXN], fl, cost;
    vector<Edge> E[MXN];
    void init(int _n, int _s, int _t) {
        n = _n; s = _s; t = _t;
        for (int i=0; i<n; i++) E[i].clear();
        fl = cost = 0;
    }
    void add_edge(int u, int v, long long f, long long c)</pre>
```

```
Point (T_x=0, T_y=0):x(_x),y(_y){}
bool operator < (const Point &b)const{</pre>
  return atan2(y,x) < atan2(b.y,b.x);
bool operator == (const Point &b)const{
  return atan2(y,x) == atan2(b.y,b.x);
Point operator + (const Point &b)const{
 return Point(x+b.x,y+b.y);
Point operator - (const Point &b)const{
 return Point(x-b.x,y-b.y);
T operator * (const Point &b)const{
 return x*b.x + y*b.y;
T operator % (const Point &b)const{
 return x*b.y - y*b.x;
Point operator * (const T &d)const{
 return Point(d*x,d*y);
T abs2() { return x*x+y*y;
T abs() { return sqrt( abs2() ); }
```

```
NCTU Tmprry
                                           National Chiao Tung University
typedef Point pdd;
                                                               int N;
                                                               Point P[MAXN];
inline double abs2(pdd a){
  return a.abs2();
                                                               LL AreaL[MAXN], AreaR[MAXN];
                                                               int main(){
                                                                   input();
Intersection of two circle
                                                                   find_CH(N,P,AreaL);
typedef Point pdd;
typedef ld double
                                                                   find_CH(N,P,AreaR);
vector<pdd> interCircle(pdd o1, double r1, pdd o2,
                                                                   reverse(AreaR, AreaR+N);
  double r2) {
ld d2 = (o1 - o2).abs2();
                                                                   reverse(P,P+N);
 ld d = sqrt(d2);
 if (d < fabs(r1-r2)) return {};
if (d > r1+r2) return {};
                                                                   for (int i=0; i<N-1; i++){
    if (P[i].x!=P[i+1].x){</pre>
 pdd u = 0.5*(o1+o2) + ((r2*r2-r1*r1)/(2.0*d2))*(o1-o2)
  double A = sqrt((r1+r2+d) * (r1-r2+d) * (r1+r2-d) *
                                                                 if'(P[0].x==P[N-1].x)Ans=0;
      (-r1+r2+d));
 pdd v = A / (2.0*d2) * pdd(o1.S-o2.S, -o1.F+o2.F);
                                                                   printf("%lld\n",(Ans+1)/2LL);
  return {u+v, u-v};
                                                               外心 Circumcentre
Convex Hull
                                                               #include "2Dpoint.cpp"
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
                                                                 pdd a = p1-p0;
typedef long long LL;
                                                                 pdd b = p2-p0;
const int MAXN = 100005;
                                                                 double c1 = a.abs2()*0.5;
const LL INF = (1LL)<<62;</pre>
                                                                 double c2 = b.abs2()*0.5;
                                                                 double d = a % b;
struct Point{
   LL x, y;
Point (LL x=0, LL y=0):x(x),y(y){}
                                                                 return pdd(x,y);
    bool operator < (const Point &B)const {</pre>
```

```
if (x!=B.x)return x<B.x;</pre>
         return y<B.y;</pre>
    Point operator - (Point B){
         return Point(x-B.x,y-B.y);
LL cross(Point A, Point B){
    return A.x*B.y-A.y*B.x;
LL Abs(LL x){
    return x>0?x:-x;
LL AreaU[MAXN], AreaD[MAXN];
void find_CH(int N, Point P[], LL Area[]){
    static vector<Point> U, D;
    static vector<int> Ui, Di;
    U.clear(), Ui.clear();
D.clear(), Di.clear();
    int uz=0, dz=0;
    for (int i=0; i<N; i++){
         while (uz \ge 2 \& cross(P[i]-U[uz-2],U[uz-1]-U[uz
              -2])<=0)U.pop_back(), Ui.pop_back(), uz--;
         if (uz<=1)AreaU[i]=0;</pre>
         else AreaU[i] = AreaU[ Ui[uz-1] ] + Abs(cross(P
              [i]-U[0],U[uz-1]-U[0]));
         U.push_back(P[i]),Ui.push_back(i),uz++;
         while (dz \ge 2 \& cross(P[i]-D[dz-2],D[dz-1]-D[dz
              -2])>=0)D.pop_back(), Di.pop_back(), dz--;
         if (dz<=1)AreaD[i]=0;</pre>
         else AreaD[i] = AreaD[ Di[dz-1] ] + Abs(cross(P
      [i]-D[0],D[dz-1]-D[0]));
         D.push_back(P[i]),Di.push_back(i),dz++;
         Area[i] = AreaU[i] + AreaD[i];
         //printf("Area[%d]=%lld\n",i ,Area[i]);
    //puts("");
```

}

```
for (int i=0; i<N; i++)P[i].x*=-1;
reverse(P,P+N);</pre>
LL Ans = min(AreaL[N-1], AreaR[0]);
         Ans = min (Ans,AreaL[i]+AreaR[i+1]);
```

