

Blockchain Security | Smart Contract Audits | KYC Development | Marketing

MADE IN GERMANY

Virgo

Audit

Security Assessment 22. March, 2023

For







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Version	Date	Description
1.0	10 March 2023 to 15. March 2023	Layout projectAutomated-/Manual-Security TestingSummary
1.1	22. March 2023	· Reaudit

Network

Ethereum

Website

https://messier.app/

Telegram

https://t.me/MessierM87Community

Twitter

https://twitter.com/MessierM87

Medium

https://github.com/MessierM87

Description

Our main goal is to create decentralized applications that will provide both consumers and businesses with tools designed to make cryptocurrency transactions more confidential, secure, and viable than conventional currencies.

The dapps that Messier creates, are aimed at the general public, but their specific use cases may vary. Generally, the main entities that will want to use our dapps are individuals or organizations looking to utilize decentralized applications for a variety of purposes within the field of financial transactions.

Project Engagement

During the Date of 09 March 2023, **Messier Team** engaged Solidproof.io to audit smart contracts that they created for the **Virgo DAPP**. The engagement was technical in nature and focused on identifying security flaws in the design and implementation of the contracts. They provided Solidproof.io with access to their code repository and white paper.

Logo



Contract Link

- https://github.com/MessierM87/VIRGO_SolidityContracts
- Commit: d98832a

v1.1

- https://github.com/MessierM87/VIRGO_SolidityContracts
- · Commit: fdee5d3

Vulnerability & Risk Level

Risk represents the probability that a certain source-threat will exploit vulnerability, and the impact of that event on the organization or system. Risk Level is computed based on CVSS version 3.0.

Level	Value	Vulnerability	Risk (Required Action)
Critical	9 - 10	A vulnerability that can disrupt the contract functioning in a number of scenarios, or creates a risk that the contract may be broken.	Immediate action to reduce risk level.
High	7 – 8.9	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.	Implementation of corrective actions as soon aspossible.
Medium	4 – 6.9	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.	Implementation of corrective actions in a certain period.
Low	2 – 3.9	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.	Implementation of certain corrective actions or accepting the risk.
Informational	O – 1.9	A vulnerability that have informational character but is not effecting any of the code.	An observation that does not determine a level of risk

Auditing Strategy and Techniques Applied

Throughout the review process, care was taken to evaluate the repository for security-related issues, code quality, and adherence to specification and best practices. To do so, reviewed line-by-line by our team of expert pentesters and smart contract developers, documenting any issues as there were discovered.

Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

- 1. Code review that includes the following:
 - i) Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
 - ii) Manual review of code, which is the process of reading source code line-byline in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
 - iii) Comparison to specification, which is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof describe.
- 2. Testing and automated analysis that includes the following:
 - i) Test coverage analysis, which is the process of determining whether the test cases are actually covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run those test cases.
 - ii) Symbolic execution, which is analysing a program to determine what inputs causes each part of a program to execute.
- 3. Best practices review, which is a review of the smart contracts to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarify, maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices, recommendations, and research.
- 4. Specific, itemized, actionable recommendations to help you take steps to secure your smart contracts.

Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (direct imports)

Imported packages:

Dependency / Import Path	Coun
@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/access/IAccessControlEnumerableUpgradeable.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/access/OwnableUpgradeable.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/proxy/utils/Initializable.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/token/ERC20/IERC20Upgradeable.sol	2
@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/token/ERC20/utils/SafeERC20Upgradeable.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/utils/CountersUpgradeable.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/utils/StringsUpgradeable.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/utils/structs/EnumerableSetUpgradeable.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts/access/AccessControlEnumerable.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts/access/Ownable.sol	4
@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/ERC20.sol	5
@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC721/extensions/ERC721Enumerable.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC721/extensions/ERC721URIStorage.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/Context.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/math/SafeMath.sol	1
@uniswap/v2-core/contracts/interfaces/IUniswapV2Factory.sol	1
@uniswap/v2-core/contracts/interfaces/IUniswapV2Pair.sol	1
@uniswap/v2-periphery/contracts/interfaces/IUniswapV2Router01.sol	1
@uniswap/v2-periphery/contracts/interfaces/IUniswapV2Router02.sol	2

Tested Contract Files

This audit covered the following files listed below with a SHA-1 Hash.

