

# Tutorial 2 (with solution)

## Functions

# Q.1: Encoder of Even Parity

Encoding function  $f$ .

- Input:  $(b_1, b_2, b_3, b_4)$ , where  $b_i \in \{0, 1\} \ \forall i$
- Output:  $(c_1, c_2, c_3, c_4, c_5)$ , where  $c_i \in \{0, 1\} \ \forall i$ 
  - $c_1 = b_1, c_2 = b_2, c_3 = b_3, c_4 = b_4,$
  - $c_1 + c_2 + c_3 + c_4 + c_5 = 0 \pmod{2}$

page 2-8

- a) What is the domain of  $f$ ?
  - Hint: Use Cartesian product.
- b) What is the co-domain of  $f$ ?
- c) What is the image of  $(0, 1, 0, 0)$  ?

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  - $c_1 + c_2 + c_3 + c_4 + c_5 = 0 \pmod{2}$

d) What is the range of  $f$  ?

- 1)  $\{0, 1\}^5$
- 2)  $\{x \in \{0, 1\}^5 \mid x \text{ has an even number of 1s} \}$
- 3)  $\{x \in \{0, 1\}^5 \mid x \text{ has an odd number of 1s} \}$

## Q.1: Encoder of Even Parity

- a)  $\{0, 1\} \times \{0, 1\} \times \{0, 1\} \times \{0, 1\}$ 
  - It can also be succinctly written as  $\{0, 1\}^4$ .
- b)  $\{0, 1\}^5$
- c)  $(0, 1, 0, 0, 1)$
- d)  $\{x \in \{0, 1\}^5 \mid x \text{ has an even number of 1s} \}$

## Q.2: Decoder of Even Parity

Decoding function  $g$ .

□ Input:  $(c_1, c_2, c_3, c_4, c_5)$ , where  $c_i \in \{0, 1\} \ \forall i$

□ Output:

- $(c_1, c_2, c_3, c_4)$  if  $c_1 + c_2 + c_3 + c_4 + c_5 = 0 \pmod{2}$
- a special symbol  $e$  otherwise

page 2-8

- a) What is the image of  $(0, 1, 0, 0, 1)$ ?
- b) What is the image of  $(1, 1, 0, 1, 0)$ ?
- c) What is the domain of  $g$ ?
- d) What is the co-domain of  $g$ ?
  - Hint: Don't forget the special symbol  $e$ .

## Q.2: Decoder of Even Parity

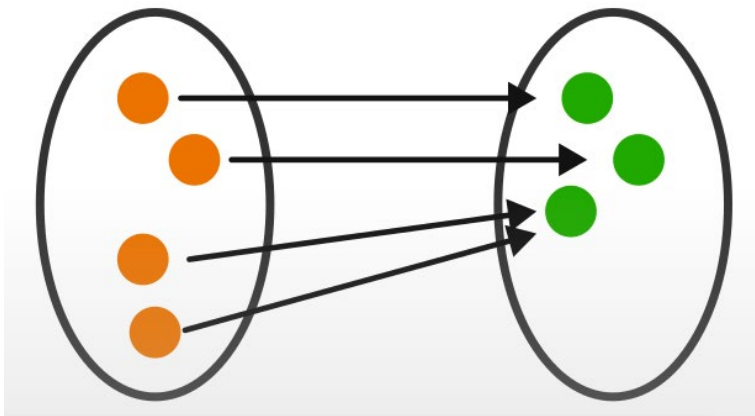
- a)  $(0, 1, 0, 0)$
- b)  $e$
- c)  $\{0, 1\}^5$
- d)  $\{0, 1\}^4 \cup \{e\}$

