```
!pip install wandb
Defaulting to user installation because normal site-packages is not
writeable
Looking in indexes: https://pypi.org/simple,
https://pypi.ngc.nvidia.com
Requirement already satisfied: wandb in
/home/work/.local/lib/python3.10/site-packages (0.18.7)
Requirement already satisfied: click!=8.0.0,>=7.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from wandb) (8.1.7)
Requirement already satisfied: docker-pycreds>=0.4.0 in
/home/work/.local/lib/python3.10/site-packages (from wandb) (0.4.0)
Requirement already satisfied: gitpython!=3.1.29,>=1.0.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from wandb) (3.1.26)
Requirement already satisfied: platformdirs in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from wandb) (4.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: protobuf!=4.21.0,!=5.28.0,<6,>=3.19.0
in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from wandb) (3.20.3)
Requirement already satisfied: psutil>=5.0.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from wandb) (5.9.4)
Requirement already satisfied: pyyaml in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from wandb) (6.0.1)
Requirement already satisfied: requests<3,>=2.0.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from wandb) (2.31.0)
Requirement already satisfied: sentry-sdk>=2.0.0 in
/home/work/.local/lib/python3.10/site-packages (from wandb) (2.19.0)
Requirement already satisfied: setproctitle in
/home/work/.local/lib/python3.10/site-packages (from wandb) (1.3.4)
Requirement already satisfied: setuptools in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from wandb) (68.2.2)
Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions<5,>=4.4 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from wandb) (4.10.0)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.4.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from docker-pycreds>=0.4.0-
>wandb) (1.16.0)
Requirement already satisfied: gitdb<5,>=4.0.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from gitpython!
=3.1.29,>=1.0.0->wandb) (4.0.5)
Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer<4,>=2 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from requests<3,>=2.0.0-
>wandb) (3.3.2)
Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from requests<3,>=2.0.0-
>wandb) (3.6)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<3,>=1.21.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from requests<3,>=2.0.0-
>wandb) (1.26.18)
Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from requests<3,>=2.0.0-
>wandb) (2024.2.2)
```

Requirement already satisfied: smmap<4,>=3.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from gitdb<5,>=4.0.1->gitpython!=3.1.29,>=1.0.0->wandb) (3.0.5)

DEPRECATION: devscripts 2.22.1ubuntul has a non-standard version number. pip 24.1 will enforce this behaviour change. A possible replacement is to upgrade to a newer version of devscripts or contact the author to suggest that they release a version with a conforming version number. Discussion can be found at https://github.com/pypa/pip/issues/12063

[notice] A new release of pip is available: 24.0 -> 24.3.1
[notice] To update, run: python -m pip install --upgrade pip

pip show wandb

Name: wandb Version: 0.18.7

Summary: A CLI and library for interacting with the Weights & Biases

API.

Home-page: Author:

Author-email: Weights & Biases <support@wandb.com>

License: MIT License

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```
LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR
OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM,
        OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER
DEALINGS IN THE
        SOFTWARE.
Location: /home/work/.local/lib/python3.10/site-packages
Requires: click, docker-pycreds, gitpython, platformdirs, protobuf,
psutil, pyyaml, requests, sentry-sdk, setproctitle, setuptools,
typing-extensions
Required-by:
Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.
import wandb
wandb.login
<function wandb.sdk.wandb_login.login(anonymous:</pre>
Optional[Literal['must', 'allow', 'never']] = None, key: Optional[str]
= None, relogin: Optional[bool] = None, host: Optional[str] = None,
force: Optional[bool] = None, timeout: Optional[int] = None, verify:
bool = False) -> bool>
import wandb
wandb.login(key="afebcaccd9929fcb34d6e10db06a3c432acfc56e")
wandb: Using wandb-core as the SDK backend. Please refer to
https://wandb.me/wandb-core for more information.
wandb: Currently logged in as: -ddj127 (-ddj127-korea-university-of-
technology-and-education). Use `wandb login --relogin` to force
relogin
wandb: WARNING If you're specifying your api key in code, ensure this
code is not shared publicly.
wandb: WARNING Consider setting the WANDB API KEY environment
variable, or running `wandb login` from the command line.
wandb: Appending key for api.wandb.ai to your netrc file:
/home/work/.netrc
True
# FashionMNIST
import torch
from torchvision import datasets, transforms
# FashionMNIST
mnist train = datasets.FashionMNIST(root='data', train=True,
download=True, transform=transforms.ToTensor())
all images = torch.cat([img[0].view(-1)] for img, in mnist train])
mean = all images.mean().item()
```

```
std = all_images.std().item()

print(f"Calculated Mean: {mean}")
print(f"Calculated Std: {std}")

Calculated Mean: 0.28604060411453247
Calculated Std: 0.3530242443084717
```



```
# Import necessary libraries
import os
import random
import torch
from torch import nn
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader, random split
from torchvision import datasets, transforms
from torch.optim import Adam
from torch.optim.lr scheduler import StepLR
from torchinfo import summary # For model structure summary
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Check the device (CPU or GPU)
device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is available() else "cpu")
print(f"Using device: {device}")
Using device: cuda
# Function to load Fashion MNIST training and validation data
def get fashion mnist data(batch size=64):
   # Define transformations for data augmentation
   transform = transforms.Compose([
        transforms.RandomHorizontalFlip(p=0.5), # Randomly flip
images horizontally
       transforms.RandomRotation(15), # Randomly rotate
images within ±15 degrees
       transforms.ToTensor(),
                                        # Convert images to
tensor
       transforms.Normalize(mean=0.286, std=0.353) # Normalize using
pre-calculated mean and std
   1)
   # Load Fashion MNIST dataset
   dataset = datasets.FashionMNIST(root="./data", train=True,
download=True, transform=transform)
   # Split into training (55,000 samples) and validation (5,000
samples) sets
   train set, val set = random split(dataset, [55000, 5000])
   # Create data loaders for training and validation
   train loader = DataLoader(train set, batch size=batch size,
```

```
shuffle=True)
    val loader = DataLoader(val set, batch size=batch size)
    return train loader, val loader
# Function to load Fashion MNIST test data
def get fashion mnist test data(batch size=64):
    # Define transformation (only normalization, no augmentation for
test data)
    transform = transforms.Compose([
        transforms.ToTensor(),
        transforms.Normalize(mean=0.286, std=0.353)
    1)
    # Load Fashion MNIST test dataset
    test set = datasets.FashionMNIST(root="./data", train=False,
download=True, transform=transform)
    # Create a data loader for test data
    test loader = DataLoader(test set, batch size=batch size)
    return test loader
# Define the CNN model
class CNNModel(nn.Module):
    def init (self):
        super(CNNModel, self). init ()
        # Define convolutional layers
        self.conv_layers = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Conv2d(1, 64, kernel size=5, padding="same"), # First
conv layer, 64 filters
            nn.BatchNorm2d(64),
                                                              #
Normalize feature maps
            nn.ReLU(),
Activation function
            nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size=2),
Downsample using MaxPool
            nn.Conv2d(64, 128, kernel size=5, padding="same"),
Second conv layer
            nn.BatchNorm2d(128),
                                                                 #
Normalize feature maps
            nn.ReLU(),
                                                                 #
Activation function
           nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size=2),
                                                                 #
Downsample using MaxPool
            nn.Conv2d(128, 256, kernel size=5, padding="same"), #
Third conv layer
            nn.BatchNorm2d(256),
                                                                 #
Normalize feature maps
                                                                 #
           nn.ReLU(),
Activation function
            nn.MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2)
```

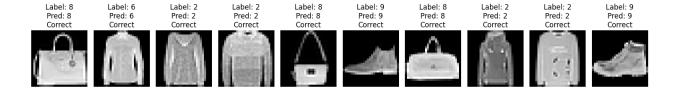
```
Downsample using MaxPool
        # Define fully connected layers
        self.fc layers = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Flatten(),
                                                   # Flatten feature
maps for dense layers
           nn.Linear(256 * 3 * 3, 256),
                                                   # First dense
layer
            nn.ReLU(),
                                                   # Activation
function
            nn.Dropout(0.2),
                                                   # Dropout for
regularization
                                                    # Output layer (10
            nn.Linear(256, 10)
classes)
       )
   def forward(self, x):
        x = self.conv \ layers(x) + Pass input through convolutional
layers
       x = self.fc \ layers(x) # Pass through fully connected layers
        return x
# Initialize weights for model layers
def initialize weights(m):
   if isinstance(m, nn.Conv2d) or isinstance(m, nn.Linear):
        nn.init.kaiming normal (m.weight) # He initialization for
better training stability
# Function to train and evaluate the model
def train_and_evaluate(model, train_loader, val_loader, epochs=20,
learning rate=0.001):
   model.to(device) # Move model to the selected device
   model.apply(initialize weights) # Apply weight initialization
   optimizer = Adam(model.parameters(), lr=learning rate) #
Optimizer
    scheduler = StepLR(optimizer, step size=10, gamma=0.1) # Learning
rate scheduler
   criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss() # Loss function
    for epoch in range(1, epochs + 1):
        # Training phase
        model.train() # Set model to training mode
        train loss, train correct, train total = 0, 0, 0
        for images, labels in train loader:
            images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
            optimizer.zero grad() # Clear gradients
            outputs = model(images) # Forward pass
            loss = criterion(outputs, labels) # Compute loss
            loss.backward() # Backpropagation
            optimizer.step() # Update weights
```

```
train loss += loss.item()
            , predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1) # Get predictions
            train total += labels.size(0)
            train correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
        scheduler.step() # Adjust learning rate
        train_accuracy = train_correct / train_total
        # Validation phase
        model.eval() # Set model to evaluation mode
        val loss, val correct, val total = 0, 0, 0
        with torch.no_grad():
            for images, labels in val loader:
                images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
                outputs = model(images)
                loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
                val loss += loss.item()
                _, predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
                val total += labels.size(0)
                val correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
        val accuracy = val correct / val total
        print(f"Epoch {epoch}/{epochs} - Train Loss: {train_loss:.4f},
Train Acc: {train_accuracy:.4f}, "
              f"Val Loss: {val loss:.4f}, Val Acc:
{val accuracy:.4f}")
    return model
# Function to evaluate the model on test data
def evaluate_test_data(model, test_loader):
    model.eval() # Set model to evaluation mode
    test correct, test total = 0, 0
    with torch.no grad():
        for images, labels in test loader:
            images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
            outputs = model(images)
            , predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
            test total += labels.size(0)
            test correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
    test_accuracy = test_correct / test_total
    print(f"Test Accuracy: {test accuracy:.4f}")
    return test accuracy
# Function to visualize predictions
def visualize predictions(model, test loader, num samples=10):
    model.eval()
    images, labels = next(iter(test loader)) # Fetch a batch of test
data
    images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
```

```
# Select random samples for visualization
    indices = random.sample(range(len(images)), num samples)
    selected images = images[indices]
    selected labels = labels[indices]
    with torch.no grad():
        outputs = model(selected images) # Get predictions for
selected samples
        , predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
    # Plot the results
    plt.figure(figsize=(15, 5))
    for i in range(num samples):
        img = selected images[i].cpu().squeeze()
        label = selected labels[i].item()
        pred = predicted[i].item()
        plt.subplot(1, num samples, i + 1)
        plt.imshow(img, cmap="gray")
        plt.title(f"Label: {label}\nPred: {pred}\n{'Correct' if label
== pred else 'Wrong'}")
        plt.axis("off")
    plt.tight layout()
    plt.show()
# Main execution
if __name__ == "__main__":
    batch size = 64
    epochs = 20
    learning rate = 0.001
    # Data loaders
    train loader, val loader = get fashion mnist data(batch size)
    test loader = get fashion mnist test data(batch size)
    # Model
    model = CNNModel()
    print("\nModel Summary:")
    summary(model, input size=(batch size, 1, 28, 28),
col_names=["input_size", "output_size", "num_params", "trainable"])
    # Training and evaluation
    model = train and evaluate(model, train_loader, val_loader,
epochs, learning rate)
    # Test evaluation
    evaluate test data(model, test loader)
```

```
visualize predictions(model, test loader, num samples=10)
Model Summary:
Epoch 1/20 - Train Loss: 489.7960, Train Acc: 0.7971, Val Loss:
32.5336, Val Acc: 0.8522
Epoch 2/20 - Train Loss: 322.9123, Train Acc: 0.8628, Val Loss:
25.3313, Val Acc: 0.8814
Epoch 3/20 - Train Loss: 281.1800, Train Acc: 0.8807, Val Loss:
25.0492, Val Acc: 0.8824
Epoch 4/20 - Train Loss: 257.1715, Train Acc: 0.8908, Val Loss:
24.5417, Val Acc: 0.8854
Epoch 5/20 - Train Loss: 240.5925, Train Acc: 0.8965, Val Loss:
21.9141, Val Acc: 0.8970
Epoch 6/20 - Train Loss: 228.9604, Train Acc: 0.9029, Val Loss:
23.3361, Val Acc: 0.8890
Epoch 7/20 - Train Loss: 215.2766, Train Acc: 0.9085, Val Loss:
20.8814, Val Acc: 0.9022
Epoch 8/20 - Train Loss: 205.7806, Train Acc: 0.9128, Val Loss:
19.6719, Val Acc: 0.9112
Epoch 9/20 - Train Loss: 196.6733, Train Acc: 0.9164, Val Loss:
21.2644, Val Acc: 0.8958
Epoch 10/20 - Train Loss: 188.5876, Train Acc: 0.9197, Val Loss:
18.7308, Val Acc: 0.9110
Epoch 11/20 - Train Loss: 153.1880, Train Acc: 0.9336, Val Loss:
16.3315, Val Acc: 0.9198
Epoch 12/20 - Train Loss: 144.2179, Train Acc: 0.9388, Val Loss:
16.7776, Val Acc: 0.9214
Epoch 13/20 - Train Loss: 139.2498, Train Acc: 0.9406, Val Loss:
16.4092, Val Acc: 0.9232
Epoch 14/20 - Train Loss: 136.2202, Train Acc: 0.9423, Val Loss:
15.9400, Val Acc: 0.9228
Epoch 15/20 - Train Loss: 133.0198, Train Acc: 0.9427, Val Loss:
16.2893, Val Acc: 0.9206
Epoch 16/20 - Train Loss: 128.9962, Train Acc: 0.9451, Val Loss:
15.8123, Val Acc: 0.9272
Epoch 17/20 - Train Loss: 126.2232, Train Acc: 0.9459, Val Loss:
16.2611, Val Acc: 0.9224
Epoch 18/20 - Train Loss: 125.3538, Train Acc: 0.9466, Val Loss:
16.1192, Val Acc: 0.9240
Epoch 19/20 - Train Loss: 121.0783, Train Acc: 0.9476, Val Loss:
16.0052, Val Acc: 0.9280
Epoch 20/20 - Train Loss: 119.7629, Train Acc: 0.9482, Val Loss:
16.4017, Val Acc: 0.9232
Test Accuracy: 0.9327
```

Visualize predictions



ResNet18 [] [] [] acc [] [] [] . 94 []

out of memory 가 ㄴㅏㅇㅗㄴㅔㅇㅛ

