

Introducing MLOps

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Co-founder, Machine Learning Engineer, Superb Al

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Key Features

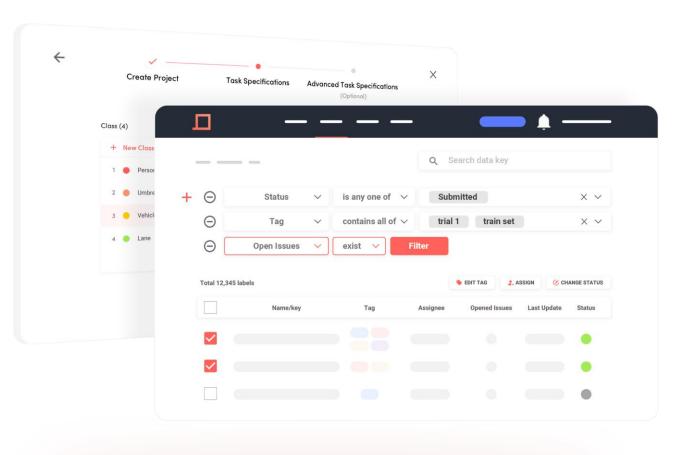
5.

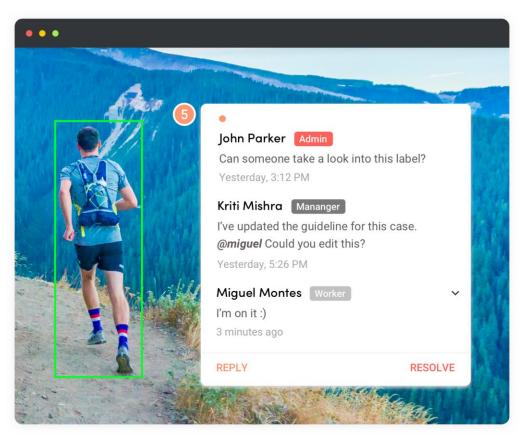
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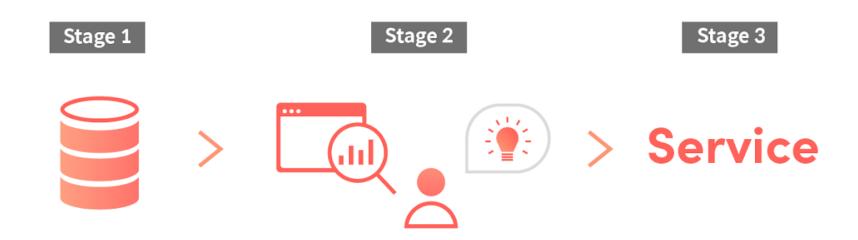
Tools

■ Superb Al

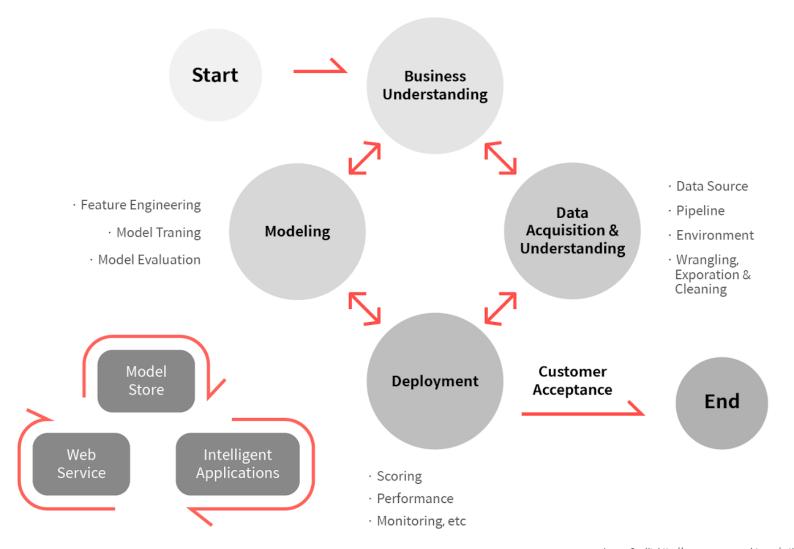




Machine Learning Life Cycle



Machine Learning Life Cycle



17 Key Questions to Ask Before Embarking on Your Next ML Project

Business Understanding

- What do you expect to gain from the machine learning system?
- What are the exact application scenarios and the expected business impact?
- Do you understand the expected performance and limitations of using an ML?
- · How will you monitor and measure the performance of ML models?

Modeling

- · What machine learning model will you use?
- What are your requirements for performance, in terms of computing speed (inference speed), accuracy, precision, and recall?
- What are your requirements for training? Will you rely on a cloud computing server? Will you continuously update your model?

Model Training

- After you build the dataset, what infrastructure will you use to train the models?
 In-house GPU servers or cloud servers?
- Do you need access to advanced hardware, i.e. TPUs?
- Will you train the models internally or will you use third-party model training services? Will you automate the hyper-parameter tuning and architecture search (Auto-ML)?

