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### Basic

```
vimrc
|set nu #行號
 set tabstop=4
 set softtabstop=4
 set autoindent
 set shiftwidth=4
 set cindent
 set smartindent
 se ai ar sm nu rnu is
 se mouse=a bs=2 so=6 ts=4 ttm=100
 nmap <F4> :! cat -n % > %.print ; lpr %.print
nmap <F9> :! clear ; g++ -std=c++11 -static -Wall -02 % -o %.out; ./%.out
 BigInt
struct Bigint{
   static const int LEN = 60;
   static const int BIGMOD = 10000;
   int s;
   int vl, v[LEN];
   // vector<int> v
   Bigint() : s(1) { vl = 0; }
   Bigint(long long a) {
      s = 1; vl = 0;
      if (a < 0) \{ s = -1; a = -a; \}
      while (a) {
        push_back(a % BIGMOD);
        a /= BIGMOD;
      }
   Bigint(string str) {
      s = 1; vl = 0;
      int stPos = 0, num = 0;
      if (!str.empty() && str[0] == '-') {
        stPos = 1;
        s = -1;
      for (int i=SZ(str)-1, q=1; i>=stPos; i--) {
  num += (str[i] - '0') * q;
        if ((q *= 10) >= BIGMOD) {
           push_back(num);
           num = 0; q = 1;
        }
      if (num) push_back(num);
   int len() const { return vl; /* return SZ(v); */ }
   bool empty() const { return len() == 0; } void push_back(int x) { v[vl++] = x; /* v.PB(x); */ } void pop_back() { vl--; /* v.pop_back(); */ } int back() const { return v[vl-1]; /* return v.back()
   void n() { while (!empty() && !back()) pop_back(); }
   void resize(int nl) {
      vl = nl; fill(v, v+vl, 0);
// v.resize(nl); // fill(ALL(v), 0);
   void print() const {
  if (empty()) { putchar('0'); return; }
      if (s == -1) putchar('-');
printf("%d", back());
      for (int i=len()-2; i>=0; i--) printf("%.4d",v[i]);
   friend std::ostream& operator << (std::ostream& out,</pre>
        const Bigint &a) {
      if (a.empty()) { out << "0"; return out; } if (a.s == -1) out << "-";
      out << a.back();
      for (int i=a.len()-2; i>=0; i--) {
        char str[10];
```

```
snprintf(str, 5, "%.4d", a.v[i]);
                                                                    r.resize(max(1, len()-b.len()+1));
    out << str;
                                                                    int oriS = s
                                                                    Bigint b2 = \dot{b}; // b2 = abs(b)
                                                                    s = b2.s = r.s = 1;
  return out:
                                                                    for (int i=r.len()-1; i>=0; i--) {
int cp3(const Bigint &b)const {
                                                                      int d=0, u=BIGMOD-1;
  if (s != b.s) return s > b.s ? 1 : -1;
if (s == -1) return -(-*this).cp3(-b);
                                                                      while(d<u) {</pre>
                                                                         int m = (d+u+1)>>1;
  if (len() != b.len()) return len()>b.len()?1:-1;
                                                                         r.v[i] = m;
  for (int i=len()-1; i>=0; i--)
                                                                         if((r*b2) > (*this)) u = m-1;
    if (v[i]!=b.v[i]) return v[i]>b.v[i]?1:-1;
                                                                         else d = m;
  return 0;
                                                                       }
                                                                       r.v[i] = d;
bool operator < (const Bigint &b)const{ return cp3(b)</pre>
                                                                    }
    ==-1; }
                                                                    s = oriS;
r.s = s * b.s;
bool operator <= (const Bigint &b)const{ return cp3(b</pre>
     )<=0; }
                                                                    r.n();
bool operator >= (const Bigint &b)const{ return cp3(b
                                                                    return r:
     )>=0; }
bool operator == (const Bigint &b)const{ return cp3(b
                                                                  Bigint operator % (const Bigint &b) {
                                                                    return (*this)-(*this)/b*b;
     )==0; }
bool operator != (const Bigint &b)const{ return cp3(b
    )!=0; }
                                                               };
bool operator > (const Bigint &b)const{ return cp3(b)
     ==1; }
Bigint operator - () const {