```
pdd circumcentre(pdd &p0, pdd &p1, pdd &p2){
  double x = p0.x + (c1*b.y - c2*a.y) / d;
double y = p0.y + (c2*a.x - c1*b.x) / d;
```

Smallest Covering Circle

```
#include "circumcentre.cpp"
pair<pdd,double> SmallestCircle(int n, pdd _p[]){
  static const int MAXN = 1000006;
  static pdd p[MAXN];
  memcpy(p,_p,sizeof(pdd)*n);
  random_shuffle(p,p+n);
  double r2=0;
  pdd cen;
  for (int i=0; i<n; i++){
    if ( (cen-p[i]).abs2() <=r2)continue;</pre>
    cen = p[i], r2=0;
    for (int j=0; j<i; j++){
   if ( (cen-p[j]).abs2()<=r2 )continue;</pre>
      cen = (p[i]+p[j])*0.5
       r2 = (cen-p[i]).abs2()
       for (int k=0; k<j; k++){</pre>
         if ( (cen-p[k]).abs2()<=r2 )continue;</pre>
         cen = circumcentre(p[i],p[j],p[k]);
         r2 = (cen-p[k]).abs2();
    }
  }
  return {cen,r2};
// auto res = SmallestCircle(,);
```

Mathmatics

LinearPrime

```
const int MAXP = 100; //max prime
vector<int> P; // primes
                                                                               for (int i=len()-1; i>=0; i--)
  if (v[i]!=b.v[i]) return v[i]>b.v[i]?1:-1;
void build_prime(){
  static bitset<MAXP> ok;
   int np=0;
                                                                            bool operator < (const Bigint &b)const{ return cp3(b)</pre>
  for (int i=2; i<MAXP; i++){</pre>
                                                                                 ==-1; }
     if (ok[i]==0)P.push_back(i), np++;
                                                                            bool operator <= (const Bigint &b)const{ return cp3(b</pre>
     for (int j=0; j<np && i*P[j]<MAXP; j++){
  ok[ i*P[j] ] = 1;
  if ( i%P[j]==0 )break;</pre>
                                                                                 )<=0; }
                                                                            bool operator >= (const Bigint &b)const{ return cp3(b
                                                                                 )>=0; }
                                                                            bool operator == (const Bigint &b)const{ return cp3(b
  }
                                                                                 )==0; }
}
                                                                            bool operator != (const Bigint &b)const{ return cp3(b
                                                                                 )!=0; }
                                                                            bool operator > (const Bigint &b)const{ return cp3(b)
                                                                                 ==1; }
BigInt
                                                                            Bigint operator - () const {
                                                                               Bigint r = (*this);
                                                                               r.s = -r.s;
struct Bigint{
                                                                               return r;
  static const int LEN = 60;
   static const int BIGMOD = 10000;
                                                                            Bigint operator + (const Bigint &b) const {
   int s;
                                                                               if (s == -1) return -(-(*this)+(-b));
if (b.s == -1) return (*this)-(-b);
  int vl, v[LEN];
   // vector<int> v;
  Bigint() : s(1) \{ vl = 0; \}
                                                                               Bigint r;
                                                                               int nl = max(len(), b.len());
  Bigint(long long a) {
     s = 1; vl = 0;

s = 1; vl = 0;