Data Acquisition & Understanding

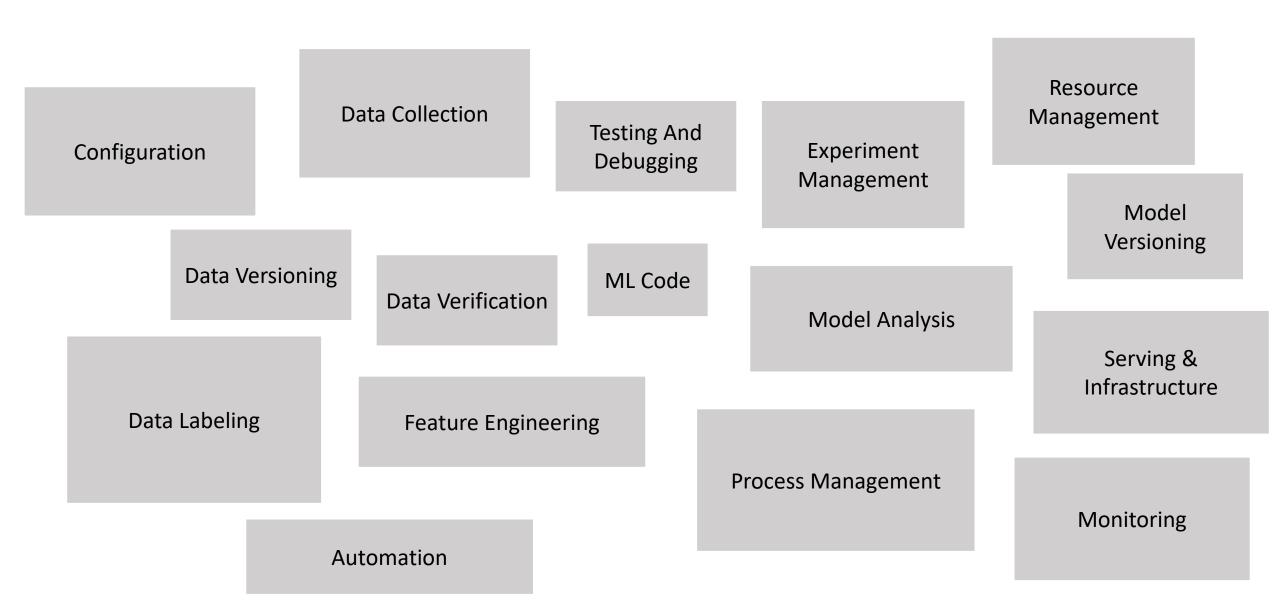
- Do you have enough data to train your said model? If not, how will you collect additional data? Will you crowdsource, web-crawl, or purchase pre-made datasets?
- What are the legal implications of your data source? Are they copyrighted?
- Will you implement data augmentation techniques?
- Can your use-case resort to synthetically generated data?

Data Labeling

- Who will label your data? Do you have your own in-house data labeling team?
 Will you outsource to a labeling agency?
- Which data labeling tool will you use? Does it support whatever functions you need, such as visualization, statistics, version control, and multi-person collaboration?
- Will you use pre-trained machine learning models to speed-up the labeling process? If so, do you have access to training the said model? How often will you be re-training this model?

https://blog.superb-ai.com/machine-learning-training-data-workflows/

Machine Learning Component



Launching is easy, Operation is hard



Hidden Technical Debt in Machine Learning Systems

Complex Models Erode
Boundaries

Data Dependencies Cost

More than Code

Dependencies

Feedback Loops

Hidden Technical Debt in Machine Learning Systems

ML-System Anti-Patterns

Glue Code

Pipeline Jungles

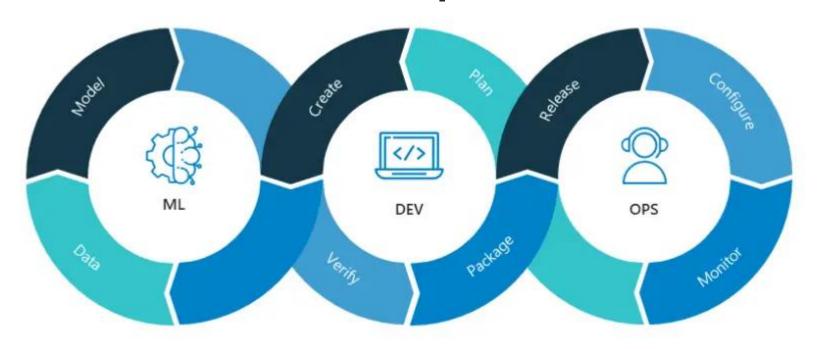
Dead Experimental Codepaths

Abstraction Debt

Multiple-Language Smell

Prototype Smell

MLOps



Wiki

MLOps (a compound of "machine learning" and "operations") is a practice for **collaboration** and communication between **data scientists** and **operations professionals** to help manage production ML (or deep learning) lifecycle.

Google

MLOps is an ML engineering culture and practice that aims at unifying ML system development (Dev) and ML system operation (Ops). Practicing MLOps means that you advocate for automation and monitoring at all steps of ML system construction, including integration, testing, releasing, deployment and infrastructure management.

