Problem Set 4 – Machine Learning

The idea behind learning is that percepts should be used not only for acting, but also for improving the agent's ability to act in the future. Learning takes place as the agent observes its interactions with the world and its own decision-making processes. We focus on inductive learning from observations.

The type of feedback for learning is usually the most important factor in determining the nature of the learning problem that the agent faces and the field of machine learning usually distinguishes three cases: supervised, unsupervised, and reinforcement learning.

Implement at least one of the following supervised, unsupervised, or reinforcement machine learning problems as described below. Note: If you would prefer to use a different algorithm, such as a neural network, support vector machine, or naïve bayes, that is probably ok, but please see me for approval first.

You are required to let me know which problem you've selected by Thursday of week 9. Be prepared to discuss your algorithm on the last day of class. *All projects must be demonstrated*. Projects and reports are due Monday of finals week.

1) Supervised Learning

Implement a supervised learning algorithm, e.g., ID3 Decision Tree Algorithm using the information theoretic selection function (information gain), Naïve Bayes, Bayes Net, Collaborative Filtering, or Neural Network). At a minimum execute your algorithm on the credit history data appended to this report. If you have time, also execute your algorithm on the "adult" data set from UC Irvine linked to our course outline. In your report include a complete analysis of your algorithm, and include a trace of how your tree was constructed, how you dealt with (or should deal with) missing values, over fitting, and ideas for how you might boost the performance of your algorithm. You might want to also explore how you can use supervised learning on a number of randomly generated versions of Wumpus World or similar game.

2) Unsupervised Learning

Implement an unsupervised learning algorithm such as K-Means clustering using the "adult" data set from UC Irvine on the course web site. At a minimum evaluate your algorithm for a range of different iterations. In your report include a complete analysis of your algorithm, and include a trace of your algorithm's clustering steps, how many iteration steps are necessary, issues with unsupervised learning, and ideas for how you might boost the performance of your algorithm. Consider evaluating other clustering algorithms and evaluating your algorithm on a text collection, if so see me.

3) Reinforcement Learning

Implement the temporal difference learning algorithm. At a minimum execute your algorithm on tic-tac-toe and one additional more significant game (mine sweeper,

Wumpus, Soduko, checkers). In your report include a complete analysis of your algorithm, and include a trace of your algorithms steps, issues with reinforcement learning, and ideas for how you might boost the performance of your algorithm.

Submission:

Quality of reports and analysis will be rewarded. Submit project as a zipped archive including PDF report including results and analysis, and source with your name, class, and problem set number along with your project archive by email. Project demonstration is required.

Credit History Data

Number	Credit History	Debt	Collateral	Income	Risk
1	bad	high	none	\$0 to 15K	high
2	unknown	high	none	\$15 to 35K	high
3	unknown	low	none	\$15 to 35K	moderate
4	unknown	low	none	\$0 to 15K	high
5	unknown	low	none	Over \$35K	low
6	unknown	low	adequate	Over \$35K	low
7	bad	low	none	\$0 to 15K	high
8	bad	low	adequate	Over \$35K	moderate
9	good	low	none	Over \$35K	low
10	good	high	adequate	Over \$35K	low
11	good	high	none	\$0 to 15K	high
12	good	high	none	\$15 to 35K	moderate
13	good	high	none	Over \$35K	low
14	bad	high	none	\$15 to 35K	high

Regards, Jay Urbain