s = -1; a = -a; 
                                                                               r.resize(nl + 1);
                                                                               for (int i=0; i<nl; i++) {
                                                                                 if (i < len()) r.v[i] += v[i];
if (i < b.len()) r.v[i] += b.v[i];</pre>
     while (a) {
       push_back(a % BIGMOD);
                                                                                 if(r.v[i] >= BIGMOD) {
  r.v[i+1] += r.v[i] / BIGMOD;
       a /= BIGMOD;
     }
                                                                                    r.v[i] %= BIGMOD;
                                                                                 }
  Bigint(string str) {
     s = 1; vl = 0;
                                                                               }
     int stPos = 0, num = 0;
                                                                               r.n();
     if (!str.empty() && str[0] == '-') {
                                                                               return r;
       stPos = 1;
                                                                            Bigint operator - (const Bigint &b) const {
  if (s == -1) return -(-(*this)-(-b));
  if (b.s == -1) return (*this)+(-b);
       s = -1;
     for (int i=SZ(str)-1, q=1; i>=stPos; i--) {
  num += (str[i] - '0') * q;
  if ((q *= 10) >= BIGMOD) {
                                                                               if ((*this) < b) return -(b-(*this));</pre>
                                                                               Bigint r
                                                                               r.resize(len());
          push_back(num);
                                                                               for (int i=0; i<len(); i++) {
          num = 0; q = 1;
       }
                                                                                 r.v[i] += v[i];
                                                                                 if (i < b.len()) r.v[i] -= b.v[i];</pre>
     if (num) push_back(num);
                                                                                 if (r.v[i] < 0) {
                                                                                    r.v[i] += BIGMOD;
   int len() const { return vl; /* return SZ(v); */ }
                                                                                    r.v[i+1]--;
                                                                                 }
  bool empty() const { return len() == 0; }
  void push_back(int x) { v[vl++] = x; /* v.PB(x); */ }
void pop_back() { vl--; /* v.pop_back(); */ }
int back() const { return v[vl-1]; /* return v.back()
                                                                               }
                                                                               r.n();
                                                                               return r;
  void n() { while (!empty() && !back()) pop_back(); }
void resize(int nl) {
                                                                            Bigint operator * (const Bigint &b) {
                                                                               Bigint r;
     vl = nl; fill(v, v+vl, 0);
// v.resize(nl); // fill(ALL(v), 0);
                                                                               r.resize(len() + b.len() + 1);
                                                                               r.s = s * b.s;
                                                                               for (int i=0; i<len(); i++) {</pre>
                                                                                 for (int j=0; j<b.len(); j++) {
  r.v[i+j] += v[i] * b.v[j];
  if(r.v[i+j] >= BIGMOD) {
   void print() const {
     if (empty()) { putchar('0'); return; }
if (s == -1) putchar('-');
     printf("%d", back());
                                                                                      r.v[i+j+1] += r.v[i+j] / BIGMOD;
     for (int i=len()-2; i>=0; i--) printf("%.4d",v[i]);
                                                                                      r.v[i+j] %= BIGMOD;
   friend std::ostream& operator << (std::ostream& out,</pre>
                                                                                 }
       const Bigint &a) {
     if (a.empty()) { out << "0"; return out; }
if (a.s == -1) out << "-";</pre>
                                                                               r.n();
                                                                               return r;
     out << a.back();
                                                                            Bigint operator / (const Bigint &b) {
     for (int i=a.len()-2; i>=0; i--) {
       char str[10];
                                                                               Bigint r;
       snprintf(str, 5, "%.4d", a.v[i]);
                                                                               r.resize(max(1, len()-b.len()+1));
                                                                               int oriS = s;
       out << str;
                                                                               Bigint b2 = b; // b2 = abs(b)
                                                                               s = b2.s = r.s = 1;
     return out;
                                                                               for (int i=r.len()-1; i>=0; i--) {
   int cp3(const Bigint &b)const {
                                                                                 int d=0, u=BIGMOD-1;
     if (s != b.s) return s > b.s ? 1 : -1;
                                                                                 while(d<u) {</pre>
     if (s == -1) return -(-*this).cp3(-b);
if (len() != b.len()) return len()>b.len()?1:-1;
                                                                                    int m = (d+u+1)>>1;
```

r.v[i] = m;

```
NCTU Tmprry
                                         National Chiao Tung University
                                                             ax+by=gcd(a,b)
        if((r*b2) > (*this)) u = m-1;
        else d = m;
                                                            typedef pair<int, int> pii;
pii extgcd(int a, int b){
  if(b == 0) return make_pair(1, 0);
      r.v[i] = d;
    }
    s = oriS;
                                                               else{
    r.s = s * b.s;
                                                                 int p = a / b;
    r.n();
                                                                 pii q = extgcd(b, a \% b);
    return r:
                                                                 return make_pair(q.second, q.first - q.second * p);
  Bigint operator % (const Bigint &b) {
                                                            }
    return (*this)-(*this)/b*b;
};
                                                            FFT
                                                             const double pi = atan(1.0)*4;
Random
                                                             struct Complex {
                                                                 double x,y;
inline int ran(){
  static int x = 20167122;
                                                                     :x(_x),y(_y) {}
  return x = (x * 0xdefaced + 1) & INT_MAX;
                                                                     +tt.x,y+tt.y); }
                                                                 Complex operator -
Theorem
Lucas's Theorem:
                                                                 // 从0开始表示长度,对a进行操作
  For non-negative integer n,m and prime P,
                                                                 // rev==1进行DFT,==-1进行IDFT
  C(m,n) \mod P = C(m/M,n/M) * C(m/M,n/M) \mod P
  = mult_i ( C(m_i,n_i) )
  where m_i is the i-th digit of m in base P.
Pick's Theorem
```

Hash

LL X=7122;

LL P1=712271227; LL P2=179433857

LL P3=179434999;

LL a, b, c;

HASH operator + (LL B){

HASH operator * (LL B){

return c<B.c;</pre>

return (*this)+HASH(B,B,B);

return HASH(a*B%P1,a*B%P2,a*B%P3);

if (a!=B.a)return a<B.a; if (b!=B.b)return b<B.b;</pre>

bool operator < (const HASH &B)const{</pre>

struct HASH{

}

typedef long long LL;

A = i + b/2 - 1

Kirchhoff's theorem

Miller Rabin

```
typedef long long LL;
LL bin_pow(LL a, LL n, LL MOD){
  LL re=1;
  while (n>0){
    if (n\&1)re = re*a %MOD;
    a = a*a \%MOD;
    n>>=1;
  }
  return re;
bool is_prime(LL n){
  //static LL sprp[3] = { 2LL, 7LL, 61LL};
static LL sprp[7] = { 2LL, 325LL, 9375LL,
    28178LL, 450775LL, 9780504LL,
    1795265022LL };
  if (n==1 || (n&1)==0 ) return n==2;
  int u=n-1, t=0;
  while ( (u&1)==0 ) u>>=1, t++;
for (int i=0; i<7; i++){
    LL x = bin_pow(sprp[i]%n, u, n);
    if (x==0 \mid | x==1 \mid | x==n-1)continue;
    for (int j=1; j<t; j++){</pre>
       x=x*x%n;
       if (x==1 \mid x==n-1)break;
    if (x==n-1)continue;
    return 0;
  }
  return 1;
```

 $A_{ii} = deg(i), A_{ij} = (i,j) \in ? -1 : 0$

Deleting any one row, one column, and cal the det(A)

