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## Basic

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```
vimrc
set nu "行號"
set tabstop=4 "tab寬度"
 set softtabstop=4
 set autoindent
 set shiftwidth=4
 set cindent
 set smartindent
 se ai ar sm nu rnu is
 se mouse=a bs=2 so=6 ts=4 ttm=100
 nmap <F4> :! cat -n % > %<.print ; lpr %<.print <CR>
 nmap <F9> :! clear ; g++ -std=c++11 -Wall -02 % -0 %<.
     out; ./%<.out <CR>
 Faster cin
 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
 using namespace std;
 int main(){
   ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false);
   cin.tie(0);
 BigInt
 struct Bigint{
   static const int LEN = 60;
   static const int BIGMOD = 10000;
   int s;
   int vl, v[LEN];
   // vector<int> v;
   Bigint() : s(1) \{ vl = 0; \}
   Bigint(long long a) {
     s = 1; vl = 0;
     if (a < 0) { s = -1; a = -a; }
while (a) {
       push_back(a % BIGMOD);
        a /= BIGMOD;
   Bigint(string str) {
     s = 1; vl = 0;
     int stPos = 0, num = 0;
     if (!str.empty() && str[0] == '-') {
       stPos = 1;
        s = -1;
     for (int i=SZ(str)-1, q=1; i>=stPos; i--) {
  num += (str[i] - '0') * q;
        if ((q *= 10) >= BIGMOD) {
          push_back(num);
          num = 0; q = 1;
       }
      if (num) push_back(num);
   int len() const { return vl; /* return SZ(v); */ }
   bool empty() const { return len() == 0; }
void push_back(int x) { v[vl++] = x; /* v.PB(x); */ }
void pop_back() { vl--; /* v.pop_back(); */ }
int back() const { return v[vl-1]; /* return v.back()
   void n() { while (!empty() && !back()) pop_back(); }
   void resize(int nl) {
     vl = nl; fill(v, v+vl, 0);
            v.resize(nl); // fill(ALL(v), 0);
   void print() const {
```