```
import torch
from torch import nn
from torchvision.models.resnet import ResNet, Bottleneck
from torchinfo import summary
from torch.optim import Adam
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader, random split
from torchvision import datasets, transforms
from torch.optim.lr scheduler import StepLR
# Device configuration
device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is available() else "cpu")
print(f"Using device: {device}")
# Wide Residual Network (WRN) implementation using Bottleneck block
class WideResNet(ResNet):
         init (self, widen factor=4, num classes=10):
        # Bottleneck block allows width per group to be adjusted
        super(WideResNet, self). init (
            block=Bottleneck,
            layers=[3, 4, 6, 3], # ResNet50 configuration (deeper
than ResNet18)
            num classes=num classes,
            width per group=64 * widen factor # Apply widen factor
        # Modify the first convolutional layer to accept grayscale
input
        self.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(
            1, 64, kernel_size=7, stride=2, padding=3, bias=False
# Data loaders
def get fashion_mnist_data(batch_size=64):
    transform = transforms.Compose([
        transforms.RandomCrop(28, padding=4),
        transforms.RandomHorizontalFlip(),
        transforms.ToTensor(),
        transforms.Normalize(mean=0.286, std=0.353),
    ])
```

```
dataset = datasets.FashionMNIST(root="./data", train=True,
download=True, transform=transform)
    train set, val set = random split(dataset, [55000, 5000])
    train loader = DataLoader(train set, batch size=batch size,
shuffle=True)
    val loader = DataLoader(val set, batch size=batch size)
    return train loader, val loader
def get_fashion_mnist_test_data(batch_size=64):
    transform = transforms.Compose([
        transforms.ToTensor(),
        transforms.Normalize(mean=0.286, std=0.353),
    ])
    test set = datasets.FashionMNIST(root="./data", train=False,
download=True, transform=transform)
    test loader = DataLoader(test set, batch size=batch size)
    return test loader
# Training and validation
def train and evaluate(model, train loader, val loader, epochs=20,
learning_rate=0.001):
    model.to(device)
    optimizer = Adam(model.parameters(), lr=learning rate)
    scheduler = StepLR(optimizer, step size=10, gamma=0.1)
    criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
    for epoch in range(1, epochs + 1):
        # Training phase
        model.train()
        train loss, train correct, train total = 0, 0, 0
        for images, labels in train_loader:
            images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
            optimizer.zero grad()
            outputs = model(images)
            loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
            loss.backward()
            optimizer.step()
            train loss += loss.item()
            , predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
            train total += labels.size(0)
            train_correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
        scheduler.step()
        train accuracy = train correct / train total
        # Validation phase
        model.eval()
        val_loss, val_correct, val_total = 0, 0, 0
        with torch.no grad():
```

```
for images, labels in val loader:
                images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
                outputs = model(images)
                loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
                val loss += loss.item()
                _, predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
                val total += labels.size(0)
                val correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
        val accuracy = val correct / val total
        print(f"Epoch {epoch}/{epochs} - Train Loss: {train loss:.4f},
Train Acc: {train accuracy:.4f}, "
              f"Val Loss: {val loss:.4f}, Val Acc:
{val accuracy:.4f}")
    return model
# Test evaluation
def evaluate test data(model, test loader):
    model.eval()
    test correct, test_total = 0, 0
    with torch.no grad():
        for images, labels in test loader:
            images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
            outputs = model(images)
            _, predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
            test total += labels.size(0)
            test correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
    test accuracy = test correct / test total
    print(f"Test Accuracy: {test accuracy:.4f}")
    return test accuracy
# Main execution
if __name_ == " main ":
    batch size = 32
    epochs = 20
    learning rate = 0.001
    # Load data
    train loader, val loader = get fashion mnist data(batch size)
    test loader = get fashion mnist test data(batch size)
    # Initialize WRN model
    model = WideResNet(widen factor=4)
    print("\nModel Summary:")
    summary(model, input_size=(batch_size, 1, 28, 28),
col_names=["input_size", "output_size", "num_params", "trainable"])
```

```
# Train and validate
    model = train and evaluate(model, train loader, val loader,
epochs, learning rate)
    # Test evaluation
    evaluate test data(model, test loader)
Using device: cuda
Model Summary:
OutOfMemoryError
                                     Traceback (most recent call
last)
Cell In[1], line 131
    128 summary(model, input size=(batch size, 1, 28, 28),
col names=["input size", "output_size", "num_params", "trainable"])
    130 # Train and validate
--> 131 model = train and evaluate(model, train loader, val loader,
epochs, learning rate)
    133 # Test evaluation
    134 evaluate test data(model, test loader)
Cell In[1], line 69, in train and evaluate(model, train loader,
val loader, epochs, learning rate)
     67 loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
     68 loss.backward()
---> 69 optimizer.step()
     71 train loss += loss.item()
     72 , predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/optim/lr scheduler.py:75
LRScheduler. init .<locals>.with counter.<locals>.wrapper(*args,
**kwarqs)
     73 instance. step count += 1
     74 wrapped = func.__get__(instance, cls)
---> 75 return wrapped(*args, **kwargs)
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/optim/optimizer.py:391,
in Optimizer.profile hook step.<locals>.wrapper(*args, **kwargs)
    386
                else:
                    raise RuntimeError(
    387
                        f"{func} must return None or a tuple of
    388
(new_args, new_kwargs), but got {result}."
--> 391 out = func(*args, **kwargs)
```

```
392 self. optimizer step code()
    394 # call optimizer step post hooks
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/optim/optimizer.py:76,
in use grad for differentiable.<locals>. use grad(self, *args,
**kwargs)
            torch.set grad enabled(self.defaults['differentiable'])
     74
     75
            torch. dynamo.graph break()
            ret = func(self, *args, **kwargs)
---> 76
     77 finally:
        torch. dynamo.graph break()
     78
File /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/optim/adam.py:168,
in Adam.step(self, closure)
            beta1, beta2 = group['betas']
    157
    159
            has complex = self. init group(
    160
                group,
                params with grad,
    161
   (\ldots)
    165
                max exp avg sqs,
                state steps)
    166
--> 168
            adam(
    169
                params with grad,
    170
                grads,
    171
                exp avgs,
    172
                exp avg sqs,
    173
                max_exp_avg_sqs,
    174
                state steps,
    175
                amsgrad=group['amsgrad'],
    176
                has complex=has complex,
    177
                betal=betal,
    178
                beta2=beta2,
    179
                lr=group['lr'],
    180
                weight decay=group['weight decay'],
    181
                eps=group['eps'],
                maximize=group['maximize'],
    182
    183
                foreach=group['foreach'],
                capturable=group['capturable'],
    184
                differentiable=group['differentiable'],
    185
    186
                fused=group['fused'],
                grad_scale=getattr(self, "grad scale", None),
    187
                found inf=getattr(self, "found inf", None),
    188
    189
            )
    191 return loss
File /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/optim/adam.py:318,
in adam(params, grads, exp avgs, exp avg sqs, max exp avg sqs,
state_steps, foreach, capturable, differentiable, fused, grad scale,
found inf, has complex, amsgrad, beta1, beta2, lr, weight decay, eps,
```

```
maximize)
    315 else:
    316
            func = _single_tensor_adam
--> 318 func(params,
    319
             arads.
    320
             exp avgs,
    321
             exp avg sgs,
    322
             max exp avg sqs,
    323
             state steps,
    324
             amsgrad=amsgrad,
    325
             has complex=has complex,
    326
             betal=betal,
    327
             beta2=beta2,
    328
             lr=lr,
    329
             weight decay=weight decay,
    330
             eps=eps,
    331
             maximize=maximize,
    332
             capturable=capturable,
    333
             differentiable=differentiable,
             grad scale=grad scale,
    334
    335
             found inf=found inf)
File /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/optim/adam.py:581,
in multi tensor adam(params, grads, exp avgs, exp avg sqs,
max_exp_avg_sqs, state_steps, grad_scale, found_inf, amsgrad,
has complex, beta1, beta2, lr, weight decay, eps, maximize,
capturable, differentiable)
    579
            exp avg sq sqrt =
torch. foreach sgrt(device max exp avg sgs)
    580 else:
            exp avg sq sqrt = torch. foreach sqrt(device exp avg sqs)
--> 581
    583 torch. foreach div (exp avg sg sgrt, bias correction2 sgrt)
    584 torch. foreach add (exp avg sq sqrt, eps)
OutOfMemoryError: CUDA out of memory. Tried to allocate 36.00 MiB. GPU
0 has a total capacity of 31.74 GiB of which 4.88 MiB is free.
Including non-PyTorch memory, this process has 3.77 GiB memory in use.
Of the allocated memory 3.37 GiB is allocated by PyTorch, and 24.17
MiB is reserved by PyTorch but unallocated. If reserved but
unallocated memory is large try setting
PYTORCH CUDA ALLOC CONF=expandable segments: True to avoid
fragmentation. See documentation for Memory Management
(https://pytorch.org/docs/stable/notes/cuda.html#environment-
variables)
  3 ResNet18
from pathlib import Path
import os
import torch
import wandb
```

```
from torch import nn
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader, random split
from torchvision import datasets, models
from torchvision.transforms import transforms
from torch.optim import Adam
# Use the current working directory
BASE PATH = Path().resolve()
print(BASE PATH)
import sys
sys.path.append(str(BASE PATH))
from utils import get num cpu cores, is linux, is windows
def get fashion mnist data():
    data_path = os.path.join(BASE_PATH, "_00_data", "j_fashion_mnist")
    f mnist train = datasets.FashionMNIST(data path, train=True,
download=True, transform=transforms.ToTensor())
    f mnist train, f mnist validation = random split(f mnist train,
[55 000, 5 000])
    print("Num Train Samples: ", len(f_mnist_train))
    print("Num Validation Samples: ", len(f_mnist_validation))
    print("Sample Shape: ", f_mnist_train[0][0].shape) #
torch.Size([1, 28, 28])
    num data loading workers = get num cpu cores() if is linux() or
is windows() else 0
    print("Number of Data Loading Workers:", num data loading workers)
    train data loader = DataLoader(
        dataset=f mnist train, batch size=wandb.config.batch size,
shuffle=True,
        pin memory=True, num workers=num data loading workers
    validation data loader = DataLoader(
        dataset=f mnist validation,
batch size=wandb.config.batch size,
        pin memory=True, num workers=num data loading workers
    return train data loader, validation data loader
def train and evaluate(epochs, train data loader,
validation data loader):
```

```
device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available() else
"cpu")
    # Load ResNet18 and modify for FashionMNIST
    model = models.resnet18(pretrained=False) # Load ResNet18 without
pre-trained weights
    model.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(1, 64, kernel size=7, stride=2, padding=3,
bias=False) # Modify for single-channel input
    model.fc = nn.Linear(model.fc.in features, 10) # Modify the
output layer for 10 classes
    model = model.to(device)
    optimizer = Adam(model.parameters(),
lr=wandb.config.learning_rate)
    criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
    for epoch in range(1, epochs + 1):
        # Training
        model.train()
        train loss, train correct, train total = 0, 0, 0
        for images, labels in train data loader:
            images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
            optimizer.zero grad()
            outputs = model(images)
            loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
            loss.backward()
            optimizer.step()
            train loss += loss.item()
            , predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
            train total += labels.size(0)
            train correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
        train accuracy = train correct / train total
        train loss /= len(train data loader)
        # Validation
        model.eval()
        val_loss, val_correct, val_total = 0, 0, 0
        with torch.no grad():
            for images, labels in validation data loader:
                images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
                outputs = model(images)
                loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
                val loss += loss.item()
                , predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
                val total += labels.size(0)
```

```
val correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
        val accuracy = val correct / val total
        val loss /= len(validation data loader)
        # Log metrics to wandb
        wandb.log({
            "epoch": epoch,
            "train loss": train loss,
            "train accuracy": train accuracy,
            "val loss": val loss,
            "val accuracy": val accuracy
        })
        print(f"Epoch [{epoch}/{epochs}] - Train Loss:
{train_loss:.4f}, Train Acc: {train_accuracy:.4f}, "
              f"Val Loss: {val loss:.4f}, Val Acc:
{val accuracy:.4f}")
if name == " main ":
    config = {"batch size": 64, "learning rate": 0.0005, "epochs": 25}
    wandb.init(mode="disabled", config=config)
    train_data_loader, validation data loader =
get fashion mnist data()
    # Start training and evaluating
    train and evaluate(wandb.config.epochs, train data loader,
validation data loader)
    wandb.finish()
/home/work/DL
Num Train Samples: 55000
Num Validation Samples: 5000
Sample Shape: torch.Size([1, 28, 28])
Number of Data Loading Workers: 2
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torchvision/models/
_utils.py:208: UserWarning: The parameter 'pretrained' is deprecated
since 0.13 and may be removed in the future, please use 'weights'
instead.
 warnings.warn(
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torchvision/models/ utils.py:2
23: UserWarning: Arguments other than a weight enum or `None` for
'weights' are deprecated since 0.13 and may be removed in the future.
The current behavior is equivalent to passing `weights=None`.
 warnings.warn(msg)
```

```
Epoch [1/25] - Train Loss: 0.4282, Train Acc: 0.8444, Val Loss:
0.3633, Val Acc: 0.8630
Epoch [2/25] - Train Loss: 0.3026, Train Acc: 0.8890, Val Loss:
0.2985. Val Acc: 0.8834
Epoch [3/25] - Train Loss: 0.2626, Train Acc: 0.9023, Val Loss:
0.2906, Val Acc: 0.8916
Epoch [4/25] - Train Loss: 0.2306, Train Acc: 0.9148, Val Loss:
0.3073, Val Acc: 0.8880
Epoch [5/25] - Train Loss: 0.2095, Train Acc: 0.9227, Val Loss:
0.2857, Val Acc: 0.8938
Epoch [6/25] - Train Loss: 0.1892, Train Acc: 0.9284, Val Loss:
0.2791, Val Acc: 0.9030
Epoch [7/25] - Train Loss: 0.1699, Train Acc: 0.9365, Val Loss:
0.2903, Val Acc: 0.9050
Epoch [8/25] - Train Loss: 0.1508, Train Acc: 0.9430, Val Loss:
0.3259, Val Acc: 0.8954
Epoch [9/25] - Train Loss: 0.1390, Train Acc: 0.9481, Val Loss:
0.2833, Val Acc: 0.9012
Epoch [10/25] - Train Loss: 0.1206, Train Acc: 0.9541, Val Loss:
0.3286, Val Acc: 0.8968
Epoch [11/25] - Train Loss: 0.1124, Train Acc: 0.9575, Val Loss:
0.2782, Val Acc: 0.9112
Epoch [12/25] - Train Loss: 0.1006, Train Acc: 0.9621, Val Loss:
0.2825, Val Acc: 0.9124
Epoch [13/25] - Train Loss: 0.0874, Train Acc: 0.9674, Val Loss:
0.3134, Val Acc: 0.9088
Epoch [14/25] - Train Loss: 0.0840, Train Acc: 0.9694, Val Loss:
0.3257, Val Acc: 0.9072
Epoch [15/25] - Train Loss: 0.0738, Train Acc: 0.9724, Val Loss:
0.3495, Val Acc: 0.9078
Epoch [16/25] - Train Loss: 0.0689, Train Acc: 0.9742, Val Loss:
0.3598, Val Acc: 0.9076
Epoch [17/25] - Train Loss: 0.0613, Train Acc: 0.9768, Val Loss:
0.3792, Val Acc: 0.9020
Epoch [18/25] - Train Loss: 0.0587, Train Acc: 0.9787, Val Loss:
0.3794, Val Acc: 0.9078
Epoch [19/25] - Train Loss: 0.0560, Train Acc: 0.9789, Val Loss:
0.3738, Val Acc: 0.9112
/home/work/DL
Num Train Samples: 55000
Num Validation Samples: 5000
Sample Shape: torch.Size([1, 28, 28])
Number of Data Loading Workers: 2
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torchvision/models/
utils.py:208: UserWarning: The parameter 'pretrained' is deprecated
since 0.13 and may be removed in the future, please use 'weights'
```

