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#### Basic

```
vimrc
set nu
set tabstop=4
set softtabstop=4
set autoindent
set shiftwidth=4
set cindent
set smartindent
nmap <F9> :! clear ; g++ -std=c++11 -static -Wall -02
      % -o %.out; ./%.out
BigInt
struct Bigint{
  static const int LEN = 60;
  static const int BIGMOD = 10000;
  int vl, v[LEN];
  // vector<int> v;
  Bigint() : s(1) \{ vl = 0; \}
  Bigint(long long a) {
     s = 1; vl = 0;
    if (a < 0) { s = -1; a = -a; } while (a) {
       push_back(a % BIGMOD);
       a /= BIGMOD;
  Bigint(string str) {
     s = 1; vl = 0;
     int stPos = 0, num = 0;
     if (!str.empty() && str[0] == '-') {
       stPos = 1;
       s = -1;
     for (int i=SZ(str)-1, q=1; i>=stPos; i--) {
  num += (str[i] - '0') * q;
       if ((q *= 10)) >= BIGMOD) {
         push_back(num);
         num = 0; q = 1;
     if (num) push_back(num);
  int len() const { return vl; /* return SZ(v); */ }
  bool empty() const { return len() == 0; }
void push_back(int x) { v[vl++] = x; /* v.PB(x); */ }
void pop_back() { vl--; /* v.pop_back(); */ }
int back() const { return v[vl-1]; /* return v.back()
  void n() { while (!empty() && !back()) pop_back(); }
  void resize(int nl) {
  vl = nl; fill(v, v+vl, 0);
            v.resize(nl); // fill(ALL(v), 0);
  void print() const {
     if (empty()) { putchar('0'); return; }
    if (s == -1) putchar('-');
printf("%d", back());
     for (int i=len()-2; i>=0; i--) printf("%.4d",v[i]);
  friend std::ostream& operator << (std::ostream& out,</pre>
       const Bigint &a) {
     if (a.empty()) { out << "0"; return out; }
if (a.s == -1) out << "-";</pre>
     out << a.back();
     for (int i=a.len()-2; i>=0; i--) {
       char str[10];
snprintf(str, 5, "%.4d", a.v[i]);
       out << str;
     return out;
```

```
for (int i=r.len()-1; i>=0; i--) {
                                                                    int d=0, u=BIGMOD-1;
int cp3(const Bigint &b)const {
  if (s != b.s) return s > b.s? 1 : -1;
                                                                    while(d<u) {</pre>
  if (s == -1) return -(-*this).cp3(-b);
                                                                      int m = (d+u+1)>>1;
  if (len() != b.len()) return len()>b.len()?1:-1;
                                                                      r.v[i] = m;
  for (int i=len()-1; i>=0; i--)
                                                                      if((r*b2) > (*this)) u = m-1;
    if (v[i]!=b.v[i]) return v[i]>b.v[i]?1:-1;
                                                                      else d = m;
  return 0;
                                                                    r.v[i] = d;
bool operator < (const Bigint &b)const{ return cp3(b)</pre>
                                                                  }
                                                                 s = oriS;
r.s = s * b.s;
bool operator <= (const Bigint &b)const{ return cp3(b</pre>
    )<=0; }
                                                                 r.n();
bool operator >= (const Bigint &b)const{ return cp3(b
                                                                 return r;
    )>=0; }
                                                               Bigint operator % (const Bigint &b) {
bool operator == (const Bigint &b)const{ return cp3(b
    )==0; }
                                                                 return (*this)-(*this)/b*b;
bool operator != (const Bigint &b)const{ return cp3(b
    )!=0; }
                                                             };
bool operator > (const Bigint &b)const{ return cp3(b)
    ==1; }
Bigint operator - () const {
  Bigint r = (*this);
                                                             Mathmatics
  r.s = -r.s;
  return r;
                                                             Miller Rabin
Bigint operator + (const Bigint &b) const {
  if (s == -1) return -(-(*this)+(-b));
                                                             typedef long long LL;
  if (b.s == -1) return (*this)-(-b);
  Bigint r;
                                                             LL bin_pow(LL a, LL n, LL MOD){
  int nl = max(len(), b.len());
                                                               LL re=1;
  r.resize(nl + 1);
for (int i=0; i<nl; i++) {
   if (i < len()) r.v[i] += v[i];
}</pre>
                                                               while (n>0){
                                                                  if (n\&1)re = re*a %MOD;
                                                                 a = a*a \%MOD;
    if (i < b.len()) r.v[i] += b.v[i];</pre>
                                                                 n>>=1;
