

AI1110 Assignment 1

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(ii)

Q2 (C): In an Arithmetic Progression, the fourth and sixth terms are 8 and 16 respectively. Find:

- (i) common difference
- (ii) first term
- (iii) sum of the first 20 terms

Solution: Let a_i denote the i th term of the AP ,
 d denote the common diff,
 S_{20} denote the sum of first 20 terms

TABLE I
VARIABLES

Symbol	value
i	4
j	6
a_i	8
a_j	14
a_1	?
d	?
S_{20}	?

For any general a_i , a_j :

(i)

$$\begin{aligned} a_i + (j - i)d &= a_j & (1) \\ \Rightarrow (j - i)d &= a_j - a_i & (2) \\ \Rightarrow d &= \frac{a_j - a_i}{(j - i)} & (3) \end{aligned}$$

Substituting $i = 4, j = 6, a_i = 8$ and $a_j = 14$ in eq.(3):

$$\Rightarrow d = \frac{14-8}{(6-4)} \quad (4)$$

$$\Rightarrow d = \frac{6}{2} \quad (5)$$

$$\therefore d = 3 \quad (6)$$

$$a_1 + (i - 1)d = a_i \quad (7)$$

$$\Rightarrow a_1 = a_i - (i - 1)d \quad (8)$$

$$\Rightarrow a_1 = a_i - \frac{(i-1)(a_j - a_i)}{(j-i)} \quad (9)$$

$$\Rightarrow a_1 = \frac{a_i(j-1) + a_j(1-i)}{(j-i)} \quad (10)$$

Substituting $i = 4, j = 6, a_i = 8$ and $a_j = 14$ in eq.(10):

$$\Rightarrow a_1 = \frac{8(6-1) + 14(1-4)}{(6-4)} \quad (11)$$

$$\Rightarrow a_1 = \frac{8(5) + 14(-3)}{(2)} \quad (12)$$

$$\Rightarrow a_1 = \frac{40-42}{(2)} \quad (13)$$

$$\therefore a_1 = \frac{-2}{2} = -1 \quad (14)$$

(iii)

$$S_n = a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n \quad (15)$$

$$= \frac{n \times [2a_1 + (n-1)d]}{2} \quad (16)$$

$$= \frac{n}{2} \left[\frac{2a_i(j-1) + 2a_j(1-i)}{(j-i)} + \frac{(n-1)(a_j - a_i)}{(j-i)} \right] \quad (17)$$

$$= \frac{n}{2} \left[\frac{2a_i(j-1) + 2a_j(1-i) + (n-1)(a_j - a_i)}{(j-i)} \right] \quad (18)$$

$$= \frac{n}{2} \times \left[\frac{a_i(2j-n-1) + a_j(1+n-2i)}{(j-i)} \right] \quad (19)$$

Substituting the values of $n = 20, i, j, a_i$ and a_j in eq.(5)

$$S_{20} = \frac{20}{2} \times \left[\frac{8(2 \times 6 - 20 - 1) + 14(1 + 20 - 2 \times 4)}{(6-4)} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow S_{20} = \frac{20}{2} \times \left[\frac{8(2 \times 6 - 20 - 1) + 14(1 + 20 - 2 \times 4)}{(2)} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow S_{20} = 10 \times \left[\frac{8(12 - 21) + 14(21 - 8)}{2} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow S_{20} = \frac{10}{2} \times [8(12 - 21) + 14(21 - 8)]$$

$$\Rightarrow S_{20} = 5 \times [8(-9) + 14(13)]$$

$$\Rightarrow S_{20} = 5 \times [182 - 72]$$

$$\therefore S_{20} = 5 \times [110] = 550$$