Stock Analysis

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Abstract

Companies, or rather their stocks, get grouped by industries. A widely used industry taxonomy is the Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS). This report examines if the classifications proposed by the GICS can be found while applying machine learning algorithms to the stock prize data. Therefore stocks from the S&P 500 in 2017 are analyzed and the results then are opposed to the GICS classification of the same stocks.

1 Introduction

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2 Data Preparation

Before applying machine learning, preparing the data is crucial. In this case all stocks, that didn't offer the prize history for the whole year 2017, were discarded in the first place. For the remaining 500 stocks the closing prize for each day was chosen to perform all of the following analyses.

3 Results

3.1 K-Means

For the first run k-means was applied directly to the untouched stock prizes. That means the distance between two stocks is defined by

$$d_{i,j} = \sum_{k=1}^{n} (p_{i,k} - p_{j,k})^2, \tag{1}$$

Table 1: Crosstab k-means clustering directly on the stock prize, ($\chi^2 = 113.58$, p = 0.1667).

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
10	11	0	3	0	0	0	11	1	0	0	6
15	5	0	8	0	1	1	5	1	0	0	4
20	6	0	11	0	7	0	22	7	0	3	11
25	24	1	7	1	3	2	24	5	1	0	15
30	4	0	6	0	0	0	12	2	0	0	10
35	5	0	9	0	4	1	12	11	1	2	14
40	14	0	7	0	2	1	20	6	0	0	17
45	17	2	11	0	2	0	11	7	0	0	19
50	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
55	8	0	3	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	8
60	9	0	8	0	2	1	7	2	0	0	4

where $p_{i,k}$ is the closing prize of stock i on day k and n the total number of days in the dataset. In simpler terms, the distance of two stocks is defined by the squared area in between both charts.

Table 1 pictures the crosstab between the GICS classification on the left and the clusters determined by the k-means algorithm at the top. A Chisquared contingency test results in a χ^2 value of 113.58, which corresponds to a p-value of 0.1667. Thus the Null hypothesis that the GICS classification and k-means cluster are stochastically independent of each other cannot be discarded on a 5 % level of significance. This means that there is no significant correspondence between the GICS classes and the clusters found by k-means.