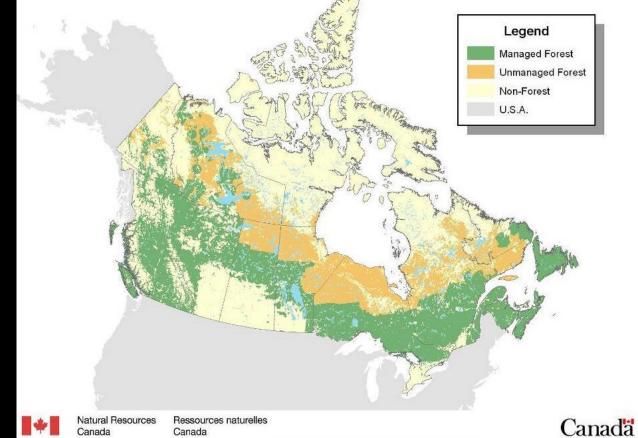
Forest Carbon modelling in the CFS

Céline Boisvenue

Research Scientists,

Pacific Forestry Service, Canadian Forest Service

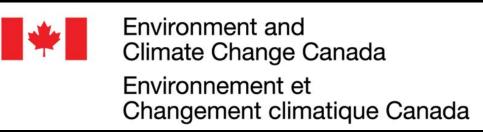


SpaDES workshop

GHG inventory

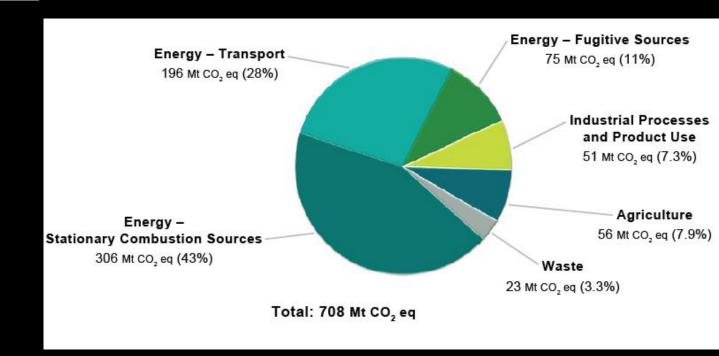


197 members



Rapport GES 2024 (2022)

https://www.canada.ca/en/environment-climate-change/services/climate-change/greenhouse-gas-emissions/inventory.html



NFCMARS National **F**orest Carbon Monitoring, Accounting and Reporting **S**ystem

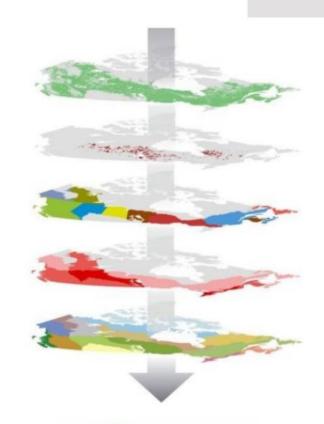
Forest inventory, growth & yield data

Natural disturbance monitoring data

Forest management activity data

Land-use change data

Ecological modelling parameters



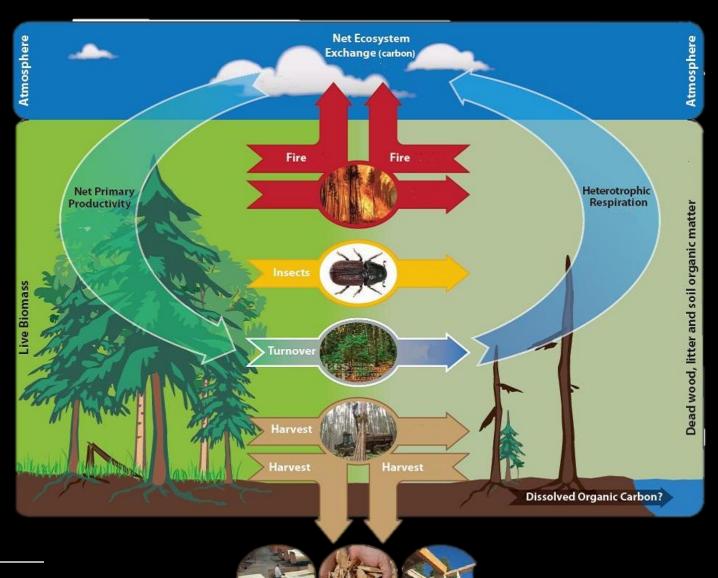
Stinson et al. 2011, GCB



Carbon Budget Model



- Statistical models for AGB estimation
- Process representation via equations
- Carbon pools
- Carbon transactions