```
instead.
 warnings.warn(
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torchvision/models/ utils.py:2
23: UserWarning: Arguments other than a weight enum or `None` for
'weights' are deprecated since 0.13 and may be removed in the future.
The current behavior is equivalent to passing `weights=None`.
 warnings.warn(msg)
Epoch [1/25] - Train Loss: 0.5291, Train Acc: 0.8052, Val Loss:
0.3900, Val Acc: 0.8570
Epoch [2/25] - Train Loss: 0.3796, Train Acc: 0.8595, Val Loss:
0.3604, Val Acc: 0.8702
Epoch [3/25] - Train Loss: 0.3409, Train Acc: 0.8727, Val Loss:
0.3287, Val Acc: 0.8774
Epoch [4/25] - Train Loss: 0.3166, Train Acc: 0.8827, Val Loss:
0.3252, Val Acc: 0.8794
Epoch [5/25] - Train Loss: 0.2985, Train Acc: 0.8897, Val Loss:
0.3240, Val Acc: 0.8800
Epoch [6/25] - Train Loss: 0.2864, Train Acc: 0.8939, Val Loss:
0.2803, Val Acc: 0.9040
Epoch [7/25] - Train Loss: 0.2701, Train Acc: 0.8994, Val Loss:
0.2799, Val Acc: 0.8966
Epoch [8/25] - Train Loss: 0.2661, Train Acc: 0.9003, Val Loss:
0.2647, Val Acc: 0.9016
Epoch [9/25] - Train Loss: 0.2535, Train Acc: 0.9056, Val Loss:
0.2651, Val Acc: 0.9030
Epoch [10/25] - Train Loss: 0.2431, Train Acc: 0.9089, Val Loss:
0.2802, Val Acc: 0.8910
Epoch [11/25] - Train Loss: 0.2364, Train Acc: 0.9121, Val Loss:
0.2435, Val Acc: 0.9100
Epoch [12/25] - Train Loss: 0.2287, Train Acc: 0.9144, Val Loss:
0.2450, Val Acc: 0.9112
Epoch [13/25] - Train Loss: 0.2206, Train Acc: 0.9173, Val Loss:
0.2534, Val Acc: 0.9080
Epoch [14/25] - Train Loss: 0.2159, Train Acc: 0.9198, Val Loss:
0.2658, Val Acc: 0.9006
Epoch [15/25] - Train Loss: 0.2078, Train Acc: 0.9209, Val Loss:
0.2350, Val Acc: 0.9134
Epoch [16/25] - Train Loss: 0.2014, Train Acc: 0.9222, Val Loss:
0.2396, Val Acc: 0.9136
Epoch [17/25] - Train Loss: 0.1993, Train Acc: 0.9251, Val Loss:
0.2287, Val Acc: 0.9120
Epoch [18/25] - Train Loss: 0.1927, Train Acc: 0.9276, Val Loss:
0.2429, Val Acc: 0.9114
Epoch [19/25] - Train Loss: 0.1878, Train Acc: 0.9285, Val Loss:
0.2349, Val Acc: 0.9138
Epoch [20/25] - Train Loss: 0.1825, Train Acc: 0.9312, Val Loss:
0.2396, Val Acc: 0.9142
Epoch [21/25] - Train Loss: 0.1775, Train Acc: 0.9324, Val Loss:
0.2417, Val Acc: 0.9162
```

```
Epoch [22/25] - Train Loss: 0.1728, Train Acc: 0.9347, Val Loss:
0.2470, Val Acc: 0.9154
Epoch [23/25] - Train Loss: 0.1652, Train Acc: 0.9359, Val Loss:
0.2372, Val Acc: 0.9120
Epoch [24/25] - Train Loss: 0.1644, Train Acc: 0.9367, Val Loss:
0.2318, Val Acc: 0.9180
Epoch [25/25] - Train Loss: 0.1585, Train Acc: 0.9398, Val Loss:
0.2411, Val Acc: 0.9178
from pathlib import Path
import os
import torch
import wandb
from torch import nn
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader, random split
from torchvision import datasets, transforms
from torch.optim import Adam
# Use the current working directory
BASE PATH = Path().resolve()
print(BASE_PATH)
import sys
sys.path.append(str(BASE PATH))
from utils import get num cpu cores, is linux, is windows
def get fashion mnist data():
    data path = os.path.join(BASE PATH, " 00 data", "j fashion mnist")
    transform = transforms.Compose([
        transforms.ToTensor(),
        transforms.Normalize(mean=0.286, std=0.353)
    ])
    f mnist train = datasets.FashionMNIST(data path, train=True,
download=True, transform=transform)
    f_mnist_train, f_mnist_validation = random split(f mnist train,
[55 000, 5 000])
    print("Num Train Samples: ", len(f mnist train))
    print("Num Validation Samples: ", len(f_mnist_validation))
    print("Sample Shape: ", f_mnist_train[0][0].shape) #
torch.Size([1, 28, 28])
    num data loading workers = get num cpu cores() if is linux() or
is windows() else 0
    print("Number of Data Loading Workers:", num data loading workers)
```

```
train data loader = DataLoader(
        dataset=f mnist train, batch size=wandb.config.batch size,
shuffle=True,
        pin memory=True, num workers=num data loading workers
   validation data loader = DataLoader(
        dataset=f mnist validation,
batch size=wandb.config.batch size,
        pin memory=True, num workers=num data loading workers
    )
    return train data loader, validation data loader
def train and evaluate(epochs, train data loader,
validation data loader):
   device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is available() else
"cpu")
   # CNN (Keras )
   model = nn.Sequential(
        nn.Conv2d(1, 64, kernel size=5, padding="same"),
        nn.ReLU(),
        nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size=2), # Output: (64, 14, 14)
        nn.Conv2d(64, 128, kernel size=5, padding="same"),
        nn.ReLU(),
        nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size=2), # Output: (128, 7, 7)
        nn.Conv2d(128, 256, kernel size=5, padding="same"),
        nn.ReLU(),
        nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size=2), # Output: (256, 3, 3)
        nn.Flatten(),
                                    # Flatten for Fully Connected
Layer
        nn.Linear(256 * 3 * 3, 256), # Fully Connected Layer
        nn.ReLU(),
        nn.Linear(256, 10) # Output Layer for 10 Classes
    ).to(device)
   optimizer = Adam(model.parameters(),
lr=wandb.config.learning rate)
    criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
    for epoch in range(1, epochs + 1):
        # Training
        model.train()
        train loss, train correct, train total = 0, 0, 0
```

```
for images, labels in train data loader:
            images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
            optimizer.zero grad()
            outputs = model(images)
            loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
            loss.backward()
            optimizer.step()
            train loss += loss.item()
            , predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
            train total += labels.size(0)
            train correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
       train accuracy = train correct / train total
       train loss /= len(train data loader)
       # Validation
       model.eval()
       val_loss, val_correct, val_total = 0, 0, 0
       with torch.no grad():
            for images, labels in validation data loader:
                images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
                outputs = model(images)
                loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
                val loss += loss.item()
                _, predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
                val total += labels.size(0)
                val correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
       val accuracy = val correct / val total
       val loss /= len(validation data loader)
       # Log metrics to wandb
       wandb.log({
            "epoch": epoch,
            "train loss": train loss,
            "train accuracy": train accuracy,
            "val_loss": val loss,
            "val accuracy": val accuracy
       })
       print(f"Epoch [{epoch}/{epochs}] - Train Loss:
{train_loss:.4f}, Train Acc: {train accuracy:.4f}, "
              f"Val Loss: {val loss:.4f}, Val Acc:
{val accuracy:.4f}")
```

```
if <u>__name__</u> == " main ":
    config = {"batch_size": 64, "learning_rate": 0.0005, "epochs": 25}
    wandb.init(mode="disabled", config=config)
    train data loader, validation data loader =
get fashion mnist data()
    # Start training and evaluating
    train and evaluate(wandb.config.epochs, train data loader,
validation data loader)
    wandb.finish()
/home/work/DL
Num Train Samples: 55000
Num Validation Samples: 5000
Sample Shape: torch.Size([1, 28, 28])
Number of Data Loading Workers: 2
Epoch [1/25] - Train Loss: 0.4332, Train Acc: 0.8412, Val Loss:
0.2992, Val Acc: 0.8882
Epoch [2/25] - Train Loss: 0.2721, Train Acc: 0.8996, Val Loss:
0.2647, Val Acc: 0.8976
Epoch [3/25] - Train Loss: 0.2205, Train Acc: 0.9179, Val Loss:
0.2585, Val Acc: 0.9022
Epoch [4/25] - Train Loss: 0.1840, Train Acc: 0.9329, Val Loss:
0.2224, Val Acc: 0.9188
Epoch [5/25] - Train Loss: 0.1539, Train Acc: 0.9436, Val Loss:
0.2132, Val Acc: 0.9212
Epoch [6/25] - Train Loss: 0.1259, Train Acc: 0.9523, Val Loss:
0.2209, Val Acc: 0.9238
Epoch [7/25] - Train Loss: 0.0999, Train Acc: 0.9629, Val Loss:
0.2361, Val Acc: 0.9170
Epoch [8/25] - Train Loss: 0.0811, Train Acc: 0.9691, Val Loss:
0.2755, Val Acc: 0.9194
Epoch [9/25] - Train Loss: 0.0642, Train Acc: 0.9755, Val Loss:
0.2852, Val Acc: 0.9188
Epoch [10/25] - Train Loss: 0.0542, Train Acc: 0.9799, Val Loss:
0.2847, Val Acc: 0.9230
Epoch [11/25] - Train Loss: 0.0457, Train Acc: 0.9832, Val Loss:
0.3045, Val Acc: 0.9220
Epoch [12/25] - Train Loss: 0.0429, Train Acc: 0.9840, Val Loss:
0.3461, Val Acc: 0.9162
Epoch [13/25] - Train Loss: 0.0360, Train Acc: 0.9866, Val Loss:
0.4099, Val Acc: 0.9168
Epoch [14/25] - Train Loss: 0.0321, Train Acc: 0.9883, Val Loss:
0.3390, Val Acc: 0.9226
Epoch [15/25] - Train Loss: 0.0323, Train Acc: 0.9877, Val Loss:
0.3932, Val Acc: 0.9210
Epoch [16/25] - Train Loss: 0.0248, Train Acc: 0.9908, Val Loss:
0.3715, Val Acc: 0.9184
```

```
Epoch [17/25] - Train Loss: 0.0255, Train Acc: 0.9904, Val Loss:
0.4151, Val Acc: 0.9182
Epoch [18/25] - Train Loss: 0.0274, Train Acc: 0.9899, Val Loss:
0.4113, Val Acc: 0.9204
Epoch [19/25] - Train Loss: 0.0186, Train Acc: 0.9936, Val Loss:
0.4480, Val Acc: 0.9216
Epoch [20/25] - Train Loss: 0.0195, Train Acc: 0.9935, Val Loss:
0.4914, Val Acc: 0.9200
Epoch [21/25] - Train Loss: 0.0204, Train Acc: 0.9931, Val Loss:
0.4794, Val Acc: 0.9190
Epoch [22/25] - Train Loss: 0.0214, Train Acc: 0.9925, Val Loss:
0.4515, Val Acc: 0.9212
Epoch [23/25] - Train Loss: 0.0180, Train Acc: 0.9938, Val Loss:
0.4825, Val Acc: 0.9202
Epoch [24/25] - Train Loss: 0.0173, Train Acc: 0.9942, Val Loss:
0.4377, Val Acc: 0.9208
Epoch [25/25] - Train Loss: 0.0170, Train Acc: 0.9939, Val Loss:
0.5480, Val Acc: 0.9198
     val acc
# 93.7 23 ?
from pathlib import Path
import os
import torch
import wandb
from torch import nn
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader, random split
from torchvision import datasets, transforms
from torch.optim import Adam
from torch.optim.lr scheduler import StepLR
# Use the current working directory
BASE PATH = Path().resolve()
def get fashion mnist data():
   data path = os.path.join(BASE PATH, " 00 data", "j fashion mnist")
   transform = transforms.Compose([
       transforms.RandomHorizontalFlip(p=0.5), # 50%
       transforms.RandomRotation(15),
                                         # -15 15
       transforms.ToTensor(),
       transforms.Normalize(mean=0.286, std=0.353) #
   ])
   f mnist train = datasets.FashionMNIST(data path, train=True,
download=True, transform=transform)
    f mnist train, f mnist validation = random split(f mnist train,
[55 000, 5 000])
```

```
train_data_loader = DataLoader(
        dataset=f mnist train, batch size=wandb.config.batch size,
shuffle=True, pin_memory=True, num_workers=0
   validation data loader = DataLoader(
        dataset=f_mnist_validation,
batch size=wandb.config.batch size, pin memory=True, num workers=0
    return train data loader, validation data loader
class CNNModel(nn.Module):
   def __init__(self):
        super(CNNModel, self). init ()
        self.conv layers = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Conv2d(1, 64, kernel_size=5, padding="same"),
            nn.BatchNorm2d(64), # Batch Normalization ネナ가
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size=2), # Output: (64, 14, 14)
            nn.Conv2d(64, 128, kernel_size=5, padding="same"),
            nn.BatchNorm2d(128), # Batch Normalization ネナ가
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size=2), # Output: (128, 7, 7)
            nn.Conv2d(128, 256, kernel_size=5, padding="same"),
            nn.BatchNorm2d(256), # Batch Normalization スナナ
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size=2) # Output: (256, 3, 3)
        )
        self.fc layers = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Flatten(),
                                                   # Flatten for
Fully Connected Layer
            nn.Linear(256 * 3 * 3, 256),
                                                   # Fully Connected
Layer
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.Dropout(0.2),
                                                   # Dropout スナル
            nn.Linear(256, 10)
                                                   # Output Layer for
10 Classes
        )
   def forward(self, x):
        x = self.conv layers(x)
        x = self.fc_layers(x)
        return x
```

```
def train and evaluate(epochs, train data loader,
validation data loader):
   device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is available() else
"cpu")
   model = CNNModel().to(device)
   model.apply(initialize weights) # 가スㅜoㅊ / ぇㅗㄱ / ぁヰ
   optimizer = Adam(model.parameters(),
lr=wandb.config.learning rate)
   scheduler = StepLR(optimizer, step size=10, gamma=0.1) # 10 epoch
  90%
   criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
   for epoch in range(1, epochs + 1):
       # Training
       model.train()
       train_loss, train_correct, train_total = 0, 0, 0
       for images, labels in train data loader:
           images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
           optimizer.zero grad()
           outputs = model(images)
           loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
           loss.backward()
           optimizer.step()
           train loss += loss.item()
           , predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
           train total += labels.size(0)
           train correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
       scheduler.step() #
       train accuracy = train correct / train total
       train loss /= len(train data loader)
       # Validation
       model.eval()
       val loss, val correct, val total = 0, 0, 0
       with torch.no grad():
           for images, labels in validation data loader:
               images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
               outputs = model(images)
               loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
               val loss += loss.item()
               , predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
```