```
if (empty()) { putchar('0'); return; }
if (s == -1) putchar('-');
                                                                         r.v[i+j] += v[i] * b.v[j];
  if (s == -1) putchar('
printf("%d", back());
                                                                         if(r.v[i+j] >= BIGMOD)
                                                                           r.v[i+j+1] += r.v[i+j] / BIGMOD;
                                                                           r.v[i+j] %= BIGMOD;
  for (int i=len()-2; i>=0; i--) printf("%.4d",v[i]);
                                                                      }
friend std::ostream& operator << (std::ostream& out,</pre>
    const Bigint &a) {
                                                                    }
  if (a.empty()) { out << "0"; return out; }</pre>
                                                                    r.n();
  if (a.s == -1) out << "-";
                                                                    return r;
  out << a.back();
  for (int i=a.len()-2; i>=0; i--) {
                                                                  Bigint operator / (const Bigint &b) {
    char str[10];
                                                                    Bigint r
    snprintf(str, 5, "%.4d", a.v[i]);
                                                                    r.resize(max(1, len()-b.len()+1));
    out << str;
                                                                     int oriS = s;
                                                                    Bigint b2 = \dot{b}; // b2 = abs(b)
  return out;
                                                                     s = b2.s = r.s = 1;
                                                                    for (int i=r.len()-1; i>=0; i--) {
int cp3(const Bigint &b)const {
                                                                       int d=0, u=BIGMOD-1;
  if (s != b.s) return s > b.s ? 1 : -1;
                                                                       while(d<u) {</pre>
  if (s == -1) return -(-*this).cp3(-b);
                                                                         int m = (d+u+1)>>1;
                                                                         r.v[i] = m;
  if (len() != b.len()) return len()>b.len()?1:-1;
  for (int i=len()-1; i>=0; i--)
                                                                         if((r*b2) > (*this)) u = m-1;
    if (v[i]!=b.v[i]) return v[i]>b.v[i]?1:-1;
                                                                         else d = m;
  return 0;
                                                                       r.v[i] = d;
bool operator < (const Bigint &b)const{ return cp3(b)</pre>
                                                                    }
     ==-1; }
                                                                    s = oriS;
                                                                    r.s = s * b.s;
bool operator <= (const Bigint &b)const{ return cp3(b</pre>
     )<=0; }
                                                                    r.n();
bool operator >= (const Bigint &b)const{ return cp3(b
                                                                    return r;
     )>=0; }
                                                                  Bigint operator % (const Bigint &b) {
bool operator == (const Bigint &b)const{ return cp3(b
     )==0; }
                                                                    return (*this)-(*this)/b*b;
bool operator != (const Bigint &b)const{ return cp3(b
    )!=0; }
                                                               };
bool operator > (const Bigint &b)const{ return cp3(b)
     ==1; }
Bigint operator - () const {
                                                                Random
  Bigint r = (*this);
  r.s = -r.s;
  return r;
                                                               inline int ran(){
  static int x = 20167122;
  return x = (x * 0xdefaced + 1) & INT_MAX;
Bigint operator + (const Bigint &b) const {
  if (s == -1) return -(-(*this)+(-b));
  if (b.s == -1) return (*this)-(-b);
  Bigint r;
int nl = max(len(), b.len());
  r.resize(nl + 1);
for (int i=0; i<nl; i++) {
   if (i < len()) r.v[i] += v[i];
}</pre>
                                                                Mathmatics
    if (i < b.len()) r.v[i] += b.v[i];</pre>
                                                                Miller Rabin
    if(r.v[i] >= BIGMOD) {
      r.v[i+1] += r.v[i] / BIGMOD;
       r.v[i] %= BIGMOD;
                                                                typedef long long LL;
    }
  }
                                                                LL bin_pow(LL a, LL n, LL MOD){
  r.n();
                                                                  LL re=1;
                                                                  while (n>0){
  return r;
                                                                    if (n\&1)re = re*a %MOD;
                                                                    a = a*a %MOD;
Bigint operator - (const Bigint &b) const {
  if (s == -1) return -(-(*this)-(-b));
if (b.s == -1) return (*this)+(-b);
                                                                    n>>=1;
                                                                  }
  if ((*this) < b) return -(b-(*this));</pre>
                                                                  return re;
  Bigint r;
  r.resize(len());
for (int i=0; i<len(); i++) {
                                                                bool is_prime(LL n){
                                                                  //static LL sprp[3] = { 2LL, 7LL, 61LL};
static LL sprp[7] = { 2LL, 325LL, 9375LL,
    r.v[i] += v[i];
                                                                    28178LL, 450775LL, 9780504LL, 1795265022LL };
    if (i < b.len()) r.v[i] -= b.v[i];</pre>
    if (r.v[i] < 0) {
      r.v[i] += BIGMOD;
                                                                  if (n==1 || (n&1)==0 ) return n==2;
       r.v[i+1]--;
                                                                  int u=n-1, t=0;
    }
                                                                  while ( (u&1)==0 ) u>>=1, t++;
  }
                                                                  for (int i=0; i<7; i++){
  r.n();
                                                                    LL x = bin_pow(sprp[i]%n, u, n);
                                                                    if (x==0 \mid | x==1 \mid | x==n-1)continue;
  return r;
Bigint operator * (const Bigint &b) {
                                                                    for (int j=1; j<t; j++){
                                                                       x=x*x%n;
  Bigint r;
  r.resize(len() + b.len() + 1);
                                                                       if (x=1 \mid x=n-1)break;
  r.s = s * b.s;
  for (int i=0; i<len(); i++) {</pre>
                                                                    if (x==n-1)continue;
    for (int j=0; j<b.len(); j++) {</pre>
                                                                    return 0;
```

HASH operator \* (LL B){

return HASH(a\*B%P1,a\*B%P2,a\*B%P3);

