

# CSCD94 Week 9 Update

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## Completed Tasks

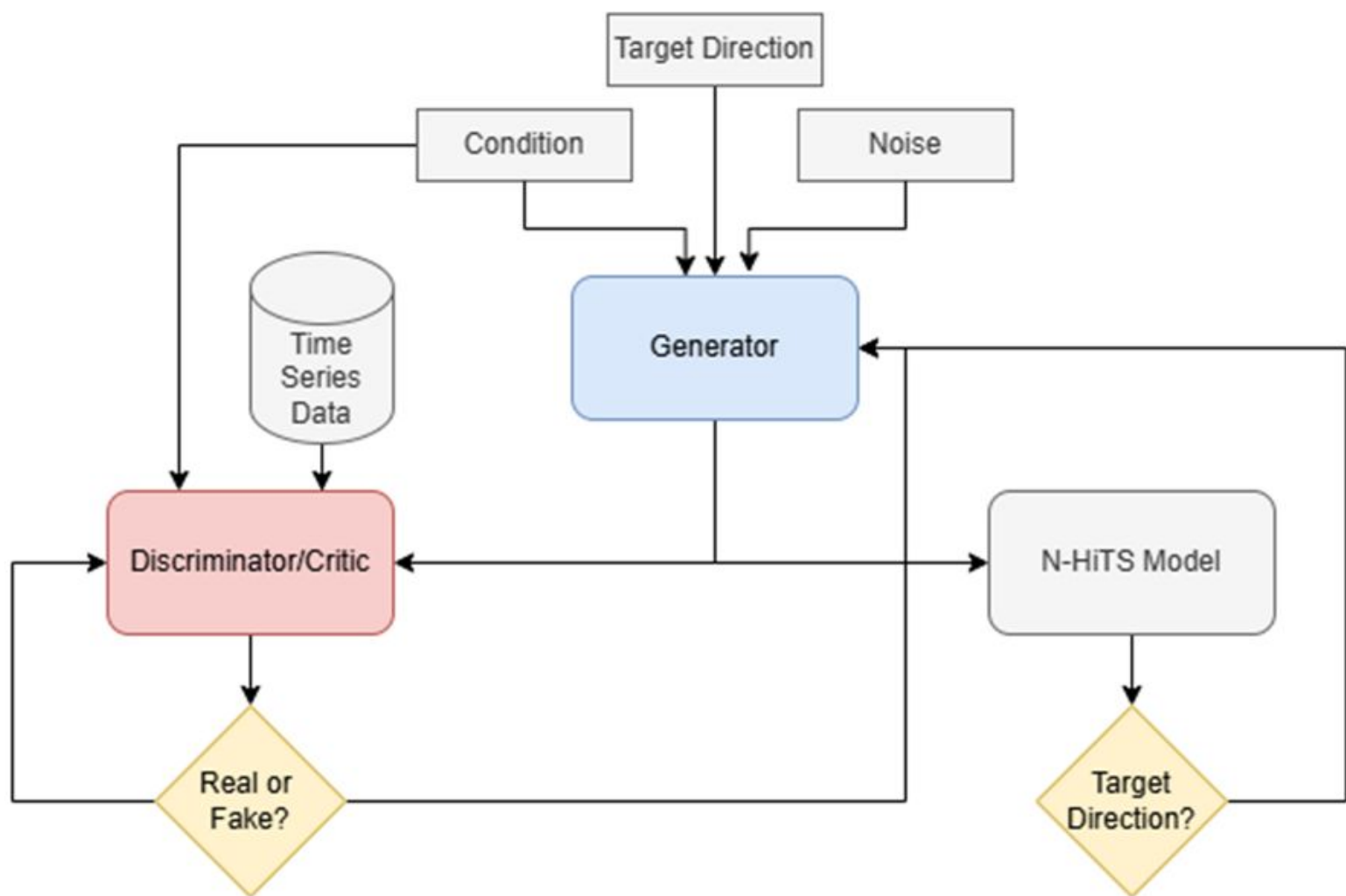
- Extend the conditional WGAN with a second critic being the N-HiTS model.

## Problem

- Niagara/Mist does not support pytorch-forecasting, so I need to train locally which takes around 10 hours.

