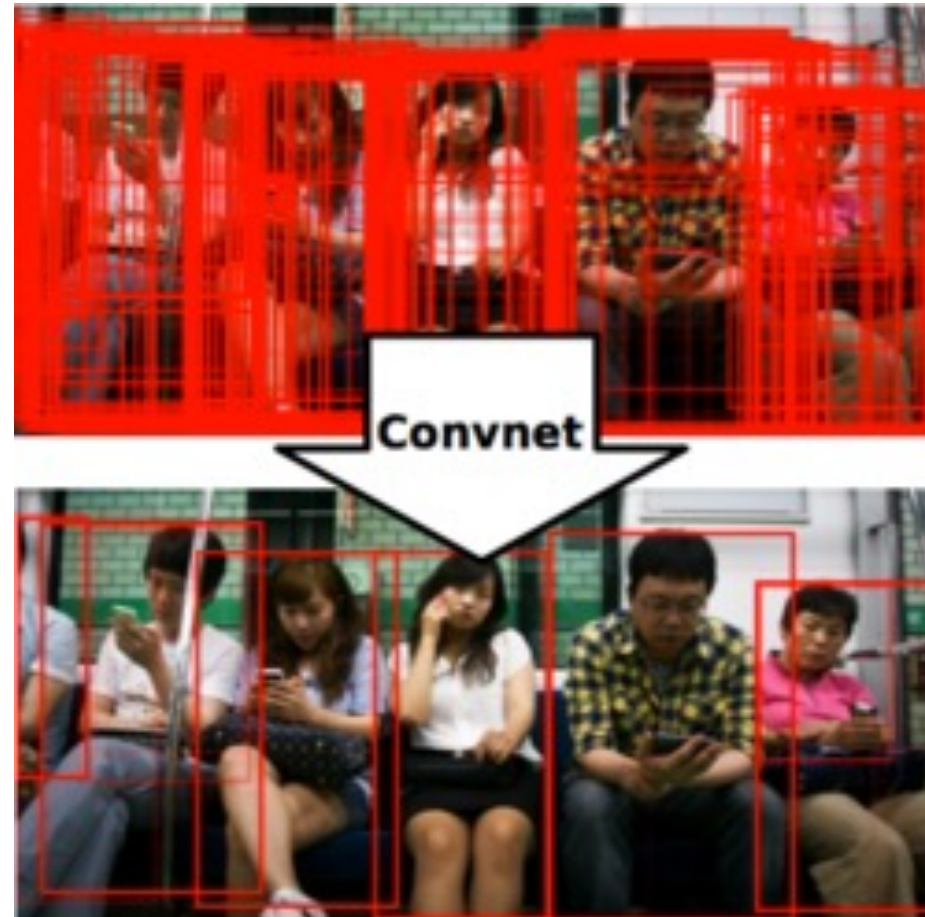


Non-Maximum Suppression (NMS)



Reference :

<https://www.mpi-inf.mpg.de/departments/computer-vision-and-machine-learning/research/object-recognition-and-scene-understanding/learning-nms>

(x, y, w, h, confidence)

- YOLO 모델의 최종 Output : $S \times S \times (5 * B + C)$ (5 : x, y, w, h, confidence)

x : grid cell 내의 x의 위치 (0~1 사이의 값)

y : grid cell내의 y의 위치 (0~1 사이의 값)

w : 전체 이미지 대비의 width (0~1사이의 값)

h : 전체 이미지 대비의 height (0~1 사이의 값)

confidence : 이미지 내에 Object가 있을 것이라고 확신하는 정도 (0~1 사이의 값)