```
bool operator < (const HASH &B)const{</pre>
  return 1;
                                                                             if (a!=B.a)return a<B.a;</pre>
                                                                             if (b!=B.b)return b<B.b;</pre>
                                                                             return c<B.c;</pre>
ax+by=gcd(a,b)
                                                                        void up(){ (*this) = (*this)*X; }
                                                                   };
typedef pair<int, int> pii;
pii extgcd(int a, int b){
                                                                   int main(){
  if(b == 0) return make_pair(1, 0);
  else{
    int p = a / b;
    pii q = extgcd(b, a % b);
                                                                   GaussElimination
    return make_pair(q.second, q.first - q.second * p);
}
                                                                   // by bcw_codebook
                                                                   const int MAXN = 300;
                                                                   const double EPS = 1e-8;
FFT
                                                                   double A[MAXN][MAXN];
const double pi = atan(1.0)*4;
struct Complex {
                                                                   void Gauss() {
    double x,y;
                                                                      for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    Complex(double _x=0, double _y=0)
    :x(_x),y(_y) {}
Complex operator + (Complex &tt) { return Complex(x)
                                                                        bool ok = 0;
                                                                        for(int j = i; j < n; j++) {
  if(fabs(A[j][i]) > EPS) {
    +tt.x,y+tt.y); }
Complex operator - (Complex &tt) { return Complex(x
                                                                             swap(A[j], A[i]);
                                                                            ok = 1;
    -tt.x,y-tt.y); }
Complex operator * (Complex &tt) { return Complex(x
                                                                            break;
                                                                          }
         *tt.x-y*tt.y,x*tt.y+y*tt.x); }
                                                                        if(!ok) continue;
void fft(Complex *a, int n, int rev) {
    // n是大于等于相乘的两个数组长度的2的幂次
                                                                        double fs = A[i][i];
    // 从0开始表示长度,对a进行操作
                                                                        for(int j = i+1; j < n; j++) {
  double r = A[j][i] / fs;</pre>
    // rev==1进行DFT, ==-1进行IDFT
    for (int i = 1, j = 0; i < n; ++ i) {
                                                                          for(int k = i; k < n; k++) {
    A[j][k] -= A[i][k] * r;
         for (int k = n > 1; k > (j^k); k > 1);
         if (i<j) std::swap(a[i],a[j]);</pre>
                                                                        }
    for (int m = 2; m <= n; m <<= 1) {
   Complex wm(cos(2*pi*rev/m),sin(2*pi*rev/m));
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i += m) {</pre>
                                                                   }
              Complex w(1.0,0.0);
              for (int j = i; j < i+m/2; ++ j) {
   Complex t = w*a[j+m/2];</pre>
                                                                   Inverse
                   a[j+m/2] = a[j] - t;
                  a[j] = a[j] + t;
                                                                   int inverse[100000];
                  W = W * Wm;
                                                                   void invTable(int b, int p) {
              }
                                                                      inverse[1] = 1;
         }
                                                                      for( int i = 2; i <= b; i++ ) {
                                                                        inverse[i] = (long long)inverse[p%i] * (p-p/i) % p;
     if (rev==-1) {
         for (int i = 0; i < n; ++ i) a[i].x /= n,a[i].y
               /= n;
    }
                                                                   int inv(int b, int p) {
}
                                                                      return b == 1 ? 1 : ((long long)inv(p % b, p) * (p-p/
                                                                          b) % p);
Hash
typedef long long LL;
                                                                   IterSet
LL X=7122;
LL P1=712271227;
                                                                   // get all subset in set S
LL P2=179433857
LL P3=179434999;
                                                                   for (int i = S; i; i = (i-1) & S) {
struct HASH{
    LL a, b, c;
                                                                   }
    HASH(LL'a=0, LL b=0, LL c=0):a(a),b(b),c(c){}
    HASH operator + (HASH B){
         return HASH((a+B.a)%P1,(b+B.b)%P2,(c+B.c)%P3);
                                                                   LinearPrime
  HASH operator + (LL B){
    return (*this)+HASH(B,B,B);
                                                                   const int MAXP = 100; //max prime
```

vector<int> P; // primes

void build\_prime(){

```
static bitset<MAXP> ok;
int np=0;
for (int i=2; i<MAXP; i++){
   if (ok[i]==0)P.push_back(i), np++;
   for (int j=0; j<np && i*P[j]<MAXP; j++){
      ok[ i*P[j] ] = 1;
      if ( i%P[j]==0 )break;
   }
}</pre>
```

#### SG

```
Sprague-Grundy
1. 雙人、回合制
2. 資訊完全公開
3. 無隨機因素
4. 可在有限步內結束
5. 沒有和局
6. 雙方可採取的行動相同
SG(S) 的值為 0:後手(P)必勝
不為 0: 先手(N)必勝
int mex(set S) {
 // find the min number >= 0 that not in the S
  // e.g. S = \{0, 1, 3, 4\} \max(S) = 2
state = []
int SG(A) {
  if (A not in state) {
   S = sub\_states(A)
   if( len(S) > 1 ) state[A] = reduce(operator.xor, [
       SG(B) for B in S])
   else state[A] = mex(set(SG(B) for B in next_states(
       A)))
  return state[A]
```

# Geometry

### 2D Point Template