```
val total += labels.size(0)
                val correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
        val accuracy = val correct / val total
        val loss /= len(validation data loader)
        # Log metrics to wandb
        wandb.log({
            "epoch": epoch,
            "train loss": train loss,
            "train accuracy": train accuracy,
            "val loss": val loss,
            "val_accuracy": val_accuracy
        })
        print(f"Epoch [{epoch}/{epochs}] - Train Loss:
{train_loss:.4f}, Train Acc: {train_accuracy:.4f}, "
              f"Val Loss: {val loss: .4f}, Val Acc:
{val accuracy:.4f}")
# 가スToㅊ / ㅊㅗㄱ / ㅎ屮 ㅎㅏㅁㅅㅜ
def initialize weights(m):
    if isinstance(m, nn.Conv2d) or isinstance(m, nn.Linear):
        nn.init.kaiming normal (m.weight) # He Initialization
if name == " main ":
    config = {"batch size": 64, "learning rate": 0.0005, "epochs":
100}
    wandb.init(project="fashion-mnist-project", config=config,
name="64, 0.0005,100")
    train data loader, validation data loader =
get fashion mnist data()
    # Start training and evaluating
    train and evaluate(wandb.config.epochs, train data loader,
validation_data_loader)
    wandb.finish()
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
{"model id":"", "version major":2, "version minor":0}
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
```

```
<IPvthon.core.display.HTML object>
{"model id":"74d4f8f440354732a6f6b4f931f42a76","version major":2,"vers
ion minor":0}
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
Epoch [1/100] - Train Loss: 0.5497, Train Acc: 0.8029, Val Loss:
0.3988, Val Acc: 0.8482
Epoch [2/100] - Train Loss: 0.3792, Train Acc: 0.8609, Val Loss:
0.3348, Val Acc: 0.8748
Epoch [3/100] - Train Loss: 0.3306, Train Acc: 0.8780, Val Loss:
0.3082, Val Acc: 0.8862
Epoch [4/100] - Train Loss: 0.3020, Train Acc: 0.8894, Val Loss:
0.3225, Val Acc: 0.8790
Epoch [5/100] - Train Loss: 0.2817, Train Acc: 0.8973, Val Loss:
0.2590, Val Acc: 0.9016
Epoch [6/100] - Train Loss: 0.2653, Train Acc: 0.9028, Val Loss:
0.2721, Val Acc: 0.9008
Epoch [7/100] - Train Loss: 0.2530, Train Acc: 0.9072, Val Loss:
0.2521, Val Acc: 0.9070
Epoch [8/100] - Train Loss: 0.2437, Train Acc: 0.9086, Val Loss:
0.2350, Val Acc: 0.9090
Epoch [9/100] - Train Loss: 0.2317, Train Acc: 0.9151, Val Loss:
0.2413, Val Acc: 0.9112
Epoch [10/100] - Train Loss: 0.2234, Train Acc: 0.9175, Val Loss:
0.2353, Val Acc: 0.9110
Epoch [11/100] - Train Loss: 0.1876, Train Acc: 0.9309, Val Loss:
0.2050, Val Acc: 0.9224
Epoch [12/100] - Train Loss: 0.1734, Train Acc: 0.9356, Val Loss:
0.1964, Val Acc: 0.9278
Epoch [13/100] - Train Loss: 0.1703, Train Acc: 0.9372, Val Loss:
0.2011, Val Acc: 0.9260
Epoch [14/100] - Train Loss: 0.1671, Train Acc: 0.9386, Val Loss:
0.2003, Val Acc: 0.9282
Epoch [15/100] - Train Loss: 0.1645, Train Acc: 0.9392, Val Loss:
0.1972, Val Acc: 0.9322
Epoch [16/100] - Train Loss: 0.1599, Train Acc: 0.9407, Val Loss:
0.1973, Val Acc: 0.9288
Epoch [17/100] - Train Loss: 0.1559, Train Acc: 0.9423, Val Loss:
0.1959, Val Acc: 0.9318
Epoch [18/100] - Train Loss: 0.1541, Train Acc: 0.9436, Val Loss:
0.1937, Val Acc: 0.9336
```

```
Epoch [19/100] - Train Loss: 0.1519, Train Acc: 0.9434, Val Loss:
0.1870, Val Acc: 0.9336
Epoch [20/100] - Train Loss: 0.1489, Train Acc: 0.9448, Val Loss:
0.1952, Val Acc: 0.9326
Epoch [21/100] - Train Loss: 0.1437, Train Acc: 0.9468, Val Loss:
0.1844, Val Acc: 0.9368
Epoch [22/100] - Train Loss: 0.1447, Train Acc: 0.9464, Val Loss:
0.1831, Val Acc: 0.9362
Epoch [23/100] - Train Loss: 0.1418, Train Acc: 0.9471, Val Loss:
0.1894, Val Acc: 0.9324
Epoch [24/100] - Train Loss: 0.1414, Train Acc: 0.9478, Val Loss:
0.1843, Val Acc: 0.9348
Epoch [25/100] - Train Loss: 0.1419, Train Acc: 0.9476, Val Loss:
0.1894, Val Acc: 0.9318
Epoch [26/100] - Train Loss: 0.1425, Train Acc: 0.9474, Val Loss:
0.1901, Val Acc: 0.9326
Epoch [27/100] - Train Loss: 0.1407, Train Acc: 0.9486, Val Loss:
0.1889, Val Acc: 0.9320
Epoch [28/100] - Train Loss: 0.1415, Train Acc: 0.9479, Val Loss:
0.1819, Val Acc: 0.9358
Epoch [29/100] - Train Loss: 0.1404, Train Acc: 0.9479, Val Loss:
0.1874, Val Acc: 0.9330
Epoch [30/100] - Train Loss: 0.1393, Train Acc: 0.9485, Val Loss:
0.1904, Val Acc: 0.9296
Epoch [31/100] - Train Loss: 0.1387, Train Acc: 0.9490, Val Loss:
0.1811, Val Acc: 0.9350
Epoch [32/100] - Train Loss: 0.1388, Train Acc: 0.9483, Val Loss:
0.1838, Val Acc: 0.9346
Epoch [33/100] - Train Loss: 0.1403, Train Acc: 0.9482, Val Loss:
0.1835, Val Acc: 0.9354
Epoch [34/100] - Train Loss: 0.1390, Train Acc: 0.9480, Val Loss:
0.1900, Val Acc: 0.9326
Epoch [35/100] - Train Loss: 0.1401, Train Acc: 0.9482, Val Loss:
0.1887, Val Acc: 0.9314
Epoch [36/100] - Train Loss: 0.1400, Train Acc: 0.9476, Val Loss:
0.1878, Val Acc: 0.9334
KeyboardInterrupt
                                     Traceback (most recent call
last)
Cell In[5], line 153
    150 train data loader, validation data loader =
get fashion mnist data()
   152 # Start training and evaluating
--> 153 train and evaluate(wandb.config.epochs, train data loader,
validation data loader)
   155 wandb.finish()
Cell In[5], line 90, in train and evaluate(epochs, train data loader,
```

```
validation data loader)
     88 model.train()
     89 train_loss, train_correct, train_total = 0, 0, 0
---> 90 for images, labels in train data loader:
            images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
     92
           optimizer.zero grad()
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/utils/data/dataloader.py
:631, in BaseDataLoaderIter. next (self)
   628 if self. sampler iter is None:
           # TODO(https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/issues/76750)
   629
   630
            self. reset() # type: ignore[call-arg]
--> 631 data = self. next data()
   632 self. num yielded += 1
   633 if self. dataset kind == DatasetKind.Iterable and \
                self. IterableDataset len called is not None and \
   634
   635
                self. num yielded > self. IterableDataset len called:
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/utils/data/dataloader.py
:675, in SingleProcessDataLoaderIter. next data(self)
   673 def _next_data(self):
            index = self. next index() # may raise StopIteration
   674
--> 675
            data = self. dataset fetcher.fetch(index) # may raise
StopIteration
   676
           if self. pin memory:
    677
                data = utils.pin memory.pin memory(data,
self. pin memory device)
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/utils/data/ utils/fetch.
py:49, in MapDatasetFetcher.fetch(self, possibly batched index)
     47 if self.auto collation:
           if hasattr(self.dataset, " getitems ") and
self.dataset. getitems :
---> 49
                data =
self.dataset.__getitems__(possibly_batched_index)
     50
           else:
     51
                data = [self.dataset[idx] for idx in
possibly batched index]
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/utils/data/dataset.py:41
9, in Subset.__getitems__(self, indices)
            return self.dataset. getitems ([self.indices[idx] for
idx in indices]) # type: ignore[attr-defined]
   418 else:
--> 419
           return [self.dataset[self.indices[idx]] for idx in
indices
```

```
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/utils/data/dataset.py:41
9, in <listcomp>(.0)
            return self.dataset. getitems ([self.indices[idx] for
    417
idx in indices]) # type: ignore[attr-defined]
    418 else:
--> 419
            return [self.dataset[self.indices[idx]] for idx in
indices
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torchvision/datasets/mnist.py:
145, in MNIST.__getitem__(self, index)
    142 img = Image.fromarray(img.numpy(), mode="L")
    144 if self.transform is not None:
--> 145
            img = self.transform(img)
    147 if self.target transform is not None:
    148
          target = self.target transform(target)
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torchvision/transforms/transfo
rms.py:95, in Compose. call (self, img)
     93 def __call__(self, img):
            \overline{\text{for t in self.transforms:}}
     94
---> 95
                img = t(img)
     96 return img
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/nn/modules/module.py:151
1, in Module. wrapped call impl(self, *args, **kwargs)
            return self. compiled call impl(*args, **kwargs) # type:
   1509
ignore[misc]
   1510 else:
-> 1511 return self. call impl(*args, **kwargs)
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/nn/modules/module.py:152
0, in Module._call impl(self, *args, **kwargs)
   1515 # If we don't have any hooks, we want to skip the rest of the
logic in
   1516 # this function, and just call forward.
   1517 if not (self. backward hooks or self. backward pre hooks or
self. forward hooks or self. forward pre hooks
                or global backward pre hooks or
   1518
global backward hooks
                or _global_forward_hooks or
   1519
global forward pre hooks):
           return forward call(*args, **kwargs)
-> 1520
   1522 try:
   1523
        result = None
```

```
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torchvision/transforms/transfo
rms.py:1370, in RandomRotation.forward(self, img)
           else:
   1368
   1369
               fill = [float(f) for f in fill]
-> 1370 angle = self.get_params(self.degrees)
   1372 return F.rotate(img, angle, self.interpolation, self.expand,
self.center, fill)
KeyboardInterrupt:
from pathlib import Path
import os
import torch
import wandb
from torch import nn
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader, random_split
from torchvision import datasets, transforms
from torch.optim import Adam
from torch.optim.lr scheduler import StepLR
# Use the current working directory
BASE PATH = Path().resolve()
def get fashion mnist data():
   data path = os.path.join(BASE PATH, " 00 data", "j fashion mnist")
   transform = transforms.Compose([
        transforms.RandomHorizontalFlip(p=0.5), # 50%
        transforms.RandomRotation(15),
        transforms.ToTensor(),
        transforms.Normalize(mean=0.286, std=0.353) #
   ])
    f mnist train = datasets.FashionMNIST(data path, train=True,
download=True, transform=transform)
    f mnist train, f mnist validation = random split(f mnist train,
[55 000, 5 000])
   train data loader = DataLoader(
        dataset=f mnist train, batch size=wandb.config.batch size,
shuffle=True, pin memory=True, num workers=0
   validation data loader = DataLoader(
        dataset=f mnist validation,
batch size=wandb.config.batch size, pin memory=True, num workers=0
```

```
return train data loader, validation data loader
def get fashion mnist test data():
   data path = os.path.join(BASE PATH, " 00 data", "j fashion mnist")
   transform = transforms.Compose([
        transforms.ToTensor(),
        transforms.Normalize(mean=0.286, std=0.353) #
    1)
    f mnist test = datasets.FashionMNIST(data path, train=False,
download=True, transform=transform)
   test data loader = DataLoader(
        dataset=f_mnist_test, batch_size=wandb.config.batch_size,
pin memory=True, num workers=0
    return test data loader
class CNNModel(nn.Module):
   def init (self):
        super(CNNModel, self).__init__()
        self.conv layers = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Conv2d(1, 64, kernel size=5, padding="same"),
            nn.BatchNorm2d(64), # Batch Normalization スナナ
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size=2), # Output: (64, 14, 14)
            nn.Conv2d(64, 128, kernel size=5, padding="same"),
            nn.BatchNorm2d(128), # Batch Normalization ネナ가
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size=2), # Output: (128, 7, 7)
            nn.Conv2d(128, 256, kernel_size=5, padding="same"),
            nn.BatchNorm2d(256), # Batch Normalization ネナ가
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size=2) # Output: (256, 3, 3)
        )
        self.fc layers = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Flatten(),
                                                  # Flatten for
Fully Connected Layer
            nn.Linear(256 * 3 * 3, 256),
                                                   # Fully Connected
Layer
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.Dropout(0.2),
                                                   # Dropout スナル
            nn.Linear(256, 10)
                                                   # Output Layer for
10 Classes
```

```
def forward(self, x):
       x = self.conv layers(x)
       x = self.fc layers(x)
       return x
def train and evaluate(epochs, train data loader,
validation data loader):
   device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is available() else
"cpu")
   model = CNNModel().to(device)
   model.apply(initialize weights) # 가スてo ネ/ えユコ/ ぁヰ
   optimizer = Adam(model.parameters(),
lr=wandb.config.learning_rate)
   scheduler = StepLR(optimizer, step size=10, gamma=0.1) # 10 epoch
  90%
   criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
   for epoch in range(1, epochs + 1):
       # Training
       model.train()
       train loss, train correct, train total = 0, 0, 0
       for images, labels in train data loader:
           images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
           optimizer.zero grad()
           outputs = model(images)
           loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
           loss.backward()
           optimizer.step()
           train loss += loss.item()
           _, predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
           train total += labels.size(0)
           train correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
       scheduler.step() #
       train accuracy = train correct / train total
       train loss /= len(train data loader)
       # Validation
       model.eval()
       val loss, val correct, val total = 0, 0, 0
       with torch.no grad():
           for images, labels in validation data loader:
```

```
images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
                outputs = model(images)
                loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
                val loss += loss.item()
                _, predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
                val_total += labels.size(0)
                val correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
        val accuracy = val correct / val total
        val loss /= len(validation data loader)
        # Log metrics to wandb
        wandb.log({
            "epoch": epoch,
            "train_loss": train_loss,
            "train_accuracy": train_accuracy,
            "val loss": val loss,
            "val_accuracy": val_accuracy
        })
        print(f"Epoch [{epoch}/{epochs}] - Train Loss:
{train_loss:.4f}, Train Acc: {train_accuracy:.4f}, "
              f"Val Loss: {val loss:.4f}, Val Acc:
{val accuracy:.4f}")
    return model #
def evaluate test data(model, test data loader, device):
    model.eval()
    test correct, test total = 0, 0
    with torch.no grad():
        for images, labels in test data loader:
            images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
            outputs = model(images)
            _, predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
            test total += labels.size(0)
            test correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
    test_accuracy = test_correct / test_total
    return test accuracy
# 가スToぇ / えエコ / まみ まトロスT
def initialize weights(m):
    if isinstance(m, nn.Conv2d) or isinstance(m, nn.Linear):
        nn.init.kaiming normal (m.weight) # He Initialization
```