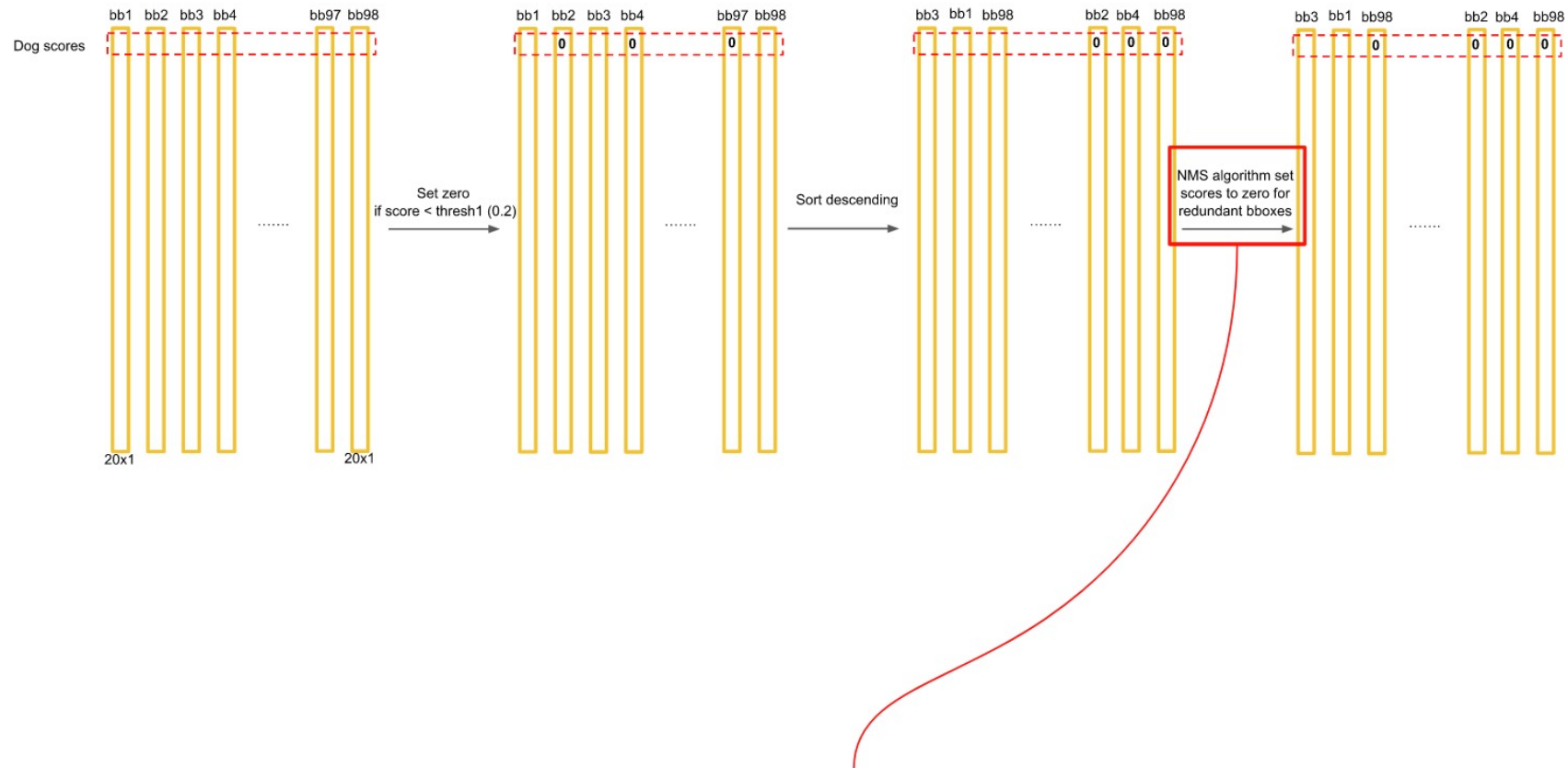


Reference :
<https://unsplash.com/photos/OKcmHlcthJI>

Non-Maximum Suppression 알고리즘 동작과정

- ① **confidence ≤ 0.6** 이하의 Bounding Box를 제거합니다.
- ② **class 별로** confidence가 가장 높은 Bounding Box가 앞으로 오도록 **전체 Bounding Box를 내림차순 정렬**합니다.
- ③ **가장 Confidence 가 높은 Bounding Box**와 나머지 Bounding Box를 비교해서 **2개의 Bounding Box의 $IoU \geq 0.5$** 라면 **Confidence가 작은 Bounding Box를 제거**합니다.
- ④ **제거되지 않은 Bounding Box 중에서 Confidence가 가장 높은 Bounding Box**와 나머지 Bounding Box간에 ③번 과정을 반복합니다.
- ⑤ ③~④ 과정을 **전체 Bounding Box**에 대해서 진행합니다.
- ⑥ ②~⑤ 과정을 **전체 class**에 대해서 진행합니다.