```
typedef double T;
struct Point {
 T x,y;
 Point (T_x=0, T_y=0):x(_x),y(_y){}
 bool operator < (const Point &b)const{</pre>
   return atan2(y,x) < atan2(b.y,b.x);</pre>
 bool operator == (const Point &b)const{
    return atan2(y,x) == atan2(b.y,b.x);
 Point operator + (const Point &b)const{
   return Point(x+b.x,y+b.y);
 Point operator - (const Point &b)const{
   return Point(x-b.x,y-b.y);
 T operator * (const Point &b)const{
    return x*b.x + y*b.y;
 T operator % (const Point &b)const{
    return x*b.y - y*b.x;
 Point operator * (const T &d)const{
   return Point(d*x,d*y);
 T abs2() { return x*x+y*y;
  T abs() { return sqrt( abs2() ); }
```

#### Intersection of two circle

### Convex Hull

input();

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
typedef long long LL;
const int MAXN = 100005;
const LL INF = (1LL)<<62;</pre>
struct Point{
    LL x, y;
Point (LL x=0, LL y=0):x(x),y(y){}
bool operator < (const Point &B)const {
         if (x!=B.x)return x<B.x;</pre>
         return y<B.y;</pre>
    Point operator - (Point B){
         return Point(x-B.x,y-B.y);
LL cross(Point A, Point B){
    return A.x*B.y-A.y*B.x;
LL Abs(LL x){
    return x>0?x:-x;
LL AreaU[MAXN], AreaD[MAXN];
void find_CH(int N, Point P[], LL Area[]){
    static vector<Point> U, D;
     static vector<int> Ui, Di;
    U.clear(), Ui.clear();
D.clear(), Di.clear();
    int uz=0, dz=0;
    for (int i=0; i<N; i++){</pre>
         while (uz>=2 && cross(P[i]-U[uz-2],U[uz-1]-U[uz
              -2])<=0)U.pop_back(), Ui.pop_back(), uz--;
         if (uz<=1)AreaU[i]=0;</pre>
         else AreaU[i] = AreaU[ Ui[uz-1] ] + Abs(cross(P
              [i]-U[0],U[uz-1]-Ū[0]));
         U.push_back(P[i]),Ui.push_back(i),uz++;
         while (dz \ge 2 \& cross(P[i]-D[dz-2],D[dz-1]-D[dz
              -2])>=0)D.pop_back(), Di.pop_back(), dz--;
         if (dz<=1)AreaD[i]=0;</pre>
         else AreaD[i] = AreaD[ Di[dz-1] ] + Abs(cross(P
              [i]-D[0],D[dz-1]-D[0]));
         D.push_back(P[i]),Di.push_back(i),dz++;
         Area[i] = AreaU[i] + AreaD[i];
         //printf("Area[%d]=%lld\n",i ,Area[i]);
    //puts("");
}
int N;
Point P[MAXN];
LL Areal[MAXN], AreaR[MAXN];
int main(){
```

```
find_CH(N,P,AreaL);
  for (int i=0; i<N; i++)P[i].x*=-1;
  reverse(P,P+N);
  find_CH(N,P,AreaR);
  reverse(AreaR,AreaR+N);
  reverse(P,P+N);

LL Ans = min(AreaL[N-1],AreaR[0]);
  for (int i=0; i<N-1; i++){
      if (P[i].x!=P[i+1].x){
          Ans = min (Ans,AreaL[i]+AreaR[i+1]);
      }
  if (P[0].x==P[N-1].x)Ans=0;
    printf("%lld\n",(Ans+1)/2LL);
}</pre>
```