                                                                Random
  Bigint r = (*this);
  r.\bar{s} = -r.s;
  return r;
                                                                inline int ran(){
                                                                  static int x = 20167122;
Bigint operator + (const Bigint &b) const {
                                                                  return x = (x * 0xdefaced + 1) & INT_MAX;
  if (s == -1) return -(-(*this)+(-b));
  if (b.s == -1) return (*this)-(-b);
  Bigint r;
  int nl = max(len(), b.len());
  r.resize(nl + 1);
for (int i=0; i<nl; i++) {</pre>
                                                                Mathmatics
    if (i < len()) r.v[i] += v[i];</pre>
    if (i < b.len()) r.v[i] += b.v[i];</pre>
                                                                Miller Rabin
    if(r.v[i] >= BIGMOD) {
      r.v[i+1] += r.v[i] / BIGMOD;
       r.v[i] %= BIGMOĎ;
                                                                typedef long long LL;
    }
                                                                LL bin_pow(LL a, LL n, LL MOD){
  }
                                                                  LL re=1;
  r.n();
                                                                  while (n>0){
  return r;
                                                                    if (n\&1)re = re*a %MOD;
                                                                    a = a*a \%MOD;
Bigint operator - (const Bigint &b) const {
  if (s == -1) return -(-(*this)-(-b));
                                                                    n>>=1;
                                                                  }
  if (b.s == -1) return (*this)+(-b);
                                                                  return re;
  if ((*this) < b) return -(b-(*this));</pre>
                                                                }
  Bigint r
                                                                bool is_prime(LL n){
  r.resize(len());
                                                                  //static LL sprp[3] = { 2LL, 7LL, 61LL};
static LL sprp[7] = { 2LL, 325LL, 9375LL,
28178LL, 450775LL, 9780504LL,
  for (int i=0; i<len(); i++) {</pre>
    r.v[i] += v[i];
if (i < b.len()) r.v[i] -= b.v[i];
                                                                    1795265022LL }
    if (r.v[i] < 0) {</pre>
                                                                  if (n==1 || (n&1)==0 ) return n==2;
      r.v[i] += BIGMOD;
                                                                  int u=n-1, t=0;
       r.v[i+1]--;
                                                                  while ( (u&1)==0 ) u>>=1, t++;
    }
                                                                  for (int i=0; i<7; i++){
    LL x = bin_pow( sprp[i]%n, u, n);
  }
  r.n();
                                                                    if (x==0 \mid | x==1 \mid | x==n-1)continue;
  return r;
                                                                    for (int j=1; j<t; j++){</pre>
Bigint operator * (const Bigint &b) {
                                                                       x=x*x%n;
  Bigint r;
                                                                       if (x==1 \mid | x==n-1)break;
  r.resize(len() + b.len() + 1);
  r.s = s * b.s;
for (int i=0; i<len(); i++) {
                                                                    if (x==n-1)continue;
    for (int j=0; j<b.len(); j++) {
  r.v[i+j] += v[i] * b.v[j];</pre>
                                                                    return 0;
                                                                  return 1;
       if(r.v[i+j] >= BIGMOD)
         r.v[i+j+1] += r.v[i+j] / BIGMOD;
         r.v[i+j] \% = BIGMO\overline{D};
    }
                                                                ax+by=gcd(a,b)
  }
  r.n();
                                                                typedef pair<int, int> pii;
  return r;
                                                                pii extgcd(int a, int b){
Bigint operator / (const Bigint &b) {
                                                                  if(b == 0) return make_pair(1, 0);
  Bigint r;
                                                                  else{
```