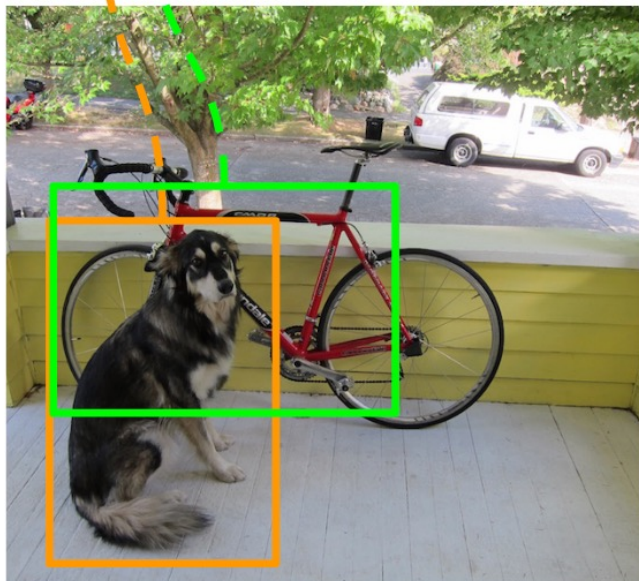
YOLO



How it works

YOLO

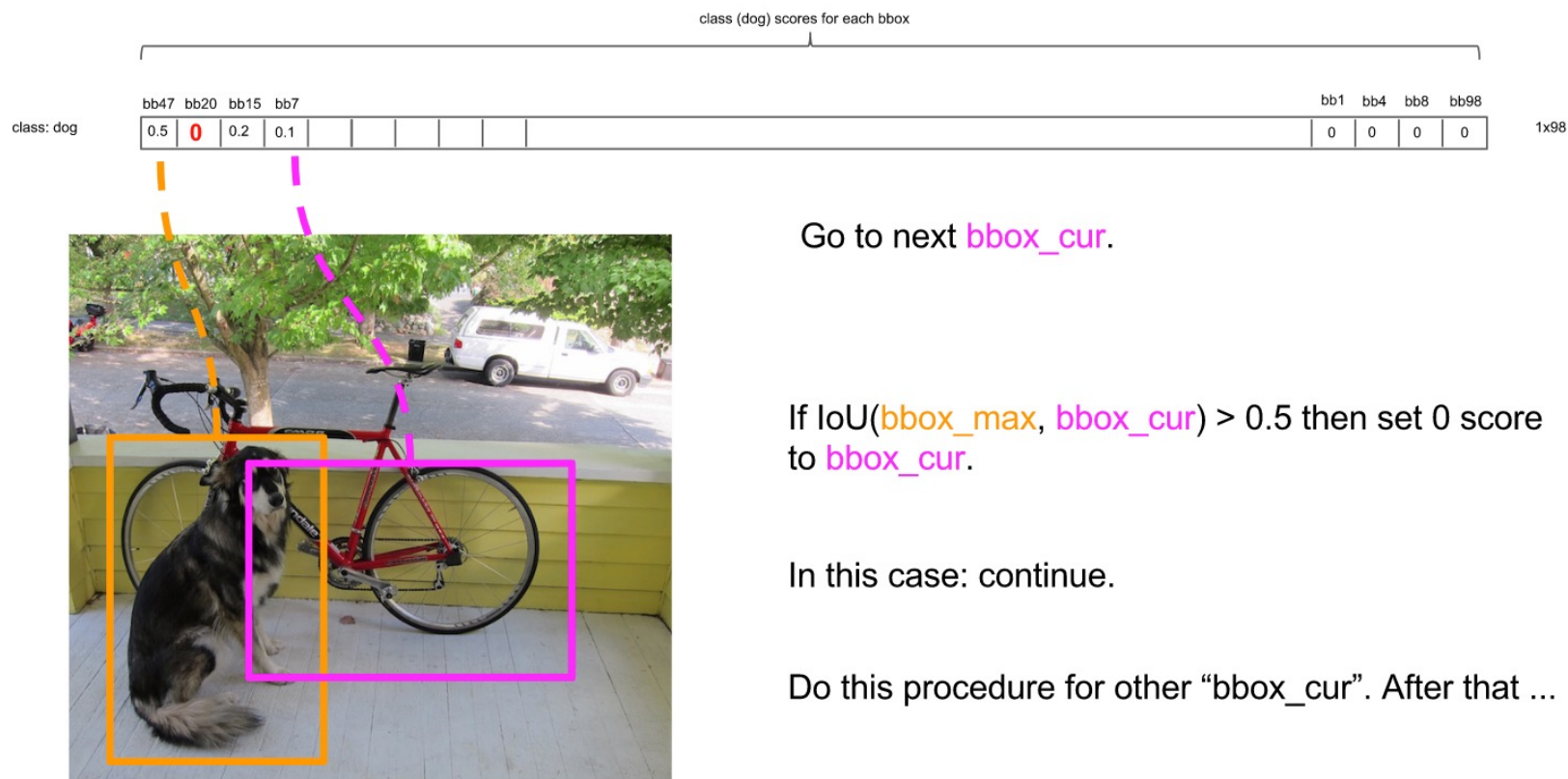
Non-Maximum Suppression: intuition

[illegible]

If $\text{IoU}(\text{bbox_max}, \text{bbox_cur}) > 0.5$ then set 0 score to bbox_cur .

