Kinematika

$$\begin{array}{ll} a = \frac{\Delta v}{t} & s = \frac{1}{2}at^2 \dots h = \frac{1}{2}gt^2 & a_D = \frac{v^2}{r} = r \cdot \omega^2 & \omega = \omega_0 + \varepsilon \cdot t \\ s = v_0t + \frac{\Delta vt}{2} & v = \omega \cdot r & \varepsilon = \frac{\Delta \omega}{t} & \varphi = \omega_0t + \frac{1}{2}\varepsilon t^2 \\ v = g \cdot t = a \cdot t & s = \varphi \cdot r \end{array}$$

Dynamika

$$F = m \cdot a$$
 $p = m \cdot v \left[kg \cdot m \cdot s^{-1} \right]$ $F = \frac{\Delta p}{t}$ $F_T = F_N \cdot f$

Práce, výkon, energie

$$\begin{array}{ll} W = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{s} = F \cdot s \cdot \cos \alpha \; [J] & P_p = \frac{W}{t} \; [W] \; (\text{výkon}) & \eta = \frac{P}{P_0} \; (\text{účinnost}) \\ E_p = mgh & P = F \cdot v \; (\text{okamžitý výkon}) \\ E_k = \frac{1}{2} m v^2 & P_0 = \frac{\Delta E}{\Delta t} \; (\text{příkon}) \end{array}$$

Dokonale pružná srážka:

$$V_1 = v_1 \cdot \frac{m_1 - m_2}{m_1 + m_2} + v_2 \cdot \frac{2m_2}{m_1 + m_2} \qquad \qquad V_2 = v_2 \cdot \frac{m_2 - m_1}{m_1 + m_2} + v_1 \cdot \frac{2m_1}{m_1 + m_2}$$

Pozn. Dokonale nepružná srážka – platí zákon zachování hybnosti.

Radiální gravitační pole

$$\begin{array}{ll} F_g = G \frac{m_1 m_2}{r^2} & v^2 = G \cdot \frac{M}{r} \\ \vec{K} = \frac{\vec{F_g}}{m} \text{ (intenzita grav. pole)} & \frac{4\pi^2}{GM} = \frac{T^2}{r^3} \\ \frac{T^2}{a^3} = \text{konst} & v_I = \sqrt{\frac{GM}{r}} \end{array}$$

$$v_{II} = \sqrt{2} \cdot v_I$$

$$E_p = -G \frac{Mm}{r}$$

$$G = 6,67 \cdot 10^{-11}$$

Vrhy v homogenním gravitačním poli

$$\begin{array}{lll} \text{Osa x:} & \text{Osa y:} \\ v_{0x} = \cos \alpha \cdot v_0 & v_{0y} = \sin \alpha \cdot v_0 \\ v_x = v_{0x} & v_y = v_{0y} - gt \\ x = v_{0x}t & y = v_{0y}t - \frac{1}{2}gt^2 \end{array}$$

Tuhé těleso

$$M=F\cdot a\cdot \sin\alpha \ [Nm]$$
 J_0 : obruč: mr^2 , koule: $\frac{2}{5}mr^2$, válec: $\frac{1}{2}mr^2$, tyč: $\frac{1}{12}ml^2$ $J=J_0+md^2$

Struktura a vlastnosti látek

$$\begin{array}{lll} A_r = \frac{m_a}{u} & N_A = 6,022 \cdot 10^{23} \; \mathrm{mol}^{-1} & M_m = 10^{-3} \cdot M_r \\ u = 1.66 \cdot 10^{-27} \; \mathrm{kg} & n = \frac{N}{N_A} \; [\mathrm{mol}] & V_m = \frac{V}{n} \; \left[\mathrm{m}^3 \cdot \mathrm{mol}^{-1} \right] \\ M_r = \frac{m_m}{u} & M_m = \frac{m}{n} \; \left[\mathrm{kg} \cdot \mathrm{mol}^{-1} \right] & \rho = \frac{M_m}{V_m} \end{array}$$

Termodynamika

$$\begin{array}{lll} \Delta U = Q + W & c = \frac{C}{m} & \Delta l = l_0 \alpha \Delta t & V = V_0 (\beta \Delta t + 1) \\ Q = \frac{S \cdot \Delta t \cdot \lambda}{d} \cdot \tau & C_m = \frac{Q}{u \cdot \Delta t} & l = l_0 (\alpha \Delta t + 1) & \beta = 3\alpha \\ C = \frac{Q}{\Delta t} \left[J^{-1} \right] & Q = mc\Delta t & \Delta V = V_0 \beta \Delta t & \rho = \rho_0 (1 - \beta \Delta t) \end{array}$$