DevOps vs MLOps

A set of practices intended to reduce the time between committing a change to a system and the change being placed into normal production, while ensuring high quality

Team Skills

- 데이터 과학자 또는 ML 연구원을 포함
- 프로덕션 수준의 서비스를 빌드 가능한 소프트웨어 엔지니어 없을 수 있음

Deployment

 ML 시스템을 사용하면 모델을 자동으로 재학습시키고 배포하기 위해 다단계 파이프라인을 구성 필요

Testing

- 소프트웨어 시스템 테스트보다 더 복잡
- 데이터 검증, 학습된 모델 품질 평가, 모델 검증이 필요

Production

- 지속적으로 진화하는 데이터 프로필로 인해 성능이 저하 가능
- 데이터의 요약 통계를 추적하고 모델의 온라인 성능을 모니터링 필수

Developments

- ML은 기본적으로 실험적임.
- 다양한 실험을 바탕으로 문제에 가장 적합한 것을 최대한 빨리 찾아야 함.

CI (Continuous Integration)

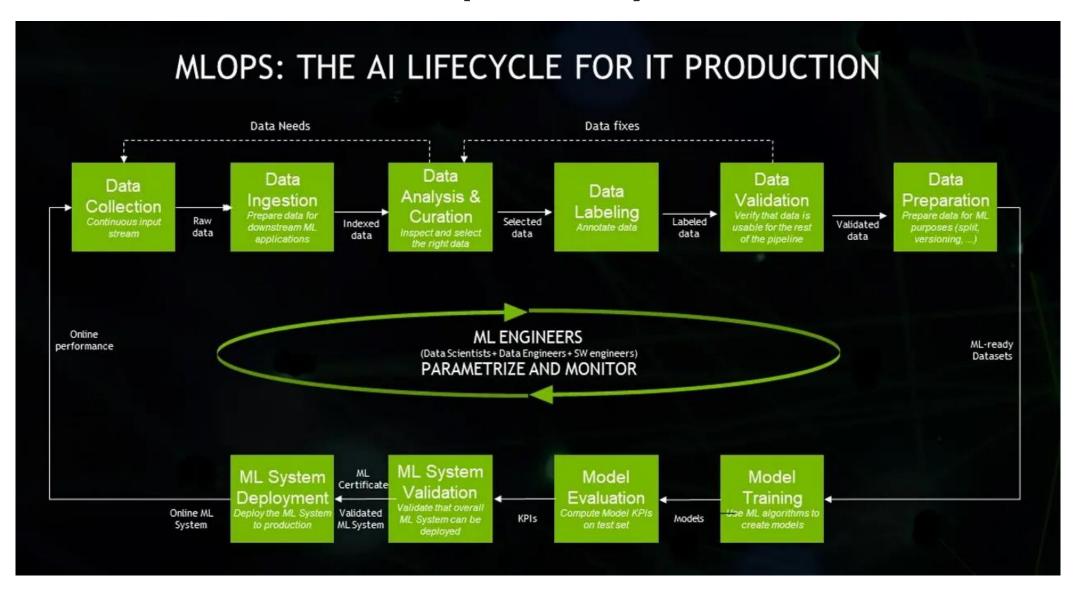
• 더 이상 코드 및 구성요소만 테스트하고 검증하는 것이 아니라 데이터, 데이터 스키마, 모델도 테스트하고 검증 필요

CD (Continuous Delivery)

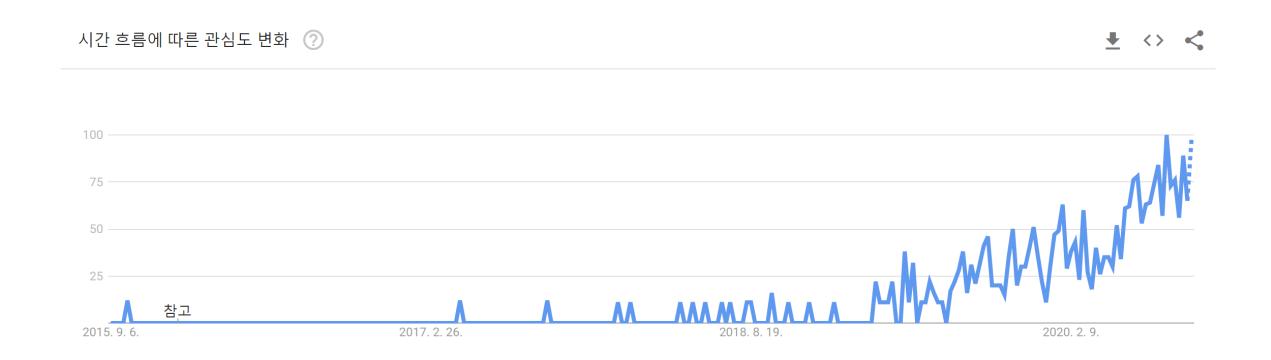
• 더 이상 단일 소프트웨어 패키지 또는 서비스만이 아니라 다른 서비스(모델 예측 서비스)를 자동으로 배포해야 하는 시스템(ML 학습 파이프라인) CT (Continuous Training)