```
Complex(double _x=0,double _y=0)
     Complex operator + (Complex &tt) { return Complex(x
                           (Complex &tt) { return Complex(x
     -tt.x,y-tt.y); }
Complex operator * (Complex &tt) { return Complex(x
          *tt.x-y*tt.y,x*tt.y+y*tt.x); }
void fft(Complex *a, int n, int rev) {
     // n是大于等于相乘的两个数组长度的2的幂次
     for (int i = 1, j = 0; i < n; ++ i) {
          for (int k = n > 1; k > (j^k); k > 1);
          if (i<j) std::swap(a[i],a[j]);</pre>
     for (int m = 2; m <= n; m <<= 1) {
          Complex wm(cos(2*pi*rev/m),sin(2*pi*rev/m));
for (int i = 0; i < n; i += m) {
              Complex w(1.0,0.0);
              for (int j = i; j < i+m/2; ++ j) {
   Complex t = w*a[j+m/2];</pre>
                   a[j+m/2] = a[j] - t;
                   a[j] = a[j] + t;
w = w * wm;
              }
         }
     if (rev==-1) {
          for (int i = 0; i < n; ++ i) a[i].x /= n,a[i].y
     }
}
```

 $HASH(LL a=0, LL b=0, LL c=0):a(a),b(b),c(c){}$ HASH operator + (HASH B){
 return HASH((a+B.a)%P1,(b+B.b)%P2,(c+B.c)%P3);

```
void up(){ (*this) = (*this)*X; }
};
int main(){
}
```

GaussElimination

```
// by bcw_codebook
const int MAXN = 300;
const double EPS = 1e-8;
double A[MAXN][MAXN];
void Gauss() {
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     bool ok = 0;
for(int j = i; j < n; j++) {</pre>
       if(fabs(A[j][i]) > EPS) {
          swap(A[j], A[i]);
          ok = 1;
          break;
       }
     if(!ok) continue;
     double fs = A[i][i];
     for(int j = i+1; j < n; j++) {
  double r = A[j][i] / fs;</pre>
        for(int k = i; k < n; k++) {
    A[j][k] -= A[i][k] * r;
  }
}
```

Inverse

```
int inverse[100000];
void invTable(int b, int p) {
  inverse[1] = 1;
  for( int i = 2; i <= b; i++ ) {
    inverse[i] = (long long)inverse[p%i] * (p-p/i) % p;
  }
}
int inv(int b, int p) {
  return b == 1 ? 1 : ((long long)inv(p % b, p) * (p-p/b) % p);
}</pre>
```

IterSet

```
// get all subset in set S
for (int i = S; i ; i = (i-1) & S ) {
}
```

SG

```
| Sprague-Grundy
```

- 1. 雙人、回合制
- 2. 資訊完全公開
- 3. 無隨機因素
- 4. 可在有限步內結束
- 5. 沒有和局
- 6. 雙方可採取的行動相同

```
SG(S) 的值為 0:後手(P)必勝
不為 0: 先手(N)必勝
int mex(set S) {
  // find the min number >= 0 that not in the S
  // e.g. S = \{0, 1, 3, 4\} \max(S) = 2
}
state = \Pi
int SG(A) {
  if (A not in state) {
    S = sub\_states(A)
    if( len(S) > 1 ) state[A] = reduce(operator.xor, [
        SG(B) for B in S])
    else state[A] = mex(set(SG(B) for B in next_states(
        A)))
  return state[A]
}
```

Graph

Strongly Connected Component(SCC)

```
#define MXN 100005
#define PB push_back
#define FZ(s) memset(s,0,sizeof(s))
struct Scc{
int n, nScc, vst[MXN], bln[MXN];
vector<int> E[MXN], rE[MXN], vec;
void init(int _n){
  n = _n;
for (int i=0; i<MXN; i++){
    E[i].clear();</pre>
    rE[i].clear();
  }
void add_edge(int u, int v){
  E[u].PB(v)
  rE[v].PB(u);
void DFS(int u){
  vst[u]=1;
  for (auto v : E[u])
    if (!vst[v]) DFS(v);
  vec.PB(u);
}
void rDFS(int u){
  vst[u] = 1;
  bln[u] = nScc;
  for (auto v : rE[u])
    if (!vst[v]) rDFS(v);
void solve(){
  nScc = 0;
  vec.clear();
  FZ(vst);
  for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
  if (!vst[i]) DFS(i);</pre>
  reverse(vec.begin(),vec.end());
  FZ(vst);
  for (auto v : vec){
    if (!vst[v]){
      rDFS(v);
      nScc++;
    }
  }
}
};
```

Euler Circuit