YOLO

Non-Maximum Suppression: intuition



Go to next `bbox_cur`.

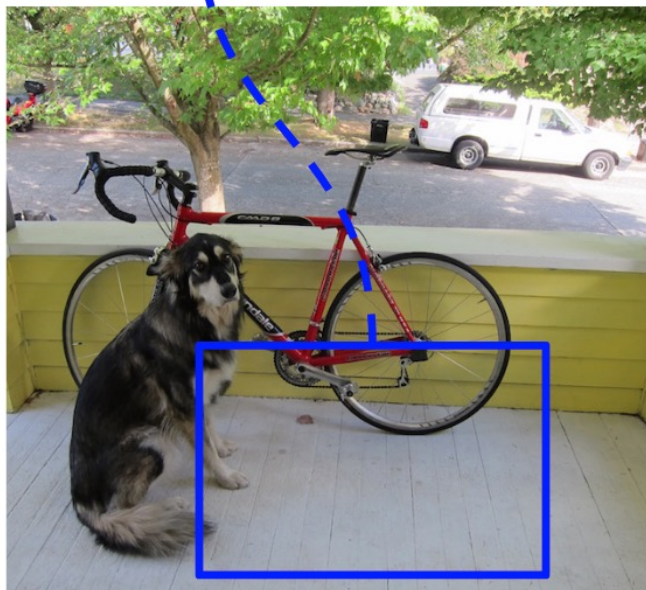
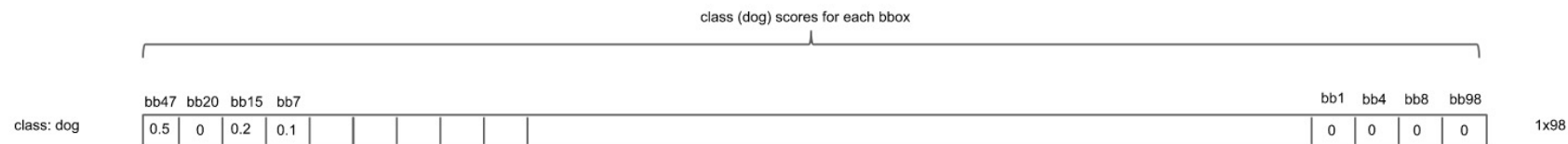
If $\text{IoU}(\text{bbox_max}, \text{bbox_cur}) > 0.5$ then set 0 score to bbox_cur .

