



**SOLID**Proof  
*Bring trust into your projects*

**Blockchain Security | Smart Contract Audits | KYC**

MADE IN GERMANY

**Ever Earn**

**Audit**

**Security Assessment**

14.November,2022

**For**



[SolidProof.io](https://solidproof.io)



[@solidproof\\_io](https://t.me/solidproof_io)

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Version	Date	Description
1.0	12.November,2022	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Layout project</li><li>• Automated- /Manual-Security Testing</li><li>• Summary</li></ul>

**Network**  
Ethereum(ETH)

**Website**  
<https://everearn.net>

**Telegram**  
<https://t.me/EverEarnOfficial>

**Twitter**  
@theEverEarn

**Facebook**  
<https://www.facebook.com/everearnofficial/>

**Instagram**  
<https://www.instagram.com/everearnofficial/>

## Description

EverEarn (EARN) is a deflationary cryptocurrency token, originally launched on the Binance Smart Chain (BSC), that PAYS investor holders\* a 11% in Binance USA Dollars (BUSD), a stable-coin that is pegged 1:1 to the US Dollar. This 11% reward is applied to all buy, sell and transfer transactions\*\*, distributing wealth on a consistent basis.

## Project Engagement

During the 12<sup>th</sup> of November 2022, **Ever Earn** team engaged Solidproof.io to audit the smart contracts that they created. The engagement was technical in nature and focused on identifying the security flaws in the design and implementation of the contracts. They provided Solidproof.io with access to their code repository and whitepaper.

## Logo



## Contract Links

v1.0

<https://etherscan.io/address/0xA87Ed75C257f1ec38393bEA0A83d55Ac2279D79c#code>

# Vulnerability & Risk Level

Risk represents the probability that a certain source-threat will exploit vulnerability, and the impact of that event on the organization or system. Risk Level is computed based on CVSS version 3.0.

Level	Value	Vulnerability	Risk (Required Action)
<b>Critical</b>	9 - 10	A vulnerability that can disrupt the contract functioning in a number of scenarios, or creates a risk that the contract may be broken.	Immediate action to reduce risk level.
<b>High</b>	7 – 8.9	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.	Implementation of corrective actions as soon as possible.
<b>Medium</b>	4 – 6.9	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.	Implementation of corrective actions in a certain period.
<b>Low</b>	2 – 3.9	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.	Implementation of certain corrective actions or accepting the risk.
<b>Informational</b>	0 – 1.9	A vulnerability that have informational character but is not effecting any of the code.	An observation that does not determine a level of risk

# Auditing Strategy and Techniques Applied

Throughout the review process, care was taken to evaluate the repository for security-related issues, code quality, and adherence to specification and best practices. To do so, reviewed line-by-line by our team of expert pentesters and smart contract developers, documenting any issues as there were discovered.

## Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

1. Code review that includes the following:
  - i) Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
  - ii) Manual review of code, which is the process of reading source code line-by-line in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
  - iii) Comparison to specification, which is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof describe.
2. Testing and automated analysis that includes the following:
  - i) Test coverage analysis, which is the process of determining whether the test cases are actually covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run those test cases.
  - ii) Symbolic execution, which is analyzing a program to determine what inputs causes each part of a program to execute.
3. Best practices review, which is a review of the smart contracts to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarify, maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices, recommendations, and research.
4. Specific, itemized, actionable recommendations to help you take steps to secure your smart contracts.

## Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (direct imports)

### Imported packages:

Dependency / Import Path	Count
@openzeppelin/contracts/access/Ownable.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/IERC20.sol	2
@uniswap/v2-core/contracts/interfaces/IUniswapV2Factory.sol	1
@uniswap/v2-periphery/contracts/interfaces/IUniswapV2Router02.sol	1



## Tested Contract Files

This audit covered the following files listed below with a SHA-1 Hash.

A file with a different Hash has been modified, intentionally or otherwise, after the security review. A different Hash could be (but not necessarily) an indication of a changed condition or potential vulnerability that was not within the scope of this review.