```
//CF 723E
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
```

```
Hungarian
const int MAXN = 300;
struct EDGE{
                                                                         vector<int> G[MAXN];
     int u ,v ;
     int type;
                                                                         int match[MAXN]; // Matching Result
                                                                         int visit[MAXN];
int n, m, deg[MAXN];
                                                                        bool dfs(int u) {
vector <EDGE> edges;
vector<int> G[MAXN];
                                                                              for ( auto v:G[u] ) {
                                                                                   if (!visit[v]) {
bool vis[MAXN*MAXN]
                                                                                       visit[v] = true;
if (match[v] == -1 || dfs(match[v])) {
bool alive[MAXN][MAXN];
bool visN[MAXN];
                                                                                            match[v] = u;
vector<int> ans;
                                                                                             match[u] = v;
                                                                                             return true;
void add_edge(int u, int v, int type=0){
  edges.push_back( EDGE{u,v,type} );
  edges.push_back( EDGE{v,u,type} );
                                                                                       }
                                                                                  }
     G[u].push_back( edges.size()-2 );
G[v].push_back( edges.size()-1 );
                                                                              return false;
                                                                        }
     deg[u]++, deg[v]++;
alive[u][v]=alive[v][u]!=type^1;
                                                                        int hungarian() {
                                                                             int res = 0;
                                                                             memset(match, -1, sizeof(match));
void input(){
                                                                             for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    if (match[i] == -1) {
     memset(visN,0,sizeof(visN));
     memset(vis,0,sizeof(vis));
                                                                                       memset(visit, 0, sizeof(visit));
     memset(alive,0,sizeof(alive));
                                                                                        if (dfs(i)) res += 1;
     memset(deg,0,sizeof(deg));
                                                                                  }
     edges.clear();
     ans.clear();
                                                                              return res;
     for (int i=0; i<MAXN; i++)G[i].clear();</pre>
                                                                        }
     scanf("%d%d",&n ,&m);
     for (int i=0, u, v; i<m; i++){
    scanf("%d%d", &u, &v);</pre>
                                                                        Maximum Clique
          add_edge(u,v);
     }
                                                                        const int MAXN = 105;
}
                                                                         int best;
                                                                         int m ,n;
void add_Graph(){
                                                                         int num[MAXN];
     vector<int> tmp;
                                                                         // int x[MAXN];
     for (int i=1; i<=n; i++)if (deg[i]%2==1){</pre>
                                                                         int path[MAXN];
          tmp.push_back(i);
                                                                        int g[MAXN][MAXN];
     printf("%d\n",n-tmp.size());
for (int i=0; i<tmp.size(); i+=2){</pre>
                                                                         bool dfs( int *adj, int total, int cnt ){
                                                                             int i, j, k;
int t[MAXN];
          add_edge(tmp[i],tmp[i+1],1);
     }
                                                                              if( total == 0 ){
}
                                                                                   if( best < cnt ){</pre>
                                                                                        // for( i = 0; i < cnt; i++) path[i] = x[i
void dfs(int u){
     visN[u]=1;
                                                                                       best = cnt; return true;
     for (int i=0; i<G[u].size(); i++)if (!vis[ G[u][i
    ]>>1 ]){
                                                                                   return false;
          EDGE &e = edges[ G[u][i] ];
          int v = e.v;
vis[ G[u][i]>>1 ]=1;
                                                                              for( i = 0; i < total; i++){</pre>
                                                                                   if( cnt+(total-i) <= best ) return false;</pre>
          dfs(v);
                                                                                   if( cnt+num[adj[i]] <= best ) return false;</pre>
                                                                                   // x[cnt] = adj[i];
                                                                                  for( k = 0, j = i+1; j < total; j++ )
    if( g[ adj[i] ][ adj[j] ])
        t[ k++ ] = adj[j];
     ans.push_back(u);
}
int main(){
                                                                                             if( dfs( t, k, cnt+1 ) ) return true;
     int T; scanf("%d",&T);
                                                                             } return false;
     while (T--){
          input();
                                                                         int MaximumClique(){
          add_Graph();
                                                                             int i, j, k;
int adj[MAXN];
          for (int i=1; i<=n; i++)if (!visN[i]){</pre>
               dfs(i);
                                                                              if( n <= 0 ) return 0;
               for (int j=0 ; j<ans.size()-1; j++){</pre>
                                                                              best = 0;
                     int u = ans[j], v=ans[j+1];
                                                                              for( i = n-1; i >= 0; i--){
                    if (alive[u][v]){
    alive[u][v]=alive[v][u]=0;
                                                                                   // x[0] = i;
for( k = 0, j = i+1; j < n; j++ )
                                                                                  if( g[i][j] ) adj[k++] = j;
dfs( adj, k, 1 );
num[i] = best;
                         printf("%d %d\n",u ,v);
                    }
               ans.clear();
          }
                                                                              return best;
     }
                                                                        }
}
```

Tarjan