void up(){ (\*this) = (\*this)\*X; }

};

int main(){

```
int p = a / b;
                                                                Convex Hull
    pii q = extgcd(b, a \% b);
    return make_pair(q.second, q.first - q.second * p);
}
                                                                #include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                                using namespace std;
                                                                typedef long long LL;
FFT
                                                                const int MAXN = 100005;
                                                                const LL INF = (1LL)<<62;</pre>
const double pi = atan(1.0)*4;
                                                                struct Point{
struct Complex {
                                                                     LL x, y;
Point (LL x=0, LL y=0):x(x),y(y){}
bool operator < (const Point &B)const {
    double x,y;
    Complex(double _x=0, double _y=0)
         :x(_x),y(_y) {}
                                                                         if (x!=B.x)return x<B.x;</pre>
    Complex operator + (Complex &tt) { return Complex(x
                                                                         return y<B.y;</pre>
    +tt.x,y+tt.y); }
Complex operator - (Complex &tt) { return Complex(x
                                                                     Point operator - (Point B){
    -tt.x,y-tt.y); }
Complex operator * (Complex &tt) { return Complex(x
                                                                         return Point(x-B.x,y-B.y);
         *tt.x-y*tt.y,x*tt.y+y*tt.x); }
                                                                LL cross(Point A, Point B){
void fft(Complex *a, int n, int rev) {
                                                                     return A.x*B.y-A.y*B.x;
    // n是大于等于相乘的两个数组长度的2的幂次
    // 从0开始表示长度,对a进行操作
                                                                LL Abs(LL x){
    // rev==1进行DFT, ==-1进行IDFT
                                                                     return x>0?x:-x;
    for (int i = 1, j = 0; i < n; ++ i) {
for (int k = n > 1; k > (j^k); k > = 1);
                                                                LL AreaU[MAXN], AreaD[MAXN];
         if (i<j) std::swap(a[i],a[j]);</pre>
                                                                void find_CH(int N, Point P[], LL Area[]){
                                                                     static vector<Point> U, D;
    for (int m = 2; m <= n; m <<= 1) {
                                                                     static vector<int> Ui, Di;
         Complex wm(cos(2*pi*rev/m),sin(2*pi*rev/m));
                                                                     U.clear(), Ui.clear();
D.clear(), Di.clear();
         for (int i = 0; i < n; i += m) {
             Complex w(1.0,0.0);
                                                                     int uz=0, dz=0;
             for (int j = i; j < i+m/2; ++ j) {
   Complex t = w*a[j+m/2];</pre>
                                                                     for (int i=0; i<N; i++){</pre>
                  a[j+m/2] = a[j] - t;
                                                                         while (uz>=2 && cross(P[i]-U[uz-2],U[uz-1]-U[uz
                  a[j] = a[j] + t;
                                                                              -2])<=0)U.pop_back(), Ui.pop_back(), uz--;
                  W = W * Wm;
                                                                          if (uz<=1)AreaU[i]=0;
             }
                                                                         else AreaU[i] = AreaU[ Ui[uz-1] ] + Abs(cross(P
         }
                                                                              [i]-U[0],U[uz-1]-U[0]);
                                                                         U.push_back(P[i]),Ui.push_back(i),uz++;
    if (rev==-1) {
   for (int i = 0; i < n; ++ i) a[i].x /= n,a[i].y</pre>
                                                                         while (dz \ge 2 \& cross(P[i]-D[dz-2],D[dz-1]-D[dz
               /= n;
                                                                              -2])>=0)D.pop_back(), Di.pop_back(), dz--;
    }
                                                                         if (dz<=1)AreaD[i]=0;</pre>
}
                                                                         else AreaD[i] = AreaD[ Di[dz-1] ] + Abs(cross(P
                                                                              [i]-D[0],D[dz-1]-D[0]));
                                                                         D.push_back(P[i]),Di.push_back(i),dz++;
Hash
                                                                         Area[i] = AreaU[i] + AreaD[i];
                                                                         //printf("Area[%d]=%lld\n",i ,Area[i]);
typedef long long LL;
                                                                     //puts("");
LL X=7122
LL P1=712271227;
                                                                }
LL P2=179433857;
                                                                int N;
LL P3=179434999;
                                                                Point P[MAXN];
struct HASH{
                                                                LL AreaL[MAXN], AreaR[MAXN];
    LL a, b, c;
    HASH(LL a=0, LL b=0, LL c=0):a(a),b(b),c(c){}
                                                                int main(){
    HASH operator + (HASH B){
                                                                     input();
         return HASH((a+B.a)%P1,(b+B.b)%P2,(c+B.c)%P3);
                                                                     find_CH(N,P,AreaL);
for (int i=0; i<N; i++)P[i].x*=-1;</pre>
  HASH operator + (LL B){
    return (*this)+HASH(B,B,B);
                                                                     reverse(P,P+N);
                                                                     find_CH(N,P,AreaR);
  HASH operator * (LL B){
                                                                     reverse(AreaR, AreaR+N);
    return HASH(a*B%P1,a*B%P2,a*B%P3);
                                                                     reverse(P,P+N);
  }
    bool operator < (const HASH &B)const{</pre>
                                                                     LL Ans = min(AreaL[N-1], AreaR[0]);
         if (a!=B.a)return a<B.a;
                                                                     for (int i=0; i< N-1; i++){
                                                                         if (P[i].x!=P[i+1].x){
         if (b!=B.b)return b<B.b;</pre>
                                                                              Ans = min (Ans,AreaL[i]+AreaR[i+1]);
         return c<B.c;</pre>
                                                                         }
```