    if(r.v[i] >= BIGMOD) {
      r.v[i+1] += r.v[i] / BIGMOD;
                                                               return re:
      r.v[i] %= BIGMOD;
                                                             }
    }
                                                             bool is_prime(LL n){
  }
                                                               //static LL sprp[3] = { 2LL, 7LL, 61LL};
  r.n();
                                                               static LL sprp[7] = { 2LL, 325LL, 9375LL,
  return r;
                                                                  28178LL, 450775LL, 9780504LL,
                                                                  1795265022LL }
Bigint operator - (const Bigint &b) const {
                                                               if (n==1 || (n&1)==0 ) return n==2;
  if (s == -1) return -(-(*this)-(-b));
                                                               int u=n-1, t=0;
  if (b.s == -1) return (*this)+(-b);
                                                               while ( (u&1)==0 ) u>>=1, t++;
  if ((*this) < b) return -(b-(*this));</pre>
                                                               for (int i=0; i<7; i++){
  Bigint r;
                                                                 LL x = bin_pow(sprp[i]%n, u, n);
  r.resize(len());
                                                                  if (x==0 \mid | x==1 \mid | x==n-1)continue;
  for (int i=0; i<len(); i++) {</pre>
    r.v[i] += v[i];
                                                                  for (int j=1; j<t; j++){
    if (i < b.len()) r.v[i] -= b.v[i];</pre>
                                                                    x=x*x%n;
    if (r.v[i] < 0) {
                                                                    if (x=1 \mid x=n-1)break;
      r.v[i] += BIGMOD;
      r.v[i+1]--;
                                                                  if (x==n-1)continue;
    }
                                                                 return 0;
  }
  r.n();
                                                               return 1;
  return r;
                                                             }
Bigint operator * (const Bigint &b) {
  Biaint r:
  r.resize(len() + b.len() + 1);
                                                             ax+by=gcd(a,b)
  r.s = s * b.s;
  for (int i=0; i<len(); i++) {</pre>
                                                             typedef pair<int, int> pii;
pii extgcd(int a, int b){
    for (int j=0; j<b.len(); j++) {
  r.v[i+j] += v[i] * b.v[j];</pre>
                                                               if(b == 0) return make_pair(1, 0);
      if(r.v[i+j] >= BIGMOD) {
   r.v[i+j+1] += r.v[i+j] / BIGMOD;
                                                               else{
                                                                 int p = a / b;
         r.v[i+j] %= BIGMOD;
                                                                  pii q = extgcd(b, a \% b);
      }
                                                                  return make_pair(q.second, q.first - q.second * p);
    }
  }
                                                             }
  r.n();
  return r;
Bigint operator / (const Bigint &b) {
                                                             FFT
  Bigint r;
  r.resize(max(1, len()-b.len()+1));
  int oriS = s;
                                                             const double pi = atan(1.0)*4;
  Bigint b2 = b; // b2 = abs(b)
                                                             struct Complex {
  s = b2.s = r.s = 1;
                                                                 double x,y;
```

```
Complex(double _x=0, double _y=0)
    :x(_x),y(_y) {}
Complex operator + (Complex &tt) { return Complex(x
    +tt.x,y+tt.y); }
Complex operator - (Complex &tt) { return Complex(x
    -tt.x,y-tt.y); }
Complex operator * (Complex &tt) { return Complex(x
         void fft(Complex *a, int n, int rev) {
    // n是大于等于相乘的两个数组长度的2的幂次
    // 从0开始表示长度,对a进行操作
    // rev==1进行DFT, ==-1进行IDFT
    for (int i = 1, j = 0; i < n; ++ i) {
        for (int k = n > 1; k > (j^k); k > 1);
        if (i<j) std::swap(a[i],a[j]);</pre>
    for (int m = 2; m <= n; m <<= 1) {
        Complex wm(cos(2*pi*rev/m),sin(2*pi*rev/m));
for (int i = 0; i < n; i += m) {</pre>
             Complex w(1.0, 0.0);
             for (int j = i; j < i+m/2; ++ j) {
                 Complex t = w*a[j+m/2];
                 a[j+m/2] = a[j] - t;
                 a[j] = a[j] + t;
w = w * wm;
             }
        }
    if (rev==-1) {
        for (int i = 0; i < n; ++ i) a[i].x /= n,a[i].y
    }
}
```