```
int n;
vector<int> G[MAXN];
stack<int> stk;
int dfn[MAXN], low[MAXN];
bool ins[MAXN];
int scc[MAXN], scn, count;
void tarjan(int u){
  dfn[u] = low[u] = ++count;
  stk.push(u);
  ins[u] = true;
  for(auto v:G[u]){
    if(!dfn[v]){
      tarjan(v);
    low[u] = min(low[u], low[v]);
}else if(ins[v]){
      low[u] = min(low[u], dfn[v]);
  if(dfn[u] == low[u]){
    int v;
    do {
      v = stk.top();
      stk.pop();
      scc[v] = scn;
      ins[v] = false;
    } while(v != u);
    scn++;
  }
}
void GetSCC(){
  count = scn = 0;
  for(int i = 0 ; i < n ; i++ ){</pre>
    if(!dfn[i]) tarjan(i);
```

一般圖匹配

```
#define MAXN 505
vector<int>g[MAXN];//用vector存圖
int pa[MAXN],match[MAXN],st[MAXN],S[MAXN],vis[MAXN];
int t,n;
inline int lca(int u,int v){//找花的花托
 for(++t;;swap(u,v)){
   if(u==0)continue;
   if(vis[u]==t)return u;
   vis[u]=t;//這種方法可以不用清空vis陣列
   u=st[pa[match[u]]];
#define qpush(u) q.push(u),S[u]=0
inline void flower(int u,int v,int l,queue<int> &q){
 while(st[u]!=1){
   pa[u]=v;//所有未匹配邊的pa都是雙向的
    if(S[v=match[u]]==1)qpush(v);//所有奇點變偶點
   st[u]=st[v]=l,u=pa[v];
 }
inline bool bfs(int u){
 for(int i=1;i<=n;++i)st[i]=i;//st[i]表示第i個點的集合
 memset(S+1,-1,sizeof(int)*n);//-1:沒走過 0:偶點 1:奇
  queue<int>q;qpush(u);
 while(q.size()){
   u=q.front(),q.pop();
    for(size_t i=0;i<g[u].size();++i){</pre>
      int v=g[u][i];
     if(S[v]==-1){
       pa[v]=u,S[v]=1;
       if(!match[v]){//有增廣路直接擴充
         for(int lst;u;v=lst,u=pa[v])
           lst=match[u],match[u]=v,match[v]=u;
```

```
return 1;
         qpush(match[v]);
      }else if(!S[v]&&st[v]!=st[u]){
         int l=lca(st[v],st[u]);//遇到花,做花的處理
         flower(v,u,l,q),flower(u,v,l,q);
    }
  }
  return 0;
inline int blossom(){
  memset(pa+1,0,sizeof(int)*n);
  memset(match+1,0,sizeof(int)*n);
  int ans=0;
  for(int i=1;i<=n;++i)</pre>
    if(!match[i]&&bfs(i))++ans;
  return ans;
}
int main(){
  int T, m; cin >> T;
  while ( cin >> n >> m ){
  for (int i=1; i<=n; i++) g[i].clear();</pre>
    for (int i=1, u, v; i<=m; i++){
      cin >> u >> v;
      g[u].push_back(v);
      g[v].push_back(u);
    cout << blossom() << endl;</pre>
}
```

LCA

```
//lv紀錄深度
//father[多少冪次][誰]
//已經建好每個人的父親是誰 (father[0][i]已經建好)
//已經建好深度 (lv[i]已經建好)
void makePP(){
  for(int i = 1; i < 20; i++){
  for(int j = 2; j <= n; j++){</pre>
      father[i][j]=father[i-1][ father[i-1][j] ];
    }
  }
int find(int a, int b){
  if(lv[a] < lv[b]) swap(a,b);
  int need = lv[a] - lv[b];
  for(int i = 0; need!=\bar{0}; i++){
    if(need&1) a=father[i][a];
    need >>= 1;
  for(int i = 19 ;i >= 0 ;i--){
    if(father[i][a] != father[i][b]){
      a=father[i][a];
      b=father[i][b];
    }
  }
  return a!=b?father[0][a] : a;
```

Data Structure

Disjoint Set

```
struct DisjointSet{
   int n, fa[MAXN];

   void init(int size) {
      for (int i = 0; i <= size; i++) {
            fa[i] = i;
            }
}</pre>
```