if (P[0].x==P[N-1].x)Ans=0;

printf("%lld\n",(Ans+1)/2LL);

### **Eratosthenes**

```
bool p[MAXP] = {0};

void eratosthenes() {
  p[0] = p[1] = 0;
  for ( int i = 2;  i < MAXP ; i++ ) {
     p[i] = 1;
  }
  for ( int i = 2 ;  i < MAXP ; i++ ) {
     if ( !p[i] ) {
        for ( int j = i + i ;  j < MAXP ; j++ ) {
            p[j] = 0;
        }
     }
  }
}</pre>
```

#### GaussElimination

```
// by bcw_codebook
const int MAXN = 300;
const double EPS = 1e-8;
int n;
double A[MAXN][MAXN];
void Gauss() {
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     bool ok = 0;
for(int j = i; j < n; j++) {</pre>
       if(fabs(A[j][i]) > EPS) {
          swap(A[j], A[i]);
          ok = 1;
          break;
       }
     if(!ok) continue;
     double fs = A[i][i];
     for(int j = i+1; j < n; j++) {
  double r = A[j][i] / fs;</pre>
        for(int k = i; k < n; k++) {
    A[j][k] -= A[i][k] * r;
  }
}
```

### Inverse

```
int inverse[100000];
void invTable(int b, int p) {
  inverse[1] = 1;
  for( int i = 2; i <= b; i++ ) {
    inverse[i] = (long long)inverse[p%i] * (p-p/i) % p;
  }
}
int inv(int b, int p) {
  return b == 1 ? 1 : ((long long)inv(p % b, p) * (p-p/b) % p);
}</pre>
```

#### IterSet

```
// get all subset in set S
for (int i = S; i ; i = (i-1) & S ) {
}
```

### LinearPrime

```
int p[MAXN], np = 0;
int a[MAXN];

for ( int i = 2 ; i < n ; i++ ) {
   if ( a[i] == 0 ) p[np++] = i;
   for ( int j = 0; j < np && i * p[j] < n ; j++ ) {
      a[i * p[j]] = 1;
      if ( i % p[j] == 0) break;
   }
}</pre>
SG
```

```
Sprague-Grundy
1. 雙人、回合制
2. 資訊完全公開
3. 無隨機因素
4. 可在有限步內結束
5. 沒有和局
6. 雙方可採取的行動相同
SG(S) 的值為 0:後手(P)必勝
不為 0: 先手(N)必勝
int mex(set S) {
 // find the min number >= 0 that not in the S
  // e.g. S = \{0, 1, 3, 4\} mex(S) = 2
state = []
int SG(A) {
 if (A not in state) {
   S = sub\_states(A)
   if( len(S) > 1 ) state[A] = reduce(operator.xor, [
       SG(B) for B in S])
   else state[A] = mex(set(SG(B) for B in next_states(
       A)))
  return state[A]
```