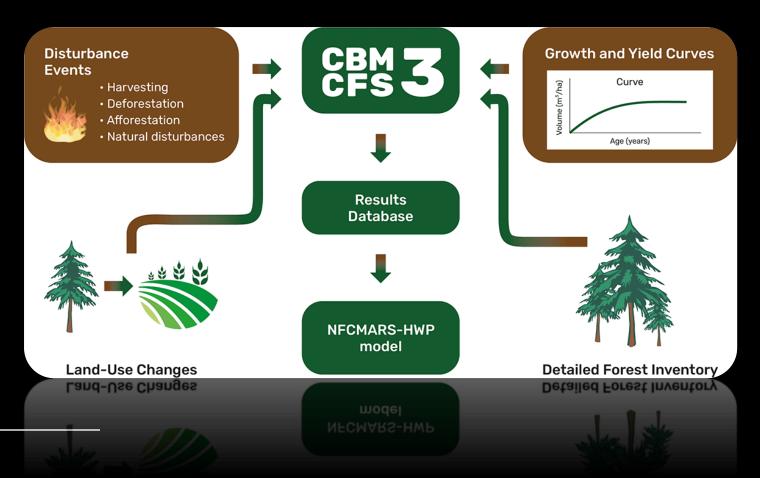


Carbon Accounting in Canada

- Werner Kurz
- Mike Apps
- CAT + 30 years of research and collaborations
- 2006: "Best forest carbon accounting model in the world"