```
b->up();
         void find(int x)
               return fa[x] == x ? x : find(fa[x]);
                                                                       }else{
                                                                          a=o:
                                                                          split(o->r,a->r,b,k-size(o->l)-1);
           void unite(int x, int y) {
                                                                         a->up();
                 p[find(x)] = find(y);
                                                                     }
                                                                   }
} djs;
                                                                   void merge(node *&o,node *a,node *b){
                                                                     if(!a||!b)o=a?a:b;
                                                                     else{
                                                                       if(ran(a,b)){
Sparse Table
                                                                          a->down();
                                                                         o=a;
const int MAXN = 200005;
                                                                         merge(o->r,a->r,b);
const int lgN = 20;
                                                                        }else{
                                                                          b->down();
struct SP{ //sparse table
                                                                         o=b:
  int Sp[MAXN][lgN];
                                                                         merge(o->1,a,b->1);
  function<int(int,int)> opt;
void build(int n, int *a){ // 0 base
                                                                       o->up();
    for (int i=0 ;i<n; i++) Sp[i][0]=a[i];</pre>
                                                                     }
                                                                   void build(node *&p,int l,int r,T *s){
    for (int h=1; h<lgN; h++){</pre>
       int len = 1 << (h-1), i=0;
                                                                     if(l>r)return;
       for (; i+len<n; i++)</pre>
                                                                     int mid=(l+r)>>1
         Sp[i][h] = opt( Sp[i][h-1] , Sp[i+len][h-1] );
                                                                     p=new node(s[mid]);
       for (; i<n; i++)
                                                                     build(p->1,1,mid-1,s);
         Sp[i][h] = Sp[i][h-1];
                                                                     build(p->r,mid+1,r,s);
    }
                                                                     p->up();
  int query(int l, int r){
  int h = __lg(r-l+1);
  int len = 1<<h;</pre>
                                                                   inline int rank(T data){
                                                                     node *p=root;
                                                                     int cnt=0:
    return opt( Sp[l][h] , Sp[r-len+1][h] );
                                                                     while(p){
                                                                        if(data<=p->data)p=p->l;
};
                                                                       else cnt+=size(p->l)+1,p=p->r;
                                                                     return cnt;
Treap
                                                                   inline void insert(node *&p,T data,int k){
                                                                     node *a,*b,*now;
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
                                                                     split(p,a,b,k);
                                                                     now=new node(data);
using namespace std;
template<class T,unsigned seed>class treap{
                                                                     merge(a,a,now);
  public:
                                                                     merge(p,a,b);
    struct node{
      T data;
      int size;
node *l,*r;
                                                               treap<int ,20141223>bst;
                                                               int n,m,a,b;
                                                               int main(){
      node(T d){
                                                                 //當成二分查找樹用
         size=1;
         data=d;
                                                                 while(~scanf("%d",&a))bst.insert(bst.root,a,bst.rank(
         l=r=NULL;
                                                                 while(~scanf("%d",&a))printf("%d\n",bst.rank(a));
      inline void up(){
                                                                 bst.clear(bst.root);
         size=1;
                                                                 return 0:
         if(l)size+=l->size;
                                                              }
         if(r)size+=r->size;
       inline void down(){
                                                               String
    }*root;
     inline int size(node *p){return p?p->size:0;}
     inline bool ran(node *a, node *b){
                                                               KMP
       static unsigned x=seed;
      x=0xdefaced*x+1;
                                                               template<typename T>
      unsigned all=size(a)+size(b);
                                                               void build_KMP(int n, T *s, int *f){ // 1 base
      return (x%all+all)%all<size(a);</pre>
                                                                 f[0]=-1, f[1]=0;
                                                                 for (int i=2; i<=n; i++){</pre>
    void clear(node *&p){
      if(p)clear(p->1),clear(p->r),delete p,p=NULL;
                                                                   int w = f[i-1];
                                                                   while (w \ge 0 \& s[w+1]! = s[i])w = f[w];
    ~treap(){clear(root);}
                                                                   f[i]=w+1;
    void split(node *o,node *&a,node *&b,int k){
       if(!k)a=NULL,b=o;
                                                               }
       else if(size(o)==k)a=o,b=NULL;
       else{
                                                               template<typename T>
         o->down();
                                                               int KMP(int n, T *a, int m, T *b){
                                                                 build_KMP(n,b,f);
         if(k<=size(o->l)){
```

int ans=0;

split(o->l,a,b->l,k);