### Flow

#### Dinic

```
const int INF = 1<<29;</pre>
struct Dinic{ //O(VVE)
  static const int MAXV = 5003;
  struct Edge{
    int from, to, cap, flow;
  int n, m, s, t, d[MAXV], cur[MAXV];
  vector<Edge> edges;
  vector<int> G[MAXV];
  void init(int _n=MAXV){
    edges.clear();
    for (int i=0; i<_n; i++)G[i].clear();</pre>
  void AddEdge(int from, int to, int cap){
    edges.push_back( {from,to,cap,0} );
edges.push_back( {to,from,0,0} );
    m = edges.size()
    G[from].push_back(m-2);
    G[to].push_back(m-1);
  bool dinicBFS(){
    memset(d,-1,sizeof(d));
    queue<int> que;
    que.push(s); d[s]=0;
    while (!que.empty()){
       int u = que.front(); que.pop();
      for (int ei:G[u])
         Edge &e = edges[ei];
         if (d[e.to]<0 && e.cap>e.flow){
           d[e.to]=d[u]+1;
           que.push(e.to);
        }
      }
    return d[t]>=0;
  int dinicDFS(int u, int a){
    if (u==t || a==0)return a;
    int flow=0, f;
    for (int &i=cur[u]; i<(int)G[u].size(); i++){
   Edge &e = edges[ G[u][i] ];</pre>
      if (d[u]+1!=d[e.to])continue;
      f = dinicDFS(e.to, min(a, e.cap-e.flow) );
       if (f>0){
         e.flow += f
         edges[ G[u][i]^1 ].flow -=f;
         flow += f;
         a -= f;
         if (a==0)break;
```

```
return flow:
  int maxflow(int s, int t){
    this->s = s, this->t = t;
    int flow=0, mf;
    while ( dinicBFS() ){
      memset(cur,0,sizeof(cur));
      while ( (mf=dinicDFS(s,INF)) )flow+=mf;
    return flow;
}dinic;
// s=0, t=1;
int fnd(int id ,int out=0){
  // out=0 入點 out=1 出點
  static int spr=1;
  //spr=2 時每個點分成入點,出點
  return id*spr+out+2;
}
```

## Graph

## Strongly Connected Component(SCC)

```
#define MXN 100005
#define PB push_back
#define FZ(s) memset(s,0,sizeof(s))
struct Scc{
int n, nScc, vst[MXN], bln[MXN];
vector<int> E[MXN], rE[MXN], vec;
void init(int _n){
   for (int i=0; i<MXN; i++){</pre>
     E[i].clear();
     rE[i].clear();
  }
}
void add_edge(int u, int v){
  E[u].PB(v):
   rE[v].PB(u);
void DFS(int u){
   vst[u]=1;
   for (auto v : E[u])
    if (!vst[v]) DFS(v);
   vec.PB(u);
void rDFS(int u){
   vst[u] = 1;
   bln[u] = nScc;
   for (auto v : rE[u])
     if (!vst[v]) rDFS(v);
void solve(){
  nScc = 0;
   vec.clear();
   FZ(vst);
   for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
     if (!vst[i]) DFS(i);
   reverse(vec.begin(),vec.end());
   FZ(vst);
   for (auto v : vec){
     if (!vst[v]){
      rDFS(v);
       nScc++;
     }
  }
}
};
```

