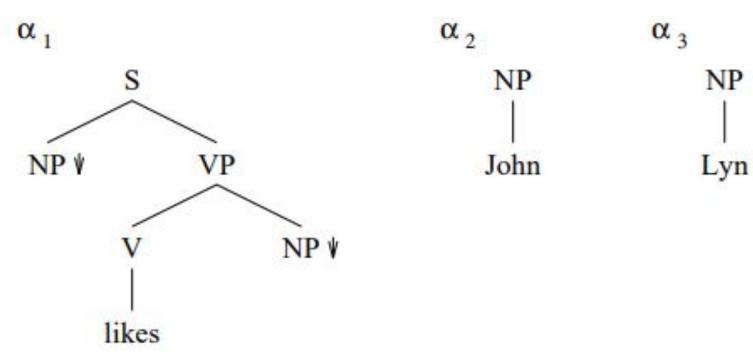
Tree Adjoining Grammars

Долгополова Мария СПБГУ, 2019

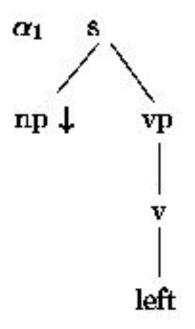
Tree Adjoining Grammars

 (N, Σ, I, A, S)

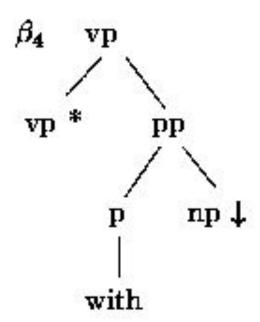


Elementary trees

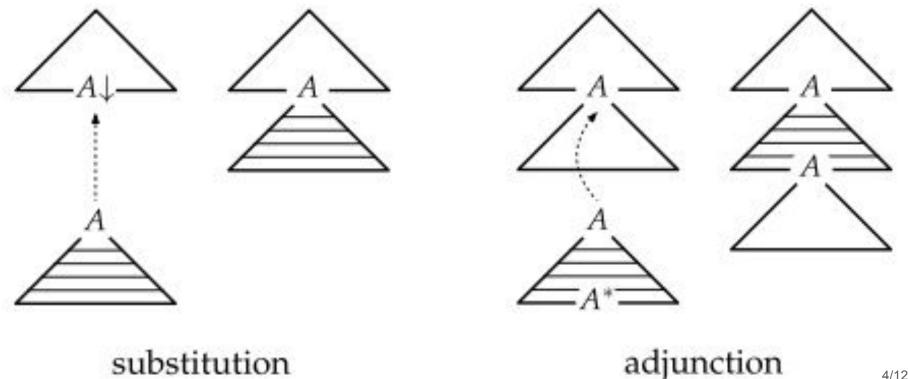
initial tree



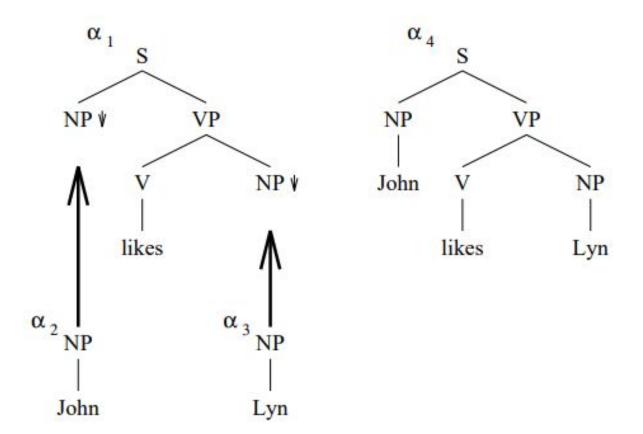
auxiliary tree



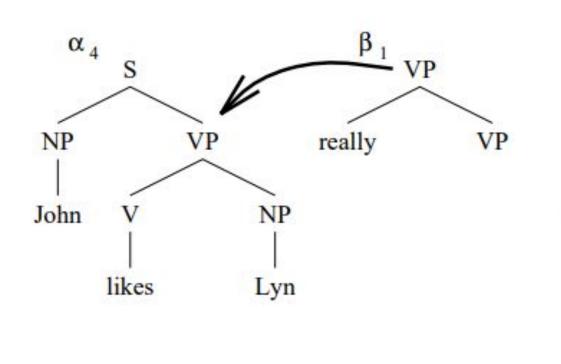
Operations

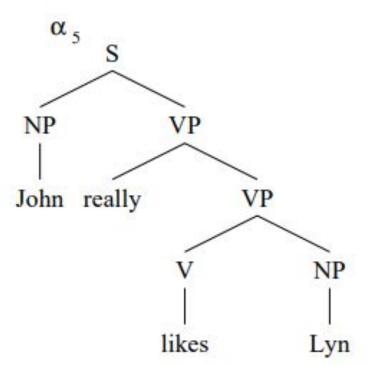


Substitution



Adjunction

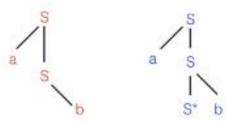




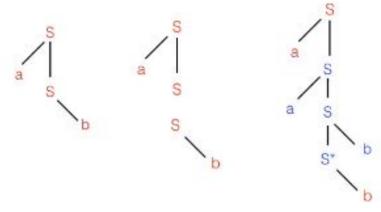
Пример

aⁿbⁿ

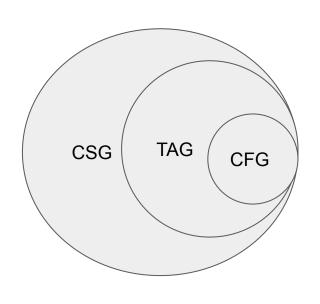
elementary trees



derived trees



Место в иерархии



- $\{a^nb^nc^nd^n \mid n>=1\}$
- { ww }

• $\{a^nb^nc^nd^ne^n \mid n>=1\}$

Лемма о накачке

$$L ∈ TAL => ∃ n: если z ∈ L и |z| ≥ n, то$$

$$z = u_1 v_1 w_1 v_2 u_2 v_3 w_2 v_4 u_3$$
:

- 1. $|v_1 w_1 v_2 v_3 w_2 v_4| \le n$
- 2. $|v_1 v_2 v_3 v_4| \ge 1$
- 3. $\forall i \ge 0 \ u_1 v_1^i w_1 v_2^i u_2 v_3^i w_2 v_4^i u_3 \in L$

Лемма о накачке

 $\{a^nb^nc^nd^ne^n \mid n>=1\}$ - He TAL

Доказательство:

n = k, рассмотрим $a^k b^k c^k d^k e^k$

 $a^{k}b^{k}c^{k}d^{k}e^{k} = u_{1}v_{1}w_{1}v_{2}u_{2}v_{3}w_{2}v_{4}u_{3}$

 $|v_1w_1v_2v_3w_2v_4| \le k =>$ не более 4 различных символов

=> после накачки количество a, b, c, d, e не будет одинаковым

Свойства

Замкнут относительно:

- Объединения
- Конкатенации
- Звезды Клини
- Подстановки
- Пересечения с регулярными
- Гомоморфизма

Литература

- 1. Aravind Joshi, Owen Rambow "A Formalism for Dependency Grammar Based on Tree Adjoining Grammar"
- 2. K. Vijayashanker "A study of tree adjoining grammars"