• ML 시스템에 고유한 새 속성으로, 모델을 자동으로 재학습 필요

MLOps Life Cycle

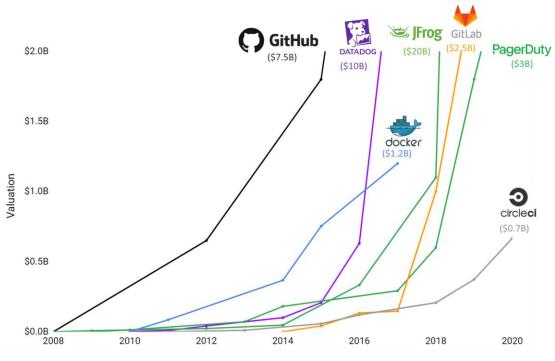


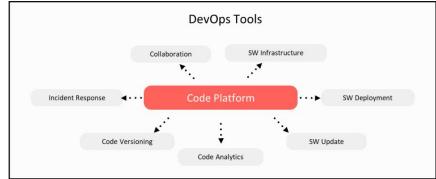
Market – Google Trends



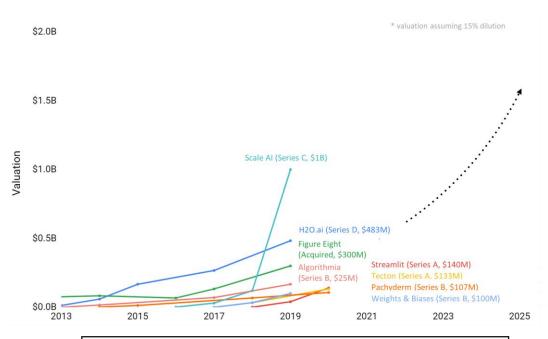
Market

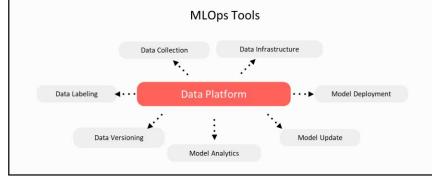
(* SW engineering tools that enable faster SW development and delivery)





(** ML engineering tools that enable faster ML development and delivery)





Market

	Data Labeling	Data Platform	Model Management
Market Size Growth Rate	\$1B (2020) 15% CAGR	\$1B (2020) 30% CAGR	\$1.6B (2020) 19% CAGR
Market Maturity	High	Low	Medium

Notable Players

Figure-Eight (Acquired by Appen, 2019)
Mighty AI (Acquired by Uber, 2019)
Scale AI (1B+ Value, 2019)

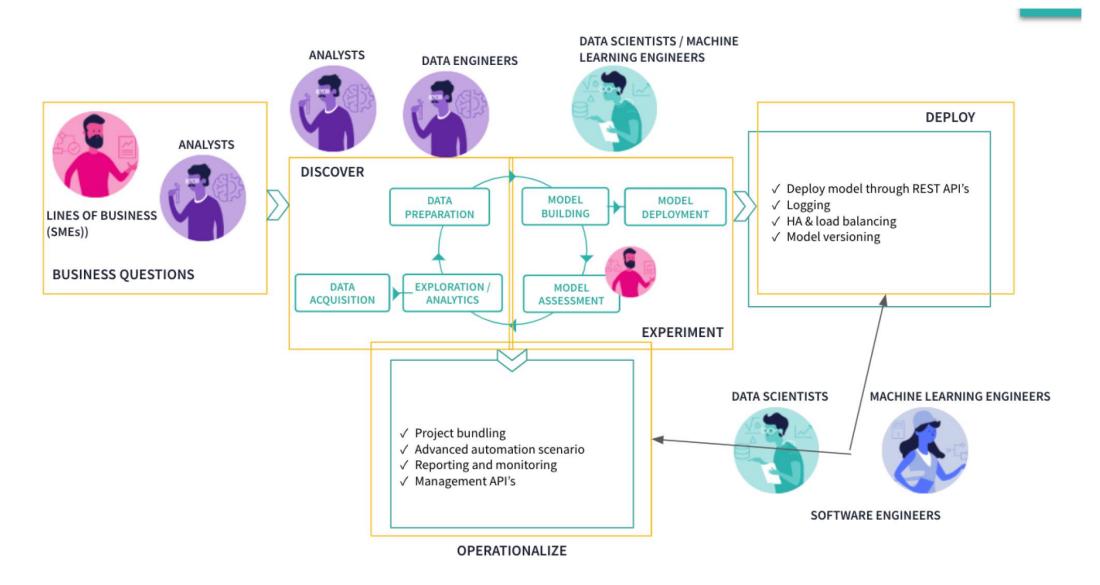
SuperAnnotate (\$3M Seed, 2020)
Platform AI (\$2M Seed, 2018)
Labelbox (\$25M Series B, 2020)
Scale-Nucleus (launched in 2020 Q3)

Model Train: Comet AI (\$4.5M Series A, 2020)