### Euler Circuit

//CF 723E

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                                              }
                                                                        }
using namespace std;
const int MAXN = 300;
                                                                         Hungarian
struct EDGE{
     int u ,v ;
     int type;
                                                                         vector<int> G[MAXN];
int n, m, deg[MAXN];
                                                                         int match[MAXN]; // Matching Result
vector <EDGE> edges;
                                                                         int visit[MAXN];
vector<int> G[MAXN];
bool vis[MAXN*MAXN]
                                                                         bool dfs(int u) {
bool alive[MAXN][MAXN];
                                                                              for ( auto v:G[u] ) {
bool visN[MAXN];
                                                                                   if (!visit[v]) {
                                                                                        visit[v] = true;
if (match[v] == -1 || dfs(match[v])) {
vector<int> ans;
void add_edge(int u, int v, int type=0){
   edges.push_back( EDGE{u,v,type} );
   edges.push_back( EDGE{v,u,type} );
                                                                                             match[v] = u;
                                                                                             match[u] = v;
                                                                                             return true;
     G[u].push_back( edges.size()-2 );
G[v].push_back( edges.size()-1 );
                                                                                        }
                                                                                   }
     deg[u]++, deg[v]++;
alive[u][v]=alive[v][u]!=type^1;
                                                                              return false;
                                                                         }
}
void input(){
                                                                         int hungarian() {
     memset(visN,0,sizeof(visN));
                                                                              int res = 0;
    memset(vis,0,sizeof(vis));
memset(alive,0,sizeof(alive));
                                                                              memset(match, -1, sizeof(match));
                                                                              for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                                                                                   if (match[i] == -1) {
     memset(deg,0,sizeof(deg));
                                                                                        memset(visit, 0, sizeof(visit));
if (dfs(i)) res += 1;
     edges.clear();
     ans.clear()
     for (int i=0; i<MAXN; i++)G[i].clear();</pre>
                                                                                   }
     scanf("%d%d",&n ,&m);
                                                                              return res;
     for (int i=0, u, v; i<m; i++){
    scanf("%d%d", &u, &v);</pre>
                                                                         }
          add_edge(u,v);
     }
                                                                         Maximum Clique
}
void add_Graph(){
                                                                         const int MAXN = 105;
     vector<int> tmp;
                                                                         int best;
                                                                         int m ,n;
     for (int i=1; i<=n; i++)if (deg[i]%2==1){</pre>
          tmp.push_back(i);
                                                                         int num[MAXN];
                                                                         // int x[MAXN];
     printf("%d\n",n-tmp.size());
for (int i=0; i<tmp.size(); i+=2){</pre>
                                                                         int path[MAXN]
                                                                         int g[MAXN][MAXN];
          add_edge(tmp[i],tmp[i+1],1);
                                                                         bool dfs( int *adj, int total, int cnt ){
                                                                              int i, j, k;
int t[MAXN];
}
void dfs(int u){
                                                                              if( total == 0 ){
                                                                                   if( best < cnt ){</pre>
     visN[u]=1;
     for (int i=0; i<G[u].size(); i++)if (!vis[ G[u][i</pre>
                                                                                        // for( i = 0; i < cnt; i++) path[i] = x[i
          ]>>1 ]){
          EDGE &e = edges[ G[u][i] ];
                                                                                        best = cnt; return true;
          int v = e.v;
          vis[ G[u][i]>>1 ]=1;
                                                                                   return false;
          dfs(v);
                                                                              for( i = 0; i < total; i++){</pre>
     ans.push_back(u);
                                                                                   if( cnt+(total-i) <= best ) return false;</pre>
                                                                                   if( cnt+num[adj[i]] <= best ) return false;</pre>
}
                                                                                   // x[cnt] = adj[i];
                                                                                   for( k = 0, j = i+1; j < total; j++ )
    if( g[ adj[i] ][ adj[j] ] )
        t[ k++ ] = adj[j];
        if( dfs( t, k, cnt+1 ) ) return true;</pre>
int main(){
     int T; scanf("%d",&T);
while (T--){
          input();
          add_Graph();
                                                                              } return false;
          for (int i=1; i<=n; i++)if (!visN[i]){</pre>
               dfs(i);
                                                                         int MaximumClique(){
               for (int j=0 ;j<ans.size()-1; j++){</pre>
                                                                              int i, j, k;
int adj[MAXN];
                    int u = ans[j], v=ans[j+1];
                    if (alive[u][v]){
                                                                              if( n <= 0 ) return 0;</pre>
                                                                              best = 0;
for( i = n-1; i >= 0; i-- ){
    // x[0] = i;
    i - i+1: j <
                         alive[u][v]=alive[v][u]=0;
                         printf("%d %d\n",u ,v);
                    }
                                                                                   for( k = 0, j = i+1; j < n; j++)
               ans.clear();
                                                                                        if( g[i][j] ) adj[k++] = j;
                                                                                   dfs( adj, k, 1 );
          }
```

```
num[i] = best;
}
return best;
}
```

## Tarjan

```
int n;
vector<int> G[MAXN];
stack<int> stk;
int dfn[MAXN], low[MAXN];
bool ins[MAXN];
int scc[MAXN], scn, count;
void tarjan(int u){
  dfn[u] = low[u] = ++count;
  stk.push(u);
  ins[u] = true;
  for(auto v:G[u]){
    if(!dfn[v]){
       tarjan(v);
    low[u] = min(low[u], low[v]);
}else if(ins[v]){
       low[u] = min(low[u], dfn[v]);
  }
  if(dfn[u] == low[u]){
    int v;
    do {
      v = stk.top();
       stk.pop();
      scc[v] = scn;
ins[v] = false;
    } while(v != u);
    scn++:
  }
}
void GetSCC(){
  count = scn = 0;
for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){</pre>
    if(!dfn[i]) tarjan(i);
```

## LCA