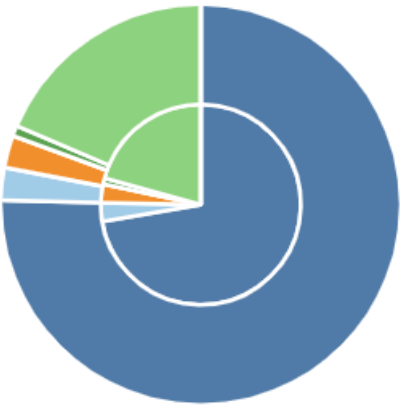
### v1.0

File Name	SHA-1 Hash
contracts/DividendDistributor.sol	52e26a8d9cce857192292d382ff5d08aa2697064
contracts/Lock.sol	97d5b2e8237881a01d79788dd8f442b52d536cb4

# Metrics

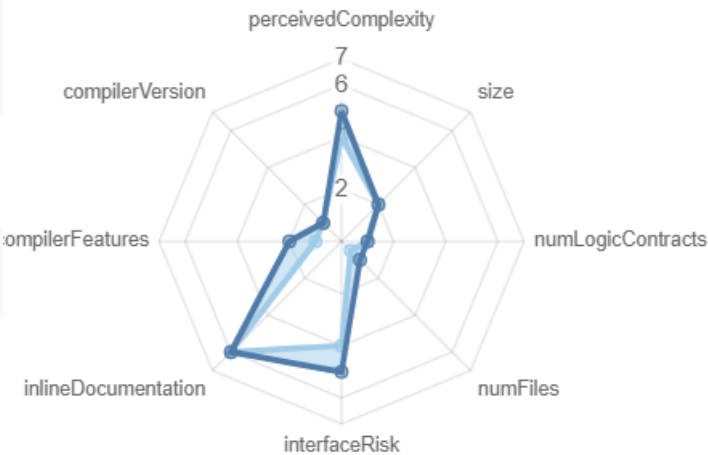
## Source Lines

v1.0



## Risk Level

v1.0



# Capabilities

## v1.0

## Components

 Contracts	 Libraries	 Interfaces	 Abstract
2	0	1	0


### Exposed Functions

This section lists functions that are explicitly declared public or payable. Please note that getter methods for public stateVars are not included.





 Public	 Payable
59	2







External	Internal	Private	Pure	View
43	65	4	3	19



### StateVariables

Total	 Public
59	44

### Capabilities

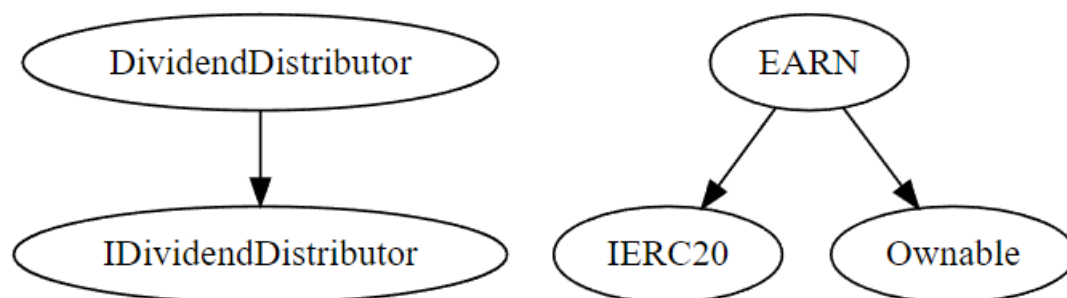
Solidity Versions observed	 Experimental Features	 Can Receive Funds	 Uses Assembly	 Has Destroyable Contracts
^0.8.7 ^0.8.14		yes		

 Transfers ETH	 Low-Level Calls	 DelegateCall	 Uses Hash Functions	 Ecrecover	 New/Create/Create2
yes					yes → NewContract:DividendDistributor

 TryCatch	 Σ Unchecked
yes	

# Inheritance Graph

v1.0



# Call Graph

## Scope of Work/Verify Claims

The above token Team provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract (usual the same name as team appended with .sol).

