

The Queue ADT

- The Queue ADT stores arbitrary a objects
- Insertions and deletions follow the first-in first-out scheme
- Insertions are at the rear of the queue and removals are at the front of the queue
- Main queue operations:
 - enqueue(object): inserts an element at the end of the queue
 - object dequeue(): removes and returns the element at the front of the queue

- Auxiliary queue operations:
 - object front(): returns the element at the front without removing it
 - integer size(): returns the number of elements stored
 - boolean isEmpty(): indicates whether no elements are stored

Exceptions

 Attempting the execution of dequeue or front on an empty queue throws an EmptyQueueException

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Queues

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Example

Operation		Output	Q
enqueue(5)	_	(5)	
enqueue(3)	-	(5, 3)	
dequeue()	5	(3)	
enqueue(7)	-	(3, 7)	
dequeue()	3	(7)	
front()	7	(7)	
dequeue()	7	()	
dequeue()	"error"	()	
isEmpty()		true	()
enqueue(9)	-	(9)	
enqueue(7)	-	(9, 7)	
size()	2	(9, 7)	
enqueue(3)		(9, 7, 3)	
enqueue(5)	-	(9, 7, 3,	5)
dequeue()	9	(7, 3, 5)	
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Applications of Queues

- Direct applications
 - Waiting lists, bureaucracy
 - Access to shared resources (e.g., printer)
 - Multiprogramming
- Indirect applications
 - Auxiliary data structure for algorithms
 - Component of other data structures

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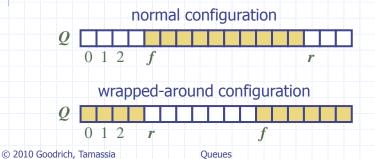
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Array-based Queue

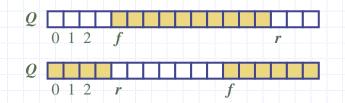
- Use an array of size N in a circular fashion
- Two variables keep track of the front and rear
 - f index of the front element
 - r index immediately past the rear element
- Array location r is kept empty



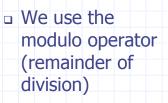
Queue Operations (cont.)

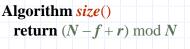
- Operation enqueue throws an exception if the array is full
- This exception is implementationdependent

Algorithm enqueue(o)if size() = N - 1 then throw FullQueueExceptionelse $Q[r] \leftarrow o$ $r \leftarrow (r + 1) \mod N$

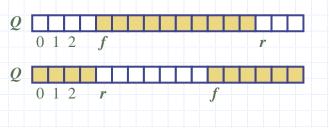


Queue Operations





Algorithm isEmpty()return (f = r)



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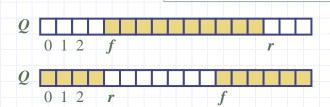
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Queue Operations (cont.)

- Operation dequeue throws an exception if the queue is empty
- This exception is specified in the queue ADT

Algorithm $\frac{dequeue()}{dequeue()}$ if isEmpty() then throw EmptyQueueExceptionelse $o \leftarrow Q[f]$ $f \leftarrow (f+1) \mod N$



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Queues

return o

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Queue Interface in Java

- Java interface corresponding to our Queue ADT
- Requires the definition of class **EmptyQueueException**
- No corresponding built-in Java class

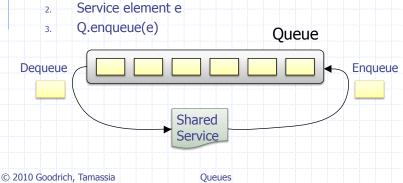
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```
public interface Queue<E> {
   public int size();
   public boolean isEmpty();
   public E front()
       throws EmptyQueueException;
   public void enqueue(E element);
   public E dequeue()
       throws EmptyQueueException;
Queues
```

Application: Round Robin Schedulers

We can implement a round robin scheduler using a queue Q by repeatedly performing the following steps:

- e = Q.dequeue()



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