

Homework #12

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Introduction

We calculated the electron density with nonlinear Poisson equation and self-consistent solution. And compare those two values with 6 different condition.

(1) For 600 nm long version

100 nm: Highly doped ($5 \times 10^{17} \text{ cm}^{-3}$)

400 nm: Lowly doped ($2 \times 10^{15} \text{ cm}^{-3}$)

100 nm: Highly doped ($5 \times 10^{17} \text{ cm}^{-3}$)

With delta x variations, 0.5 nm, 1 nm, and 10 nm

(2) For 120 nm short version

40 nm: Highly doped ($5 \times 10^{19} \text{ cm}^{-3}$)

40 nm: Lowly doped ($2 \times 10^{17} \text{ cm}^{-3}$)

40 nm: Highly doped ($5 \times 10^{19} \text{ cm}^{-3}$)

With delta x variations, 0.2 nm, 1 nm, and 5 nm

Result

I plotted the result solved with self-consistent method with red line and nonlinear poisson with blue line.

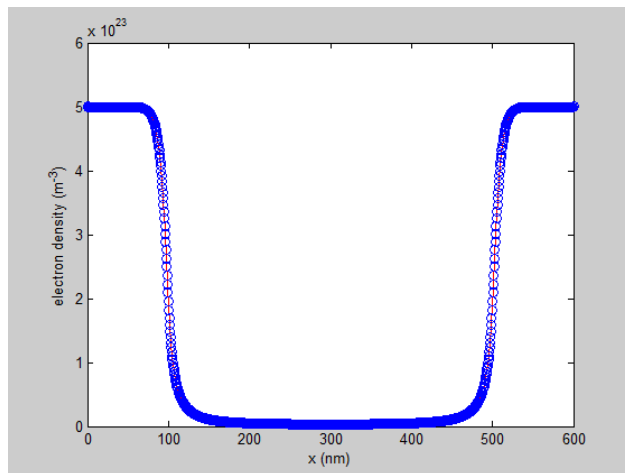


Fig. 1. 600 nm long with 0.5 nm spacing

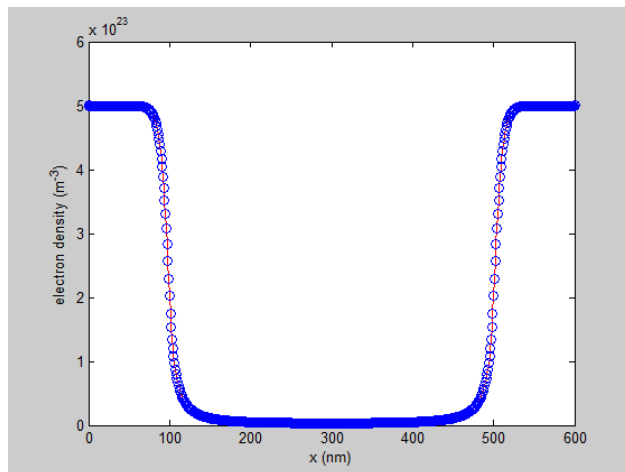


Fig. 2. 600 nm long with 1 nm spacing

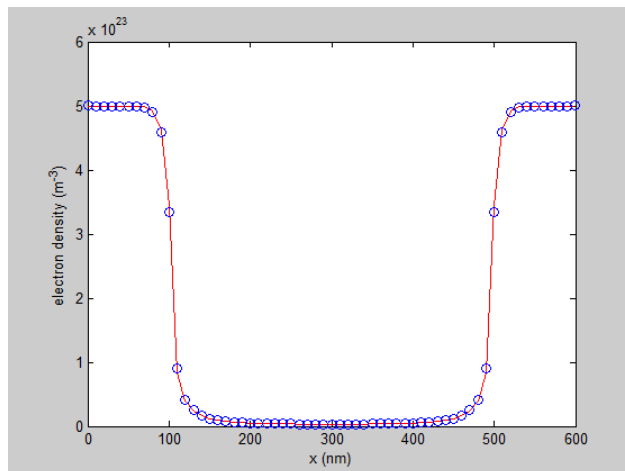


Fig. 3. 600 nm long with 10 nm spacing

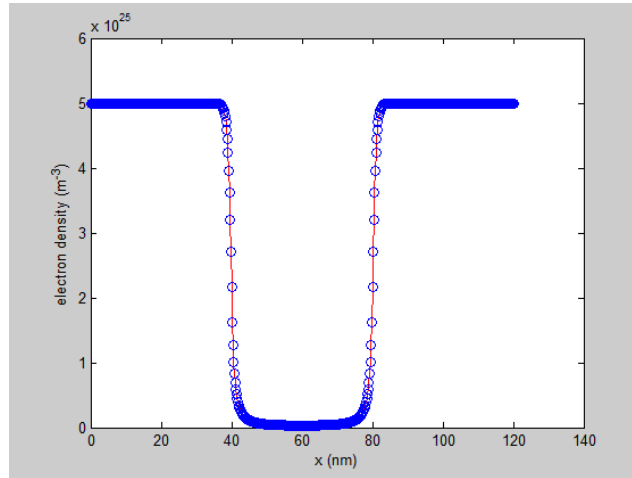


Fig. 4. 120 nm short with 0.2 nm spacing

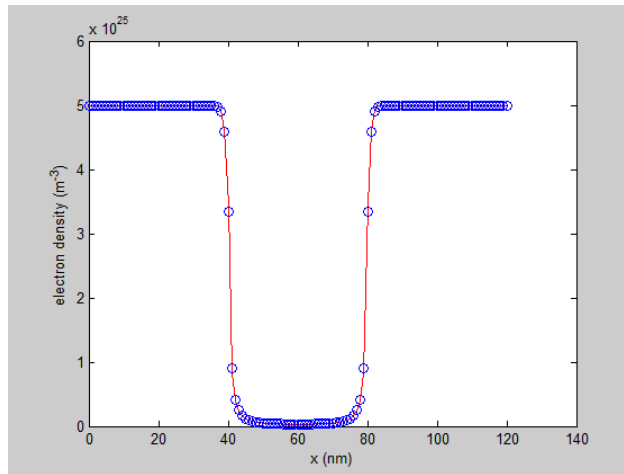


Fig. 5. 120 nm short with 1 nm spacing

We find that as spacing goes large, which means that resolution decrease, difference between two solver increase.

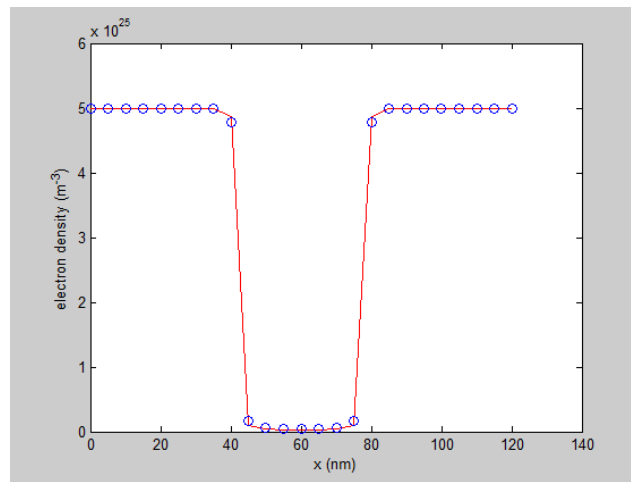


Fig. 6. 120 nm short with 5 nm spacing