```
//lv紀錄深度
//father[多少冪次][誰]
//已經建好每個人的父親是誰 (father[0][i]已經建好)
//已經建好深度 (lv[i]已經建好)
void makePP(){
  for(int i = 1; i < 20; i++){
  for(int j = 2; j <= n; j++){
    father[i][j]=father[i-1][ father[i-1][j] ];</pre>
  }
int find(int a, int b){
  if(lv[a] < lv[b]) swap(a,b);
  int need = lv[a] - lv[b];
  int need = lv[a] - lv[b];</pre>
   for(int i = 0; need!=0; i++){
      if(need&1) a=father[i][a];
     need >>= 1;
  for(int i = 19 ;i >= 0 ;i--){
  if(father[i][a] != father[i][b]){
        a=father[i][a];
        b=father[i][b];
     }
  }
   return a!=b?father[0][a] : a;
```

### Data Structure

## Disjoint Set

```
struct DisjointSet{
    int n, fa[MAXN];

    void init(int size) {
        for (int i = 0; i <= size; i++) {
            fa[i] = i;
            }
        void find(int x) {
            return fa[x] == x ? x : find(fa[x]);
            }

        void unite(int x, int y) {
            p[find(x)] = find(y);
            }
} djs;</pre>
```

## Sparse Table

```
const int MAXN = 200005;
const int lgN = 20;

struct SP{ //sparse table
  int Sp[MAXN][lgN];
  function<int(int,int)> opt;
  void build(int n, int *a){ // 0 base
    for (int i=0 ;i<n; i++) Sp[i][0]=a[i];

  for (int h=1; h<lgN; h++){
     int len = 1<<(h-1), i=0;
     for (; i+len<n; i++)
        Sp[i][h] = opt( Sp[i][h-1] , Sp[i+len][h-1] );
    for (; i<n; i++)
        Sp[i][h] = Sp[i][h-1];
    }
}
int query(int l, int r){
    int h = __lg(r-l+1);
    int len = 1<<h;
    return opt( Sp[l][h] , Sp[r-len+1][h] );
}
};</pre>
```

### Treap

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
template<class T,unsigned seed>class treap{
  public:
    struct node{
      T data;
      int size;
      node *1, *r;
      node(T d){
        size=1;
        data=d:
        l=r=NULL;
      inline void up(){
        size=1;
        if(l)size+=l->size;
        if(r)size+=r->size;
      inline void down(){
    }*root;
inline int size(node *p){return p?p->size:0;}
    inline bool ran(node *a,node *b){
      static unsigned x=seed;
      x=0xdefaced*x+1;
```