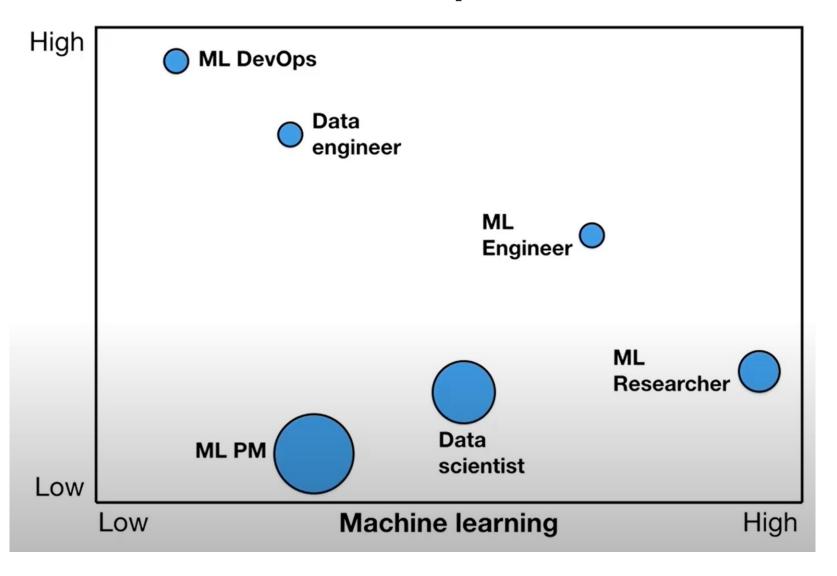
Model Deploy: Algorithmia (\$25M Series B, 2019)

Monitor: Weights & Biases (\$15M Series B, 2019)

People



People



Key Features

Business Objective

Governance

Data Collection

Data Labeling

Data Versioning

Data Analysis Model Training

Model Versioning

Experiment Management

Model Evaluation

Model Serving

Model Quantization

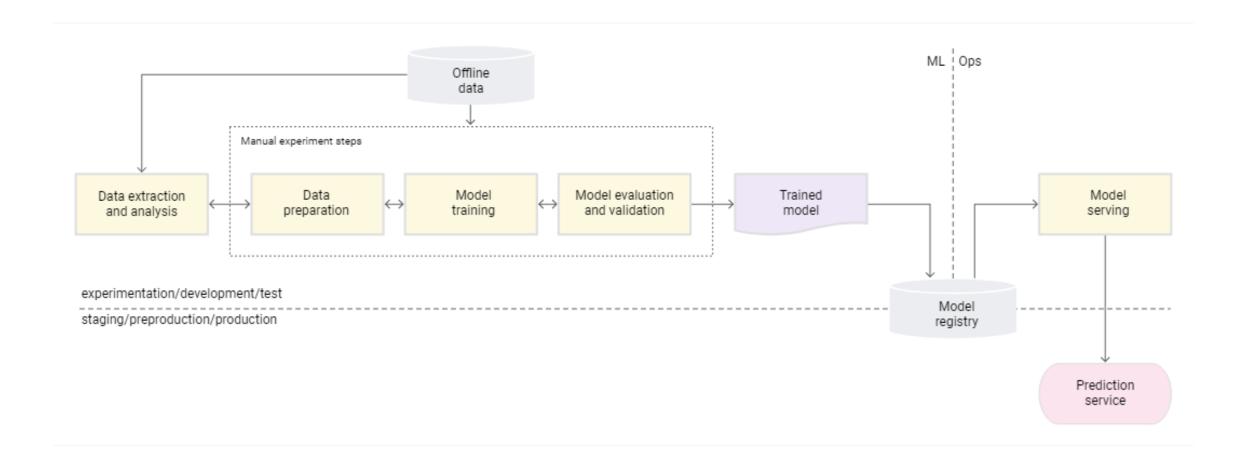
CI/CD

Monitoring (Performance Measure)

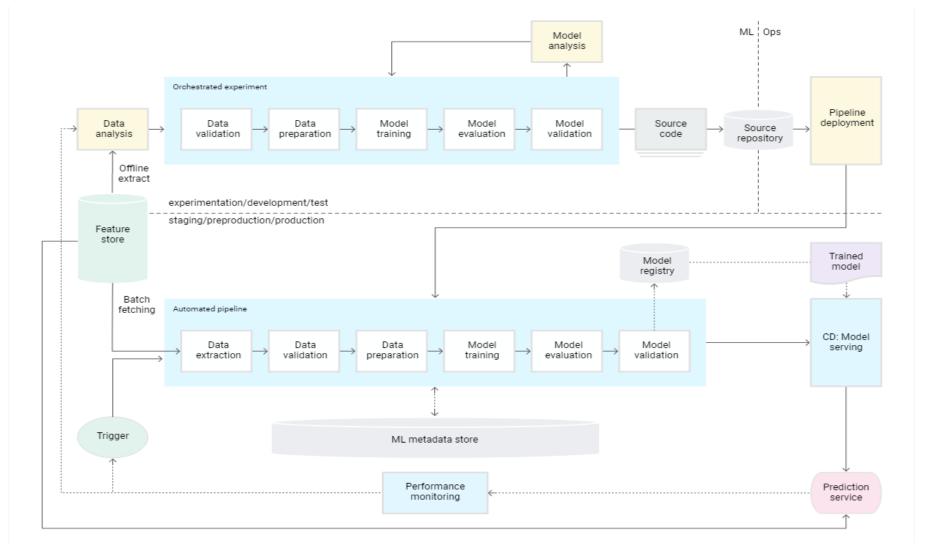
Iteration – Continuous Training (CT)