#### Hash

```
typedef long long LL;
LL X=7122;
LL P1=712271227;
LL P2=179433857;
LL P3=179434999;
struct HASH{
    LL a, b, c;
    HASH(LL'a=0, LL b=0, LL c=0):a(a),b(b),c(c){}
    HASH operator + (HASH B){
        return HASH((a+B.a)%P1,(b+B.b)%P2,(c+B.c)%P3);
 HASH operator + (LL B){
    return (*this)+HASH(B,B,B);
 HASH operator * (LL B){
    return HASH(a*B%P1,a*B%P2,a*B%P3);
    bool operator < (const HASH &B)const{</pre>
        if (a!=B.a)return a<B.a;
if (b!=B.b)return b<B.b;</pre>
        return c<B.c;</pre>
    void up(){ (*this) = (*this)*X; }
};
int main(){
```

## Convex Hull

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

typedef long long LL;
const int MAXN = 100005;
const LL INF = (1LL)<<62;

struct Point{
    LL x, y;</pre>
```

```
Point (LL x=0, LL y=0):x(x),y(y){}
bool operator < (const Point &B)const {</pre>
         if (x!=B.x)return x<B.x;</pre>
         return y<B.y;</pre>
    Point operator - (Point B){
         return Point(x-B.x,y-B.y);
LL cross(Point A, Point B){
    return A.x*B.y-A.y*B.x;
LL Abs(LL x){
    return x>0?x:-x;
LL AreaU[MAXN], AreaD[MAXN];
void find_CH(int N, Point P[], LL Area[]){
    static vector<Point> U, D;
     static vector<int> Ui, Di;
    U.clear(), Ui.clear();
D.clear(), Di.clear();
    int uz=0, dz=0;
    for (int i=0; i<N; i++){
         while (uz>=2 && cross(P[i]-U[uz-2],U[uz-1]-U[uz
              -2])<=0)U.pop_back(), Ui.pop_back(), uz--;
         if (uz<=1)AreaU[i]=0;</pre>
         else AreaU[i] = AreaU[ Ui[uz-1] ] + Abs(cross(P
              [i]-U[0],U[uz-1]-Ū[0]));
         U.push_back(P[i]),Ui.push_back(i),uz++;
         while (dz \ge 2 \& cross(P[i]-D[dz-2],D[dz-1]-D[dz
              -2])>=0)D.pop_back(), Di.pop_back(), dz--;
         if (dz<=1)AreaD[i]=0;</pre>
         else AreaD[i] = AreaD[ Di[dz-1] ] + Abs(cross(P
              [i]-D[0],D[dz-1]-D[0]));
         D.push_back(P[i]),Di.push_back(i),dz++;
         Area[i] = AreaU[i] + AreaD[i];
         //printf("Area[%d]=%lld\n",i ,Area[i]);
     //puts("");
}
int N;
Point P[MAXN];
LL AreaL[MAXN], AreaR[MAXN];
int main(){
    input();
    find_CH(N,P,AreaL);
for (int i=0; i<N; i++)P[i].x*=-1;</pre>
    reverse(P,P+N);
    find_CH(N,P,AreaR)
    reverse(AreaR, AreaR+N);
    reverse(P,P+N);
    LL Ans = min(AreaL[N-1], AreaR[0]);
    for (int i=0; i<N-1; i++){
         if (P[i].x!=P[i+1].x){
              Ans = min (Ans,AreaL[i]+AreaR[i+1]);
  if (P[0].x==P[N-1].x)Ans=0;
    printf("%lld\n",(Ans+1)/2LL);
```

## Geometry

#### Flow

### Dinic

