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# EE1001

# Foundations of Digital Techniques

## Logic

### Assignment #3

KF Tsang

Please submit assignment #3 on or before 10 November 2020, 23:59

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- Q1)
  - $A = \{4, 14, 66, 70\}$ ,  $x \in A$  such that  $x$  is an odd number. Determine whether the statement is T or F.

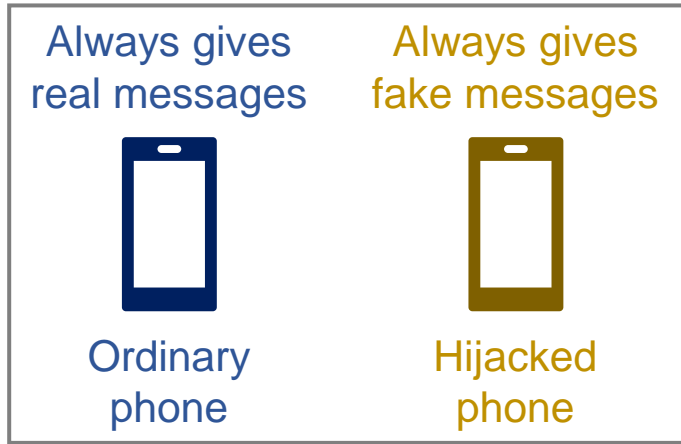
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- Q2)
  - $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$ ,  $p: \forall x \in A, x < 4$ . Determine whether the statement is T or F.
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- Q3)
  - Write the negations of following statements.
  - i.  $\forall n \in \mathbb{N}, n + 1 > 2$ .
  - ii.  $\forall x \in \mathbb{N}, x^2 + x$  is even number.

# Tutorial 1 Supplementary Question S2

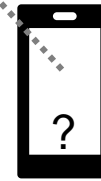
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Q4. There are two types of phones:



The Message given by A:

I am ordinary or hijacked.



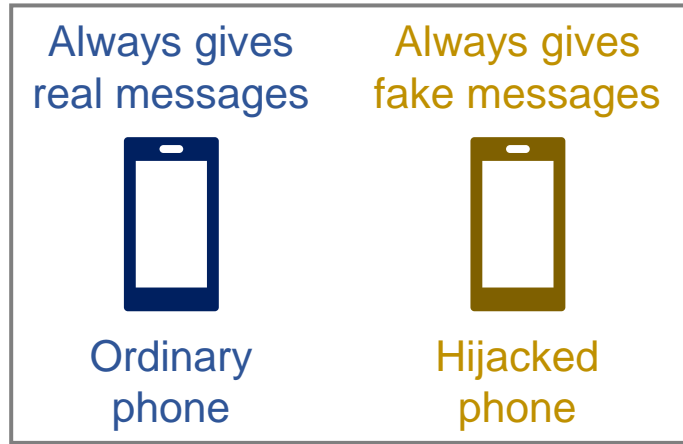
A

Question:

Is A ordinary or hijacked? Use truth table to justify.

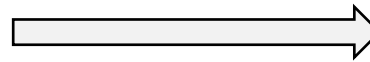
# Tutorial 1 Supplementary Question S3

Q5. There are two types of phones:



Input Message:

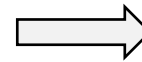
A is ordinary or hijacked.



A (hijacked)

Output Message:

?



Question:

A is a hijacked phone, and my input message is  
“A is ordinary or hijacked”.

What message will A output?

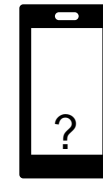
# Tutorial 1 Supplementary Question S4

Q6. There are two types of phones:

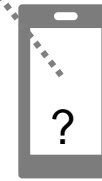


The Message given by B:

Either A is ordinary or  
B is hijacked



A



B

Question:

Are A and B ordinary or hijacked? Use truth table to justify.

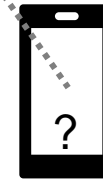
# Tutorial 1 Supplementary Question S5

Q7. There are two types of phones:

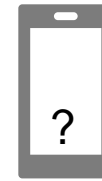


The Message given by A:

Either A is hijacked or  
B is ordinary



A



B

Question:

Are A and B ordinary or hijacked? Use truth table to justify.



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• - END -