

**Blockchain Security | Smart Contract Audits | KYC** 

MADE IN GERMANY

# MechaChain

# Audit

Security Assessment 19. February, 2022

For



MECHACHAIN

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Version	Date	Description
1.0	19. February 2022	<ul><li>Layout project</li><li>Automated-/Manual-Security Testing</li><li>Summary</li></ul>

#### **Network**

Polygon + Etherum

#### Website

https://mechachain.io/en/

## **Telegram**

https://t.me/mechachain

#### **Twitter**

https://twitter.com/mechachain

#### Discord

https://discord.gg/kMJCNaWaNz

## **Description**

MechaChain is a 3D play-to-earn video game about robot combat and space conquest. Each robot, called "Mecha", is a collection of NFT composed of robot parts, which can be purchased online with the game cryptocurrency called Mechanium, Ethereum, or by card. These parts once assembled give birth to a robot in a PvP fighting video game.

The player earns Mechanium by winning battles, and can trade and buy new parts to become the best MechaChain pilot.

## **Project Engagement**

During the 9th of February 2022, **MechaChain Team** engaged Solidproof.io to audit smart contracts that they created. The engagement was technical in nature and focused on identifying security flaws in the design and implementation of the contracts. They provided Solidproof.io with access to their code repository and whitepaper.

#### Logo



# Contract Link

- · Github
  - https://github.com/MechaChain/MechaChain-Smart-Contracts/ tree/main/contracts/MechaniumStaking
  - Commit: 9b9afba3fc4b50c43fa0e50f6b488bd6374d5157

# **Vulnerability & Risk Level**

Risk represents the probability that a certain source-threat will exploit vulnerability, and the impact of that event on the organization or system. Risk Level is computed based on CVSS version 3.0.

Level	Value	Vulnerability	Risk (Required Action)
Critical	9 - 10	A vulnerability that can disrupt the contract functioning in a number of scenarios, or creates a risk that the contract may be broken.	Immediate action to reduce risk level.
High	7 – 8.9	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.	Implementation of corrective actions as soon aspossible.
Medium	4 – 6.9	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.	Implementation of corrective actions in a certain period.
Low	2 – 3.9	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.	Implementation of certain corrective actions or accepting the risk.
Informational	0 – 1.9	A vulnerability that have informational character but is not effecting any of the code.	An observation that does not determine a level of risk

# Auditing Strategy and Techniques Applied

Throughout the review process, care was taken to evaluate the repository for security-related issues, code quality, and adherence to specification and best practices. To do so, reviewed line-by-line by our team of expert pentesters and smart contract developers, documenting any issues as there were discovered.

## Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

- 1. Code review that includes the following:
  - i) Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
  - ii) Manual review of code, which is the process of reading source code line-byline in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
  - iii) Comparison to specification, which is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof describe.
- 2. Testing and automated analysis that includes the following:
  - i) Test coverage analysis, which is the process of determining whether the test cases are actually covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run those test cases.
  - ii) Symbolic execution, which is analysing a program to determine what inputs causes each part of a program to execute.
- 3. Best practices review, which is a review of the smart contracts to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarify, maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices, recommendations, and research.
- 4. Specific, itemized, actionable recommendations to help you take steps to secure your smart contracts.

# **Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (direct imports)**

#### Imported packages:

Туре	File	Logic Contracts	Interfaces	Lines	nLines	nSLOC	Comment Lines	Complex. Score	Capabilities
<b>3</b>	contracts/MechaniumStakingPoolFactory.sol	1		390	345	171	112	107	<u>6</u>
Q	contracts/IMechaniumStakingPool.sol		1	134	31	18	64	39	
Q	contracts/IMechaniumStakingPoolFactory.sol		1	87	28	14	23	15	
2	contracts/StakingPool.sol	1		78	74	45	15	29	
2	contracts/MechaniumStakingPool.sol	1		845	772	361	281	213	
Q	contracts/IStakingPool.sol		1	17	14	3	10	3	
<b></b>	Totals	3	3	1551	1264	612	505	406	<u>6</u>

## **Tested Contract Files**

This audit covered the following files listed below with a SHA-1 Hash.