```
struct Edge{
  int from, to, cap, flow;
};
```

```
const int INF = 1<<29;</pre>
const int MAXV = 5003;
struct Dinic{ //O(VVE)
  int n, m, s, t;
  vector<Edge> edges;
  vector<int> G[MAXV];
  bool vis[MAXV];
  int d[MAXV];
  int cur[MAXV];
  void AddEdge(int from, int to, int cap){
    edges.push_back( {from,to,cap,0} );
edges.push_back( {to,from,0,0} );
    m = edges.size();
    G[from].push_back(m-2);
    G[to].push_back(m-1);
  bool dinicBFS(){
    memset(vis,0,sizeof(vis));
    queue<int> que;
    que.push(s); vis[s]=1;
    while (!que.empty()){
      int u = que.front(); que.pop();
      for (int ei:G[u])
        Edge &e = edges[ei];
        if (!vis[e.to] && e.cap>e.flow ){
          vis[e.to]=1;
          d[e.to] = d[u]+1;
          que.push(e.to);
        }
      }
    }
    return vis[t];
  int dinicDFS(int u, int a){
    if (u==t || a==0)return a;
    int flow=0, f;
    for (int &i=cur[u]; i<(int)G[u].size(); i++){</pre>
      Edge &e = edges[ G[u][i] ];
      if (d[u]+1!=d[e.to])continue;
      f = dinicDFS(e.to, min(a, e.cap-e.flow) );
      if (f>0){
        e.flow += f
        edges[ G[u][i]^1 ].flow -=f;
        flow += f;
        a -= f;
        if (a==0)break;
      }
    }
    return flow;
  int maxflow(int s, int t){
    this->s = s, this->t = t;
    int flow=0, mf;
    while ( dinicBFS() ){
      memset(cur,0,sizeof(cur));
      while ( (mf=diniDFS(s,INF)) )flow+=mf;
    return flow;
};
```

# Graph

### Strongly Connected Component(SCC)

```
#define MXN 100005
#define PB push_back
#define FZ(s) memset(s,0,sizeof(s))
struct Scc{
int n, nScc, vst[MXN], bln[MXN];
vector<int> E[MXN], rE[MXN], vec;
void init(int _n){
```

```
n = _n;
for (int i=0; i<MXN; i++){</pre>
    E[i].clear();
    rE[i].clear();
}
void add_edge(int u, int v){
  E[u].PB(v);
  rE[v].PB(u);
void DFS(int u){
  vst[u]=1;
  for (auto v : E[u])
    if (!vst[v]) DFS(v);
  vec.PB(u);
}
void rDFS(int u){
  vst[u] = 1
  bln[u] = nScc;
  for (auto v : rE[u])
    if (!vst[v]) rDFS(v);
}
void solve(){
  nScc = 0;
  vec.clear();
  FZ(vst);
  for (int i=0; i<n; i++)</pre>
    if (!vst[i]) DFS(i);
  reverse(vec.begin(),vec.end());
  FZ(vst);
  for (auto v : vec){
    if (!vst[v]){
       rDFS(v);
       nScc++;
  }
}
};
LCA
//lv紀錄深度
//father[多少冪次][誰]
//已經建好每個人的父親是誰 (father[0][i]已經建好)
//已經建好深度 (lv[i]已經建好)
void makePP(){
  for(int i = 1; i < 20; i++){
  for(int j = 2; j <= n; j++){
    father[i][j]=father[i-1][ father[i-1][j] ];</pre>
  }
int find(int a, int b){
   if(lv[a] < lv[b]) swap(a,b);</pre>
  int need = lv[a] - lv[b];
  for(int i = 0; need!=0;
    if(need&1) a=father[i][a];
    need >>= 1;
  for(int i = 19; i >= 0; i--){
     if(father[i][a] != father[i][b]){
       a=father[i][a];
       b=father[i][b];
    }
  return a!=b?father[0][a] : a;
```

## Data Structure

### Disjoint Set

}