# Adv-CWGAN-GP

- Conditioned on 99 days of real log returns, we generate 99 days of synthetic data.
  - We condition in the feature dimension (we want to match the real log returns as much as possible).
- The two player game between the generator and discriminator remains the same.
- Computing the adversarial loss (l1-loss) (generator step):
  - 1) Compute the loss between the next 20 days of real adjprc with the 20 day predictions based on the synthetic data (current implementation).
    - a) GOAL: Maximize error
  - 2) Compute predictions from both the real and synthetic data, and get the difference in the loss.
    - a) GOAL: Maximize difference between real predictions and fake predictions.
  - 3) Targeted attack (next week): Either choose a target or desired slope, and compute loss based on that

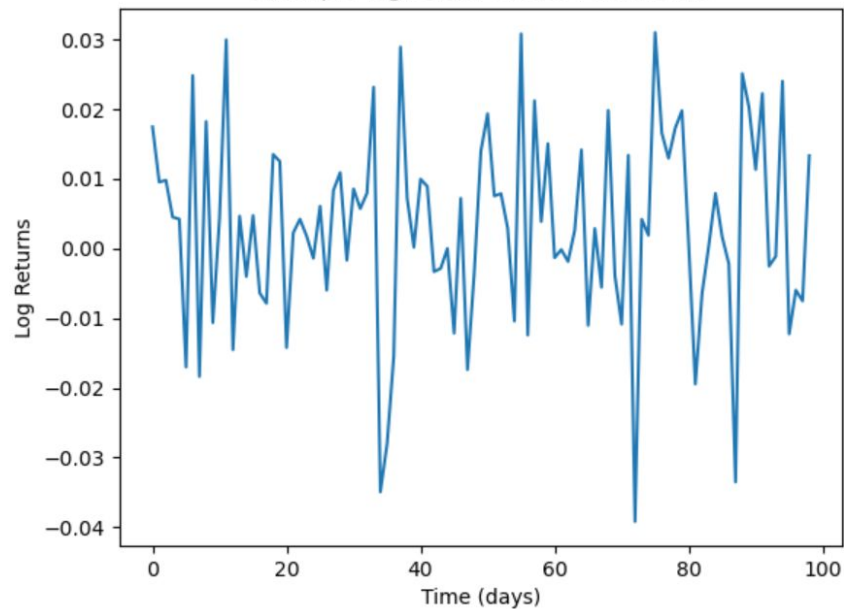


# Incorporating the Adversarial Loss

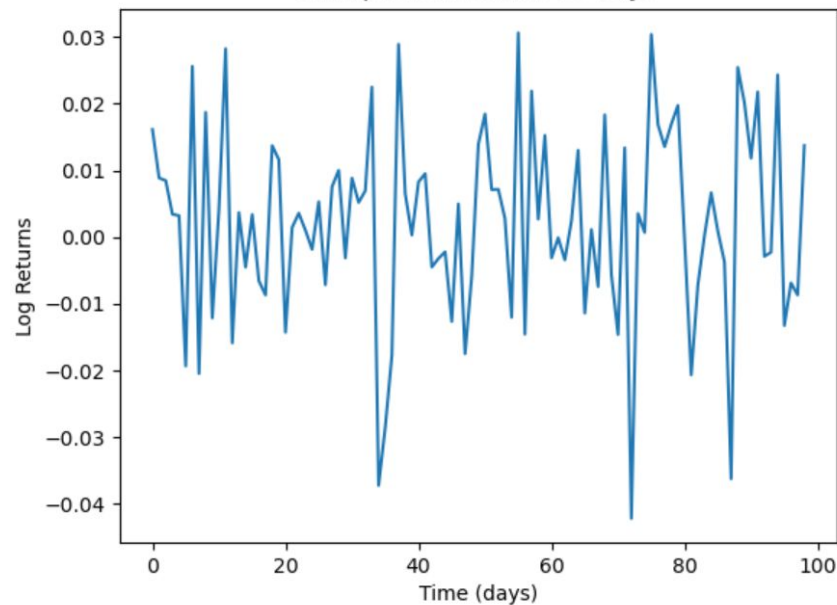
- Similar to a learning rate scheduler, we increase the scale ( $\beta$ ) of the adversarial loss after a set number of epochs.
- This allows for the GAN to initially generate realistic data before we aim to generate adversarial data.