NFCMARS

National Forest Carbon Monitoring, Accounting and Reporting System

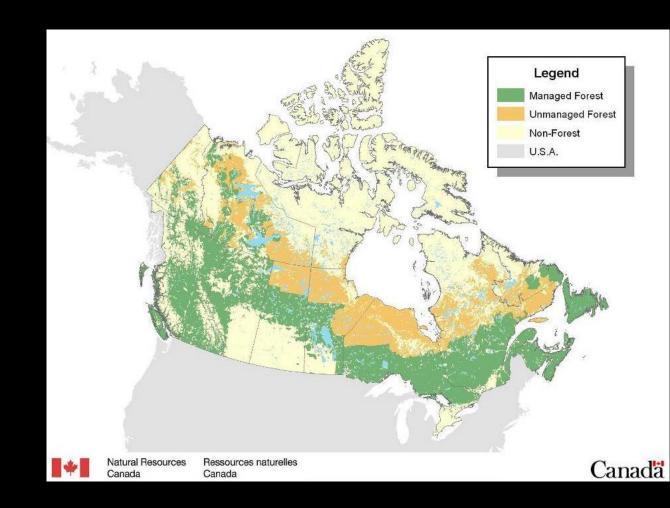


Forest Carbon

4.4 M km2

3.6 M km2 – all forests

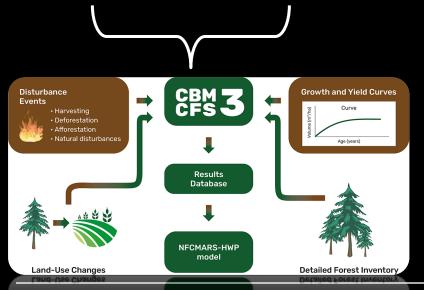
2.3 M km2 – managed forests

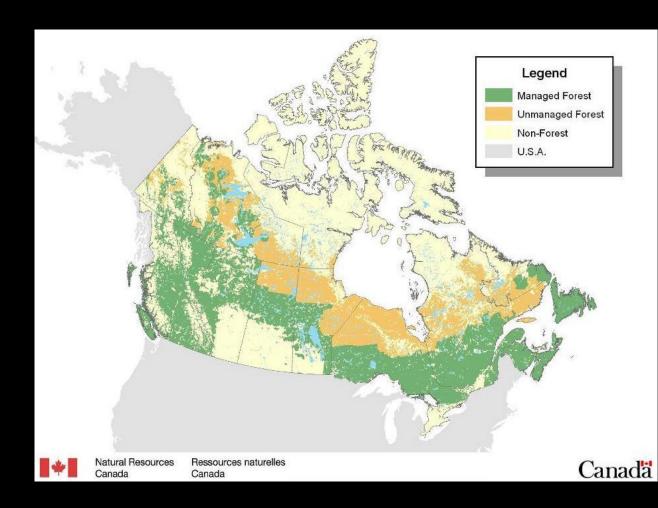


Forest Carbon

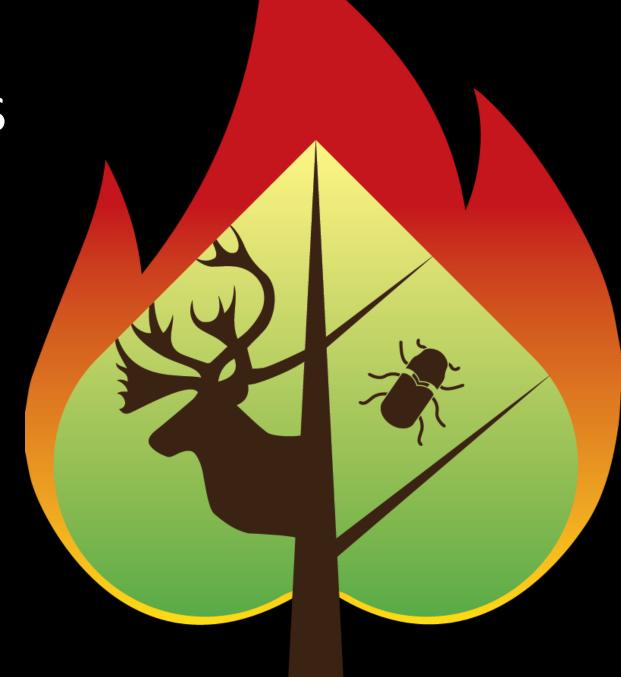
4.4 M km2

2.3 M km2 – managed forests





Forest Carbon in SpaDES



Forest Carbon

Forest management decisions - Challenges

- Changing the paradigm:
 - there is no right answer, we need all the models, all the information/data.
 - Test and validate current models and estimates.
 - Integrating TEK and social sciences.
- Updating/re-structuring models for transparency and linkages
- Testing new data and algorithm models are not nimble yet!
- Technical support for modelling (CFS was a field organization)



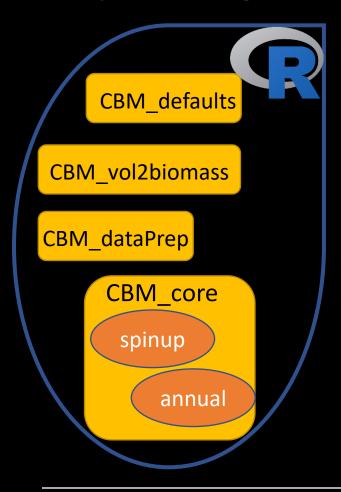


- At the core of our international obligations
- Rapidly evolving science (new data, concepts)
- Under intense internal and external scrutiny.

UBC Biometrics November 22, 2024

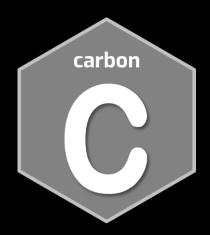


- Common problem in ecological modelling: difficult to get a handle on the model, difficult to update, etc.
- Scientific uncertainty.
- Forest carbon is really an emergent property to forest dynamics.