### Geometry

#### Flow

### Dinic

```
struct Edge{
 int from, to, cap, flow;
const int INF = 1 << 29;
const int MAXV = 5003;
struct Dinic{ //O(VVE)
  int n, m, s, t;
  vector<Edge> edges;
  vector<int> G[MAXV];
  bool vis[MAXV];
  int d[MAXV];
  int cur[MAXV];
  void AddEdge(int from, int to, int cap){
    edges.push_back( {from,to,cap,0} );
edges.push_back( {to,from,0,0} );
    m = edges.size();
    G[from].push_back(m-2);
    G[to].push_back(m-1);
  bool dinicBFS(){
    memset(vis,0,sizeof(vis));
```

```
queue<int> que;
    que.push(s); vis[s]=1;
    while (!que.empty()){
       int u = que.front(); que.pop();
       for (int ei:G[u])
         Edge &e = edges[ei];
         if (!vis[e.to] && e.cap>e.flow ){
            vis[e.to]=1;
           d[e.to] = d[u]+1;
            que.push(e.to);
       }
    return vis[t];
  int dinicDFS(int u, int a){
  if (u==t | | a==0)return a;
    int flow=0, f;
    for (int &i=cur[u]; i<(int)G[u].size(); i++){
   Edge &e = edges[ G[u][i] ];</pre>
       if (d[u]+1!=d[e.to])continue;
       f = dinicDFS(e.to, min(a, e.cap-e.flow) );
       if (f>0){
         e.flow += f:
         edges[G[u][i]^1].flow -=f;
         flow += f;
         a -= f;
         if (a==0)break;
       }
    }
    return flow;
  int maxflow(int s, int t){
    this->s = s, this->t = t;
     int flow=0, mf;
    while ( dinicBFS() ){
  memset(cur,0,sizeof(cur))
       while ( (mf=diniDFS(s,INF)) )flow+=mf;
    return flow;
};
```

# Graph

### Strongly Connected Component(SCC)

```
#define MXN 100005
#define PB push_back
#define FZ(s) memset(s,0,sizeof(s))
struct Scc{
int n, nScc, vst[MXN], bln[MXN];
vector<int> E[MXN], rE[MXN], vec;
void init(int _n){
  n = _n;
for (int_i=0; i<MXN; i++){</pre>
    E[i].clear();
    rE[i].clear();
  }
void add_edge(int u, int v){
  E[u].PB(v);
  rE[v].PB(u);
void DFS(int u){
  vst[u]=1;
  for (auto v : E[u])
  if (!vst[v]) DFS(v);
  vec.PB(u);
void rDFS(int u){
  vst[u] = 1;
  bln[u] = nScc;
for (auto v : rE[u])
     if (!vst[v]) rDFS(v);
```

```
}
void solve(){
    nScc = 0;
    vec.clear();
    FZ(vst);
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
        if (!vst[i]) DFS(i);
    reverse(vec.begin(),vec.end());
    FZ(vst);
    for (auto v : vec){
        if (!vst[v]){
            rDFS(v);
            nScc++;
        }
    }
};

Fuler Circuit
</pre>
```

```
Euler Circuit
//CF 723E
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std:
const int MAXN = 300;
struct EDGE{
     int u ,v
     int type;
};
int n, m, deg[MAXN];
vector <EDGE> edges;
vector<int> G[MAXN];
bool vis[MAXN*MAXN]
bool alive[MAXN][MAXN];
bool visN[MAXN];
vector<int> ans;
void add_edge(int u, int v, int type=0){
   edges.push_back( EDGE{u,v,type} );
   edges.push_back( EDGE{v,u,type} );
     G[u].push_back( edges.size()-2 );
     G[v].push_back( edges.size()-1 );
     deg[u]++, deg[v]++
     alive[u][v]=alive[v][u]!=type^1;
}
void input(){
    memset(visN,0,sizeof(visN));
    memset(vis,0,sizeof(vis));
    memset(alive,0,sizeof(alive));
    memset(deg,0,sizeof(deg));
     edges.clear();
    ans.clear():
     for (int i=0; i<MAXN; i++)G[i].clear();</pre>
     scanf("%d%d",&n ,&m);
     for (int i=0, u, v; i<m; i++){
    scanf("%d%d", &u, &v);</pre>
         add_edge(u,v);
    }
}
void add_Graph(){
    vector<int> tmp;
     for (int i=1; i<=n; i++)if (deg[i]%2==1){</pre>
         tmp.push_back(i);
    printf("%d\n",n-tmp.size());
for (int i=0; i<tmp.size(); i+=2){</pre>
         add_edge(tmp[i],tmp[i+1],1);
}
void dfs(int u){
    visN[u]=1;
     for (int i=0; i<G[u].size(); i++)if (!vis[ G[u][i</pre>
          ]>>1 ]){
         EDGE \& e = edges[G[u][i]];
```

```
int v = e.v
         vis[ G[u][i]>>1 ]=1;
         dfs(v);
     ans.push_back(u);
}
int main(){
     int T; scanf("%d",&T);
while (T--){
          input();
         add_Graph();
          for (int i=1; i<=n; i++)if (!visN[i]){</pre>
              dfs(i);
              for (int j=0 ;j<ans.size()-1; j++){</pre>
                   int u = ans[j], v=ans[j+1];
                   if (alive[u][v]){
    alive[u][v]=alive[v][u]=0;
                        printf("%d %d\n",u ,v);
              ans.clear();
         }
     }
}
```