> Feedback Loop

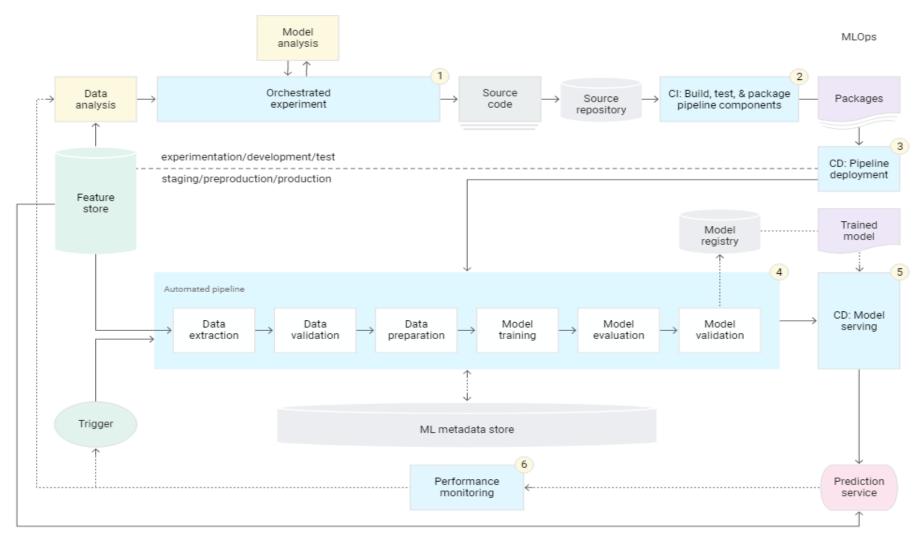
MLOps level 0: Manual process



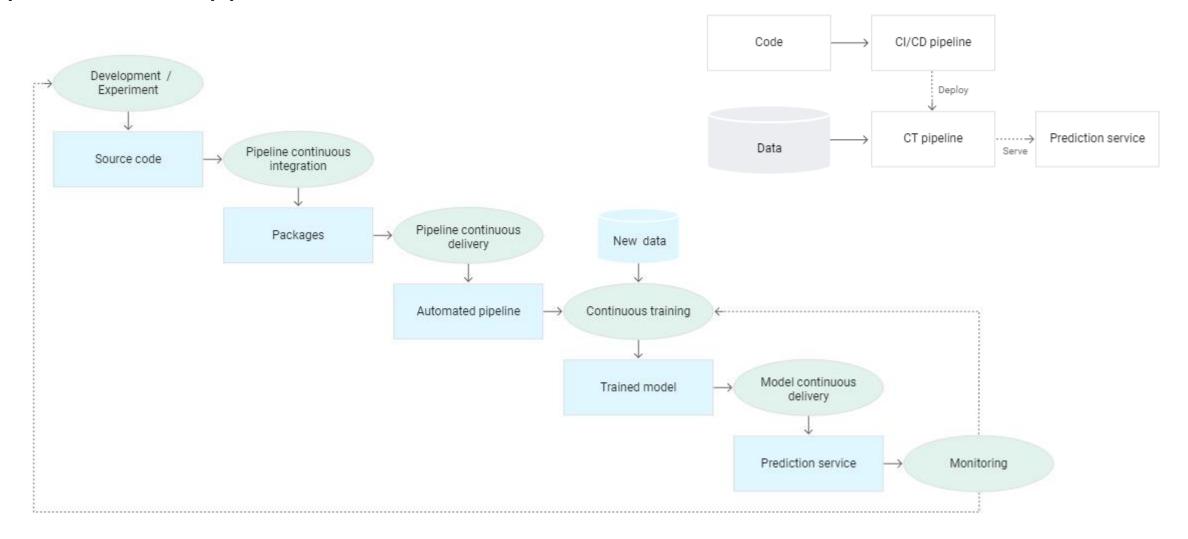
MLOps level 1: ML pipeline automation



MLOps level 2: CI/CD/CT pipeline automation

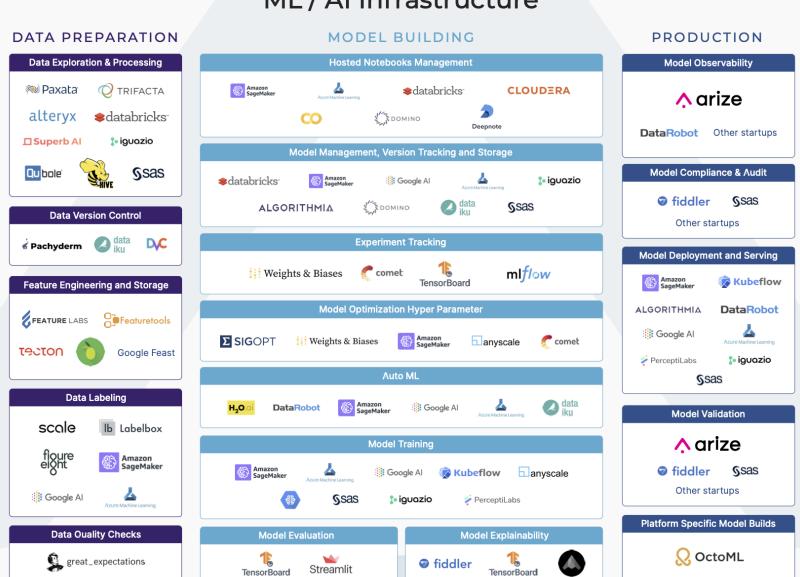


MLOps level 2: CI/CD/CT pipeline automation

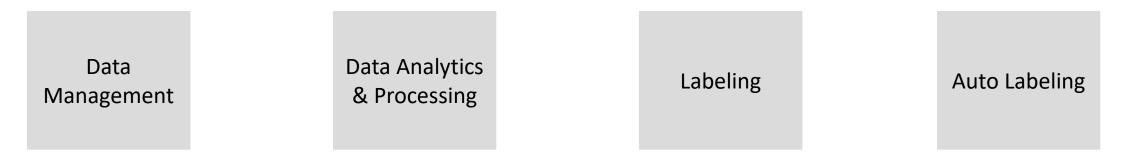


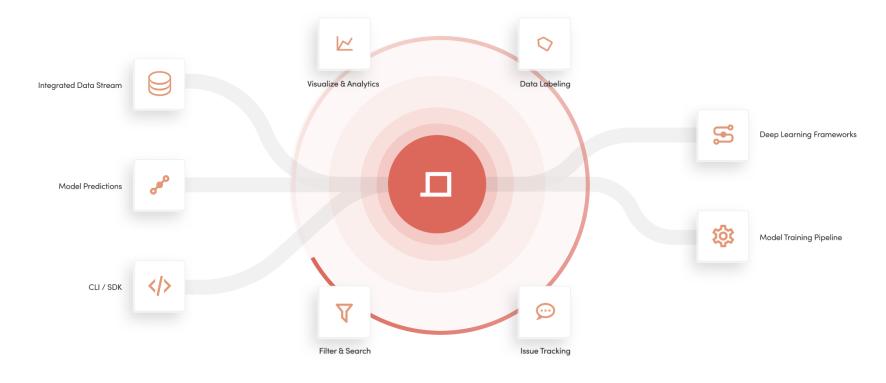
Tools

ML/Al Infrastructure



Superb Al Suite
 Open-source Version Control System for Machine Learning Projects

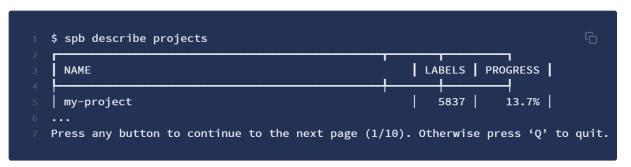




Superb Al Suite
 Open-source Version Control System for Machine Learning Projects

```
$ pip install spb-cli
$ spb --version
0.0.xx
$ spb configure
Suite Account Name: foo
Access Key: bar
```

Describe Projects



- Superb Al Suite
 Open-source Version Control System for Machine Learning Projects
 - **Upload Data**



Upload Data with Label

