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## **COURSEWARE**

# **Professional Skills** Agile Fundamentals Jira Git **Databases Introduction** Java Beginner Maven Testing (Foundation) Java Intermediate HTML **CSS** Javascript Spring Boot Introduction to Spring Boot Multi-Tier Architecture Beans **Bean Scopes** Bean Validation Dependency Injection Components Configuration Connecting to a Database **Entities** Postman Controllers 0 Services Repositories **Custom Queries** Data Transfer Objects Lombok **Custom Exceptions** Swagger **Profiles**

# **Bean Scopes**

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#### Overview

The **scope** of a bean determines when a bean is created and how long it lasts for.

### Singleton

The default bean scope - **singleton** beans - are created once and then re-used forever.

Typically, these will be *stateless* and therefore will not store any information internally.

#### Prototype

Unlike singleton beans, every class that depends on a **prototype** bean will depend on a *separate instance* of that bean.

Every time a prototype bean is *injected*, a new instance of that bean is created.

These beans are typically stateful, and thus will store information internally.

### **Tutorial**

Here, we've set up a configuration class containing our greeting bean:

```
@Configuration
public class AppConfig {

    @Bean
    public String greeting() {
        return "Hello my friends";
    }
}
```

By default, this greeting bean will default to the **singleton** scope - there will only ever be one of this bean created each time the app is run.

We can change this bean to be **prototype** scoped by using the <code>@scope</code> annotation:

```
@Configuration
public class AppConfig {

    @Bean
    @Scope("prototype")
    public String greeting() {
        return "Hello my friends";
    }
}
```

Now, a new greeting will be created every time this bean is accessed.

Unit testing with Mockito

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Pre-Populating Databases for Testing

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### **Exercises**

Using the code you created within the <u>Beans module</u>, do the following:

- 1. Create a bean called farewell which is prototype scoped.
- 2. Call both beans. What differences can you see between the greeting and farewell beans?

**IDE Cheatsheet**