# Example

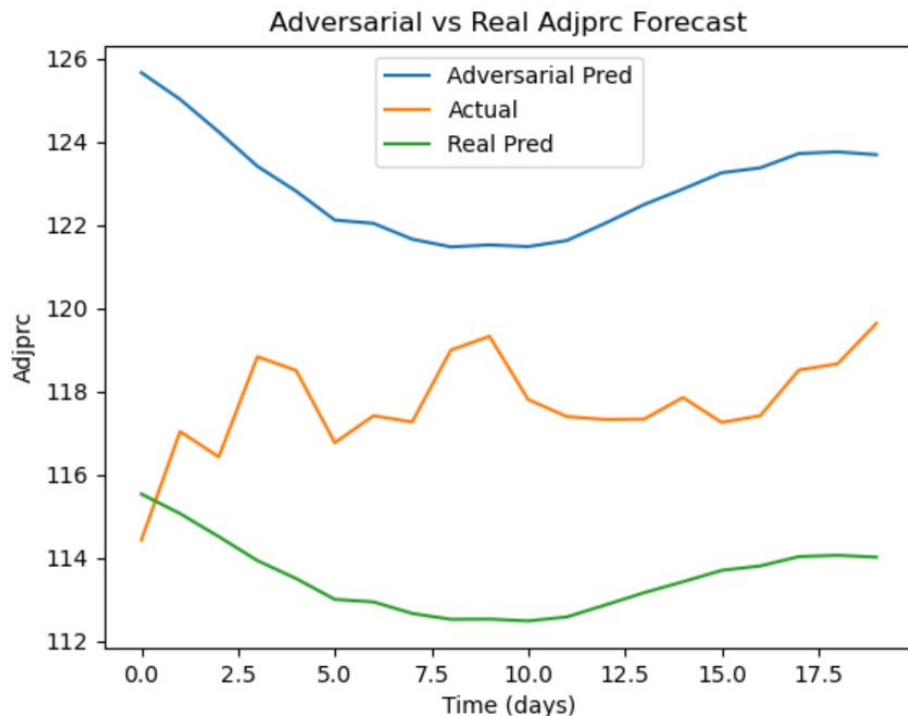
Example log return created from GAN



Example real Return: 99 Days



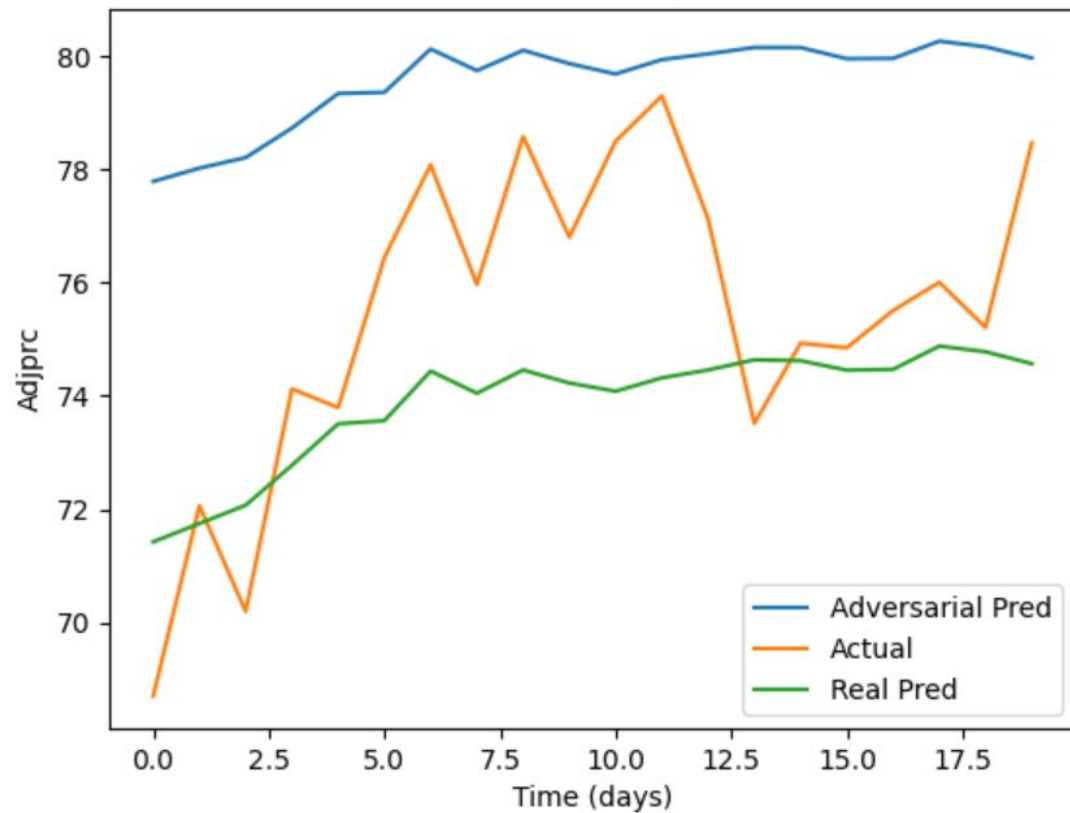
By nature of the GAN (and log returns), the synthetic data already cause



