

Blockchain Security | Smart Contract Audits | KYC Development | Marketing



# **FalconXDex**



25 August, 2024

for







## **CONTENTS**

Disclaimer	3
Project Overview	4
Summary	4
Social Medias	4
Audit Summary	5
File Overview	5
Imported Packages	7
Imported Packages	8
Vulnerability & Risk Level	8
Auditing Strategy and Techniques Applied	C
	9
Methodology	
	IC
5	IC
9	77
	13
	13
High issues	13
	13
Low issues	13
	14



### Introduction

SolidProof.io is a brand of the officially registered company MAKE Network GmbH, based in Germany. We're mainly focused on Block-chain Security such as Smart Contract Audits and KYC verification for project teams. Solid-proof.io assess potential security issues in the smart contracts implementations, review for potential inconsistencies between the code base and the whitepaper/documentation, and provide suggestions for improvement.

## **Disclaimer**

SolidProof.io reports are not, nor should be considered, an "endorsement" or "disapproval" of any particular project or team. These reports are not, nor should be considered, an indication of the economics or value of any "product" or "asset" created by any team. SolidProof.io do not cover testing or auditing the integration with external contract or services (such as Unicrypt, Uniswap, Pancake-Swap etc'...)

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SolidProof.io Reports represent an extensive auditing process intending to help our customers increase the quality of their code while reducing the high level of risk presented by cryptographic tokens and blockchain technology. Blockchain technology and cryptographic assets present a high level of ongoing risk. SolidProof's position is that each company and individual are responsible for their own due diligence and continuous security. SolidProof in no way claims any guarantee of security or functionality of the technology we agree to analyze.



# **Project Overview**

## **Summary**

Project Name	FalconXDex
Website	https://falxdex.io/
About the Project	FalconX the native token for the blazing fast Dex, FalconXdex
Chain	Solana
Language	Rust
Codebase	as .zip-file
Commit	N/A
Unit Tests	N/A

## **Social Medias**

Telegram	https://t.me/FalconXTheOfficial
Twitter	https://twitter.com/FalconXOfficial
Facebook	N/A
Instagram	N/A
GitHub	N/A
Reddit	N/A
Medium	N/A
Discord	N/A
YouTube	N/A
TikTok	N/A
LinkedIn	N/A

4



### **Audit Summary**

Version	Delivery Date	Change Log
		· Layout Project
v1.0	25 August, 2024	<ul> <li>Automated/Manual- Security Review</li> </ul>
		· Summary

**Note** - The following audit report presents a comprehensive security analysis of the smart contract utilized in the project. This analysis did not include functional testing (or unit testing) of the contract's logic. We cannot guarantee 100% logical correctness of the contract as it was not functionally tested by us.

### **File Overview**

The Team provided us with the files that should be tested in the security assessment. This audit covered the following files listed below with a SHA-1 Hash.

1. FalXDex.zip (d6672d55147936fd98e06a15f81f792961c889cd)



```
- mod.rs
nft.rs
 transfer_memo.rs
close_bundled_position.rs
- close_position.rs
- collect_fees.rs
- collect_protocol_fees.rs
collect_reward.rs
decrease_liquidity.rs
— delete_position_bundle.rs
— increase_liquidity.rs
— initialize_config.rs
— initialize_fee_tier.rs
  initialize_pool.rs
  initialize_pools_tokens.rs
  initialize_position_bundle.rs
  initialize_position_bundle_with_metadata.rs
                                                                        liquidity_manager.rs
  initialize_reward.rs
initialize_tick_array.rs
                                                                        mod.rs
                                                                        pool_manager.rs
  mod.rs
                                                                      position_manager.rs
open_bundled_position.rs
                                                                        swap_manager.rs
- open_position.rs
                                                                      — tick_manager.rs
- open_position_with_metadata.rs

    set_collect_protocol_fees_authority.rs
    set_default_fee_rate.rs
    set_default_protocol_fee_rate.rs

                                                                      bit_math.rs
                                                                      - bn.rs
                                                                      liquidity_math.rs
- set_fee_authority.rs
                                                                      — mod.rs
  set_fee_rate.rs
                                                                       - swap_math.rs
set_protocol_fee_rate.rs
                                                                      — tick_math.rs
set_reward_authority_by_super_authority.rs
                                                                      — token_math.rs
  set_reward_authority.rs
                                                                      — u256 math.rs
— set_reward_emissions.rs
— set_reward_emissions_super_authority.rs
                                                                      config_extension.rs
  swap.rs
                                                                     — config.rs
  two_hop_swap.rs
                                                                      — fee_tier.rs
update_fees_and_rewards.rs
                                                                      - mod.rs
                                                                      pool.rs

    position bundle.rs

     collect_protocol_fees.rs

 position.rs

     - collect_reward.rs
                                                                        tick.rs

    decrease_liquidity.rs

                                                                    — token_badge.rs
      delete_token_badge.rs
       increase_liquidity.rs
                                                                      — mod.rs
— swap_tick_sequence.rs
— swap_utils.rs
       initialize_config_extension.rs
initialize_pool.rs
       initialize_reward.rs
initialize_token_badge.rs
                                                                      - token.rs
                                                                      — util.rs
       set_config_extension_authority.rs
set_reward_emissions.rs
                                                                           - mod.rs
                                                                           remaining_accounts_utils.rs
       set_token_badge_authority.rs
                                                                           swap_utils.rs
       swap.rs
                                                                             token.rs
       two hop swap.rs
```

Please note: Files with a different hash value than in this table have been modified after the security check, either intentionally or unintentionally. A different hash value may (but need not) be an indication of a changed state or potential vulnerability that was not the subject of this scan.