**KMP** 

```
unsigned all=size(a)+size(b):
                                                             template<typename T>
                                                             void build_KMP(int n, T *s, int *f){ // 1 base
      return (x%all+all)%all<size(a);</pre>
                                                               f[0]=-1, f[1]=0;
                                                               for (int i=2; i<=n; i++){
  int w = f[i-1];</pre>
    void clear(node *&p){
      if(p)clear(p->1),clear(p->r),delete p,p=NULL;
                                                                 while (w>=0 \&\& s[w+1]!=s[i])w = f[w];
    ~treap(){clear(root);}
                                                                 f[i]=w+1;
    void split(node *o,node *&a,node *&b,int k){
                                                               }
                                                             }
      if(!k)a=NULL,b=o;
      else if(size(o)==k)a=o,b=NULL;
      else{
                                                             template<typename T>
                                                             int KMP(int n, T *a, int m, T *b){
        o->down();
                                                               build_KMP(n,b,f);
        if(k<=size(o->l)){
          b=0;
                                                               int ans=0;
          split(o->l,a,b->l,k);
          b->up();
                                                               for (int i=1, w=0; i<=n; i++){
        }else{
                                                                 while ( w = 0 \& b[w+1]! = a[i] )w = f[w];
          a=0
          split(o->r,a->r,b,k-size(o->l)-1);
                                                                 if (w==m){
                                                                   ans++;
          a->up();
                                                                   w=f[w];
      }
    void merge(node *&o,node *a,node *b){
                                                               return ans;
                                                             }
      if(!a||!b)o=a?a:b;
      else{
        if(ran(a,b)){
          a->down();
                                                             AC
          merge(o->r,a->r,b);
                                                             // by bcw_codebook
        }else{
          b->down();
                                                             struct ACautomata{
                                                               struct Node{
          o=b:
          merge(o->l,a,b->l);
                                                                 int cnt,dp
                                                                 Node *go[26], *fail;
                                                                 Node (){
        o->up();
      }
                                                                   cnt = 0;
                                                                   dp = -1;
    void build(node *&p,int l,int r,T *s){
                                                                   memset(go,0,sizeof(go));
      if(l>r)return;
                                                                   fail = 0;
      int mid=(l+r)>>1
      p=new node(s[mid]);
      build(p->l,l,mid-1,s);
      build(p->r,mid+1,r,s);
                                                               Node *root, pool[1048576];
      p->up();
                                                               int nMem;
                                                               Node* new_Node(){
    inline int rank(T data){
      node *p=root;
                                                                 pool[nMem] = Node();
      int cnt=0;
                                                                 return &pool[nMem++];
      while(p){
        if(data<=p->data)p=p->l;
                                                               void init(){
        else cnt+=size(p->l)+1,p=p->r;
                                                                 nMem = 0;
                                                                 root = new_Node();
      return cnt;
                                                               void add(const string &str){
    inline void insert(node *&p,T data,int k){
                                                                 insert(root,str,0);
      node *a, *b, *now;
      split(p,a,b,k);
                                                               void insert(Node *cur, const string &str, int pos){
      now=new node(data);
                                                                 if (pos >= (int)str.size()){
      merge(a,a,now);
                                                                   cur->cnt++;
      merge(p,a,b);
                                                                   return;
                                                                 int c = str[pos]-'a';
treap<int ,20141223>bst;
                                                                 if (cur->go[c] == 0){
int n,m,a,b;
                                                                   cur->go[c] = new_Node();
int main(){
  //當成二分查找樹用
                                                                 insert(cur->go[c],str,pos+1);
 while(~scanf("%d",&a))bst.insert(bst.root,a,bst.rank(
                                                               void make_fail(){
 while(~scanf("%d",&a))printf("%d\n",bst.rank(a));
                                                                 queue<Node*> que;
                                                                 que.push(root);
 bst.clear(bst.root);
                                                                 while (!que.empty()){
  Node* fr=que.front();
  return 0;
                                                                   que.pop();
                                                                   for (int i=0; i<26; i++){
                                                                     if (fr->go[i]){
                                                                       Node *ptr = fr->fail;
String
                                                                       while (ptr && !ptr->go[i]) ptr = ptr->fail;
                                                                       if (!ptr) fr->go[i]->fail = root;
                                                                       else fr->go[i]->fail = ptr->go[i];
```

que.push(fr->go[i]);

```
} } }
```

#### Z-value

```
z[0] = 0;
for ( int bst = 0, i = 1; i < len ; i++ ) {
  if ( z[bst] + bst <= i ) z[i] = 0;
  else z[i] = min(z[i - bst], z[bst] + bst - i);
  while ( str[i + z[i]] == str[z[i]] ) z[i]++;
  if ( i + z[i] > bst + z[bst] ) bst = i;
}
```

### Dark Code

## 輸入優化

```
#include <stdio.h>
char getc(){
  static const int bufsize = 1<<16;</pre>
  static char B[bufsize], *S=B, *T=B;
return (S==T&&(T=(S=B)+fread(B,1,bufsize,stdin),S==T)
       ?0:*S++);
template <class T>
bool input(T& a){
  a=(T)0;
  register char p;
  while ((p = getc()) < '-')</pre>
    if (p==0 || p==EOF) return false;
  if (p == '-')
    while ((p = getc()) >= '0') a = a*10 - (p^'0');
  else {
    a = p \wedge '0';
    while ((p = getc()) >= '0') a = a*10 + (p^'0');
  return true;
}
template <class T, class... U>
bool input(T& a, U&... b){
  if (!input(a)) return false;
  return input(b...);
```

Search

**Others** 

Persistence