In this case: continue.

Do this procedure for other "bbox_cur". After that ...

YOLO

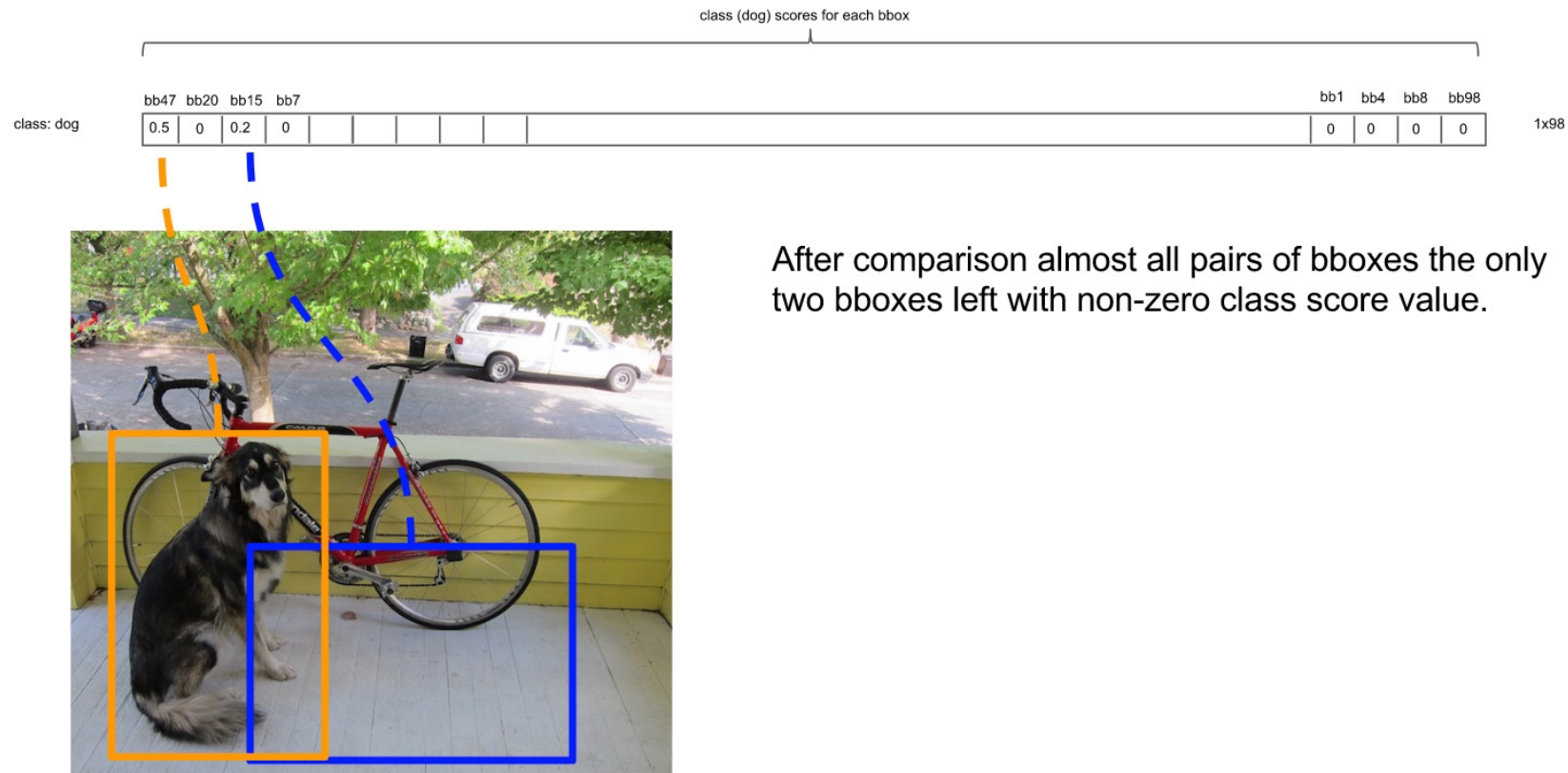
Non-Maximum Suppression: intuition



Go to next bbox with big score.
Let's denote it "bbox_max"