We will verify the following claims:

1. Is contract an upgradeable
2. Correct implementation of Token standard
3. Deployer cannot mint any new tokens
4. Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds
5. Deployer cannot pause the contract
6. Deployer can set fees
7. Deployer can blacklist/antisnipe address
8. Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

## Is contract an upgradeable

Name	
Is contract an upgradeable?	No



## Correct implementation of Token standard

ERC20				
Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
totalSupply	Provides information about the total token supply			
balanceOf	Provides account balance of the owner's account			
transfer	Executes transfers of a specified number of tokens to a specified address			
transferFrom	Executes transfers of a specified number of tokens from a specified address			
approve	Allow a spender to withdraw a set number of tokens from a specified account			
allowance	Returns a set number of tokens from a spender to the owner			



## Write functions of contracts

### v1.0

1. ____claimRewards (0xa7cfaa52)	20. rescueEth (0xce31a06b)
2. approve (0x095ea7b3)	21. setAuthorizedWallets (0x3683685a)
3. approveMax (0x571ac8b0)	22. setDistributionCriteria (0x2d48e896)
4. blackListWallets (0x8c52c6c8)	23. setDistributorSettings (0x9d1944f5)
5. changeBuyBackWallet (0xe04192ce)	24. setDoContractSwap (0xce541494)
6. changeBuyFees (0xcd7b33ab)	25. setIsDividendExempt (0xf708a64f)
7. changeBuyLimit (0xe94668dc)	26. setIsFeeExempt (0x658d4b7f)
8. changeLPWallet (0xa7418106)	27. setSellCollDown (0x51c7d047)
9. changeMarketingWallet (0xbb85c6d1)	28. transfer (0xa9059cbb)
10. changeSellFees (0xa3d14e72)	29. transferFrom (0x23b872dd)
11. changeSellLimit (0x0eda7275)	30. transferOwnership (0xf2fde38b)
12. changeSwapFees (0x2c256f7d)	
13. claimProcess (0xd695bb27)	
14. depositRewards (0x8bdf67f2)	
15. enableTrading (0x8a8c523c)	
16. excludeFromMaxBuy (0xd5592306)	
17. excludeFromMaxSell (0xd47b654d)	
18. purgeBeforeSwitch (0x5fe4bea8)	
19. renounceOwnership (0x715018a6)	

## Deployer cannot mint any new tokens

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot mint			
Max / Total Supply	100.000.000.000		



## Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer can lock			
Deployer cannot burn			

### Comments:

Owner can lock by disabling the swap

Deployer cannot pause the contract

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot pause			



## Deployer can set fees

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot set fees over 25%			
Deployer cannot set fees to nearly 100% or more			

### Comments:

Maximum fees can be 15%

## Deployer cannot blacklist/antisnipe addresses

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer can blacklist/antisnipe addresses			

### Comments:

The owner can blacklist addresses



## Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

Tested	Verified

### Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verified / Checked	
Partly Verified	
Unverified / Not checked	
Not available	

# Modifiers and public functions

## v1.1

### Lock

### Dividend Distributor

- approve
- approveMax
- transfer
- transferFrom
- \_\_\_claimRewards
- claimProcess
- setIsDividendExempt
- onlyOwner
- setIsFeeExempt
- onlyOwner
- setDoContractSwap
- onlyOwner
- blackListWallets
- onlyOwner
- setDistributionCriteria
- onlyOwner
- setDistributorSettings
- onlyOwner
- changeMarketingWallet
- onlyOwner
- changeBuyBackWallet
- onlyOwner
- changeLPWallet
- onlyOwner
- changeBuyFees
- onlyOwner
- changeSellFees
- onlyOwner
- changeSwapFees
- onlyOwner
- setSellCollDown
- onlyOwner
- changeSellLimit
- onlyOwner
- changeBuyLimit
- onlyOwner
- excludeFromMaxSell
- onlyOwner
- excludeFromMaxBuy
- onlyOwner

- enableTrading
- onlyOwner
- setAuthorizedWallets
- onlyOwner
- rescueEth
- onlyOwner
- purgeBeforeSwitch
- onlyOwner
- depositRewards
- onlyOwner

- setDistributionCriteria
- onlyToken
- purge
- onlyToken
- setShare
- onlyToken
- deposit
- onlyToken
- process
- onlyToken
- claimDividend



## Ownership Privileges:

- Set distribution criteria to any values including zero.
- Set share for any account with any arbitrary amount.
- Add/Remove Shareholders and Authorized wallets that are allowed to do transactions when/till the trading is disabled.
- Include/exclude wallets from the rewards, fees, max buy/sell limit and can also disable swapping
- Update minimum distribution amount and period and maximum gas limit for auto distribution but not more than 749999.
- Update LP, buyback and marketing addresses to any arbitrary address.
- Update maximum sell and buy limit but not less than 100 million tokens. Moreover, in the error message it is written 250 Million but internally the lowest can be 100 million tokens.
- Depositing any number of reward tokens for the rewards and take ETH and reward tokens out of the Contracts.