# Hungarian

```
vector<int> G[MAXN];
int n:
int match[MAXN]; // Matching Result
int visit[MAXN];
bool dfs(int u) {
    for ( auto v:G[u] ) {
         if (!visit[v]) {
             visit[v] = true;
             if (match[v] == -1 \mid | dfs(match[v])) {
                  match[v] = u;
                  match[u] = v;
                  return true:
             }
         }
    return false;
int hungarian() {
    int res = 0;
    memset(match, -1, sizeof(match));
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
         if (match[i] == -1) {
             memset(visit, 0, sizeof(visit));
             if (dfs(i)) res += 1;
         }
    return res;
}
```

# Maximum Clique

```
const int MAXN = 105;
int best;
int m ,n;
int num[MAXN];
// int x[MAXN];
int path[MAXN];
int g[MAXN][MAXN];

bool dfs( int *adj, int total, int cnt ){
    int i, j, k;
    int t[MAXN];
    if( total == 0 ){
        if( best < cnt ){
            // for( i = 0; i < cnt; i++) path[i] = x[i
            ];
        best = cnt; return true;</pre>
```

```
return false;
      for( i = 0; i < total; i++){
    if( cnt+(total-i) <= best ) return false;</pre>
            if( cnt+num[adj[i]] <= best ) return false;</pre>
           // x[cnt] = adj[i];

for( k = 0, j = i+1; j < total; j++ )

    if( g[ adj[i] ][ adj[j] ] )
                       t[ k++ ] = adj[j];
if( dfs( t, k, cnt+1 ) ) return true;
      } return false;
int MaximumClique(){
      int i, j, k
      int adj[MAXN];
      if( n <= 0 ) return 0;</pre>
      best = 0;
      for( i = n-1; i >= 0; i--){
            // x[0] = i;
           for( k = 0, j = i+1; j < n; j++
    if( g[i][j] ) adj[k++] = j;
    dfs( adj, k, 1 );
                             j = i+1; j < n; j++)
           num[i] = best;
      return best;
}
```

# Tarjan

```
int n;
vector<int> G[MAXN];
stack<int> stk;
int dfn[MAXN], low[MAXN];
bool ins[MAXN];
int scc[MAXN], scn, count;
void tarjan(int u){
  dfn[u] = low[u] = ++count;
  stk.push(u);
  ins[u] = true;
  for(auto v:G[u]){
     if(!dfn[v]){
       tarjan(v);
     low[u] = min(low[u], low[v]);
}else if(ins[v]){
       low[u] = min(low[u], dfn[v]);
  }
  if(dfn[u] == low[u]){
     int v;
     do {
       v = stk.top();
       stk.pop();
       scc[v] = scn;
ins[v] = false;
     } while(v != u);
     scn++;
}
void GetSCC(){
  count = scn = 0;
for(int i = 0 ; i < n ; i++ ){</pre>
     if(!dfn[i]) tarjan(i);
}
```