## Q.3: Injection & Surjection

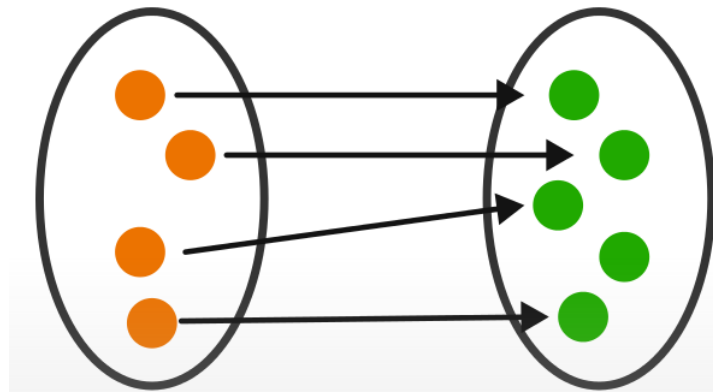
page 2-14/18

□ Is it injection or surjection?

*i)*



*ii)*

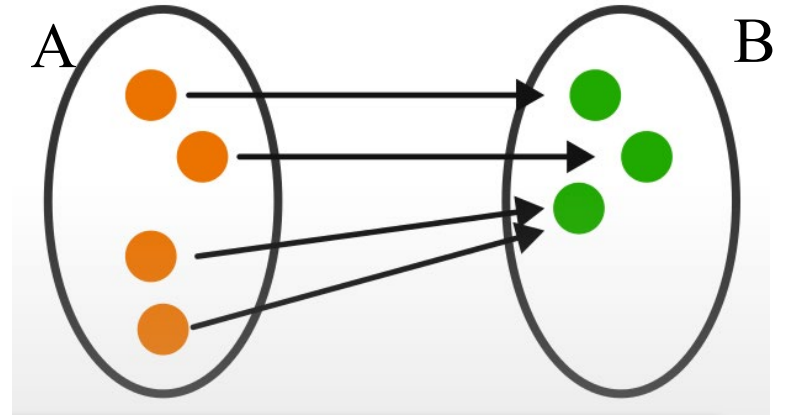


- a) i) is injection, ii) is surjection
- b) i) is injection, ii) is also injection
- c) i) is surjection, ii) is injection
- d) i) is surjection, ii) is also surjection

## Q.3: Injection & Surjection

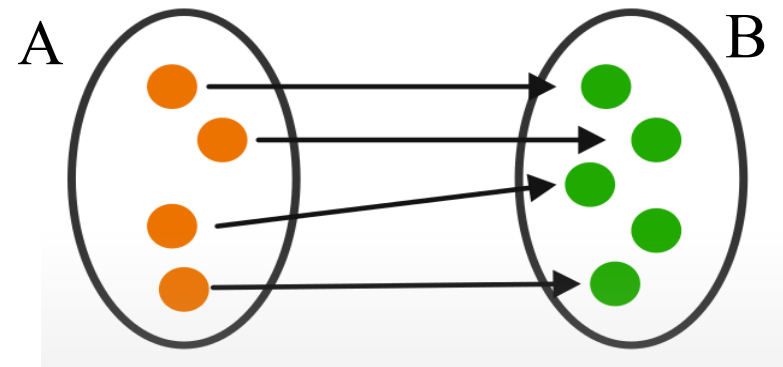
### i) Surjection

- as each element in B is mapped from one or more elements in A.



### ii) Injection

- as each element in A mapped to one distinct element in B.





## Q.4: Composition of Onto Functions

□ Suppose  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  and  $g: Y \rightarrow Z$  are both surjections.

page 2-32

□ Is  $g \circ f$  a surjection? Prove or disprove it.

a) Yes

b) No

## Q.4: Composition of Onto Functions

### **Proof:**

Let  $z$  be an arbitrary chosen element in  $Z$ .

By definition of surjection, there must be an element  $y \in Y$  such that  $g(y) = z$ .

Since  $f$  is also a surjection, there is an element  $x \in X$  such that  $f(x) = y$ .

Hence, there is an element  $x \in X$  such that  $g(f(x)) = g(y) = z$ .

Thus,  $g(f(x))$  is a surjection. *Q.E.D.*