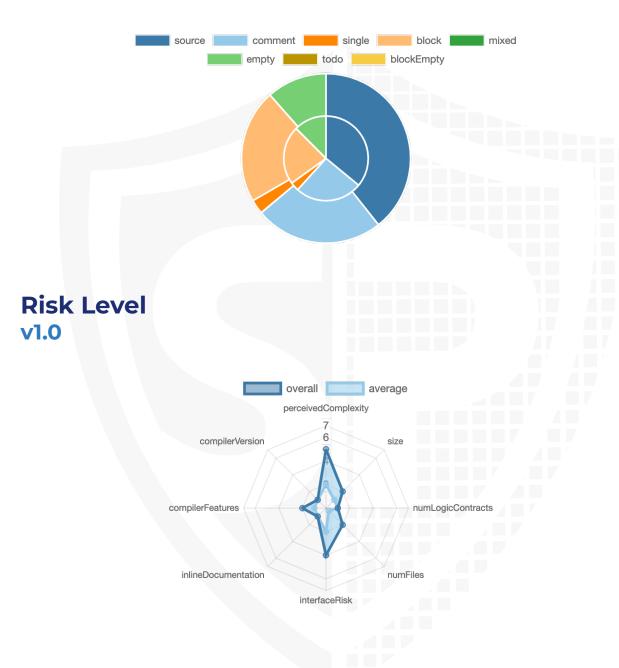
A file with a different Hash has been modified, intentionally or otherwise, after the security review. A different Hash could be (but not necessarily) an indication of a changed condition or potential vulnerability that was not within the scope of this review.

#### **v1.0**

File Name	SHA-1 Hash
contracts/MechaniumStakingPoolFactory.sol	a3a84561b2fe9408c6a185b555fda791532d93b5
contracts/IMechaniumStakingPool.sol	48238a5a630999455195c1d4bf4ecddb47eff352
contracts/IMechaniumStakingPoolFactory.sol	b5f06aefc329a539514c1b7af4ade8ea2a1f9532
contracts/StakingPool.sol	0a8e842081c780926b62f23cdafc70d2b663f894
contracts/MechaniumStakingPool.sol	6a49ff8c519ec0c7028f454504ebdb0c95bff416
contracts/IStakingPool.sol	f3c4fbe56452babb09fadda2d4d5cde4cecc9107

# **Metrics**

# Source Lines v1.0



## **Capabilities**

## Components

Version	Contracts	Libraries	Interfaces	Abstract
1.0	3	0	3	0

## **Exposed Functions**

This section lists functions that are explicitly declared public or payable. Please note that getter methods for public stateVars are not included.

Ve	rsion	Public	Payable
1.0		59	0

Version External Internal		Private	View		
1.0	27	54	0	2	18

## **State Variables**

Version	Total	Public	
1.0	24	17	

## **Capabilities**

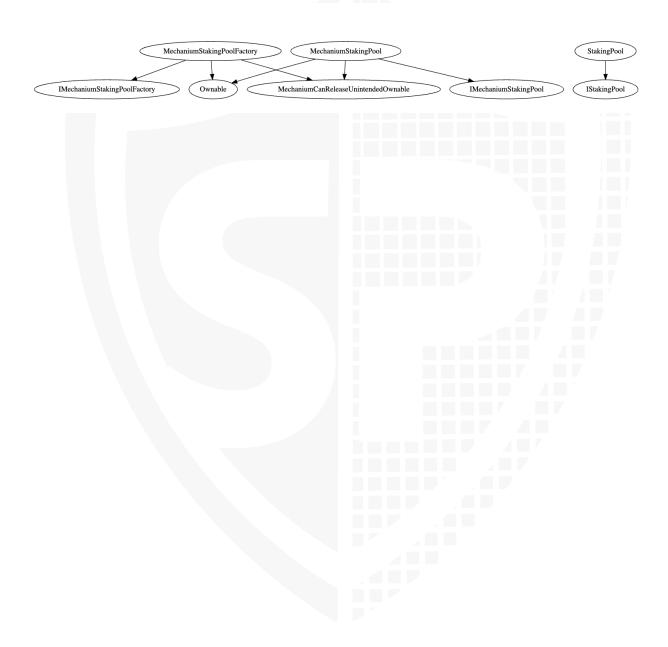
Version	Solidity Versions observed	Experim ental Features	Can Receive Funds	Uses Assembl Y	Has Destroya ble Contract s
1.0	^0.8.2				

