

1.read n number of values in an array and display it in reverse order.

Program:-

```
#include <stdio,h>

int main() {
    int a[10],i,s;
    printf("Enter size of array: ");
    scanf("%d",&s);
    printf("enter elements: \n");
    for(i=1;i<=s;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    }
    printf("elements are : \n");
    for(i=1;i<=s;i++)
    {
        printf("%d\t",a[i]);
    }
    printf("\nreverse of the above no is: \n");
    for(i=s;i>=1;--i)
    {
        printf("%d\t",a[i]);
    }

    return 0;
}
```

Output:-

```
Enter size of array: 3
enter elements:
1
2
3
elements are :
1    2    3
reverse of the above no is:
3    2    1
```



2. find the sum of all elements of the array.

Program:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int a[10],i,s,sum=0;
    printf("Enter size of array: ");
    scanf("%d",&s);
    printf("enter elements: \n");
    for(i=1;i<=s;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
        sum=sum+i;
    }
    printf("elements are : \n");
    for(i=1;i<=s;i++)
    {
        printf("%d\t",a[i]);
    }
    printf("\nsum of the above elements are: %d",sum);
    return 0;
}
```

Output:-

```
Enter size of array: 4
enter elements:
1
5
4
10
elements are :
1    5    4    10
sum of the above elements are: 10
```



3. copy the elements of one array into another array.

Program:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int a[15],b[15],i,n;
    printf("Enter elements size : ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("enter elements : ");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    }
    printf("after coping elements are :\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        b[i]=a[i];
        printf("%d\t",b[i]);
    }

    return 0;
}
```

Output:-

```
Enter elements size : 4
enter elements: 1
2
3
4
after coping elements are :
1      2      3      4
```



4. count a total number of duplicate elements in an array.

Program:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int a[15],b[15],i,j,n,c=0;
    printf("Enter elements size : ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("enter elements : ");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    }
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        for(j=i+1;j<n;j++)
        {
            if(a[i]==a[j])
            {
                c++;
                break;
            }
        }
    }
    printf("total no of duplicate elements are : %d ",c);
    return 0;
}
```

Output:-

Enter elements size : 5

enter elements : 4

5

6

4

4

total no of duplicate elements are : 2



5. find the maximum and minimum element in an array.

Program:-

```
#include<stdio,h>
int main()
{
    int a[30],i,n,min,max;
    printf("Enter size of the array : ");
    scanf("%d",&n);

    printf("Enter elements in array : ");
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    }

    min=max=a[0];

    for(i=1; i<n; i++)
    {
        if(min>a[i])
            min=a[i];
        if(max<a[i])
            max=a[i];
    }

    printf("minimum of array is : %d",min);
    printf("\nmaximum of array is : %d",max);
    return 0;
}
```

Output:-

```
Enter size of the array : 5
Enter elements in array : 6
7
8
9
7
minimum of array is : 6
maximum of array is : 9
```



6. separate odd and even integers in separate arrays.

Program:-

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int a[30],i,n,e[30],o[30];
    printf("Enter size of the array : ");
    scanf("%d",&n);

    printf("Enter elements in array : ");
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    }
    printf("even elements are: \n");
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        if(a[i]%2==0)
            e[i]=a[i];
        printf("%d \t",e[i]);
    }
    printf("\n odd elements are: \n");
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        if(a[i]%2!=0)
            o[i]=a[i];
        printf("%d\t",o[i]);
    }
    return 0;
}
```



Output:-

Enter size of the array : 6

Enter elements in array : 1

2

3

4

5

6

even elements are:

0    2    0    4    0    6

odd elements are:

1    0    3    0    5    0



7. insert New value in the array.

Program:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int a[30], p, i, n, v;

    printf("Enter number of elements in array : ");
    scanf("%d", &n);

    printf("Enter %d elements\n", n);

    for (i= 0; i< n; i++)
        scanf("%d", &a[i]);
    printf("Your entered elements are : ");
    for (i= 0; i< n; i++)
    {
        printf("%d\t", a[i]);
    }

    printf("\nEnter the position where to add a element\n");
    scanf("%d", &p);
    printf("Enter the value of element : \n");
    scanf("%d", &v);

    if (p> n)
        printf("\nEnter wrong position of array.\n");
    else
    {
        for (i = p ; i>=n ; i--)

            a[i] = a[i-1];
            a[i-1]=v;

        printf("\nafter delete an element the array is :\n");