# Source Units in Scope

## v1.0

File	Logic Contracts	Interfaces	Lines	nLines	nSLOC	Comment Lines	Complex. Score
contracts/DividendDistributor.sol	1	1	244	202	157	1	97
contracts/Lock.sol	1	—	668	587	443	24	328
<b>Totals</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>912</b>	<b>789</b>	<b>600</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>425</b>

## Legend

Attribute	Description
Lines	total lines of the source unit
nLines	normalized lines of the source unit (e.g. normalizes functions spanning multiple lines)
nSLOC	normalized source lines of code (only source-code lines; no comments, no blank lines)
Comment Lines	lines containing single or block comments
Complexity Score	a custom complexity score derived from code statements that are known to introduce code complexity (branches, loops, calls, external interfaces, ...)

# Audit Results

# AUDIT PASSED

## Critical issues

No critical issues

## High issues

No high issues

## Medium issues

No medium issues

## Low issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	Lock.sol	Missing zero address validation	491,509,521,542,546,550,623,630,641	We recommend to check that the passed address is not zero
#2	Lock.sol	Missing Events	521,537,542,546,550,554-641	Emit events for critical parameter changes
#3	Main	Floating Pragma	-	The current pragma Solidity directive is “^0.8.14”. Contracts should be deployed with the same compiler version and flags that they have been tested thoroughly. Locking the pragma helps to ensure that contracts do not accidentally get deployed using other versions.
#4	Main	Contract doesn't import npm packages from source (like OpenZeppelin etc.)	-	We recommend importing all packages from npm directly without flattening the contract. Functions could be modified or

				can be susceptible to vulnerabilities
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## Informational issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	Main	NatSpec documentation missing	—	If you started to comment your code, also comment all other functions, variables etc.
#2	Lock.sol	Unused Return Value	477	Make sure to check and take care of all return values
#3	DividendDistributor.sol	Unused State Variable	50	Remove the unused variables

## Audit Comments

We recommend you to use the special form of comments (NatSpec Format, Follow link for more information <https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/v0.5.10/natspec-format.html>) for your contracts to provide rich documentation for functions, return variables and more. This helps investors to make clear what that variables, functions etc. do.

### 14. November, 2022:

- There is still an owner (Owner still has not renounced ownership)
- Read the whole report and modifiers section for more information.

## SWC Attacks

ID	Title	Relationships	Status
<a href="#">SWC-1136</a>	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	<a href="#">CWE-767: Access to Critical Private Variable via Public Method</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-1135</a>	Code With No Effects	<a href="#">CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-1134</a>	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	<a href="#">CWE-655: Improper Initialization</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-1133</a>	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	<a href="#">CWE-294: Authentication Bypass by Capture-replay</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-1132</a>	Unexpected Ether balance	<a href="#">CWE-667: Improper Locking</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-1131</a>	Presence of unused variables	<a href="#">CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code</a>	PASSED

131			
SWC : 130	Right-To-Left-Override control character (U+202E)	<a href="#">CWE-451: User Interface (UI) Misrepresentation of Critical Information</a>	PASSED
SWC : 129	Typographical Error	<a href="#">CWE-480: Use of Incorrect Operator</a>	PASSED
SWC : 128	DoS With Block Gas Limit	<a href="#">CWE-400: Uncontrolled Resource Consumption</a>	PASSED
SWC : 127	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	<a href="#">CWE-695: Use of Low-Level Functionality</a>	PASSED
SWC : 125	Incorrect Inheritance Order	<a href="#">CWE-696: Incorrect Behavior Order</a>	PASSED
SWC :	Write to Arbitrary	<a href="#">CWE-123: Write-what-where Condition</a>	PASSED

