

Assignment-2

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1 PROBLEM-OPPENHEIM 2.7-B

- 1.1 Determine whether the following signal is periodic. If the signal is periodic, state its period.

$$x[n] = e^{j(3\pi n/4)}$$

2 SOLUTION

2.1 Solution:

A discrete signal $x[n]$ is said to be periodic when

$$x[n] = x[n + N] \quad (2.1)$$

if discrete signal is periodic then the ratio $\frac{\omega_0}{2\pi}$ must be rational i.e., $\frac{m}{N}$ where m = no. of full cycles and N = no. of samples

Now, for the given signal

$$\omega_0 = \frac{3\pi}{4} \quad (2.2)$$

$$\frac{\omega_0}{2\pi} = \frac{3\pi}{4 \times 2\pi} \quad (2.3)$$

$$= \frac{3}{8} \quad (\text{rational}) \quad (2.4)$$

Also using the definition in (2.1), we can write

$$e^{j(3\pi n/4)} = e^{j(3\pi(n+N)/4)} = e^{j(3\pi n/4 + 2\pi k)} \quad (2.5)$$

$$\Rightarrow 2\pi k = \frac{3\pi}{4}N, \text{ for integers } k, N \quad (2.6)$$

$$\Rightarrow N = \frac{8}{3}k, \text{ for integers } k, N \quad (2.7)$$

$$(2.8)$$

The smallest k for which both k and N are integers is 3, resulting in a period of 8.

\therefore The signal is periodic with period 8. We can also verify from the plot (2.1)

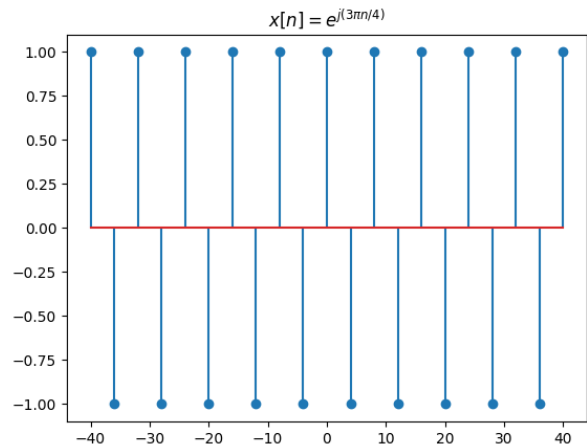


Fig. 2.1: Sketch of $x[n]$