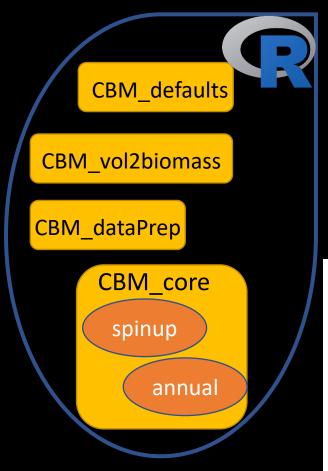


Spatial Discrete Events System SpaDES

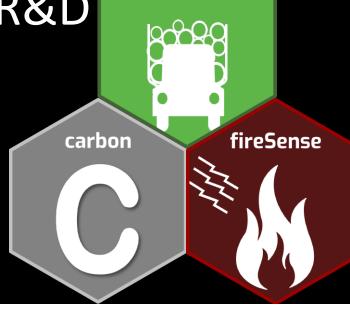
- Modular
- Transparent





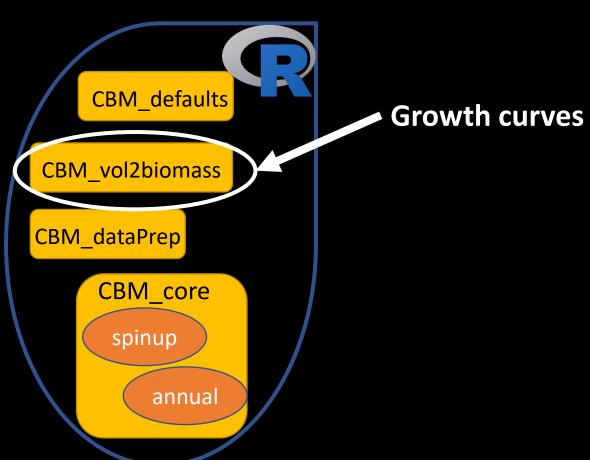


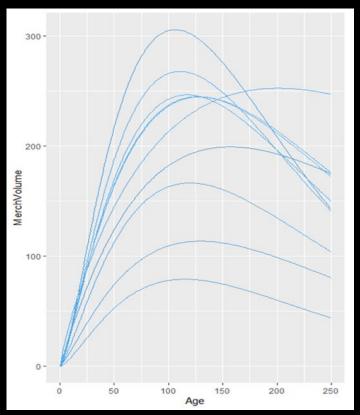
Projections of C under harvest and fire scenarios



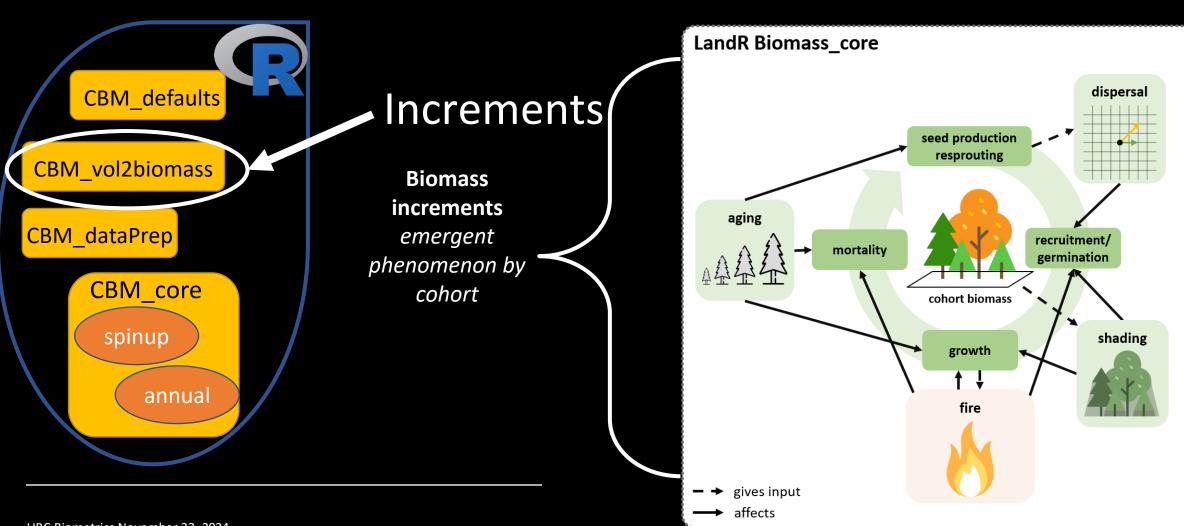
harvest











CBM_defaults CBM_vol2biomass CBM dataPrep CBM core spinup annual

Increments

Biomass increments

Cohort: combination of tree species and age. Multiple cohorts form a stand/pixel.