```
if name == " main ":
    config = {"batch_size": 64, "learning_rate": 0.0005, "epochs": 50}
    wandb.init(project="fashion-mnist-project", config=config,
name="64, 0.0005,100,tstAcc")
    train data loader, validation data loader =
get fashion mnist data()
    test data loader = get fashion mnist test data()
    # Start training and evaluating
    trained model = train and evaluate(wandb.config.epochs,
train data loader, validation data loader)
    # Evaluate on test data
    device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is available() else
"cpu")
    test accuracy = evaluate test data(trained model,
test data loader, device)
    # Log test accuracy to wandb
    wandb.log({"test_accuracy": test_accuracy})
    print(f"Test Accuracy: {test accuracy:.4f}")
    wandb.finish()
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
{"model id":"", "version major":2, "version minor":0}
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
{"model_id": "6b894b1720b04ab68b6d90790a9c26e4", "version_major": 2, "vers
ion minor":0}
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
```

```
Epoch [1/50] - Train Loss: 0.5589, Train Acc: 0.8009, Val Loss:
0.3725, Val Acc: 0.8574
Epoch [2/50] - Train Loss: 0.3834, Train Acc: 0.8595, Val Loss:
0.3178, Val Acc: 0.8812
Epoch [3/50] - Train Loss: 0.3306, Train Acc: 0.8781, Val Loss:
0.3074, Val Acc: 0.8800
Epoch [4/50] - Train Loss: 0.3072, Train Acc: 0.8881, Val Loss:
0.2890, Val Acc: 0.8918
Epoch [5/50] - Train Loss: 0.2843, Train Acc: 0.8954, Val Loss:
0.2773, Val Acc: 0.8952
Epoch [6/50] - Train Loss: 0.2661, Train Acc: 0.9014, Val Loss:
0.2615, Val Acc: 0.9016
Epoch [7/50] - Train Loss: 0.2557, Train Acc: 0.9062, Val Loss:
0.2465, Val Acc: 0.9054
Epoch [8/50] - Train Loss: 0.2421, Train Acc: 0.9100, Val Loss:
0.2923, Val Acc: 0.8932
Epoch [9/50] - Train Loss: 0.2344, Train Acc: 0.9139, Val Loss:
0.2584, Val Acc: 0.8972
Epoch [10/50] - Train Loss: 0.2258, Train Acc: 0.9161, Val Loss:
0.2375, Val Acc: 0.9126
Epoch [11/50] - Train Loss: 0.1864, Train Acc: 0.9318, Val Loss:
0.1996, Val Acc: 0.9228
Epoch [12/50] - Train Loss: 0.1754, Train Acc: 0.9357, Val Loss:
0.2048, Val Acc: 0.9248
Epoch [13/50] - Train Loss: 0.1714, Train Acc: 0.9370, Val Loss:
0.1951, Val Acc: 0.9294
Epoch [14/50] - Train Loss: 0.1665, Train Acc: 0.9388, Val Loss:
0.2020, Val Acc: 0.9276
Epoch [15/50] - Train Loss: 0.1618, Train Acc: 0.9402, Val Loss:
0.1962, Val Acc: 0.9278
Epoch [16/50] - Train Loss: 0.1613, Train Acc: 0.9405, Val Loss:
0.1960, Val Acc: 0.9284
Epoch [17/50] - Train Loss: 0.1576, Train Acc: 0.9414, Val Loss:
0.1913, Val Acc: 0.9280
Epoch [18/50] - Train Loss: 0.1535, Train Acc: 0.9437, Val Loss:
0.1964, Val Acc: 0.9286
Epoch [19/50] - Train Loss: 0.1524, Train Acc: 0.9431, Val Loss:
0.1928, Val Acc: 0.9310
Epoch [20/50] - Train Loss: 0.1508, Train Acc: 0.9436, Val Loss:
0.1923, Val Acc: 0.9314
Epoch [21/50] - Train Loss: 0.1444, Train Acc: 0.9471, Val Loss:
0.1888, Val Acc: 0.9324
Epoch [22/50] - Train Loss: 0.1437, Train Acc: 0.9462, Val Loss:
0.1951, Val Acc: 0.9270
Epoch [23/50] - Train Loss: 0.1415, Train Acc: 0.9474, Val Loss:
0.1974, Val Acc: 0.9276
Epoch [24/50] - Train Loss: 0.1404, Train Acc: 0.9478, Val Loss:
0.1871, Val Acc: 0.9304
Epoch [25/50] - Train Loss: 0.1407, Train Acc: 0.9479, Val Loss:
0.1947, Val Acc: 0.9314
```

```
Epoch [26/50] - Train Loss: 0.1424, Train Acc: 0.9472, Val Loss:
0.1809, Val Acc: 0.9370
Epoch [27/50] - Train Loss: 0.1410, Train Acc: 0.9476, Val Loss:
0.1865, Val Acc: 0.9348
Epoch [28/50] - Train Loss: 0.1417, Train Acc: 0.9477, Val Loss:
0.1848, Val Acc: 0.9330
Epoch [29/50] - Train Loss: 0.1405, Train Acc: 0.9478, Val Loss:
0.1880, Val Acc: 0.9344
Epoch [30/50] - Train Loss: 0.1408, Train Acc: 0.9480, Val Loss:
0.1849, Val Acc: 0.9350
Epoch [31/50] - Train Loss: 0.1399, Train Acc: 0.9491, Val Loss:
0.1906, Val Acc: 0.9332
Epoch [32/50] - Train Loss: 0.1397, Train Acc: 0.9485, Val Loss:
0.1864, Val Acc: 0.9366
Epoch [33/50] - Train Loss: 0.1398, Train Acc: 0.9489, Val Loss:
0.1919, Val Acc: 0.9310
Epoch [34/50] - Train Loss: 0.1396, Train Acc: 0.9489, Val Loss:
0.1874, Val Acc: 0.9350
Epoch [35/50] - Train Loss: 0.1398, Train Acc: 0.9482, Val Loss:
0.1909, Val Acc: 0.9316
Epoch [36/50] - Train Loss: 0.1396, Train Acc: 0.9478, Val Loss:
0.1885, Val Acc: 0.9330
Epoch [37/50] - Train Loss: 0.1393, Train Acc: 0.9487, Val Loss:
0.1912, Val Acc: 0.9342
Epoch [38/50] - Train Loss: 0.1391, Train Acc: 0.9474, Val Loss:
0.1919, Val Acc: 0.9348
Epoch [39/50] - Train Loss: 0.1385, Train Acc: 0.9483, Val Loss:
0.1921, Val Acc: 0.9332
Epoch [40/50] - Train Loss: 0.1398, Train Acc: 0.9484, Val Loss:
0.1820, Val Acc: 0.9344
Epoch [41/50] - Train Loss: 0.1393, Train Acc: 0.9478, Val Loss:
0.1855, Val Acc: 0.9328
Epoch [42/50] - Train Loss: 0.1391, Train Acc: 0.9484, Val Loss:
0.1931, Val Acc: 0.9348
Epoch [43/50] - Train Loss: 0.1389, Train Acc: 0.9478, Val Loss:
0.1963, Val Acc: 0.9318
Epoch [44/50] - Train Loss: 0.1392, Train Acc: 0.9488, Val Loss:
0.1943, Val Acc: 0.9338
Epoch [45/50] - Train Loss: 0.1396, Train Acc: 0.9481, Val Loss:
0.1890, Val Acc: 0.9342
Epoch [46/50] - Train Loss: 0.1381, Train Acc: 0.9487, Val Loss:
0.1879, Val Acc: 0.9340
Epoch [47/50] - Train Loss: 0.1389, Train Acc: 0.9484, Val Loss:
0.1957, Val Acc: 0.9296
Epoch [48/50] - Train Loss: 0.1374, Train Acc: 0.9490, Val Loss:
0.1888, Val Acc: 0.9308
Epoch [49/50] - Train Loss: 0.1404, Train Acc: 0.9485, Val Loss:
0.1909, Val Acc: 0.9330
Epoch [50/50] - Train Loss: 0.1383, Train Acc: 0.9481, Val Loss:
```

```
0.1912, Val Acc: 0.9292
Test Accuracy: 0.9293
{"model_id":"","version_major":2,"version_minor":0}
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
```


..?

```
from torchvision import datasets, transforms, models # GoogLeNet
googlenet = models.googlenet(pretrained=False, aux logits=False)
print("\nGoogLeNet Model Structure:\n")
print(googlenet)
GoogLeNet Model Structure:
GoogLeNet(
  (conv1): BasicConv2d(
    (conv): Conv2d(3, 64, kernel_size=(7, 7), stride=(2, 2),
padding=(3, 3), bias=False)
    (bn): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True.
track running stats=True)
  (maxpool1): MaxPool2d(kernel size=3, stride=2, padding=0,
dilation=1, ceil mode=True)
  (conv2): BasicConv2d(
    (conv): Conv2d(64, 64, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
    (bn): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
  (conv3): BasicConv2d(
    (conv): Conv2d(64, 192, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
    (bn): BatchNorm2d(192, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
  (maxpool2): MaxPool2d(kernel size=3, stride=2, padding=0,
dilation=1, ceil mode=True)
  (inception3a): Inception(
    (branch1): BasicConv2d(
```

```
(conv): Conv2d(192, 64, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
      (bn): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
    (branch2): Sequential(
      (0): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(192, 96, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(96, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
      (1): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(96, 128, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
    (branch3): Sequential(
      (0): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(192, 16, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(16, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
      (1): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(16, 32, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(32, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track_running stats=True)
    (branch4): Sequential(
      (0): MaxPool2d(kernel size=3, stride=1, padding=1, dilation=1,
ceil mode=True)
      (1): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(192, 32, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(32, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
  (inception3b): Inception(
    (branch1): BasicConv2d(
      (conv): Conv2d(256, 128, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
      (bn): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
```

```
track running stats=True)
    (branch2): Sequential(
      (0): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(256, 128, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
      (1): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(128, 192, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(192, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
    (branch3): Sequential(
      (0): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(256, 32, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(32, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
      (1): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(32, 96, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(96, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
    (branch4): Sequential(
      (0): MaxPool2d(kernel size=3, stride=1, padding=1, dilation=1,
ceil mode=True)
      (1): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(256, 64, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
  (maxpool3): MaxPool2d(kernel size=3, stride=2, padding=0,
dilation=1, ceil mode=True)
  (inception4a): Inception(
    (branch1): BasicConv2d(
      (conv): Conv2d(480, 192, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
      (bn): BatchNorm2d(192, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
```

```
(branch2): Sequential(
      (0): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(480, 96, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(96, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
      (1): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(96, 208, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(208, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
    (branch3): Sequential(
      (0): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(480, 16, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(16, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
      (1): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(16, 48, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(48, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
    (branch4): Sequential(
      (0): MaxPool2d(kernel size=3, stride=1, padding=1, dilation=1,
ceil_mode=True)
      (1): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(480, 64, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
  (inception4b): Inception(
    (branch1): BasicConv2d(
      (conv): Conv2d(512, 160, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
      (bn): BatchNorm2d(160, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track_running_stats=True)
    (branch2): Sequential(
      (0): BasicConv2d(
```

```
(conv): Conv2d(512, 112, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(112, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
      (1): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(112, 224, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(224, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
    (branch3): Sequential(
      (0): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(512, 24, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(24, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track_running_stats=True)
      (1): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(24, 64, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
    (branch4): Sequential(
      (0): MaxPool2d(kernel size=3, stride=1, padding=1, dilation=1,
ceil mode=True)
      (1): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(512, 64, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
     )
    )
  (inception4c): Inception(
    (branch1): BasicConv2d(
      (conv): Conv2d(512, 128, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
      (bn): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
    (branch2): Sequential(
      (0): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(512, 128, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
```

```
track running stats=True)
      (1): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(128, 256, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(256, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
      )
    (branch3): Sequential(
      (0): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(512, 24, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(24, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
      (1): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(24, 64, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
      )
    (branch4): Sequential(
      (0): MaxPool2d(kernel size=3, stride=1, padding=1, dilation=1,
ceil mode=True)
      (1): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(512, 64, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
    )
  (inception4d): Inception(
    (branch1): BasicConv2d(
      (conv): Conv2d(512, 112, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
      (bn): BatchNorm2d(112, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
    (branch2): Sequential(
      (0): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(512, 144, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(144, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track_running stats=True)
      (1): BasicConv2d(
```

```
(conv): Conv2d(144, 288, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(288, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
    (branch3): Sequential(
      (0): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(512, 32, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(32, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
      (1): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(32, 64, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
    (branch4): Sequential(
      (0): MaxPool2d(kernel size=3, stride=1, padding=1, dilation=1,
ceil mode=True)
      (1): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(512, 64, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
  (inception4e): Inception(
    (branch1): BasicConv2d(
      (conv): Conv2d(528, 256, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
      (bn): BatchNorm2d(256, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
    (branch2): Sequential(
      (0): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(528, 160, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(160, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
      (1): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(160, 320, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(320, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
```

```
track running stats=True)
    (branch3): Sequential(
      (0): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(528, 32, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(32, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
      (1): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(32, 128, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
    (branch4): Sequential(
      (0): MaxPool2d(kernel size=3, stride=1, padding=1, dilation=1,
ceil mode=True)
      (1): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(528, 128, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
    )
  (maxpool4): MaxPool2d(kernel size=2, stride=2, padding=0,
dilation=1, ceil mode=True)
  (inception5a): Inception(
    (branch1): BasicConv2d(
      (conv): Conv2d(832, 256, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
      (bn): BatchNorm2d(256, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
    (branch2): Sequential(
      (0): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(832, 160, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(160, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
      (1): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(160, 320, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(320, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
```

```
(branch3): Sequential(
      (0): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(832, 32, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(32, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
      (1): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(32, 128, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
    (branch4): Sequential(
      (0): MaxPool2d(kernel_size=3, stride=1, padding=1, dilation=1,
ceil mode=True)
      (1): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(832, 128, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
  (inception5b): Inception(
    (branch1): BasicConv2d(
      (conv): Conv2d(832, 384, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
      (bn): BatchNorm2d(384, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
    (branch2): Sequential(
      (0): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(832, 192, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(192, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
      )
      (1): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(192, 384, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(384, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track_running stats=True)
    (branch3): Sequential(
```

```
(0): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(832, 48, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(48, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
      (1): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(48, 128, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
    (branch4): Sequential(
      (0): MaxPool2d(kernel size=3, stride=1, padding=1, dilation=1,
ceil mode=True)
      (1): BasicConv2d(
        (conv): Conv2d(832, 128, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1),
        (bn): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=0.001, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
      )
    )
  (avgpool): AdaptiveAvgPool2d(output size=(1, 1))
  (dropout): Dropout(p=0.2, inplace=False)
  (fc): Linear(in features=1024, out features=1000, bias=True)
)
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torchvision/models/
utils.py:208: UserWarning: The parameter 'pretrained' is deprecated
since 0.13 and may be removed in the future, please use 'weights'
instead.
 warnings.warn(
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torchvision/models/ utils.py:2
23: UserWarning: Arguments other than a weight enum or `None` for
'weights' are deprecated since 0.13 and may be removed in the future.
The current behavior is equivalent to passing `weights=None`.
 warnings.warn(msg)
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torchvision/models/googlenet.p
y:47: FutureWarning: The default weight initialization of GoogleNet
will be changed in future releases of torchvision. If you wish to keep
the old behavior (which leads to long initialization times due to
scipy/scipy#11299), please set init_weights=True.
 warnings.warn(
!pip install torchinfo
Defaulting to user installation because normal site-packages is not
writeable
```