```
struct DisjointSet{
  int n, fa[MAXN];

  void init(int size) {
```

## Sparse Table

```
const int MAXN = 200005;
const int lgN = 20;
struct SP{ //sparse table
  int Sp[MAXN][lgN];
  function<int(int,int)> opt;
  void build(int n, int *a){ // 0 base
     for (int i=0 ;i<n; i++) Sp[i][0]=a[i];</pre>
     for (int h=1; h<lgN; h++){</pre>
       int len = 1<<(h-1), i=0;
for (; i+len<n; i++)
         Sp[i][h] = opt( Sp[i][h-1] , Sp[i+len][h-1] );
       for (; i<n; i++)
   Sp[i][h] = Sp[i][h-1];</pre>
               i<n; i++)
    }
  }
  int query(int 1, int r){
    int h = __lg(r-l+1);
int len = 1<<h;</pre>
     return opt( Sp[l][h] , Sp[r-len+1][h] );
};
```

#### Treap

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
template<class T,unsigned seed>class treap{
 public:
    struct node{
      T data;
      int size
      node *1, *r;
      node(T d){
        size=1;
        data=d:
        l=r=NULL;
      inline void up(){
        size=1;
        if(l)size+=l->size;
        if(r)size+=r->size;
      inline void down(){
    }*root;
    inline int size(node *p){return p?p->size:0;}
    inline bool ran(node *a, node *b){
      static unsigned x=seed;
      x=0xdefaced*x+1;
      unsigned all=size(a)+size(b);
      return (x%all+all)%all<size(a);</pre>
    void clear(node *&p){
      if(p)clear(p->1),clear(p->r),delete p,p=NULL;
    ~treap(){clear(root);}
    void split(node *o,node *&a,node *&b,int k){
      if(!k)a=NULL,b=o;
      else if(size(o)==k)a=o,b=NULL;
```

```
else{
        o->down();
        if(k<=size(o->l)){
          b=0:
          split(o->1,a,b->1,k);
          b->up();
        }else{
          a=o;
          split(o->r,a->r,b,k-size(o->l)-1);
          a->up();
      }
    void merge(node *&o,node *a,node *b){
      if(!a||!b)o=a?a:b;
      else{
        if(ran(a,b)){
          a->down();
          o=a:
          merge(o->r,a->r,b);
        }else{
          b->down();
          o=b;
          merge(o->l,a,b->l);
        o->up();
      }
    }
    void build(node *&p,int l,int r,T *s){
      if(l>r)return;
      int mid=(l+r)>>1:
      p=new node(s[mid]);
      build(p->1,1,mid-1,s);
      build(p->r,mid+1,r,s);
      p->up();
    inline int rank(T data){
      node *p=root;
      int cnt=0;
      while(p){
        if(data<=p->data)p=p->l;
        else cnt+=size(p->l)+1,p=p->r;
      return cnt;
    inline void insert(node *&p,T data,int k){
      node *a,*b,*now;
      split(p,a,b,k)
      now=new node(data);
      merge(a,a,now);
      merge(p,a,b);
};
treap<int ,20141223>bst;
int n,m,a,b;
int main(){
  //當成二分查找樹用
  while(~scanf("%d",&a))bst.insert(bst.root,a,bst.rank(
      a));
  while(~scanf("%d",&a))printf("%d\n",bst.rank(a));
  bst.clear(bst.root);
  return 0;
```

# String

KMP

```
template<typename T>
void build_KMP(int n, T *s, int *f){ // 1 base
  f[0]=-1, f[1]=0;
  for (int i=2; i<=n; i++){
    int w = f[i-1];
    while (w>=0 && s[w+1]!=s[i])w = f[w];
    f[i]=w+1;
  }
}
```

```
template<typename T>
int KMP(int n, T *a, int m, T *b){
  build_KMP(n,b,f);
  int ans=0;

for (int i=1, w=0; i<=n; i++){
    while ( w>=0 && b[w+1]!=a[i] )w = f[w];
    w++;
    if (w==m){
        ans++;
        w=f[w];
    }
    return ans;
}
```

## Dark Code

## 輸入優化

```
#include <stdio.h>
char getc(){
  static const int bufsize = 1<<16;
static char B[bufsize], *S=B, *T=B;
  return (S==T&&(T=(S=B)+fread(B,1,bufsize,stdin),S==T)
       ?0:*S++);
template <class T>
bool input(T& a){
  a=(T)0;
  register char p;
  while ((p = getc()) < '-')</pre>
  if (p=0 | I| p=EOF) return false; if (p=-1)
    while ((p = getc()) >= '0') a = a*10 - (p^'0');
  else {
    a = p ^ '0';
    while ((p = getc()) >= '0') a = a*10 + (p^'0');
  return true;
template <class T, class... U>
bool input(T& a, U&... b){
  if (!input(a)) return false;
  return input(b...);
```

Search

**Others** 

Persistence