# LCA

```
|//lv紀錄深度
|//father[多少冪次][誰]
|//已經建好每個人的父親是誰 (father[0][i]已經建好)
|//已經建好深度 (lv[i]已經建好)
|void makePP(){
```

```
for(int i = 1; i < 20; i++){
    for(int j = 2; j <= n; j++){
        father[i][j]=father[i-1][ father[i-1][j] ];
    }
}
int find(int a, int b){
    if(lv[a] < lv[b]) swap(a,b);
    int need = lv[a] - lv[b];
    for(int i = 0; need!=0; i++){
        if(need&1) a=father[i][a];
        need >>= 1;
}
for(int i = 19; i >= 0; i--){
    if(father[i][a] != father[i][b]){
        a=father[i][a];
        b=father[i][b];
    }
}
return a!=b?father[0][a] : a;
}
```

### Data Structure

# Disjoint Set

```
struct DisjointSet{
    int n, fa[MAXN];

    void init(int size) {
        for (int i = 0; i <= size; i++) {
            fa[i] = i;
            }
        void find(int x) {
            return fa[x] == x ? x : find(fa[x]);
            }

        void unite(int x, int y) {
            p[find(x)] = find(y);
            }
} djs;</pre>
```

# Sparse Table

```
const int MAXN = 200005;
const int lgN = 20;
struct SP{ //sparse table
  int Sp[MAXN][lgN];
  for (int i=0; i<n; i++) Sp[i][0]=a[i];
    for (int h=1; h<lgN; h++){</pre>
      int len = 1<<(h-1), i=0;
       for (; i+len<n; i++)</pre>
      Sp[i][h] = opt( Sp[i][h-1] , Sp[i+len][h-1] );
for (; i<n; i++)
   Sp[i][h] = Sp[i][h-1];</pre>
    }
  int query(int 1, int r){
    int h = __lg(r-l+1);
    int len = 1<<h;</pre>
    return opt( Sp[l][h] , Sp[r-len+1][h] );
};
```

### Treap

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
template<class T,unsigned seed>class treap{
  public:
    struct node{
      T data;
      int size;
node *1,*r;
      node(T d){
        size=1:
        data=d:
        l=r=NULL;
      inline void up(){
        size=1;
        if(l)size+=l->size;
        if(r)size+=r->size;
      inline void down(){
      }
    }*root;
    inline int size(node *p){return p?p->size:0;}
    inline bool ran(node *a, node *b){
      static unsigned x=seed;
      x=0xdefaced*x+1;
      unsigned all=size(a)+size(b)
      return (x%all+all)%all<size(a);</pre>
    void clear(node *&p){
      if(p)clear(p->1),clear(p->r),delete p,p=NULL;
    ~treap(){clear(root);}
    void split(node *o,node *&a,node *&b,int k){
      if(!k)a=NULL,b=o;
      else if(size(o)==k)a=o,b=NULL;
      else{
        o->down();
        if(k<=size(o->l)){
          b=0
          split(o->l,a,b->l,k);
          b->up();
        }else{
          split(o->r,a->r,b,k-size(o->l)-1);
          a->up();
      }
    void merge(node *&o, node *a, node *b){
      if(!a||!b)o=a?a:b;
      else{
        if(ran(a,b)){
          a->down();
          o=a:
          merge(o->r,a->r,b);
        }else{
          b->down();
          o=b;
          merge(o->1,a,b->1);
        o->up();
      }
    void build(node *&p,int l,int r,T *s){
      if(l>r)return;
      int mid=(l+r)>>1
      p=new node(s[mid]);
      build(p->l,l,mid-1,s);
      build(p->r,mid+1,r,s);
      p->up();
    inline int rank(T data){
      node *p=root;
      int cnt=0;
      while(p){
        if(data<=p->data)p=p->l;
        else cnt+=size(p->l)+1,p=p->r;
      }
      return cnt;
    inline void insert(node *&p,T data,int k){
      node *a,*b,*now;
```

