EE3210 Signals and Systems

Tutorial 13

Problem 1: Let x[n] be an absolutely summable signal with rational z-transform X[z]. If X[z] is known to have a pole at z = 1/2, could x[n] be

- (a) a finite-duration signal?
- (b) a left-sided signal?
- (c) a right-sided signal?
- (d) a two-sided signal?

Problem 2: Find the inverse z-transform of

$$X[z] = \frac{1 - \frac{1}{3}z^{-1}}{(1 - z^{-1})(1 + 2z^{-1})}$$

with the ROC specified as

- (a) |z| > 2
- (b) |z| < 1
- (c) 1 < |z| < 2

Problem 3: Consider a signal y[n] which is related to two signals $x_1[n]$ and $x_2[n]$ by

$$y[n] = x_1[n+3] * x_2[-n+1]$$

where

$$x_1[n] = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n]$$
 and $x_2[n] = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u[n]$.

Determine the z-transform Y[z] of y[n].