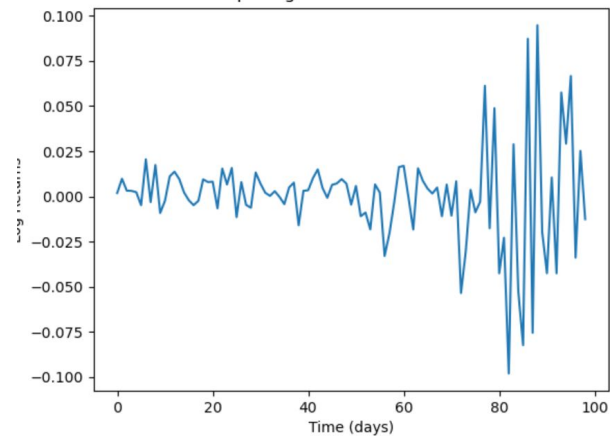
Epoch: 175, Beta:  $\sim 0.24$

Epoch: 171, Beta:  $\sim 0.24$

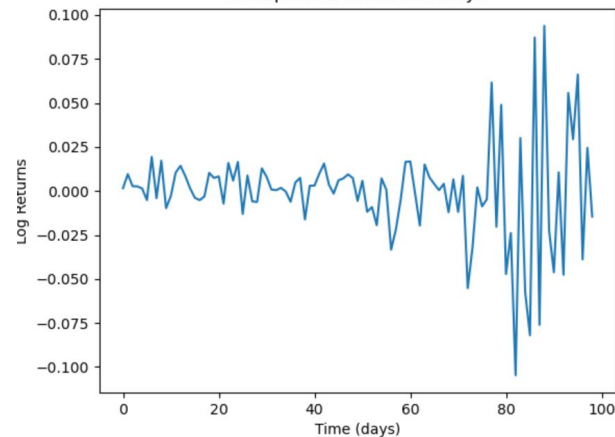
Adversarial vs Real Adjprc Forecast



Example log return created from GAN



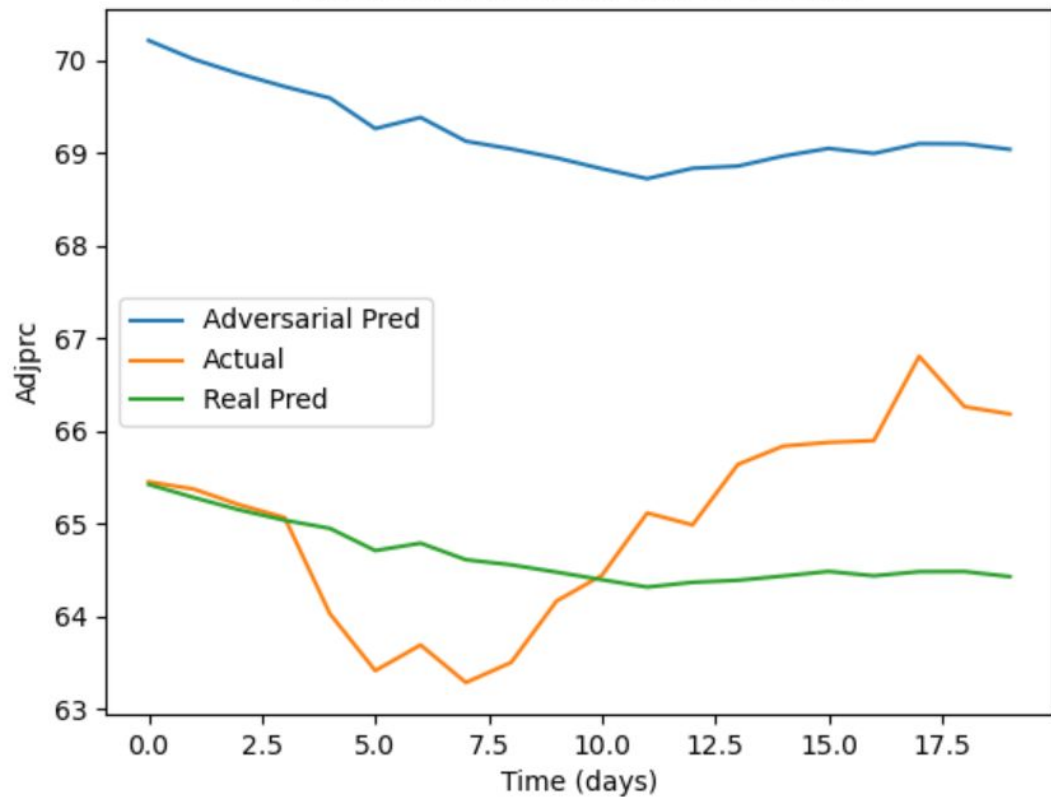
Example real Return: 99 Days



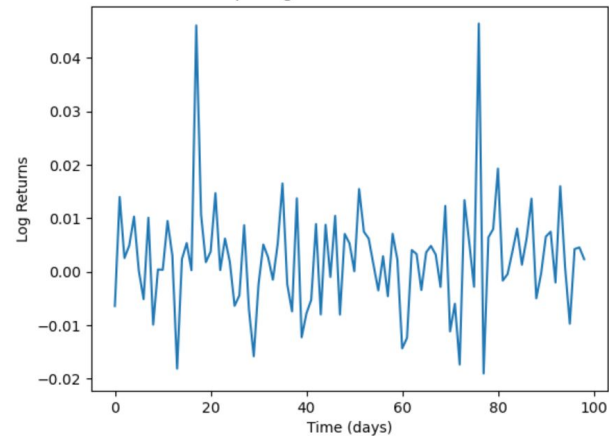


Epoch: 171, Beta:  $\sim 0.24$

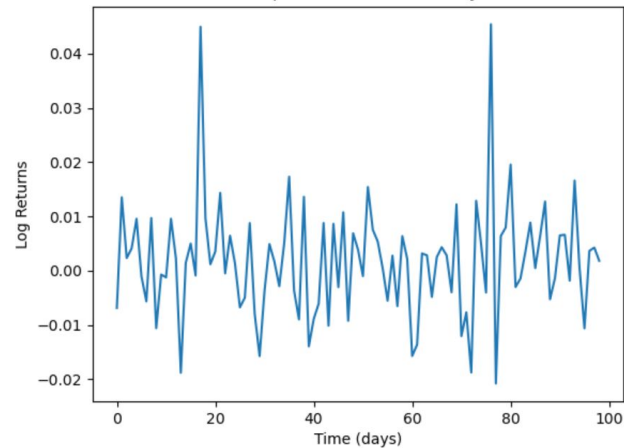
Adversarial vs Real Adjprc Forecast



Example log return created from GAN



Example real Return: 99 Days



# Why is the adversarial prediction always slightly higher?

```
=====
Sample Mean: 0.0005518830653177805, Fake Mean: 0.0014606024203021187
Sample Stdev: 0.016635720814690176, Fake Stdev: 0.016197429993267662
Sample IQR: 0.018717247656138185, Fake IQR: 0.018063817046204047
Sample skew: -0.28708057394500924, Fake skew: -0.28202446393475844
Sample kurtosis: 5.544345445377175, Fake kurtosis: 5.686985435413195
Similarity Loss 0.8480635855704955
Adversarial Loss 2.02350829425191
Final Loss 1.3282515889916033
=====
```

The mean is slightly higher

## Therefore, we need to have a target

- If synthetic log returns already naturally cause a difference in performance, even though they visually look identical, then we should towards defining a target for the GAN (which was the original idea).
- Rather than simply having a target, I would like to try defining a “slope-like” loss, where rather than defining a target where we would shift the entire time prediction up or down, we would want to start off at a similar adjprc, then either plummet or skyrocket.

## Next Steps

- Plot adjprc to see if differences are more noticeable than log returns.
- Add targeting to the adversarial model.
- Perform hyperparameter tuning for the “Adversarial Scheduler.”