```
split(p,a,b,k);
    now=new node(data);
    merge(a,a,now);
    merge(p,a,b);
};
treap<int ,20141223>bst;
int n,m,a,b;
int main(){
    //當成二分查找樹用
    while(~scanf("%d",&a))bst.insert(bst.root,a,bst.rank(a));
    while(~scanf("%d",&a))printf("%d\n",bst.rank(a));
    bst.clear(bst.root);
    return 0;
}
```

# String

**KMP** 

```
template<typename T>
void build_KMP(int n, T *s, int *f){ // 1 base
  f[0]=-1, f[1]=0;
for (int i=2; i<=n; i++){
  int w = f[i-1];
    while (w \ge 0 \&\& s[w+1]! = s[i])w = f[w];
    f[i]=w+1;
  }
}
template<typename T>
int KMP(int n, T *a, int m, T *b){
  build_KMP(n,b,f);
  int ans=0;
  for (int i=1, w=0; i<=n; i++){
    while ( w > = 0 \&\& b[w+1]! = a[i] )w = f[w];
    W++;
    if (w==m){
      ans++
       w=f[w];
  return ans;
```

# AC

```
// by bcw_codebook
struct ACautomata{
 struct Node{
    int cnt,dp;
    Node *go[26], *fail;
   Node (){
      cnt = 0;
     dp = -1;
      memset(go,0,sizeof(go));
      fail = 0;
 };
 Node *root, pool[1048576];
 int nMem;
 Node* new_Node(){
   pool[nMem] = Node()
    return &pool[nMem++];
 void init(){
   nMem = 0;
    root = new_Node();
 void add(const string &str){
    insert(root,str,0);
```

```
void insert(Node *cur, const string &str, int pos){
     if (pos >= (int)str.size()){
       cur->cnt++;
       return;
     int c = str[pos]-'a';
     if (cur->go[c] == 0){
       cur->go[c] = new_Node();
     insert(cur->go[c],str,pos+1);
   void make_fail(){
     queue<Node*> que;
     que.push(root);
     while (!que.empty()){
  Node* fr=que.front();
       que.pop();
for (int i=0; i<26; i++){
          if (fr->go[i]){
           Node *ptr = fr->fail;
            while (ptr && !ptr->go[i]) ptr = ptr->fail;
            if (!ptr) fr->go[i]->fail = root;
            else fr->go[i]->fail = ptr->go[i];
            que.push(fr->go[i]);
       }
     }
  }
};
```

### Z-value

```
| z[0] = 0;
for ( int bst = 0, i = 1; i < len ; i++ ) {
   if ( z[bst] + bst <= i ) z[i] = 0;
   else z[i] = min(z[i - bst], z[bst] + bst - i);
   while ( str[i + z[i]] == str[z[i]] ) z[i]++;
   if ( i + z[i] > bst + z[bst] ) bst = i;
}
```

#### Dark Code

### 輸入優化

```
#include <stdio.h>
char getc(){
  static const int bufsize = 1<<16;</pre>
  static char B[bufsize], *S=B, *T=B;
  return (S==T&&(T=(S=B)+fread(B,1,bufsize,stdin),S==T)
      ?0:*S++);
template <class T>
bool input(T& a){
  a=(T)0;
  register char p;
  while ((p = getc()) < '-')</pre>
  if (p=0 \mid | p=EOF) return false; if (p=='-')
    while ((p = getc()) >= '0') a = a*10 - (p^'0');
  else {
    a = p \wedge '0';
    while ((p = getc()) >= '0') a = a*10 + (p^'0');
  return true;
}
template <class T, class... U>
bool input(T& a, U&... b){
  if (!input(a)) return false;
  return input(b...);
```

Search

**Others** 

Persistence