        for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
```





```
        printf("%d\t", a[i]);  
    }  
  
    return 0;  
}
```

#### Output:-

Enter number of elements in array : 3  
Enter 3 elements  
1  
5  
3  
Your entered elements are : 1    5    3  
Enter the position where to add a element  
2  
Enter the value of element :  
2  
after delete an element the array is :  
1    2    3



8. delete an element at desired position from an array.

Program:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int a[30], p, i, n;

    printf("Enter number of elements in array : ");
    scanf("%d", &n);

    printf("Enter %d elements\n", n);

    for (i= 0; i< n; i++)
        scanf("%d", &a[i]);
    printf("Your entered elements are : ");
    for (i= 0; i< n; i++)
    {
        printf("%d",a[i]);
    }

    printf("\nEnter the position to delete a element\n");
    scanf("%d", &p);

    if (p>= n+1)
        printf("\nEntered wrong postion of array.\n");
    else
    {
        for (i = p - 1; i < n-1 ; i++)
            a[i] = a[i+1];

        printf("\nafter delete an element the array is :\n");

        for (i = 0; i < n-1; i++)
            printf("%d\t", a[i]);
    }

    return 0;
}
```



}

### Output:-

Enter number of elements in array : 5

Enter 5 elements

1

10

11

20

15

Your entered elements are : 1    10    11    20    15

Enter the position to delete a element :

2

after delete an element the array is :

1

11

20

15



9. find the second largest element in an array.

Program:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int a[10], p, i;
    int n,l,sl,j;

    printf("Enter number of elements in array : ");
    scanf("%d", &n);

    printf("Enter %d elements\n", n);

    for (i= 0; i< n; i++)
        scanf("%d", &a[i]);
    l=a[0];
    sl=a[1];
    printf("Your entered elements are : \n");
    for (i= 0; i< n; i++)
    {
        printf("%d\t",a[i]);
    }
    for (i= 0; i< n; i++)
    {
        if (a[i]>l)
        {
            sl=l;
            l=a[i];
        }
        else if (a[i]>sl&&a[i]!=l)
        {
            sl=a[i];
        }
    }
    printf("sl element is : %d",sl);
}
```



```
    return 0;  
}
```

**Output:-**

Enter number of elements in array : 3

Enter 3 elements

5

7

9

Your entered elements are :

5      7      9      sl element is : 7



10. find the median of two sorted arrays of same size.

Program:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
int getMedian(int ar1[], int ar2[], int n)
{
    int i = 0;
    int j = 0;
    int count;
    int m1 = -1, m2 = -1;
    for (count = 0; count <= n; count++)
    {
        if (i == n)
        {
            m1 = m2;
            m2 = ar2[0];
            break;
        }
        else if (j == n)
        {
            m1 = m2;
            m2 = ar1[0];
            break;
        }
        if (ar1[i] < ar2[j])
        {
            m1 = m2;
            m2 = ar1[i];
            i++;
        }
        else
        {
            m1 = m2;

```



```

        m2 = ar2[j];
        j++;
    }
}
return (m1 + m2)/2;
}
int main()
{
    int ar1[] = {1, 12, 15, 26, 38};
    int ar2[] = {2, 13, 17, 30, 45};

    int n1 = sizeof(ar1)/sizeof(ar1[0]);
    int n2 = sizeof(ar2)/sizeof(ar2[0]);
    if (n1 == n2)
        printf("Median is %d", getMedian(ar1, ar2, n1));
    else
        printf("Doesn't work for arrays of unequal size");
    getchar();
    return 0;
}

```

**Output:-**

Median is 16



## 11. multiplication of two square Matrices.

Program:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int a[10][10],b[10][10],mp[10][10];
    int i,j,r1,c1,r2,c2,m,sum=0;
    printf("Enter size of 1st array row: ");
    scanf("%d",&r1);
    printf("Enter size of 1st array column: ");
    scanf("%d",&c1);
    printf("Enter size of 2nd array row: ");
    scanf("%d",&r2);
    printf("Enter size of 2nd array column: ");
    scanf("%d",&c2);
    if(c1==r2)
        printf("array is not same size so multiplication not possible.");
    else
        printf("Enter elements of 1st matrix: \n");
        for(i=0;i<r1;i++)
        {
            for(j=0;j<c1;j++)
            {
                printf("value of [%d][%d]= ",i,j);
                scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
            }
        }

        printf("Enter elements of 2nd matrix: \n");
        for(i=0;i<r2;i++)
        {
            for(j=0;j<c2;j++)
            {
                printf("value of [%d][%d]= ",i,j);
                scanf("%d",&b[i][j]);
            }
        }
        //for multiplication
        for(i=0;i<r1;i++)
        {
```