```
Looking in indexes: https://pypi.org/simple,
https://pypi.ngc.nvidia.com
Collecting torchinfo
  Downloading torchinfo-1.8.0-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (21 kB)
Downloading torchinfo-1.8.0-py3-none-any.whl (23 kB)
DEPRECATION: devscripts 2.22.1ubuntul has a non-standard version
number. pip 24.1 will enforce this behaviour change. A possible
replacement is to upgrade to a newer version of devscripts or contact
the author to suggest that they release a version with a conforming
version number. Discussion can be found at
https://github.com/pypa/pip/issues/12063
Installing collected packages: torchinfo
Successfully installed torchinfo-1.8.0
[notice] A new release of pip is available: 24.0 -> 24.3.1
[notice] To update, run: python -m pip install --upgrade pip
import torch
from torch import nn
from torchinfo import summary # torchinfo import
# Define CNN model
class SimpleCNN(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self):
        super(SimpleCNN, self). init ()
        self.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(1, 32, kernel size=3, padding=1)
        self.conv2 = nn.Conv2d(32, 64, kernel_size=3, padding=1)
        self.pool = nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size=2)
        self.fc1 = nn.Linear(64 * 14 * 14, 128)
        self.fc2 = nn.Linear(128, 10)
    def forward(self, x):
        x = torch.relu(self.conv1(x))
        x = self.pool(torch.relu(self.conv2(x)))
        x = x.view(x.size(0), -1)
        x = torch.relu(self.fc1(x))
        x = self.fc2(x)
        return x
if <u>__name</u>_ == "__main__":
    # Initialize the model
    model = SimpleCNN()
    # Print model summary using torchinfo
    input size = (128, 1, 28, 28) # batch size=128, channels=1,
height=28, width=28
    print(summary(model, input_size=input_size,
col_names=["input_size", "output_size", "num_params", "trainable"]))
```

Layer (type:depth-idx) Output Shape	Param #	Input Shape Trainable			
==============	==========	=======================================			
SimpleCNN	=========	[128, 1, 28, 28]			
[128, 10]		True			
├─Conv2d: 1-1	220	[128, 1, 28, 28] True			
[128, 32, 28, 28] —Conv2d: 1-2	320	[128, 32, 28, 28]			
[128, 64, 28, 28]	18,496	True			
⊢MaxPool2d: 1-3	,	[128, 64, 28, 28]			
[128, 64, 14, 14]					
├─Linear: 1-4 [128, 128]	1,605,760	[128, 12544] True			
[126, 126] ├─Linear: 1-5	1,005,700	[128, 128]			
[128, 10]	1,290	True			
Total params: 1,625,866					
Trainable params: 1,625	,866				
Non-trainable params: 0 Total mult-adds (G): 2.	00				
======================================	09 ========				
Input size (MB): 0.40					
Forward/backward pass size (MB): 77.21					
Params size (MB): 6.50 Estimated Total Size (MB): 84.12					
=======================================	=========				

□□ 3, □□ 4

4 1つH0┤ Eᅦᄉ一E— 0│ロ│ズ│가 Сㅗ00│ㄹᇂㅏズ│ 0ㅏ㎏0—ㅁ0│ ㅇㅏㄴ│ㄴ ㄹᅦㅇ│ㅂ—ㄹㄱᅪ ㅂㅜㄴㄹㅠ ㅇᅨㅊ—ㄱㅇ│ Сㅗㅇㅇ│ㄹᇂㅏㄱᅦ ᄉㅓㄹ .1つㅐ가 ㅁㅜㅈㅗㄱㅓㄴ ㅇㅏㄴ│ㄱᅦ ᇂㅏㄴㅡㄴ ㄱㅓㅅㅇㅡㄴ ᇂㅏㄷㅏㄴㅇㅔ

```
# Import libraries
import os
import random
import torch
from torch import nn
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader, random_split
from torchvision import datasets, transforms, models
from torch.optim import Adam
```

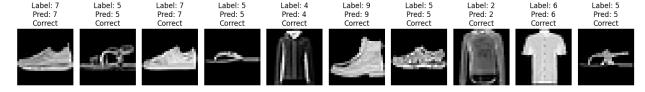
```
from torch.optim.lr scheduler import StepLR
from torchinfo import summary
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Check device
device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is available() else "cpu")
print(f"Using device: {device}")
# Define data loaders
def get fashion mnist data(batch size=64):
    transform = transforms.Compose([
        transforms.RandomHorizontalFlip(p=0.5),
        transforms.RandomRotation(15),
        transforms.ToTensor(),
        transforms.Normalize(mean=0.286, std=0.353)
    1)
    dataset = datasets.FashionMNIST(root="./data", train=True,
download=True, transform=transform)
    train_set, val_set = random_split(dataset, [55000, 5000])
    train loader = DataLoader(train set, batch size=batch size,
shuffle=True)
    val loader = DataLoader(val set, batch size=batch size)
    return train loader, val loader
def get fashion mnist test data(batch size=64):
    transform = transforms.Compose([
        transforms.ToTensor(),
        transforms.Normalize(mean=0.286, std=0.353)
    ])
    test set = datasets.FashionMNIST(root="./data", train=False,
download=True, transform=transform)
    test loader = DataLoader(test set, batch size=batch size)
    return test loader
# Define CNN model
class CNNModel(nn.Module):
    def init (self):
        super(CNNModel, self). init ()
        self.conv layers = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Conv2d(1, 64, kernel size=5, padding="same"),
            nn.BatchNorm2d(64),
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size=2),
            nn.Conv2d(64, 128, kernel size=5, padding="same"),
            nn.BatchNorm2d(128),
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size=2),
            nn.Conv2d(128, 256, kernel size=5, padding="same"),
```

```
nn.BatchNorm2d(256),
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size=2)
        self.fc layers = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Flatten(),
            nn.Linear(256 * 3 * 3, 256),
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.Dropout(0.2),
            nn.Linear(256, 10)
        )
    def forward(self, x):
        x = self.conv layers(x)
        x = self.fc layers(x)
        return x
# Initialize weights
def initialize weights(m):
    if isinstance(m, nn.Conv2d) or isinstance(m, nn.Linear):
        nn.init.kaiming_normal (m.weight)
# Training and evaluation
def train and evaluate(model, train loader, val loader, epochs=20,
learning rate=0.001):
    model.to(device)
    model.apply(initialize weights)
    optimizer = Adam(model.parameters(), lr=learning rate)
    scheduler = StepLR(optimizer, step size=10, gamma=0.1)
    criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
    for epoch in range(1, epochs + 1):
        # Training
        model.train()
        train loss, train correct, train total = 0, 0, 0
        for images, labels in train_loader:
            images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
            optimizer.zero_grad()
            outputs = model(images)
            loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
            loss.backward()
            optimizer.step()
            train loss += loss.item()
            _, predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
            train total += labels.size(0)
            train correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
        scheduler.step()
        train accuracy = train correct / train total
```

```
# Validation
        model.eval()
        val_loss, val_correct, val_total = 0, 0, 0
        with torch.no grad():
            for images, labels in val loader:
                images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
                outputs = model(images)
                loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
                val loss += loss.item()
                , predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
                val total += labels.size(0)
                val correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
        val accuracy = val correct / val total
        print(f"Epoch {epoch}/{epochs} - Train Loss: {train loss:.4f},
Train Acc: {train accuracy:.4f}, "
              f"Val Loss: {val loss:.4f}, Val Acc:
{val accuracy:.4f}")
    return model
def evaluate test data(model, test loader):
    model.eval()
    test correct, test total = 0, 0
    with torch.no grad():
        for images, labels in test_loader:
            images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
            outputs = model(images)
            , predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
            test total += labels.size(0)
            test correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
    test accuracy = test correct / test total
    print(f"Test Accuracy: {test accuracy:.4f}")
    return test accuracy
# Visualize predictions
def visualize predictions(model, test loader, num samples=10):
    model.eval()
    images, labels = next(iter(test loader))
    images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
    indices = random.sample(range(len(images)), num samples)
    selected images = images[indices]
    selected labels = labels[indices]
    with torch.no grad():
        outputs = model(selected images)
        , predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 5))
    for i in range(num samples):
        img = selected images[i].cpu().squeeze()
        label = selected labels[i].item()
        pred = predicted[i].item()
        plt.subplot(1, num samples, i + 1)
        plt.imshow(img, cmap="gray")
        plt.title(f"Label: {label}\nPred: {pred}\n{'Correct' if label
== pred else 'Wrong'}")
        plt.axis("off")
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.show()
# Main execution
if <u>__name__</u> == "__main ":
    batch size = 64
    epochs = 20
    learning rate = 0.001
    # Data loaders
    train_loader, val_loader = get_fashion_mnist_data(batch_size)
    test loader = get fashion mnist test data(batch size)
    # Model
    model = CNNModel()
    print("\nModel Summary:")
    summary(model, input size=(batch size, 1, 28, 28),
col_names=["input_size", "output_size", "num_params", "trainable"])
    # Training and evaluation
    model = train and evaluate(model, train loader, val loader,
epochs, learning rate)
    # Test evaluation
    evaluate test data(model, test loader)
    # Visualize predictions
    visualize predictions(model, test loader, num samples=10)
Using device: cuda
Model Summary:
Epoch 1/20 - Train Loss: 492.7378, Train Acc: 0.7947, Val Loss:
33.0454, Val Acc: 0.8374
Epoch 2/20 - Train Loss: 328.1750, Train Acc: 0.8606, Val Loss:
26.9135, Val Acc: 0.8724
Epoch 3/20 - Train Loss: 284.3532, Train Acc: 0.8778, Val Loss:
21.7702, Val Acc: 0.8976
Epoch 4/20 - Train Loss: 260.7601, Train Acc: 0.8886, Val Loss:
21.8276, Val Acc: 0.8966
```

```
Epoch 5/20 - Train Loss: 241.8697, Train Acc: 0.8970, Val Loss:
21.8927, Val Acc: 0.8950
Epoch 6/20 - Train Loss: 228.5601, Train Acc: 0.9021, Val Loss:
20.7777, Val Acc: 0.8996
Epoch 7/20 - Train Loss: 213.6508, Train Acc: 0.9087, Val Loss:
18.5639, Val Acc: 0.9114
Epoch 8/20 - Train Loss: 202.8541, Train Acc: 0.9116, Val Loss:
19.6473, Val Acc: 0.9086
Epoch 9/20 - Train Loss: 196.6834, Train Acc: 0.9153, Val Loss:
19.4991, Val Acc: 0.9086
Epoch 10/20 - Train Loss: 188.0848, Train Acc: 0.9181, Val Loss:
17.9062, Val Acc: 0.9188
Epoch 11/20 - Train Loss: 152.7850, Train Acc: 0.9340, Val Loss:
15.6826, Val Acc: 0.9266
Epoch 12/20 - Train Loss: 142.1526, Train Acc: 0.9381, Val Loss:
15.4411, Val Acc: 0.9284
Epoch 13/20 - Train Loss: 136.4327, Train Acc: 0.9410, Val Loss:
14.8171, Val Acc: 0.9354
Epoch 14/20 - Train Loss: 133.3231, Train Acc: 0.9423, Val Loss:
15.1476, Val Acc: 0.9316
Epoch 15/20 - Train Loss: 130.7323, Train Acc: 0.9433, Val Loss:
14.8775, Val Acc: 0.9356
Epoch 16/20 - Train Loss: 125.6844, Train Acc: 0.9459, Val Loss:
15.4331, Val Acc: 0.9306
Epoch 17/20 - Train Loss: 124.6524, Train Acc: 0.9457, Val Loss:
15.2534, Val Acc: 0.9322
Epoch 18/20 - Train Loss: 121.1426, Train Acc: 0.9476, Val Loss:
15.1485, Val Acc: 0.9348
Epoch 19/20 - Train Loss: 118.9053, Train Acc: 0.9478, Val Loss:
14.9872, Val Acc: 0.9344
Epoch 20/20 - Train Loss: 115.5316, Train Acc: 0.9495, Val Loss:
14.9175, Val Acc: 0.9336
Test Accuracy: 0.9281
```



```
# Import libraries
import os
import random
import torch
from torch import nn
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader, random_split
from torchvision import datasets, transforms, models
from torch.optim import Adam
from torch.optim.lr_scheduler import StepLR
```

```
from torchinfo import summary
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Check device
device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is available() else "cpu")
print(f"Using device: {device}")
# Define data loaders
def get fashion mnist data(batch size=64):
    transform = transforms.Compose([
        transforms.RandomHorizontalFlip(p=0.5),
        transforms.RandomRotation(15),
        transforms.ToTensor(),
        transforms.Normalize(mean=0.286, std=0.353)
    1)
    dataset = datasets.FashionMNIST(root="./data", train=True,
download=True, transform=transform)
    train set, val set = random split(dataset, [55000, 5000])
    train loader = DataLoader(train set, batch size=batch size,
shuffle=True)
    val loader = DataLoader(val set, batch size=batch size)
    return train loader, val loader
def get_fashion_mnist_test_data(batch_size=64):
    transform = transforms.Compose([
        transforms.ToTensor(),
        transforms.Normalize(mean=0.286, std=0.353)
    ])
    test set = datasets.FashionMNIST(root="./data", train=False,
download=True, transform=transform)
    test loader = DataLoader(test set, batch size=batch size)
    return test loader
# Define CNN model
class CNNModel(nn.Module):
    def init (self):
        super(CNNModel, self). init ()
        self.conv layers = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Conv2d(1, 64, kernel size=5, padding="same"),
            nn.BatchNorm2d(64),
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size=2),
            nn.Conv2d(64, 128, kernel size=5, padding="same"),
            nn.BatchNorm2d(128),
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size=2),
            nn.Conv2d(128, 256, kernel size=5, padding="same"),
            nn.BatchNorm2d(256),
```

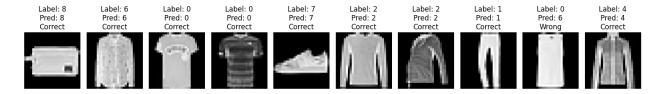
```
nn.ReLU(),
            nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size=2)
        self.fc layers = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Flatten(),
            nn.Linear(256 * 3 * 3, 256),
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.Dropout(0.2),
            nn.Linear(256, 10)
        )
    def forward(self, x):
        x = self.conv layers(x)
        x = self.fc layers(x)
        return x
# Initialize weights
def initialize weights(m):
    if isinstance(m, nn.Conv2d) or isinstance(m, nn.Linear):
        nn.init.kaiming normal (m.weight)
# Training and evaluation
def train_and_evaluate(model, train_loader, val_loader, epochs=20,
learning_rate=0.001):
    model.to(device)
    model.apply(initialize weights)
    optimizer = Adam(model.parameters(), lr=learning rate)
    scheduler = StepLR(optimizer, step size=10, gamma=0.1)
    criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
    for epoch in range(1, epochs + 1):
        # Training
        model.train()
        train_loss, train_correct, train_total = 0, 0, 0
        for images, labels in train loader:
            images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
            optimizer.zero grad()
            outputs = model(images)
            loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
            loss.backward()
            optimizer.step()
            train loss += loss.item()
            _, predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
            train total += labels.size(0)
            train correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
        scheduler.step()
        train accuracy = train correct / train total
        # Validation
```