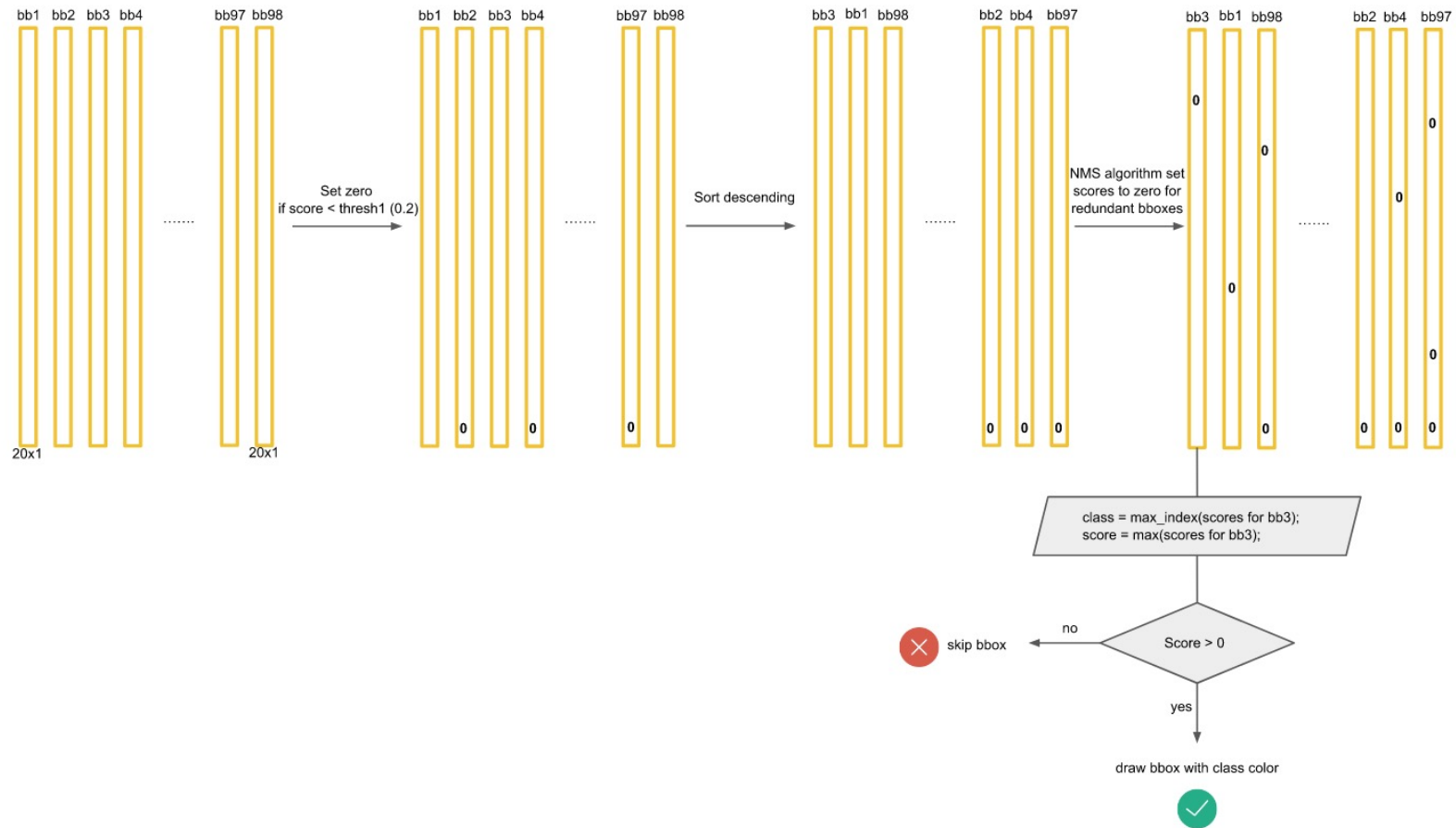
YOLO

Non-Maximum Suppression: intuition

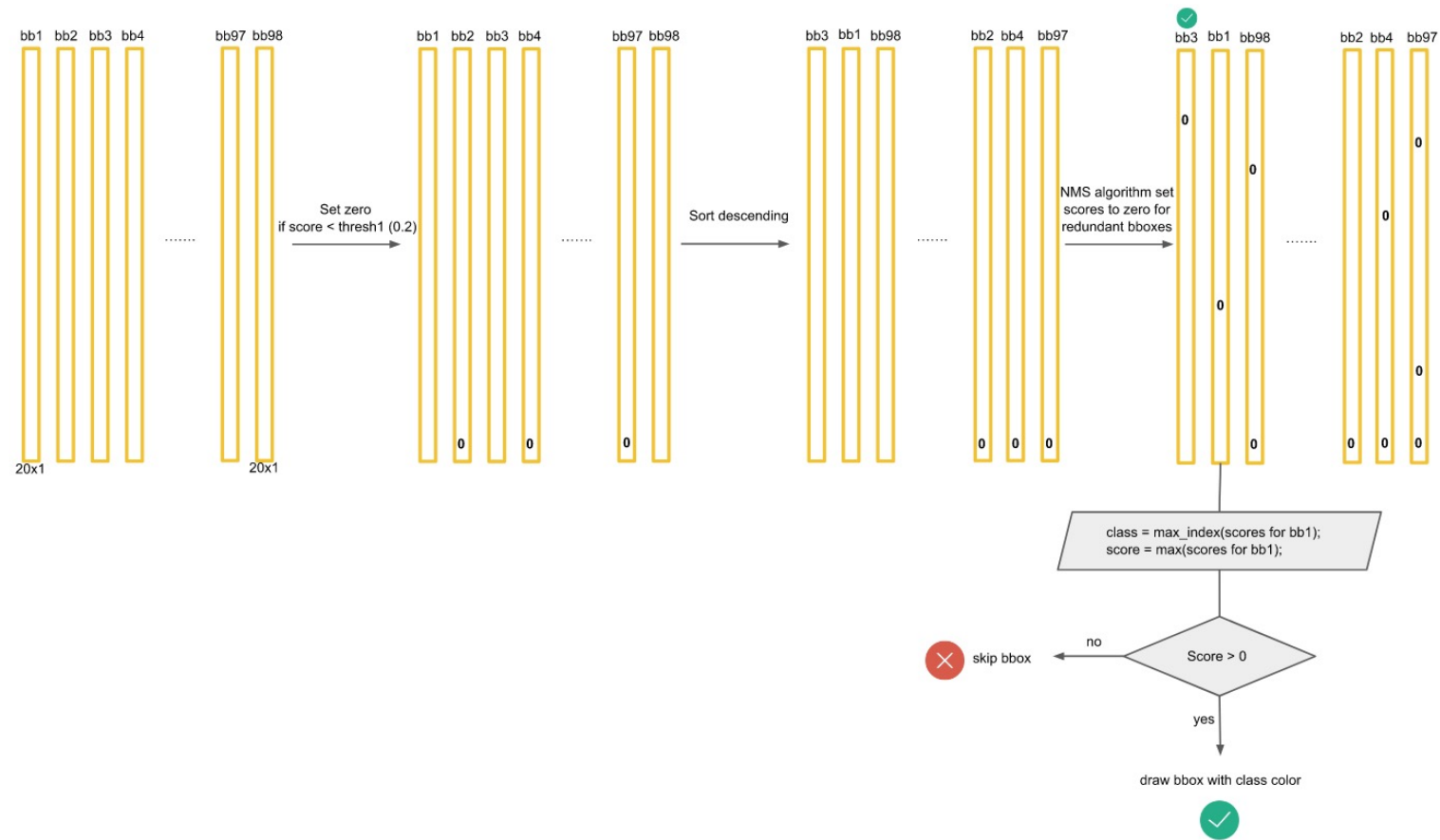