```

        for(j=0;j<c2;j++)
        {
            for(m=0;m<r1;m++)
            {
                sum=sum+a[i][m]*b[m][j];
            }
            mp[i][j]=sum;
            sum=0;
        }
    }
    printf("after multiplication: \n") ;
        for(i=0;i<r2;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<c2;j++)
        {
            printf("%d\t",mp[i][j]);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }

    return 0;
}

```

### Output:-

```

Enter size of 1st array row: 2
Enter size of 1st array column: 2
Enter size of 2nd array row: 2
Enter size of 2nd array column: 2
Enter elements of 1st matrix:
value of [0][0]= 1
value of [0][1]= 2
value of [1][0]= 3
value of [1][1]= 4
Enter elements of 2nd matrix:
value of [0][0]= 5
value of [0][1]= 6
value of [1][0]= 7
value of [1][1]= 8
after multiplication:
19    22
43    50

```



12. find transpose of a given matrix.

Program:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int a[10][10],t[10][10];
    int i,j,r,c;

    printf("Enter size of row: ");
    scanf("%d",&r);
    printf("Enter size of column: ");
    scanf("%d",&c);

    printf("Enter the elements of array: \n");
    for(i=0;i<r;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<c;j++)
        {
            scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
        }
    }
    printf("your entered matrix is : \n");
    for(i=0;i<r;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<c;j++)
        {
            printf("%d\t",a[i][j]);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }

    for(i=0;i<r;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<c;j++)
        {
            t[j][i]=a[i][j];
        }
    }
```



```

}
printf("transforce of matrix: \n");
for(i=0;i<c;i++)
{
    for(j=0;j<r;j++)
    {
        printf("%d\t",t[i][j]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}
return 0;
}

```

**Output:-**

```

Enter size of row: 2
Enter size of column: 3
Enter the elements of array:
1
2
3
4
5
6
your entered matrix is :
1    2    3
4    5    6
transforce of matrix:
1    4
2    5
3    6

```



13. find the sum of left diagonals of a matrix.

Program:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
void main()
{
    int i,j,a[10][10],sum=0,n,m=0;
    printf("enter size of the matrix : ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    m=n;
    printf("enter elements of matrix :\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<n;j++)
        {
            printf("value of [%d][%d] : ",i,j);
            scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
        }
    }
    printf("entered matrix is :\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<n ;j++)
        {
            printf("%d\t",a[i][j]);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }

    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        m=m-1;
        for(j=0;j<n ;j++)
        {
            if (j==m)
            {
                sum= sum+a[i][j];
            }
        }
    }
}
```



```

}
}
}
printf("Adding the left Diagonal elements is :%d \n",sum);
}

```

**Output:-**

```

enter size of the matrix : 2
enter elements of matrix :
value of [0][0] : 2
value of [0][1] : 2
value of [1][0] : 2
value of [1][1] : 2
entered matrix is :
2    2
2    2
Adding the left Diagonal elements is :4

```

14. check whether a given matrix is an identity matrix.

**Program:-**

```

#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int a[10][10];
    int i,j,r,c,flag=1;

    printf("Enter size of row: ");
    scanf("%d",&r);
    printf("Enter size of column: ");
    scanf("%d",&c);

    printf("Enter the elements of array: \n");
    for(i=0;i<r;i++)
    {

```



```

        for(j=0;j<c;j++)
        {
scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
}
}
printf("your entered matrix is : \n");
for(i=0;i<r;i++)
{
        for(j=0;j<c;j++)
        {
printf("%d\t",a[i][j]);
}
printf("\n");
}
for(i=0;i<r;i++)
{
for (j = 0; j < c; j++)
{
if (a[i][j] != 1 && a[j][i] != 0)
{
flag = 0;
break;
}
}
}
if (flag==1)
printf(" your matrix is a identity matrix. \n");
else
{
printf("your matrix is not a identity matrix. \n");
}

return 0;
}

```

**Output:-**

```

Enter size of row: 2
Enter size of column: 2
Enter the elements of array:
1

```



```

0
0
1
your entered matrix is :
1    0
0    1
your matrix is a identity matrix.

```

15. search an element in a row wise and column wise sorted matrix.

Program:-

```

#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int a[10][10];
    int i,j,r,c,f;

    printf("Enter size of row: ");
    scanf("%d",&r);
    printf("Enter size of column: ");
    scanf("%d",&c);

    printf("Enter the elements of array: \n");
    for(i=0;i<r;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<c;j++)
        {
            scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
        }
    }

    printf("your entered matrix is : \n");
    for(i=0;i<r;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<c;j++)
        {
            printf("%d\t",a[i][j]);

```



```

}
printf("\n");
}
printf("enter whose address want to search : \n");
scanf("%d",&f);

for(i=0;i<r;i++)
{
    for (j = 0; j < c; j++)
    {
        if (f==a[i][j])
            printf("row[%d] column[%d]= value %d ",i,j,f);
    }
}
return 0;
}

```

#### Output:-

Enter size of row: 2

Enter size of column: 2

Enter the elements of array:

11

12

13

14

your entered matrix is :

11     12

13     14

enter whose address want to search :

14





row[1] column[1]= value 14