```
model.eval()
        val loss, val correct, val total = 0, 0, 0
        with torch.no grad():
            for images, labels in val loader:
                images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
                outputs = model(images)
                loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
                val loss += loss.item()
                _, predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
                val total += labels.size(0)
                val correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
        val accuracy = val correct / val total
        print(f"Epoch {epoch}/{epochs} - Train Loss: {train loss: .4f},
Train Acc: {train accuracy:.4f}, "
              f"Val Loss: {val_loss:.4f}, Val Acc:
{val accuracy:.4f}")
    return model
def evaluate test data(model, test_loader):
    model.eval()
    test_correct, test_total = 0, 0
    with torch.no_grad():
        for images, labels in test loader:
            images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
            outputs = model(images)
            , predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
            test_total += labels.size(0)
            test correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
    test_accuracy = test_correct / test total
    print(f"Test Accuracy: {test accuracy:.4f}")
    return test accuracy
def visualize predictions with misclassification(model, test loader,
num samples=10):
    Visualize random predictions including at least one misclassified
sample.
    model.eval()
    images, labels = next(iter(test loader))
    images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
    # Make predictions
    with torch.no grad():
        outputs = model(images)
        _, predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
```

```
# Find misclassified samples
    correct = (predicted == labels)
    incorrect = ~correct
    incorrect indices = torch.nonzero(incorrect).squeeze().tolist()
    if isinstance(incorrect indices, int): # Handle single incorrect
case
        incorrect indices = [incorrect indices]
    # Ensure at least one misclassified sample
    selected indices = random.sample(range(len(images)), num samples -
1) # Select random samples
    if incorrect indices: # If there are misclassified samples,
include one
        selected indices.append(incorrect indices[0])
        print("Warning: No misclassified samples found in this
batch.")
        selected indices = random.sample(range(len(images)),
num samples) # Fallback to random samples
    # Visualize selected samples
    selected images = images[selected indices]
    selected labels = labels[selected indices]
    selected predictions = predicted[selected indices]
    plt.figure(figsize=(15, 5))
    for i in range(num samples):
        img = selected images[i].cpu().squeeze()
        label = selected labels[i].item()
        pred = selected predictions[i].item()
        plt.subplot(1, num samples, i + 1)
        plt.imshow(img, cmap="gray")
        plt.title(f"Label: {label}\nPred: {pred}\n{'Correct' if label
== pred else 'Wrong'}")
        plt.axis("off")
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.show()
    # Analyze the misclassified sample
    if incorrect indices:
        print("\nMisclassified Sample Analysis:")
        misclassified image =
images[incorrect indices[0]].cpu().squeeze()
        misclassified label = labels[incorrect indices[0]].item()
        misclassified pred = predicted[incorrect indices[0]].item()
        plt.figure(figsize=(3, 3))
        plt.imshow(misclassified image, cmap="gray")
        plt.title(f"Label: {misclassified_label}, Pred:
{misclassified pred} (Wrong)")
        plt.axis("off")
```

```
plt.show()
# Main execution
if <u>__name__</u> == "__main__":
    batch size = 64
    epochs = 20
    learning rate = 0.001
    # Data loaders
    train loader, val loader = get fashion mnist data(batch size)
    test loader = get fashion mnist test data(batch size)
    # Model
    model = CNNModel()
    print("\nModel Summary:")
    summary(model, input size=(batch size, 1, 28, 28),
col_names=["input_size", "output_size", "num_params", "trainable"])
    # Training and evaluation
    model = train and evaluate(model, train loader, val loader,
epochs, learning rate)
    # Test evaluation
    evaluate test data(model, test loader)
    # Visualize predictions
    visualize predictions(model, test loader, num samples=10)
Using device: cuda
Model Summary:
Epoch 1/20 - Train Loss: 508.3955, Train Acc: 0.7921, Val Loss:
39.9118, Val Acc: 0.8132
Epoch 2/20 - Train Loss: 329.3808, Train Acc: 0.8603, Val Loss:
28.8398, Val Acc: 0.8672
Epoch 3/20 - Train Loss: 286.7039, Train Acc: 0.8795, Val Loss:
25.1831, Val Acc: 0.8818
Epoch 4/20 - Train Loss: 261.1377, Train Acc: 0.8885, Val Loss:
27.4458, Val Acc: 0.8776
Epoch 5/20 - Train Loss: 246.8587, Train Acc: 0.8938, Val Loss:
22.5386, Val Acc: 0.8944
Epoch 6/20 - Train Loss: 227.8867, Train Acc: 0.9026, Val Loss:
26.2912, Val Acc: 0.8790
Epoch 7/20 - Train Loss: 217.8819, Train Acc: 0.9062, Val Loss:
20.2346, Val Acc: 0.9066
Epoch 8/20 - Train Loss: 208.7526, Train Acc: 0.9097, Val Loss:
20.4965, Val Acc: 0.9120
Epoch 9/20 - Train Loss: 199.5646, Train Acc: 0.9148, Val Loss:
20.5986, Val Acc: 0.9066
```

```
Epoch 10/20 - Train Loss: 188.1443, Train Acc: 0.9192, Val Loss:
19.1594, Val Acc: 0.9110
Epoch 11/20 - Train Loss: 155.0726, Train Acc: 0.9343, Val Loss:
17.7000, Val Acc: 0.9214
Epoch 12/20 - Train Loss: 146.3248, Train Acc: 0.9380, Val Loss:
17.5810, Val Acc: 0.9234
Epoch 13/20 - Train Loss: 142.7166, Train Acc: 0.9384, Val Loss:
17.4210, Val Acc: 0.9258
Epoch 14/20 - Train Loss: 137.0445, Train Acc: 0.9416, Val Loss:
16.8176, Val Acc: 0.9230
Epoch 15/20 - Train Loss: 133.8361, Train Acc: 0.9417, Val Loss:
16.6635, Val Acc: 0.9258
Epoch 16/20 - Train Loss: 131.0920, Train Acc: 0.9434, Val Loss:
17.4009, Val Acc: 0.9230
Epoch 17/20 - Train Loss: 129.7344, Train Acc: 0.9439, Val Loss:
17.1526, Val Acc: 0.9270
Epoch 18/20 - Train Loss: 124.4361, Train Acc: 0.9472, Val Loss:
16.6782, Val Acc: 0.9226
Epoch 19/20 - Train Loss: 122.1095, Train Acc: 0.9477, Val Loss:
16.7930, Val Acc: 0.9246
Epoch 20/20 - Train Loss: 121.0121, Train Acc: 0.9483, Val Loss:
16.6938, Val Acc: 0.9276
Test Accuracy: 0.9323
```



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•••

Classifier	Preprocessing	Fashion test accuracy	MNIST test accuracy	Submitter
2 Conv+pooling	None	0.876		Kashif Rasul
2 Conv+pooling	None	0.916		Tensorflow's doc
2 Conv+pooling+ELU activation (PyTorch)	None	0.903		<u>@AbhirajHinge</u>
2 Conv	Normalization, random horizontal flip, random vertical flip, random translation, random rotation.	0.919	0.971	<u>Kyriakos</u> <u>Efthymiadis</u>
2 Conv <100K parameters	None	0.925	0.992	@hardmaru
2 Conv ~113K parameters	Normalization	0.922	0.993	Abel G.
2 Conv+3 FC	Normalization	0.932	0.994	@Xfan1025

```
from pathlib import Path
import os
import torch
import wandb
from torch import nn
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader, random_split
from torchvision import datasets, transforms, models
from torch.optim import Adam
from torch.optim.lr_scheduler import StepLR
from torchinfo import summary # torchinfo
# Use the current working directory
BASE PATH = Path().resolve()
def get fashion mnist data():
   data_path = os.path.join(BASE_PATH, "_00_data", "j_fashion_mnist")
   transform = transforms.Compose([
       transforms.RandomHorizontalFlip(p=0.5), # 50%
       transforms.RandomRotation(15),
       transforms.ToTensor(),
       transforms.Normalize(mean=0.286, std=0.353) #
   ])
```

```
f mnist train = datasets.FashionMNIST(data path, train=True,
download=True, transform=transform)
    f_mnist_train, f_mnist_validation = random split(f mnist train,
[55 000, 5 000])
   train data loader = DataLoader(
        dataset=f mnist train, batch size=wandb.config.batch size,
shuffle=True, pin memory=True, num workers=0
   validation data loader = DataLoader(
        dataset=f mnist validation,
batch size=wandb.config.batch size, pin memory=True, num workers=0
    return train data loader, validation data loader
def get fashion mnist test data():
   data path = os.path.join(BASE PATH, " 00 data", "j fashion mnist")
   transform = transforms.Compose([
        transforms.ToTensor(),
        transforms.Normalize(mean=0.286, std=0.353) #
    ])
    f mnist test = datasets.FashionMNIST(data path, train=False,
download=True, transform=transform)
   test data loader = DataLoader(
        dataset=f mnist test, batch size=wandb.config.batch size,
pin memory=True, num workers=0
    return test data loader
class CNNModel(nn.Module):
   def init (self):
        super(CNNModel, self).__init ()
        self.conv_layers = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Conv2d(1, 64, kernel size=5, padding="same"),
            nn.BatchNorm2d(64), # Batch Normalization ネーナ
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size=2), # Output: (64, 14, 14)
            nn.Conv2d(64, 128, kernel size=5, padding="same"),
            nn.BatchNorm2d(128), # Batch Normalization ネナ가
            nn.ReLU(),
            nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size=2), # Output: (128, 7, 7)
            nn.Conv2d(128, 256, kernel size=5, padding="same"),
```

```
nn.BatchNorm2d(<mark>256</mark>), # Batch Normalization ネナ가
           nn.ReLU(),
           nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size=2) # Output: (256, 3, 3)
       )
       self.fc layers = nn.Sequential(
           nn.Flatten(),
                                                 # Flatten for
Fully Connected Layer
           nn.Linear(256 * 3 * 3, 256),
                                                 # Fully Connected
Layer
           nn.ReLU(),
           nn.Dropout(0.2),
                                                  # Dropout ネナル
           nn.Linear(256, 10)
                                                 # Output Layer for
10 Classes
       )
   def forward(self, x):
       x = self.conv layers(x)
       x = self.fc_layers(x)
       return x
def train and evaluate(epochs, train data loader,
validation data loader):
   device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is available() else
"cpu")
   model = CNNModel().to(device)
   model.apply(initialize weights) # 가スㅜoㅊ / ぇㅗㄱ / ぁヰ
   optimizer = Adam(model.parameters(),
lr=wandb.config.learning rate)
   scheduler = StepLR(optimizer, step size=10, gamma=0.1) # 10 epoch
  90%
   criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
   for epoch in range(1, epochs + 1):
       # Training
       model.train()
       train loss, train correct, train total = 0, 0, 0
       for images, labels in train_data_loader:
           images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
           optimizer.zero_grad()
           outputs = model(images)
           loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
           loss.backward()
           optimizer.step()
```

```
train loss += loss.item()
            , predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
            train total += labels.size(0)
            train correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
        scheduler.step()
        train accuracy = train correct / train total
        train loss /= len(train data loader)
        # Validation
        model.eval()
        val loss, val correct, val total = 0, 0, 0
        with torch.no grad():
            for images, labels in validation data loader:
                images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
                outputs = model(images)
                loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
                val loss += loss.item()
                _, predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
                val total += labels.size(0)
                val correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
        val accuracy = val correct / val total
        val loss /= len(validation data loader)
        # Log metrics to wandb
        wandb.log({
            "epoch": epoch,
            "train loss": train loss,
            "train_accuracy": train_accuracy,
            "val loss": val loss,
            "val_accuracy": val_accuracy
        })
        print(f"Epoch [{epoch}/{epochs}] - Train Loss:
{train loss:.4f}, Train Acc: {train accuracy:.4f}, "
              f"Val Loss: {val loss:.4f}, Val Acc:
{val accuracy:.4f}")
    return model #
def evaluate test data(model, test data loader, device):
    model.eval()
    test correct, test total = 0, 0
    with torch.no grad():
        for images, labels in test_data loader:
```

```
images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
            outputs = model(images)
            _, predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
            test total += labels.size(0)
            test correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
    test accuracy = test correct / test total
    return test accuracy
# 가スToㅊ / ㅊㅗㄱ / ㅎ屮 ㅎㅏㅁㅅㅜ
def initialize weights(m):
    if isinstance(m, nn.Conv2d) or isinstance(m, nn.Linear):
        nn.init.kaiming normal (m.weight) # He Initialization
if __name__ == "__main__":
    config = {"batch size": 64, "learning rate": 0.0005, "epochs": 20}
    wandb.init(project="fashion-mnist-project", config=config,
name="64, 0.0005,100")
    train_data_loader, validation_data_loader =
get fashion mnist data()
    test data loader = get fashion mnist test data()
    # GoogLeNet
    googlenet = models.googlenet(pretrained=False, aux logits=False)
    print("\nGoogLeNet Model Structure Summary:\n")
    summary(googlenet, input size=(64, 1, 28, 28),
col_names=["input_size", "output_size", "num_params", "trainable"])
    # Start training and evaluating
    trained_model = train_and_evaluate(wandb.config.epochs,
train data loader, validation data loader)
    # Evaluate on test data
    device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is available() else
"cpu")
    test accuracy = evaluate test data(trained model,
test data loader, device)
    # Log test accuracy to wandb
    wandb.log({"test accuracy": test accuracy})
    print(f"Test Accuracy: {test accuracy:.4f}")
    wandb.finish()
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
```

```
<IPvthon.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
GoogLeNet Model Structure Summary:
RuntimeError
                                          Traceback (most recent call
last)
File ~/.local/lib/python3.10/site-packages/torchinfo/torchinfo.py:295,
in forward pass(model, x, batch dim, cache forward pass, device, mode,
**kwarqs)
    294 if isinstance(x, (list, tuple)):
--> 295 = model(*x, **kwargs)
    296 elif isinstance(x, dict):
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/nn/modules/module.py:151
1, in Module. wrapped call impl(self, *args, **kwargs)
   1510 else:
-> 1511 return self. call impl(*args, **kwargs)
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/nn/modules/module.py:156
1, in Module. call impl(self, *args, **kwargs)
            args = bw hook.setup input hook(args)
-> 1561 result = forward_call(*args, **kwargs)
   1562 if global forward hooks or self._forward_hooks:
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torchvision/models/googlenet.p
y:174, in GoogLeNet.forward(self, x)
    173 \times = self. transform input(x)
--> 174 x, aux1, \overline{a}ux2 = self. forward(x)
    175 aux defined = self.training and self.aux logits
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torchvision/models/googlenet.p
y:112, in GoogLeNet. forward(self, x)
```

```
110 def forward(self, x: Tensor) -> Tuple[Tensor,
Optional[Tensor], Optional[Tensor]]:
    111
           # N x 3 x 224 x 224
--> 112
           x = self.conv1(x)
   113
           # N x 64 x 112 x 112
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/nn/modules/module.py:151
1, in Module. wrapped call impl(self, *args, **kwargs)
   1510 else:
-> 1511 return self. call impl(*args, **kwargs)
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/nn/modules/module.py:156
1, in Module. call impl(self, *args, **kwargs)
            args = bw hook.setup input hook(args)
   1559
-> 1561 result = forward call(*args, **kwargs)
   1562 if global forward hooks or self. forward hooks:
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torchvision/models/googlenet.p
y:273, in BasicConv2d.forward(self, x)
   272 def forward(self, x: Tensor) -> Tensor:
--> 273
           x = self.conv(x)
   x = self.bn(x)
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/nn/modules/module.py:151
1, in Module. wrapped call impl(self, *args, **kwargs)
   1510 else:
-> 1511 return self. call impl(*args, **kwargs)
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/nn/modules/module.py:156
1, in Module. call impl(self, *args, **kwargs)
           args = bw hook.setup input hook(args)
   1559
-> 1561 result = forward call(*args, **kwargs)
   1562 if global forward hooks or self. forward hooks:
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/nn/modules/conv.py:460,
in Conv2d.forward(self, input)
   459 def forward(self, input: Tensor) -> Tensor:
--> 460 return self. conv forward(input, self.weight, self.bias)
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/nn/modules/conv.py:456,
in Conv2d. conv forward(self, input, weight, bias)
           return F.conv2d(F.pad(input,
self. reversed padding repeated twice, mode=self.padding mode),
```