After comparison almost all pairs of bboxes the only two bboxes left with non-zero class score value.

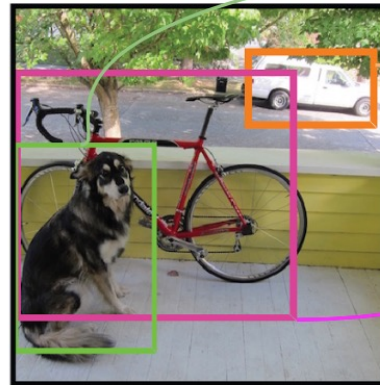
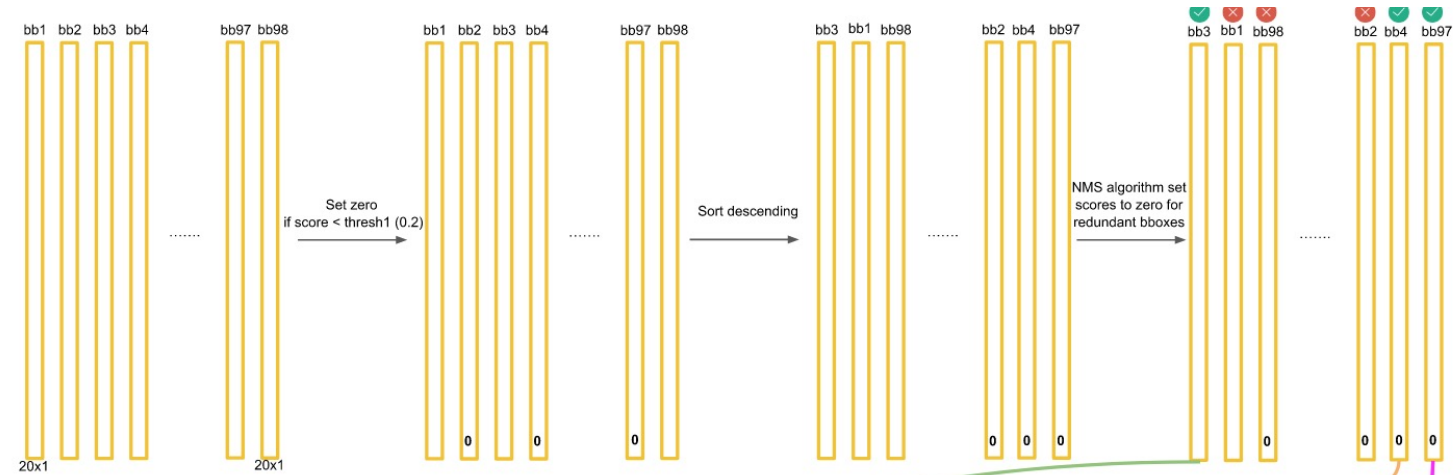
YOLO



YOLO



YOLO



Thank you!