Data-adjusted trait-based biomass accumulation

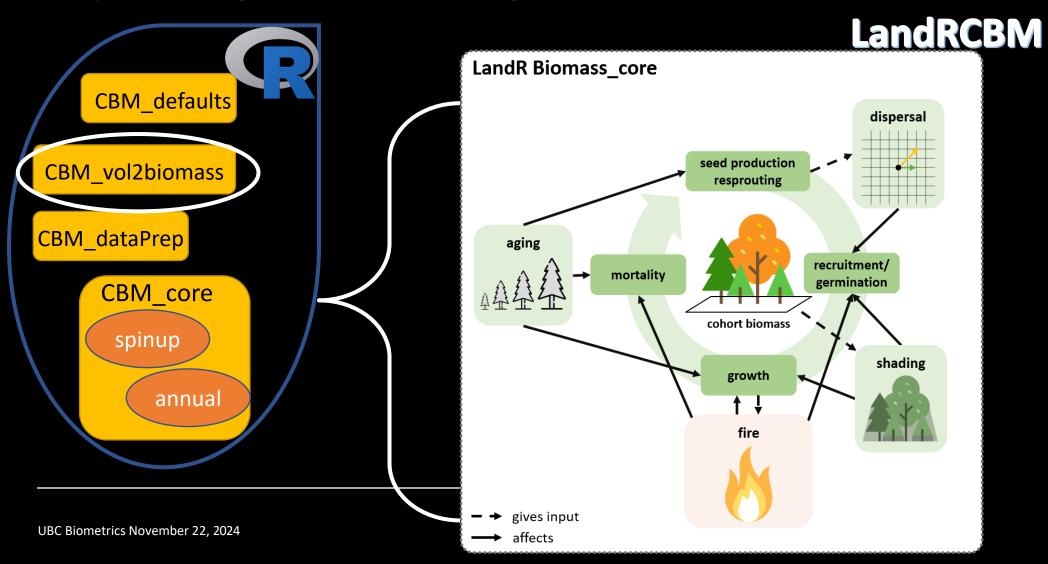
LandR Biomass_core

- LandR Biomass_core (vegetation simulator) is based on the LANDIS II Biomass Succession Extension, recoded in R using the SpaDES toolkit
- Parameters are fit to available data (biomass, species distribution, PSP for growth)
- CS growth (Luo et al, 2019)
- Simulations under CC for western boreal region (planned for eastern boreal)
- Unmanaged forest included.









Improving C-modelling: R&D



LandRCBM

Soil data

Connection to global circulation and the promise of SIF data

Process Modelling (Bio-geochemistry

> **Peatlands Feedbacks**

development

harvest

trends tradeoffs





caribouTEK

diversity



carbon







fireSense

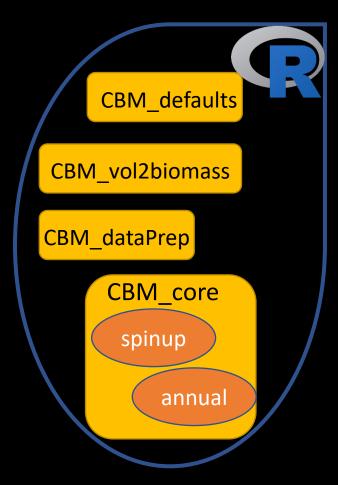
climate

caribouRSF

MPB



Challenge: improving C-modelling and reporting

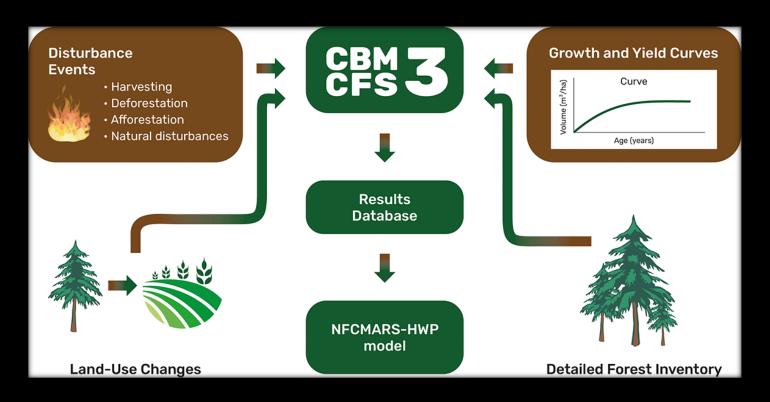






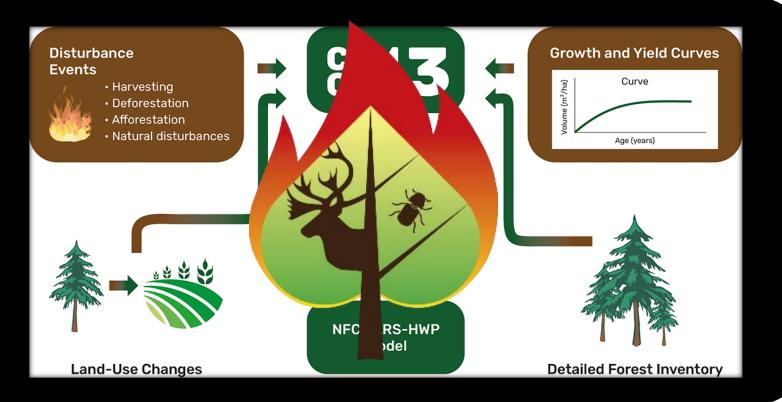


Challenge: improving C-modelling and reporting NFCMARS



Challenge: improving C-modelling and reporting

NFCMARS



Next Generation

Forest Carbon

modelling system