<u>1</u> <u>2</u> <u>4</u>	Storage Location		
<u>S</u> <u>W</u> <u>C</u> : <u>1</u> <u>2</u> <u>3</u>	Requirement Violation	<a href="#">CWE-573: Improper Following of Specification by Caller</a>	PASSED
<u>S</u> <u>W</u> <u>C</u> : <u>1</u> <u>2</u> <u>2</u>	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	<a href="#">CWE-345: Insufficient Verification of Data Authenticity</a>	PASSED
<u>S</u> <u>W</u> <u>C</u> : <u>1</u> <u>2</u> <u>1</u>	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	<a href="#">CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature</a>	PASSED
<u>S</u> <u>W</u> <u>C</u> : <u>1</u> <u>2</u> <u>0</u>	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	<a href="#">CWE-330: Use of Insufficiently Random Values</a>	PASSED
<u>S</u> <u>W</u> <u>C</u> : <u>1</u> <u>1</u> <u>1</u> <u>9</u>	Shadowing State Variables	<a href="#">CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards</a>	PASSED

<a href="#">S</a> <a href="#">W</a> <a href="#">C</a> : <a href="#">1</a> <a href="#">1</a> <a href="#">8</a>	Incorrect Constructor Name	<a href="#">CWE-665: Improper Initialization</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">S</a> <a href="#">W</a> <a href="#">C</a> : <a href="#">1</a> <a href="#">1</a> <a href="#">7</a>	Signature Malleability	<a href="#">CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">S</a> <a href="#">W</a> <a href="#">C</a> : <a href="#">1</a> <a href="#">1</a> <a href="#">6</a>	Timestamp Dependence	<a href="#">CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">S</a> <a href="#">W</a> <a href="#">C</a> : <a href="#">1</a> <a href="#">1</a> <a href="#">5</a>	Authorization through tx.origin	<a href="#">CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">S</a> <a href="#">W</a> <a href="#">C</a> : <a href="#">1</a> <a href="#">1</a> <a href="#">4</a>	Transaction Order Dependence	<a href="#">CWE-362: Concurrent Execution using Shared Resource with Improper Synchronization ('Race Condition')</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">S</a> <a href="#">W</a> <a href="#">C</a> : <a href="#">1</a> <a href="#">1</a> <a href="#">3</a>	DoS with Failed Call	<a href="#">CWE-703: Improper Check or Handling of Exceptional Conditions</a>	PASSED



<a href="#">S</a> <a href="#">W</a> <a href="#">C</a> : 1 1 2	Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	<a href="#">CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">S</a> <a href="#">W</a> <a href="#">C</a> : 1 1 1	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	<a href="#">CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">S</a> <a href="#">W</a> <a href="#">C</a> : 1 1 0	Assert Violation	<a href="#">CWE-670: Always-Incorrect Control Flow Implementation</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">S</a> <a href="#">W</a> <a href="#">C</a> : 1 0 9	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	<a href="#">CWE-824: Access of Uninitialized Pointer</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">S</a> <a href="#">W</a> <a href="#">C</a> : 1 0 8	State Variable Default Visibility	<a href="#">CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">S</a> <a href="#">W</a> <a href="#">C</a> : 1 0 7	Reentrancy	<a href="#">CWE-841: Improper Enforcement of Behavioral Workflow</a>	PASSED

<a href="#">S</a> <a href="#">W</a> <a href="#">C</a> : : 1 0 6	Unprotected SELFDESTR UCT Instruction	<a href="#">CWE-284: Improper Access Control</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">S</a> <a href="#">W</a> <a href="#">C</a> : : 1 0 5	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	<a href="#">CWE-284: Improper Access Control</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">S</a> <a href="#">W</a> <a href="#">C</a> : : 1 0 4	Unchecked Call Return Value	<a href="#">CWE-252: Unchecked Return Value</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">S</a> <a href="#">W</a> <a href="#">C</a> : : 1 0 3	Floating Pragma	<a href="#">CWE-664: Improper Control of a Resource Through its Lifetime</a>	NOT PASSED
<a href="#">S</a> <a href="#">W</a> <a href="#">C</a> : : 1 0 2	Outdated Compiler Version	<a href="#">CWE-937: Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">S</a> <a href="#">W</a> <a href="#">C</a> : : 1 0 1	Integer Overflow and Underflow	<a href="#">CWE-682: Incorrect Calculation</a>	PASSED

<div> <div>S</div> <div>W</div> <div>C</div> <div>.</div> <div>1</div> <div>1</div> <div>0</div> <div>0</div> <div>0</div> <div>1</div> </div>	Function Default Visibility	<a href="#">CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards</a>	PASSED
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[@solidproof\\_io](https://t.me/solidproof_io)

*Solid  
Proofed*

**Blockchain Security | Smart Contract Audits | KYC**

  
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