```
454
                            weight, bias, self.stride,
    455
                            pair(0), self.dilation, self.groups)
--> 456 return F.conv2d(input, weight, bias, self.stride,
                        self.padding, self.dilation, self.groups)
RuntimeError: Given groups=1, weight of size [64, 3, 7, 7], expected
input[64, 1, 28, 28] to have 3 channels, but got 1 channels instead
The above exception was the direct cause of the following exception:
RuntimeError
                                          Traceback (most recent call
last)
Cell In[3], line 187
    185 googlenet = models.googlenet(pretrained=False,
aux logits=False)
    186 print("\nGoogLeNet Model Structure Summary:\n")
--> 187 summary(googlenet, input_size=(64, 1, 28, 28),
col_names=["input_size", "output_size", "num_params", "trainable"])
    189 # Start training and evaluating
    190 trained model = train and evaluate(wandb.config.epochs,
train data loader, validation data loader)
File ~/.local/lib/python3.10/site-packages/torchinfo/torchinfo.py:223,
in summary(model, input size, input data, batch dim,
cache_forward_pass, col_names, col_width, depth, device, dtypes, mode,
row settings, verbose, **kwargs)
    216 validate user params(
            input data, input size, columns, col width, device,
dtypes, verbose
    218 )
    220 x, correct input size = process input(
    221
            input data, input size, batch dim, device, dtypes
    222 )
--> 223 summary list = forward pass(
            model, x, batch dim, cache forward pass, device,
model mode, **kwarqs
    225 )
    226 formatting = FormattingOptions(depth, verbose, columns,
col width, rows)
    227 results = ModelStatistics(
            summary list, correct input size,
get total memory used(x), formatting
    229 )
File ~/.local/lib/python3.10/site-packages/torchinfo/torchinfo.py:304,
in forward pass(model, x, batch dim, cache forward pass, device, mode,
**kwaras)
    302 except Exception as e:
            executed layers = [layer for layer in summary list if
    303
layer.executed]
```

```
--> 304
           raise RuntimeError(
                "Failed to run torchinfo. See above stack traces for
    305
more details. "
   306
               f"Executed layers up to: {executed layers}"
   307
           ) from e
   308 finally:
   309 if hooks:
RuntimeError: Failed to run torchinfo. See above stack traces for more
details. Executed layers up to: []
def get fashion mnist data():
    data path = os.path.join(BASE PATH, " 00 data", "j fashion mnist")
   transform = transforms.Compose([
       transforms.RandomHorizontalFlip(p=0.5), # 50%
       transforms.RandomRotation(15),
                                              # -15 15
       transforms.ToTensor(),
       transforms.Normalize(mean=0.286, std=0.353) #
   1)
   f mnist train = datasets.FashionMNIST(data path, train=True,
download=True, transform=transform)
    f_mnist_train, f_mnist_validation = random split(f mnist train,
[55 000, 5 000])
class CNNModel(nn.Module):
   def init (self):
       super(CNNModel, self).__init__()
       self.conv layers = nn.Sequential(
           nn.Conv2d(1, 64, kernel_size=5, padding="same"),
           nn.BatchNorm2d(64), # Batch Normalization ネーナ
           nn.ReLU(),
           nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size=2), # Output: (64, 14, 14)
           nn.Conv2d(64, 128, kernel_size=5, padding="same"),
           nn.BatchNorm2d(128), # Batch Normalization ネア가
           nn.ReLU(),
           nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size=2), # Output: (128, 7, 7)
           nn.Conv2d(128, 256, kernel size=5, padding="same"),
           nn.BatchNorm2d(256), # Batch Normalization ネナ가
           nn.ReLU(),
           nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size=2) # Output: (256, 3, 3)
       )
       self.fc layers = nn.Sequential(
           nn.Flatten().
                                                  # Flatten for
```

```
Fully Connected Layer
           nn.Linear(256 * 3 * 3, 256),
                                                 # Fully Connected
Layer
           nn.ReLU(),
           nn.Dropout(0.2),
                                                  # Dropout スナ가
           nn.Linear(256, 10)
                                                  # Output Layer for
10 Classes
   def forward(self, x):
       x = self.conv layers(x)
       x = self.fc layers(x)
       return x
def train and evaluate(epochs, train data loader,
validation data loader):
   device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is available() else
"cpu")
   model = CNNModel().to(device)
   model.apply(initialize weights) # 가スてのえ / えユコ / さみ
   optimizer = Adam(model.parameters(),
lr=wandb.config.learning rate)
   scheduler = StepLR(optimizer, step_size=10, gamma=0.1) # 10 epoch
  90%
   criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
   for epoch in range(1, epochs + 1):
       # Training
       model.train()
       train loss, train correct, train total = 0, 0, 0
       for images, labels in train data loader:
           images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
           optimizer.zero grad()
           outputs = model(images)
           loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
           loss.backward()
           optimizer.step()
           train loss += loss.item()
           _, predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
           train total += labels.size(0)
           train_correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
       scheduler.step() #
```

```
# 가スてのえ / えエコ / まみ まトロスて
def initialize weights(m):
   if isinstance(m, nn.Conv2d) or isinstance(m, nn.Linear):
        nn.init.kaiming normal (m.weight) # He Initialization
if name == " main ":
    config = {"batch size": 64, "learning rate": 0.001, "epochs": 100}
wandb: Currently logged in as: -ddj127 (-ddj127-korea-university-of-
technology-and-education). Use `wandb login --relogin` to force
relogin
{"model id": "b0e5eea466e0493283e27011f0de2323", "version major": 2, "vers
ion minor":0}
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
Epoch [1/100] - Train Loss: 0.5602, Train Acc: 0.8006, Val Loss:
0.3983, Val Acc: 0.8528
Epoch [2/100] - Train Loss: 0.3753, Train Acc: 0.8632, Val Loss:
0.3567, Val Acc: 0.8732
Epoch [3/100] - Train Loss: 0.3267, Train Acc: 0.8803, Val Loss:
0.2959, Val Acc: 0.8910
Epoch [4/100] - Train Loss: 0.2978, Train Acc: 0.8908, Val Loss:
0.2906, Val Acc: 0.8936
Epoch [5/100] - Train Loss: 0.2812, Train Acc: 0.8971, Val Loss:
0.3019, Val Acc: 0.8912
Epoch [6/100] - Train Loss: 0.2646, Train Acc: 0.9031, Val Loss:
0.2712, Val Acc: 0.9008
Epoch [7/100] - Train Loss: 0.2483, Train Acc: 0.9060, Val Loss:
0.2619, Val Acc: 0.9066
Epoch [8/100] - Train Loss: 0.2368, Train Acc: 0.9126, Val Loss:
0.2543, Val Acc: 0.9086
Epoch [9/100] - Train Loss: 0.2265, Train Acc: 0.9176, Val Loss:
0.2683, Val Acc: 0.9052
Epoch [10/100] - Train Loss: 0.2166, Train Acc: 0.9202, Val Loss:
0.2570, Val Acc: 0.9110
Epoch [11/100] - Train Loss: 0.1765, Train Acc: 0.9357, Val Loss:
0.2148, Val Acc: 0.9244
```

```
Epoch [12/100] - Train Loss: 0.1657, Train Acc: 0.9381, Val Loss:
0.2196, Val Acc: 0.9218
Epoch [13/100] - Train Loss: 0.1600, Train Acc: 0.9414, Val Loss:
0.2193, Val Acc: 0.9212
Epoch [14/100] - Train Loss: 0.1545, Train Acc: 0.9423, Val Loss:
0.2214, Val Acc: 0.9186
Epoch [15/100] - Train Loss: 0.1511, Train Acc: 0.9444, Val Loss:
0.2134, Val Acc: 0.9252
Epoch [16/100] - Train Loss: 0.1481, Train Acc: 0.9445, Val Loss:
0.2118, Val Acc: 0.9218
Epoch [17/100] - Train Loss: 0.1461, Train Acc: 0.9456, Val Loss:
0.2146, Val Acc: 0.9224
Epoch [18/100] - Train Loss: 0.1420, Train Acc: 0.9469, Val Loss:
0.2142, Val Acc: 0.9286
Epoch [19/100] - Train Loss: 0.1372, Train Acc: 0.9501, Val Loss:
0.2076, Val Acc: 0.9262
Epoch [20/100] - Train Loss: 0.1357, Train Acc: 0.9499, Val Loss:
0.2115, Val Acc: 0.9280
Epoch [21/100] - Train Loss: 0.1308, Train Acc: 0.9519, Val Loss:
0.2178, Val Acc: 0.9268
Epoch [22/100] - Train Loss: 0.1283, Train Acc: 0.9532, Val Loss:
0.2093, Val Acc: 0.9324
Epoch [23/100] - Train Loss: 0.1292, Train Acc: 0.9520, Val Loss:
0.2087, Val Acc: 0.9264
Epoch [24/100] - Train Loss: 0.1272, Train Acc: 0.9521, Val Loss:
0.2088, Val Acc: 0.9264
Epoch [25/100] - Train Loss: 0.1267, Train Acc: 0.9529, Val Loss:
0.2093, Val Acc: 0.9286
Epoch [26/100] - Train Loss: 0.1255, Train Acc: 0.9537, Val Loss:
0.2106, Val Acc: 0.9290
Epoch [27/100] - Train Loss: 0.1266, Train Acc: 0.9520, Val Loss:
0.2061, Val Acc: 0.9284
Epoch [28/100] - Train Loss: 0.1255, Train Acc: 0.9537, Val Loss:
0.2079, Val Acc: 0.9316
Epoch [29/100] - Train Loss: 0.1255, Train Acc: 0.9544, Val Loss:
0.2093, Val Acc: 0.9268
Epoch [30/100] - Train Loss: 0.1248, Train Acc: 0.9545, Val Loss:
0.2093, Val Acc: 0.9306
Epoch [31/100] - Train Loss: 0.1247, Train Acc: 0.9540, Val Loss:
0.2103, Val Acc: 0.9266
Epoch [32/100] - Train Loss: 0.1253, Train Acc: 0.9536, Val Loss:
0.2099, Val Acc: 0.9252
Epoch [33/100] - Train Loss: 0.1247, Train Acc: 0.9538, Val Loss:
0.2137, Val Acc: 0.9286
Epoch [34/100] - Train Loss: 0.1233, Train Acc: 0.9549, Val Loss:
0.2127, Val Acc: 0.9280
Epoch [35/100] - Train Loss: 0.1265, Train Acc: 0.9534, Val Loss:
0.2084, Val Acc: 0.9278
Epoch [36/100] - Train Loss: 0.1243, Train Acc: 0.9541, Val Loss:
```

```
0.2135, Val Acc: 0.9290
Epoch [37/100] - Train Loss: 0.1239, Train Acc: 0.9540, Val Loss:
0.2099, Val Acc: 0.9282
Epoch [38/100] - Train Loss: 0.1241, Train Acc: 0.9537, Val Loss:
0.2102, Val Acc: 0.9290
Epoch [39/100] - Train Loss: 0.1222, Train Acc: 0.9546, Val Loss:
0.2102, Val Acc: 0.9304
Epoch [40/100] - Train Loss: 0.1231, Train Acc: 0.9550, Val Loss:
0.2162, Val Acc: 0.9296
Epoch [41/100] - Train Loss: 0.1251, Train Acc: 0.9543, Val Loss:
0.2130, Val Acc: 0.9260
Epoch [42/100] - Train Loss: 0.1251, Train Acc: 0.9537, Val Loss:
0.2112, Val Acc: 0.9288
Epoch [43/100] - Train Loss: 0.1239, Train Acc: 0.9541, Val Loss:
0.2144, Val Acc: 0.9260
Epoch [44/100] - Train Loss: 0.1246, Train Acc: 0.9532, Val Loss:
0.2111, Val Acc: 0.9256
                                          Traceback (most recent call
KeyboardInterrupt
last)
Cell In[3], line 153
    150 train data loader, validation data loader =
get fashion mnist data()
    152 # Start training and evaluating
--> 153 train and evaluate(wandb.config.epochs, train data loader,
validation data loader)
    155 wandb.finish()
Cell In[3], line 90, in train_and_evaluate(epochs, train_data_loader,
validation data loader)
     88 model.train()
     89 train loss, train correct, train total = 0, 0, 0
---> 90 for images, labels in train data loader:
            images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
     91
     92
            optimizer.zero grad()
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/utils/data/dataloader.py
:631, in BaseDataLoaderIter. next (self)
    628 if self. sampler iter is None:
            # TODO(https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/issues/76750)
    629
    630
            self. reset() # type: ignore[call-arg]
--> 631 data = self. next data()
    632 self. num yielded += 1
    633 if self. dataset kind == DatasetKind.Iterable and \
                self. IterableDataset_len_called is not None and \
    634
    635
                self. num yielded > self. IterableDataset len called:
```

```
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/utils/data/dataloader.py
:675, in SingleProcessDataLoaderIter. next data(self)
    673 def next data(self):
    674
            index = self. next index() # may raise StopIteration
--> 675
            data = self. dataset fetcher.fetch(index) # may raise
StopIteration
            if self. pin memory:
    676
                data = utils.pin memory.pin memory(data,
    677
self. pin memory device)
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/utils/data/ utils/fetch.
py:54, in MapDatasetFetcher.fetch(self, possibly batched index)
     52 else:
            data = self.dataset[possibly batched index]
---> 54 return self.collate fn(data)
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/utils/data/ utils/collat
e.py:277, in default collate(batch)
    216 def default collate(batch):
            r"""
    217
    218
            Take in a batch of data and put the elements within the
batch into a tensor with an additional outer dimension - batch size.
    219
   (\ldots)
    275
                >>> default collate(batch) # Handle `CustomType`
automatically
    276
--> 277
            return collate(batch,
collate fn map=default collate fn map)
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/utils/data/ utils/collat
e.py:144, in collate(batch, collate fn map)
    141 transposed = list(zip(*batch)) # It may be accessed twice, so
we use a list.
    143 if isinstance(elem, tuple):
            return [collate(samples, collate fn map=collate fn map)
for samples in transposed] # Backwards compatibility.
    145 else:
    146
        try:
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/utils/data/ utils/collat
e.pv:144, in <listcomp>(.0)
    141 transposed = list(zip(*batch)) # It may be accessed twice, so
we use a list.
    143 if isinstance(elem, tuple):
```

```
return [collate(samples, collate_fn_map=collate fn map)
for samples in transposed] # Backwards compatibility.
    145 else:
    146 try:
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/utils/data/ utils/collat
e.py:121, in collate(batch, collate fn map)
    119 if collate_fn_map is not None:
    120
            if elem type in collate fn map:
--> 121
                return collate fn map[elem type](batch,
collate fn map=collate fn map)
            for collate type in collate fn map:
    123
    124
                if isinstance(elem, collate type):
File
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/utils/data/ utils/collat
e.py:174, in collate tensor fn(batch, collate fn map)
            storage = elem._typed_storage()._new_shared(numel,
device=elem.device)
            out = elem.new(storage).resize (len(batch),
    173
*list(elem.size()))
--> 174 return torch.stack(batch, 0, out=out)
KeyboardInterrupt:
```