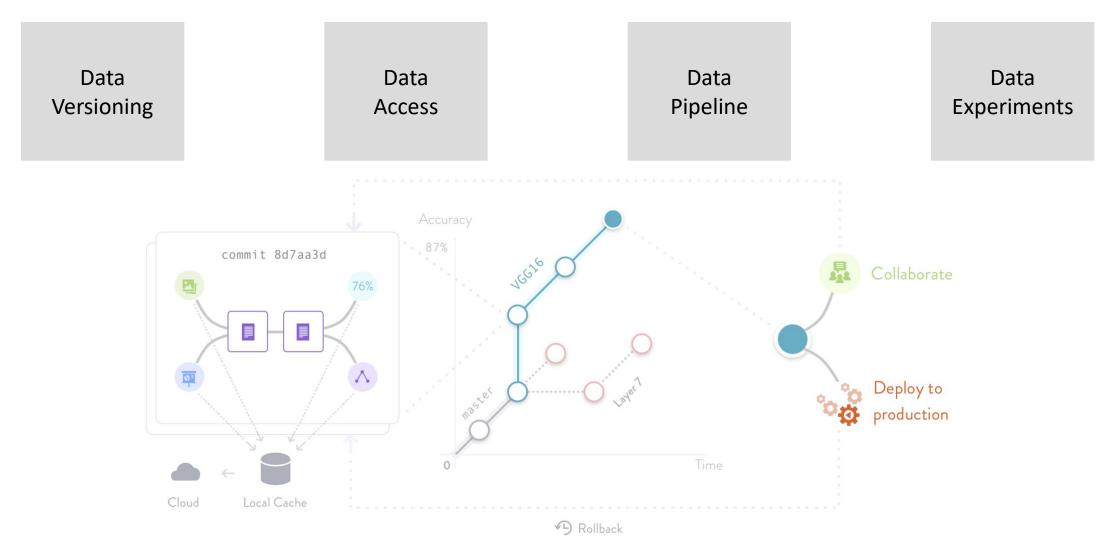
```
$ cd some-folder
$ spb upload dataset --include-label
Project Name: my-project
Dataset Name: my-dataset
Uploading 3 data and 0 labels to dataset 'my-dataset' under project 'my-project'. P
Uploading data:
                                                    3/3 [00:03<00:00, 1.06s/it]
100%
Uploading labels:
                                                   3/3 [00:03<00:00, 3.40s/it]
```

- Superb Al Suite
 Open-source Version Control System for Machine Learning Projects
 - **Download Data**

```
$ cd some-folder
$ spb download
Project Name: my-project
Downloading 3 data and 3 labels from project 'my-project' to '.'. Proceed? [y/N]: y
                                                   | 1/1 [00:00<00:00, 1.11it/s]
100%|
** Result Summary **
Successful download of 3 out of 3 labels. (100.0%)
Successful download of 3 out of 3 data. (100.0%)
```

