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Assignment 7

Problem 1: Here is the solution for problem 1.

Part A: Given an adjacency matrix: we can do the following: We will call the matrix M[i][j]

For i = 1 to nFor j = 1 to nIf a[i,j] = 0, increment jIf a[i,j] = 1,
Set k to value of i,
Set new index L = 0.

Increment through a[k,L] from $(L=1\ to\ n),$ and whenever value is 1, append to the row i.

Copy original adjacency matrix and append to our new matrix

This is order $O(n^3)$ because we loop from 1 to n three times.

Here is our adjacency matrix for our example graph:

	1	1	1			
1		1		1		
1				1		
1					1	
	1	1				1
				1		1
				1	1	

And here is our adjancency matrix for our squared graph:

	1	1	1	1	1	
1		1	1	1		1
1	1		1	1		1
1	1	1			1	1
1	1	1		1	1	1
1			1	1		1
	1	1	1	1	1	

Part B: For
$$i = 1$$
 to n
For $j = 1$ to n
Set $k =$ the value at $a[i][j]$
Set $L = 0$

Add values from a[k][L] from (L = 1 to n) to row i in our new adjacency list as long as the values are not already there or the value of i. Copy original adjacency list and append it to our new list

This is order $O(n^3)$ because we loop from 1 to n three times.

Here is our given adjacency list:

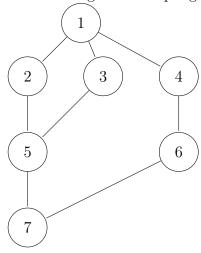
2	3	4	0	0	0	0
1	5	0	0	0	0	0
1	5	0	0	0	0	0
1	6	0	0	0	0	0
2	3	7	0	0	0	0
4	7	0	0	0	0	0
5	6	0	0	0	0	0

and after applying the algorithm our list is now:

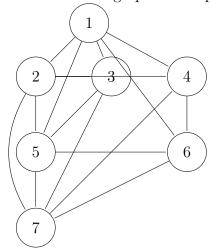
2	3	4	5	6	0	0
1	5	3	4	7	0	0
1	5	2	4	7	0	0
1	6	2	3	7	0	0
2	3	7	1	6	0	0
4	7	1	5	0	0	0
5	6	2	3	4	0	0

To explain these algorithms further, I have included the example graph and the square of the graph so we can better understand what the algorithms are achieving. The square of a graph is the graph with edges both of distance 1 and distance 2 between all the nodes on the graph.

Here is the given example graph:



And here is the graph after squaring it:



Problem 2: Here is the solution for problem 2....

Problem 3: Here is the solution for problem 3. ...

Problem 4: Here is the solution for problem 4. ...