Algorithm for file updates in Python

Project description

As a part of my job, I am required to regularly update a file that identifies the employees who can access restricted content. The contents of the file are based on who is working with personal patient records. Employees are restricted access based on their IP address. I developed a Python algorithm that simplifies this job.

Open the file that contains the allow list

```python
# Assign `import_file` to the name of the file

import_file = "allow_list.txt"

# Assign `remove_list` to a list of IP addresses that are no longer allowed to access restricted information.

remove_list = ["192.168.97.225", "192.168.158.170", "192.168.201.40", "192.168.58.57"]

# First line of `with` statement

with open(import_file, "r") as file:
```

I started by storing the file that contains the allow list into a variable called `import_file`. And I stored a list of IP addresses to be removed inside `remove_list` variable. Using the `with` statement, and `open()` function, I opened the file contents to read it using `"r"` and stored it inside the `file` variable.

Read the file contents

```python
# Assign `import_file` to the name of the file

import_file = "allow_list.txt"

# Assign `remove_list` to a list of IP addresses that are no longer allowed to access restricted information.

remove_list = ["192.168.97.225", "192.168.158.170", "192.168.201.40", "192.168.58.57"]

# Build `with` statement to read in the initial contents of the file

with open(import_file, "r") as file:

  # Use `.read()` to read the imported file and store it in a variable named `ip_addresses`

  ip_addresses = file.read()

# Display `ip_addresses`

print(ip_addresses)
```

Inside the `with` statement, I used the `.read()` function to store the file contents inside the `ip_addresses` variable to read the file contents.

Convert the string into a list

```python
# Assign `import_file` to the name of the file

import_file = "allow_list.txt"

# Assign `remove_list` to a list of IP addresses that are no longer allowed to access restricted information.

remove_list = ["192.168.97.225", "192.168.158.170", "192.168.201.40", "192.168.58.57"]

# Build `with` statement to read in the initial contents of the file

with open(import_file, "r") as file:

  # Use `.read()` to read the imported file and store it in a variable named `ip_addresses`

  ip_addresses = file.read()

# Use `.split()` to convert `ip_addresses` from a string to a list

ip_addresses = ip_addresses.split()

# Display `ip_addresses`

print(ip_addresses)
```

I used the `.split()` function to convert the IP addresses into individual strings. `ip_addresses` is now a list containing string values.

Iterate through the remove list

```python
# Assign `import_file` to the name of the file

import_file = "allow_list.txt"

# Assign `remove_list` to a list of IP addresses that are no longer allowed to access restricted information.

remove_list = ["192.168.97.225", "192.168.158.170", "192.168.201.40", "192.168.58.57"]

# Build `with` statement to read in the initial contents of the file

with open(import_file, "r") as file:

  # Use `.read()` to read the imported file and store it in a variable named `ip_addresses`

  ip_addresses = file.read()

# Use `.split()` to convert `ip_addresses` from a string to a list

ip_addresses = ip_addresses.split()

# Build iterative statement
# Name loop variable `element`
# Loop through `ip_addresses`

for element in ip_addresses:

    # Display `element` in every iteration

    print(element)
```

I iterated through `ip_addresses` and stored each IP address into a temporary variable named `element`.

Remove IP addresses that are on the remove list

```python
# Assign `import_file` to the name of the file

import_file = "allow_list.txt"

# Assign `remove_list` to a list of IP addresses that are no longer allowed to access restricted information.

remove_list = ["192.168.97.225", "192.168.158.170", "192.168.201.40", "192.168.58.57"]

# Build `with` statement to read in the initial contents of the file

with open(import_file, "r") as file:

  # Use `.read()` to read the imported file and store it in a variable named `ip_addresses`

  ip_addresses = file.read()

# Use `.split()` to convert `ip_addresses` from a string to a list

ip_addresses = ip_addresses.split()

# Build iterative statement
# Name loop variable `element`
# Loop through `ip_addresses`

for element in ip_addresses:

  # Build conditional statement
  # If current element is in `remove_list`,

    if element in remove_list:

        # then current element should be removed from `ip_addresses`

        ip_addresses.remove(element)

# Display `ip_addresses`

print(ip_addresses)
```

I compared each `element` from `ip_addresses` to those in `remove_list` so that if an `element` is inside `remove_list`, then remove it from `ip_addresses` using the `.remove()` function.

Update the file with the revised list of IP addresses

```python
# Assign `import_file` to the name of the file

import_file = "allow_list.txt"

# Assign `remove_list` to a list of IP addresses that are no longer allowed to access restricted information.

remove_list = ["192.168.97.225", "192.168.158.170", "192.168.201.40", "192.168.58.57"]

# Build `with` statement to read in the initial contents of the file

with open(import_file, "r") as file:

  # Use `.read()` to read the imported file and store it in a variable named `ip_addresses`

  ip_addresses = file.read()

# Use `.split()` to convert `ip_addresses` from a string to a list

ip_addresses = ip_addresses.split()

# Build iterative statement
# Name loop variable `element`
# Loop through `ip_addresses`

for element in ip_addresses:

  # Build conditional statement
  # If current element is in `remove_list`,

    if element in remove_list:

        # then current element should be removed from `ip_addresses`

        ip_addresses.remove(element)

# Convert `ip_addresses` back to a string so that it can be written into the text file

ip_addresses = " ".join(ip_addresses)

# Build `with` statement to rewrite the original file

with open(import_file, "w") as file:

  # Rewrite the file, replacing its contents with `ip_addresses`

  file.write(ip_addresses)
```

I converted the updated variable `ip_addresses` back into a single big string using .join().
Lastly, I used `with` and `open()` again to write the changes to our original file using the
`.write()` function.

Summary

Creating an algorithm saves a lot of time for security analysts. I mainly used `with` and
`.open()` to open files for either writing "w" or reading "r" purposes. Splitting the file into a
list of strings helps to iterate through the contents later for the purpose of comparing and
removing the contents.