Versioning - DVC

Open-source Version Control System for Machine Learning Projects



Data, Labeling, Model
Versioning - DVC

• Open-source Version Control System for Machine Learning Projects

```
$ pip install dvc
$ dvc init
$ git status
Changes to be committed:
       new file: .dvc/.gitignore
       new file: .dvc/config
$ git commit -m "Initialize DVC"
```

Add Data

```
$ dvc add data/data.xml
$ git add data/data.xml.dvc data/.gitignore
$ git commit -m "Add raw data"
```

Versioning - DVC

- Open-source Version Control System for Machine Learning Projects
 - Add Remote

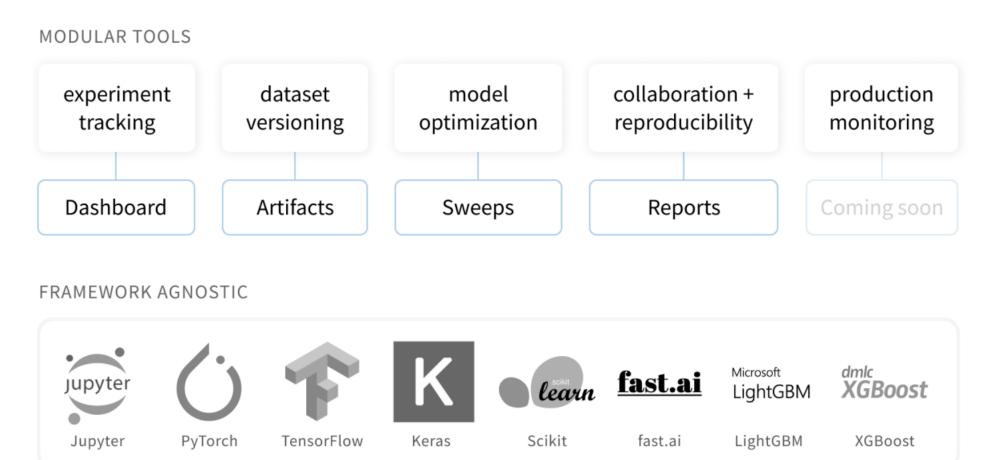
```
$ dvc remote add -d storage s3://my-bucket/dvc-storage
$ git commit .dvc/config -m "Configure remote storage"
$ dvc push
```

- Retrieve
 - git clone & git pull

```
$ dvc pull
```

Monitoring & Tracking – Weights & Biases

- Developer tools for machine learning
 - Experiment tracking, model optimization, and dataset versioning

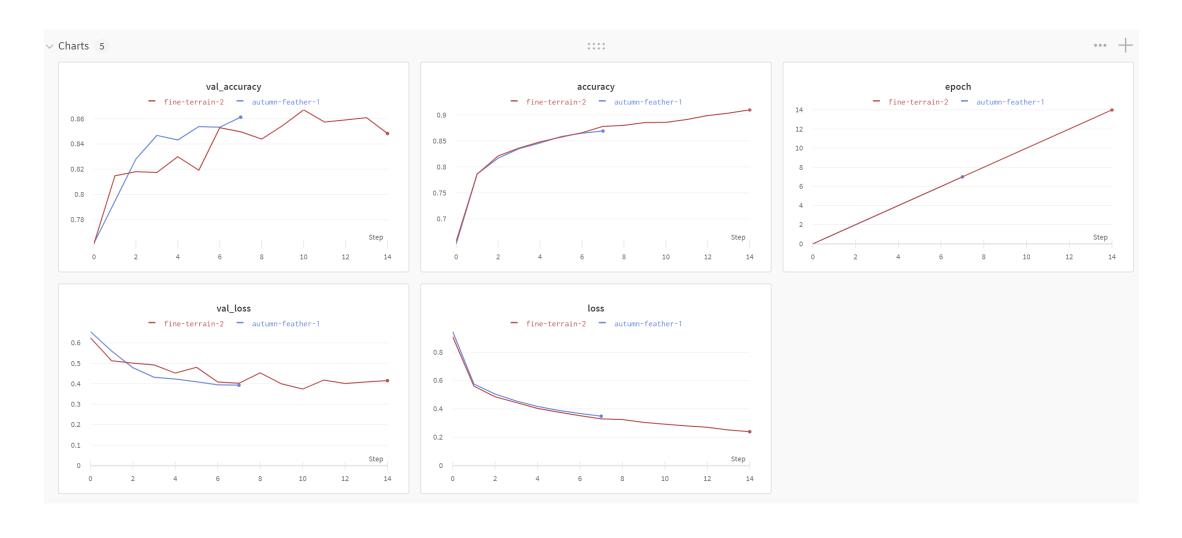


Monitoring & Tracking – Weights & Biases

```
pip install wandb
  wandb login
# Inside my model training code
import wandb
wandb.init(project="my-project")
wandb.config.dropout = 0.2
wandb.config.hidden_layer_size = 128
def my_train_loop():
    for epoch in range(10):
         loss = 0 # change as appropriate :)
        wandb.log({'epoch': epoch, 'loss': loss})
```

https://github.com/wandb/tutorial

Monitoring & Tracking – Weights & Biases



End

DSuperb Al

Let's talk with Superb Al!

References

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