Struktura a vlastnosti plynů

$$\begin{array}{ll} p=\frac{1}{3}\rho v^2 & pV=NkT=RnT, \text{ tj. } \frac{pV}{T}=\text{konst} \\ E=\frac{i}{2}kT, \text{ kde } k=1,38\cdot 10^{-23} \ JK^{-1} & R=8,31 \ J\cdot mol^{-1}K^{-1} \\ v=\sqrt{\frac{ikT}{m_0}}, \text{ pro pohyb } i=3 & Q=\Delta U+W' \\ \Delta U=\frac{i}{2}nR\Delta T \end{array}$$

i. izotermický: T = konst a Q = W'

iii. izobarický: $p = \text{konst a } W' = p \cdot \Delta V$

ii. izochorický: $V = \text{konst a } Q = \Delta U$

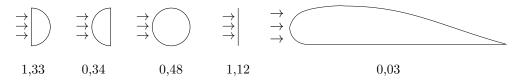
iv. adiabatický: Q=0 a $p\cdot V^{\kappa}=\text{konst}$, kde $\kappa=1+\frac{2}{i}$

Mechanika tekutin

$$\begin{aligned} W &= Fx \\ p &= h\rho g \\ F_V &= V\rho g \\ Q_V &= \frac{V}{t} \\ S_1v_1 &= S_2v_2 \\ E_T &= p\Delta V \end{aligned}$$

 $\rho gh + \frac{1}{2}\rho v^2 + p = \text{konst}$ $h = \text{konst} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2}\rho v^2 + p = \text{konst}$ $v = \sqrt{2hg}$ $d = 2\sqrt{h \cdot h'}$ $F_{ODP} = \frac{1}{2}CS\rho v^2$, kde ρ je prostředí

Hodnoty součinitele odporu C pro vybraná tělesa:



Struktura a vlastnosti kapalin

$$\sigma = \frac{F}{l}$$

$$W = \sigma \cdot \Delta S$$

$$p_k = \frac{2\sigma}{r}$$

$$V = V_0(1 + \beta \Delta t)$$

Struktura a vlastnosti pevných látek

$$\sigma = \frac{F}{S}$$

$$\Delta l = l - l_0$$

$$\varepsilon = \frac{\Delta l}{l_0}$$
 ... rel. prodloužení $\sigma = E \cdot \varepsilon$

Změny skupenství

$$l_V = \frac{L_V}{m}$$

Kmitání

$$\begin{aligned} \omega &= 2\pi f \\ v &= 2\pi r f \\ y &= y_m \sin{(\omega t + \varphi_0)} \\ v &= \omega y_m \cos{(\omega t + \varphi_0)} \\ a &= -\omega^2 y \\ F_p &= -ky, \ k \dots \text{ tuhost} \end{aligned} \qquad \begin{aligned} T &= 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{n}{k}} = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{J}{mgd}} \\ y &= y_m \sqrt{\frac{J}{mgd}} \\ y &= y_m \sin{\left(2\pi \left(\frac{t}{T} - \frac{x}{\lambda}\right)\right)} \\ y &= y_m \sin{\left(2\pi \left(\frac{t}{T} - \frac{x}{\lambda}\right)\right)} \\ y &= y_m \sin{(\omega t - kx)}, \ k = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \\ y$$

Elektrostatika

$$\begin{array}{ll} E = \frac{F_e}{Q} \; [NC^{-1}] & W = EQs \cos \alpha & \sigma = E\varepsilon = \frac{Q}{S} \\ E = k \cdot \frac{Q_1}{r^2} & U = \Delta \varphi = Ed & Q = CU \\ \varphi = \frac{E_p}{Q} \; [JC^{-1}] & W = UQ & E = \frac{1}{2}QU = \frac{1}{2}CU^2 \\ E_p = -kQ_1Q_2\frac{1}{r}, \; k = \frac{1}{4\pi\varepsilon} & C = \frac{\varepsilon S}{d} \end{array}$$

Elektrodynamika

$$\begin{array}{ll} I = \frac{Q}{t} & R = \frac{l}{S}\rho & R_A = \frac{R_b R_c}{R_a + R_b + R_c} & P = UI \\ U = RI & R = R_0(1 + \alpha \delta t) & W = UIt & U = U_e - IR_i \end{array}$$

Elektrický proud v kapalinách a plynech

$$m=AQ=AIt$$

$$A = \frac{M_m}{F_z}$$

$$K = It [C]$$

Stacionární magnetické pole

$$\begin{array}{ll} B = \frac{F_m}{Il} \ [T] & \text{cívka: } B = \mu \cdot \frac{NI}{l} & F_{12} = \frac{\mu}{2\pi} \cdot \frac{I_1 I_2 l}{d} \\ \text{přímý vodič: } B = \frac{\mu}{2\pi} \cdot \frac{I}{d} & \mu_{\text{vakua}} = 4\pi \cdot 10^{-7} \ \text{TmA}^{-1} & M = SIB \\ \text{smyčka: } B = \mu \cdot \frac{I}{2r} & F_m = I(\vec{l} \times \vec{B}) = Q(\vec{v} \times \vec{B}) \end{array}$$

Nestacionární magnetické pole

$$F = QvB$$

$$E = \frac{F}{Q} = vB$$

$$E = \frac{U}{d}$$

$$U = \frac{\Delta(BS)}{t}$$

$$\Phi = LI$$

$$L = \mu \cdot \frac{N^2S}{l} [H]$$

$$U_i = \frac{-\Delta\Phi}{t} = -L \cdot \frac{\Delta I}{t}$$

$$E_m = \frac{1}{2}LI^2$$