Version	Transfer s ETH	Low- Level Calls	Deleg ateCa II	Uses Hash Function s	EC Rec ove r	New/ Create/ Create2
1.0						yes

			→ NewContract: MechaniumSta kingPool
			Kingi ooi

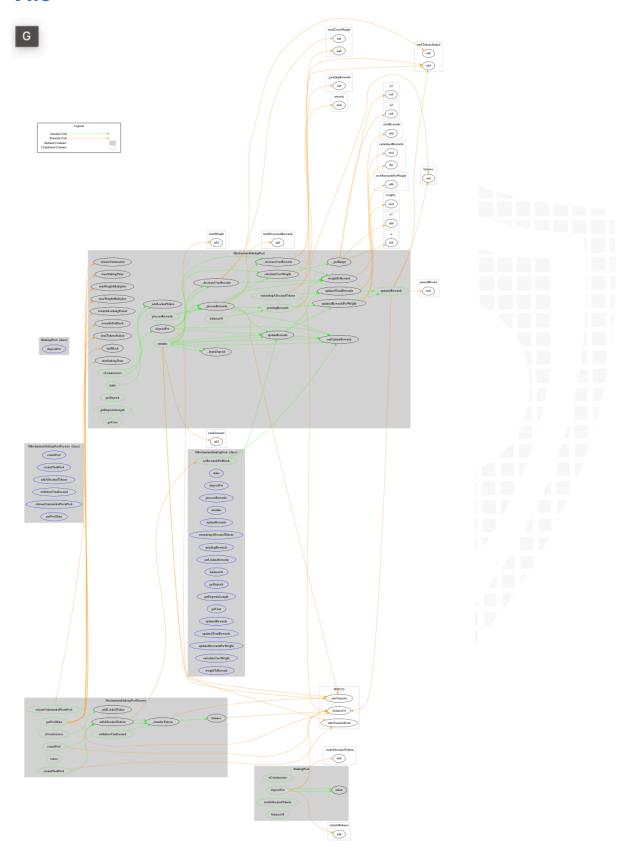
## Inheritance Graph

**v1.0** 



## **CallGraph**

#### **v1.0**



## **Scope of Work/Verify Claims**

The above token Team provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract (usual the same name as team appended with .sol).

We will verify the following claims:

- 1. Deployer cannot mint any new tokens
- 2. Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds
- 3. Deployer cannot pause the contract
- 4. Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

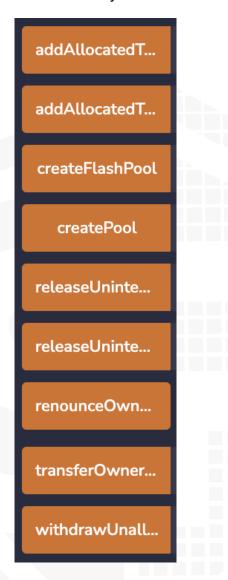


# Write functions of contract v1.0

#### MechaniumStaking

## MechaniumStakingPoolF actory

depositFor processRewar... releaseUninte... renounceOwn... setRewardsPe... stake transferOwner... unstake unstake updateRewards



## **Deployer cannot mint any new tokens**

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot mint	-	_	-



## Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot lock	$\checkmark$	✓	$\checkmark$
Deployer cannot burn	-	-	-



## **Deployer cannot pause the contract**

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot pause	-	_	-



## **Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)**

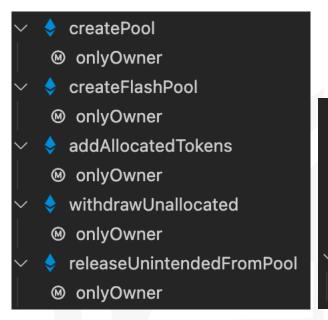


#### Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verfified / Checked	$\checkmark$
Partly Verified	P
Unverified / Not checked	X
Not available	-

# Modifiers and public functions v1.0

MechaniumStakingPoolFactory



#### MechaniumStakingPool

- stake
- depositFor
- processRewards
- 🔷 unstake
- updateRewards
- 🗸 🜷 setRewardsPerBlock

#### Comments

- Only owner can
  - create new pools
  - Create flash pools
  - addAllocated tokens
  - Withdraw unallocated tokens

Please check if an OnlyOwner or similar restrictive modifier has been forgotten.