```
for (int i=1, w=0; i<=n; i++){
                                                                       |}
     while ( w > = 0 \&\& b[w+1]! = a[i] )w = f[w];
     W++:
     if (w==m){
                                                                        Suffix Array
       ans++
       w=f[w];
     }
                                                                        const int MAX = 1020304;
                                                                        int ct[MAX], he[MAX], rk[MAX];
int sa[MAX], tsa[MAX], tp[MAX][2];
void suffix_array(char *ip){
  }
  return ans;
                                                                           int len = strlen(ip);
                                                                           int alp = 256;
                                                                           memset(ct, 0, sizeof(ct));
AC
                                                                           for(int i=0;i<len;i++) ct[ip[i]+1]++;
for(int i=1;i<alp;i++) ct[i]+=ct[i-1];</pre>
                                                                           for(int i=0;i<len;i++) rk[i]=ct[ip[i]];
for(int i=1;i<len;i*=2){</pre>
// by bcw_codebook
struct ACautomata{
                                                                             for(int j=0;j<len;j++)</pre>
   struct Node{
                                                                                if(j+i>=len) tp[j][1]=0;
     int cnt,dp;
     Node *go[26], *fail;
                                                                                else tp[j][1]=rk[j+i]+1;
     Node (){
                                                                                tp[j][0]=rk[j];
       cnt = 0;
                                                                             memset(ct, 0, sizeof(ct));
for(int j=0;j<len;j++) ct[tp[j][1]+1]++;
for(int j=1;j<len+2;j++) ct[j]+=ct[j-1];</pre>
       dp = -1
       memset(go,0,sizeof(go));
        fail = 0;
                                                                             for(int j=0;j<len;j++) tsa[ct[tp[j][1]]++]=j;</pre>
                                                                             memset(ct, 0, sizeof(ct));
for(int j=0;j<len;j++) ct[tp[j][0]+1]++;</pre>
  };
                                                                             for(int j=1;j<len+1;j++) ct[j]+=ct[j-1];
for(int j=0;j<len;j++)
    sa[ct[tp[tsa[j]][0]]++]=tsa[j];</pre>
  Node *root, pool[1048576];
  int nMem;
  Node* new_Node(){
                                                                              rk[sa[0]]=0;
                                                                             for(int j=1;j<len;j++){
  if( tp[sa[j]][0] == tp[sa[j-1]][0] &&</pre>
     pool[nMem] = Node()
     return &pool[nMem++];
                                                                                  tp[sa[j]][1] == tp[sa[j-1]][1])
  void init(){
                                                                                  rk[sa[j]] = rk[sa[j-1]];
     nMem = 0;
                                                                                else
     root = new_Node();
                                                                                  rk[sa[j]] = j;
                                                                             }
   void add(const string &str){
     insert(root,str,0);
                                                                           for(int i=0,h=0;i<len;i++){</pre>
                                                                             if(rk[i]==0) h=0;
   void insert(Node *cur, const string &str, int pos){
                                                                             else{
     if (pos >= (int)str.size()){
                                                                                int j=sa[rk[i]-1];
                                                                                h=max(0,h-1);
        cur->cnt++;
       return;
                                                                                for(;ip[i+h]==ip[j+h];h++);
     int c = str[pos]-'a';
                                                                             he[rk[i]]=h;
     if (cur->go[c] == 0){
                                                                        }
       cur->go[c] = new_Node();
     insert(cur->go[c],str,pos+1);
                                                                        Suffix Automaton
   void make_fail(){
     queue<Node*> que;
     que.push(root);
                                                                        // par : fail link
     while (!que.empty()){
                                                                        // val : a topological order ( useful for DP )
       Node* fr=que.front();
                                                                        // go[x] : automata edge ( x is integer in [0,26) )
        que.pop();
        for (int i=0; i<26; i++){
                                                                        struct SAM{
          if (fr->go[i]){
  Node *ptr = fr->fail;
                                                                           struct State{
                                                                             int par, go[26], val;
State () : par(0), val(0){ FZ(go); }
            while (ptr && !ptr->go[i]) ptr = ptr->fail;
             if (!ptr) fr->go[i]->fail = root;
                                                                             State (int _val) : par(0), val(_val){ FZ(go); }
            else fr->go[i]->fail = ptr->go[i];
            que.push(fr->go[i]);
                                                                           vector<State> vec;
         }
                                                                           int root, tail;
       }
     }
                                                                           void init(int arr[], int len){
  }
                                                                             vec.resize(2);
                                                                             vec[0] = vec[1] = State(0);
};
                                                                             root = tail = 1;
                                                                             for (int i=0; i<len; i++)</pre>
                                                                                extend(arr[i]);
Z-value
                                                                           void extend(int w){
                                                                             int p = tail, np = vec.size();
vec.PB(State(vec[p].val+1));
z[0] = 0;
for ( int bst = 0, i = 1; i < len ;
  if ( z[bst] + bst <= i ) z[i] = 0;</pre>
                                            i++ ) {
                                                                             for ( ; p && vec[p].go[w]==0; p=vec[p].par)
   else z[i] = min(z[i - bst], z[bst] + bst - i);
                                                                                vec[p].go[w] = np;
  while ( str[i + z[i]] == str[z[i]] ) z[i]++;
if ( i + z[i] > bst + z[bst] ) bst = i;
                                                                             if (p == 0){
                                                                                vec[np].par = root;
```

```
} else {
    if (vec[vec[p].go[w]].val == vec[p].val+1){
        vec[np].par = vec[p].go[w];
    } else {
        int q = vec[p].go[w], r = vec.size();
        vec.P8(vec[q]);
        vec[r].val = vec[p].val+1;
        vec[q].par = vec[np].par = r;
        for ( ; p && vec[p].go[w] == q; p=vec[p].par)
        vec[p].go[w] = r;
    }
}
tail = np;
}
```

Dark Code

輸入優化

```
#include <stdio.h>
char getc(){
  static const int bufsize = 1<<16;
static char B[bufsize], *S=B, *T=B;
  return (S==T&&(T=(S=B)+fread(B,1,bufsize,stdin),S==T)
       ?0:*S++);
template <class T>
bool input(T& a){
  a=(T)0;
  register char p;
  while ((p = getc()) < '-')</pre>
  if (p=0 | I| p=EOF) return false; if (p=-1)
    while ((p = getc()) >= '0') a = a*10 - (p^'0');
  else {
    a = p ^ '0';
    while ((p = getc()) >= '0') a = a*10 + (p^'0');
  return true;
template <class T, class... U>
bool input(T& a, U&... b){
  if (!input(a)) return false;
  return input(b...);
```

Search

Others

Persistence