### Imported packages

Used code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (direct imports).

- 1. anchor-lang = "0.29.0"
- 2. anchor-spl = "0.29"
- 3. spl-token = "4"
- 4. spl-transfer-hook-interface = "0.5.1"
- 5. solana-program = "1.17"
- 6. thiserror = "1.0"
- 7. uint = "0.9.1"
- 8. borsh = "0.9.1"
- 9. solana-security-txt = "=1.1.1"
- 10. proptest = "1.0"
- 11. serde = "1.0.117"
- 12. serde\_json = "1.0.59"

Please note: Files with a different hash value than in this table have been modified after the security check, either intentionally or unintentionally. A different hash value may (but need not) be an indication of a changed state or potential vulnerability that was not the subject of this scan.



## **Audit Information**

## **Vulnerability & Risk Level**

Risk represents the probability that a certain source-threat will exploit vulnerability, and the impact of that event on the organization or system. Risk Level is computed based on CVSS version 3.0.

Level	Value	Vulnerability	Risk (Required Action)
Critical	9 - 10	A vulnerability that can disrupt the contract functioning in a number of scenarios, or creates a risk that the contract may be broken.	Immediate action to reduce risk level.
High	7 - 8.9	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.	Implementation of corrective actions as soon as possible.
Medium	4 - 6.9	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.	Implementation of corrective actions in a certain period.
Low	2 - 3.9	A vulnerability that does not have a significant im- pact on possible scenar- ios for the use of the con- tract and is probably sub- jective.	Implementation of certain corrective actions or accepting the risk.
Informational	0 - 1.9	A vulnerability that have informational character but is not effecting any of the code.	An observation that does not determine a level of risk.



### **Auditing Strategy and Techniques Applied**

Throughout the review process, care was taken to check the repository for security- related issues, code quality, and compliance with specifications and best practices. To this end, our team of experienced pen-testers and smart contract developers reviewed the code line by line and documented any issues discovered. We check every file manually. We use automated tools only so that they help us achieve faster and better results.

### Methodolgy

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

- 1. Code review that includes the following:
  - a. Reviewing the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof to ensure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
  - b. Manual review of the code, i.e., reading the source code line by line to identify potential vulnerabilities.
  - c. Comparison to the specification, i.e., verifying that the code does what is described in the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof.
- 2. Testing and automated analysis that includes the following:
  - a. Test coverage analysis, which determines whether test cases actually cover code and how much code is executed when those test cases are executed.
  - b. Symbolic execution, which is analysing a program to determine what inputs causes each part of a program to execute.
- 3. Review best practices, i.e., review smart contracts to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarity, maintainability, security, and control based on best practices, recommendations, and research from industry and academia.
- 4. Concrete, itemized and actionable recommendations to help you secure your smart contracts.



# **Overall Security**

## **Medium or higher issues**

medium or ni	gner issues	
No critical issue	es found	<b>☑</b> Contract is safe to deploy
Description	criticality. Tl	t does not contain issues of high or medium his means that no known vulnerabilities were source code.
Comment	N/A	



## **Upgradeability**

Contract is upgra	adeable X Deployer can update with new functions
Description	The deployer can replace the old contract with a new one with new features. Be aware of this, because the owner can add new features that may have a negative impact on your investments.
Example	We assume that you have funds in the contract and it has been audited by any security audit firm. Now the audit has passed. After that, the deployer can upgrade the contract to allow him to transfer the funds you purchased without any approval from you. This has the consequence that your funds can be taken by the creator.
Comment	N/A



#### **Recommendations**

To avoid potential hacking risks, it is advisable for the client to manage the private key of the privileged account with care. Additionally, we recommend enhancing the security practices of centralized privileges or roles in the protocol through a decentralized mechanism or smart- contract-based accounts, such as multi-signature wallets.

Here are some suggestions what the client can do.

- Consider using multi-signature wallets: Multi-signature wallets require multiple parties to sign off on a transaction before it can be executed, providing an extra layer of security e.g. Gnosis Safe
- Use of a timelock at least with a latency of e.g. 48-72 hours for awareness on privileged operations
- Introduce a DAO/Governance/Voting module to increase transperancy and user involvement
- Consider Renouncing the ownership so that the owner cannot modify any state variables of the contract anymore. Make sure to set up everything before renouncing.



## **Audit Results**

### **Critical issues**

# No critical issues

## **High issues**

# No high issues

## **Medium issues**

## No medium issues

### Low issues

## No low issues



### Informational issues

#### #1 | Delete unused code

File	Severity	Location	Status
Main	informational	_	open

**Description** - On multiple files and sections of the code, unused code is commented out instead of being deleted. For good readable code, it is recommended to delete that lines instead.

#### #2 | Using rust naming convention

File	Severity	Location	Status
Main	informational		open

**Description** - On multiple files and sections of the code, functions names are not named after the rust naming convention.

#### #3 | Delete unsued imports

File	Severity	Location	Status
Main	informational		open

**Description** - On multiple files, there are unused imports, it is recommended to delete these unused imports.



### **Legend for the Issue Status**

Attribute or Symbol	Meaning
Open	The issue is not fixed by the project team.
Fixed	The issue is fixed by the project team.
Acknowledged(ACK)	The issue has been acknowledged or declared as part of business logic.







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