## **Source Units in Scope**

## v1.0

Туре	File	Logic Contracts	Interfaces	Lines	nLines	nSLOC	Comment Lines	Complex. Score	Capabilities
<b>&gt;</b>	contracts/MechaniumStakingPoolFactory.sol	1		390	345	171	112	107	6
Q	contracts/IMechaniumStakingPool.sol		1	134	31	18	64	39	
Q	contracts/IMechaniumStakingPoolFactory.sol		1	87	28	14	23	15	
2	contracts/StakingPool.sol	1		78	74	45	15	29	
<b>&gt;</b>	contracts/MechaniumStakingPool.sol	1		845	772	361	281	213	
Q	contracts/IStakingPool.sol		1	17	14	3	10	3	
pQ.	Totals	3	3	1551	1264	612	505	406	<u>6</u>

## Legend

Attribute	Description
Lines	total lines of the source unit
nLines	normalized lines of the source unit (e.g. normalizes functions spanning multiple lines)
nSLOC	normalized source lines of code (only source-code lines; no comments, no blank lines)
Comment Lines	lines containing single or block comments
Complexity Score	a custom complexity score derived from code statements that are known to introduce code complexity (branches, loops, calls, external interfaces,)

## **Audit Results**

# **AUDIT PASSED**

#### **Critical issues**

#### No critical issues

## **High issues**

## No high issues

## **Medium issues**

#### No medium issues

#### Low issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	All	A floating pragma is set		The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.2"".

## Informational issues

## No informational issues

#### **Audit Comments**

#### 19. February 2022:

· Read whole report for more information

## **SWC Attacks**

ID	Title	Relationships	Status
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>36</u>	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	CWE-767: Access to Critical Private Variable via Public Method	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>35</u>	Code With No Effects	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>34</u>	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	CWE-655: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>33</u>	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	CWE-294: Authentication Bypass by Capture-replay	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>32</u>	Unexpected Ether balance	CWE-667: Improper Locking	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>31</u>	Presence of unused variables	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>30</u>	Right-To-Left- Override control character (U+202E)	CWE-451: User Interface (UI) Misrepresentation of Critical Information	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>29</u>	Typographical Error	CWE-480: Use of Incorrect Operator	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>28</u>	DoS With Block Gas Limit	CWE-400: Uncontrolled Resource Consumption	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>27</u>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	CWE-695: Use of Low-Level Functionality	PASSED
SW C-1 25	Incorrect Inheritance Order	CWE-696: Incorrect Behavior Order	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>24</u>	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	CWE-123: Write-what-where Condition	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>23</u>	Requirement Violation	CWE-573: Improper Following of Specification by Caller	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>22</u>	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	CWE-345: Insufficient Verification of Data Authenticity	PASSED
SW C-1 21	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED
SW C-1 20	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	CWE-330: Use of Insufficiently Random Values	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>9</u>	Shadowing State Variables	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>8</u>	Incorrect Constructor Name	CWE-665: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>7</u>	Signature Malleability	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>6</u>	Timestamp Dependence	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>5</u>	Authorization through tx.origin	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>4</u>	Transaction Order Dependence	CWE-362: Concurrent Execution using Shared Resource with Improper Synchronization ('Race Condition')	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>3</u>	DoS with Failed Call	CWE-703: Improper Check or Handling of Exceptional Conditions	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>2</u>	Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>1</u>	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>O</u>	Assert Violation	CWE-670: Always-Incorrect Control Flow Implementation	PASSED
SW C-1 09	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	CWE-824: Access of Uninitialized Pointer	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>08</u>	State Variable Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
SW C-1 07	Reentrancy	CWE-841: Improper Enforcement of Behavioral Workflow	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>06</u>	Unprotected SELFDESTRUC T Instruction	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>05</u>	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED
SW C-1 04	Unchecked Call Return Value	CWE-252: Unchecked Return Value	PASSED
SW C-1 03	Floating Pragma	CWE-664: Improper Control of a Resource Through its Lifetime	NOT PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>02</u>	Outdated Compiler Version	CWE-937: Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>01</u>	Integer Overflow and Underflow	CWE-682: Incorrect Calculation	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>00</u>	Function Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED



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