A file with a different Hash has been modified, intentionally or otherwise, after the security review. A different Hash could be (but not necessarily) an indication of a changed condition or potential vulnerability that was not within the scope of this review.

v1.0

File Name	SHA-1 Hash
contracts/MarketPlace.sol	ca9645b3c61964ba9fdc8effe33d949c123 66aff
contracts/libs/	6725300982978df01e0377b5db62d78c46
M87Bank.sol	c432cf
contracts/libs/xToken.sol	ebd81a8a8c56697b06943faf1d1d9a65cc9 5202b
contracts/libs/	c48281fe667a22a0dadc3699022f29c6539
IUniSwap.sol	0dd69
contracts/libs/	b3bf8f3a3e0ddc0dceae1ddb54441f47203
MESSIER.sol	45611
contracts/libs/	92f4bb1e4e0f72bac2791f8839dec2d1b55f
MOTTToken.sol	7d6b
contracts/libs/	5032fef30a77caa6f2f8af75a0d81b075466
IMessierNFT.sol	a452
contracts/libs/	3d448ced3ae3cb98595904b68700850dd1
simulatorM87.sol	ddf7c7
contracts/libs/	11c732dd5fc459d32365685260edfefe0d4
MTTToken.sol	35365
contracts/libs/	a80083baf52800020307572ff57108f7f773
MessierNFT.sol	e9a0
contracts/libs/	b94e4418d6caa6b2cc601ea21faee00134
Pausable.sol	deed01

contracts/libs/IM87.sol	9247fbca437a2aa4826abc884a56153f655 1f3fd
contracts/libs/ ISupernova.sol	3e1582c7baee6e4210d00295c4c53a50e9 f9c1f8
contracts/Supernova.sol	8b3628dec116c114eea5b6db337e214209 b58e21
contracts/Dao.sol	f2dd90cc440304545314c334f67898474f9 097d6



Metrics

Source Lines v1.0



Capabilities

Components



Exposed Functions

This section lists functions that are explicitly declared public or payable. Please note that getter methods for public stateVars are not included.

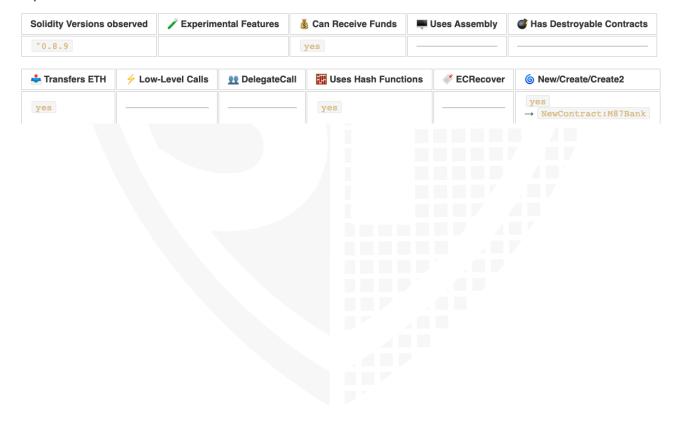


External	Internal	Private	Pure	View
81	177	15	0	61

StateVariables



Capabilities



Inheritance Graph v1.0



CallGraph v1.0



Scope of Work/Verify Claims

The above token Team provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract (usual the same name as team appended with .sol).

We will verify the following claims:

- 1. Is contract an upgradeable
- 2. Correct implementation of Token standard
- 3. Deployer cannot mint any new tokens
- 4. Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds
- 5. Deployer cannot pause the contract
- 6. Deployer cannot set fees
- 7. Deployer cannot blacklist/antisnipe addresses
- 8. Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

Is contract an upgradeable

Name Are any contracts upgradeable? Yes

Comments:

v1.0

- Owner can deploy a new version of the Supernova and Pausable contracts which can change any limit and give owner new privileges
 - Be aware of this and do your own research for the contract which is the contract pointing to

Correct implementation of Token standard

	ERC20			
Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
TotalSupply	Provides information about the total token supply	\checkmark	√	✓
BalanceOf	Provides account balance of the owner's account	\checkmark	√	✓
Transfer	Executes transfers of a specified number of tokens to a specified address	√	√	√
TransferFrom	Executes transfers of a specified number of tokens from a specified address	√	√	√
Approve	Allow a spender to withdraw a set number of tokens from a specified account	√	√	√
Allowance	Returns a set number of tokens from a spender to the owner	√	1	√

ERC721					
Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified	
BalanceOf	Count all NFTs assigned to an owner	\checkmark	√	\checkmark	
OwnerOf	Find the owner of an NFT	\checkmark	√	\checkmark	
SafeTransferFrom	Transfers the ownership of an NFT from one address to another address	√	√	√	
SafeTransferFrom	See above - Difference is that this function has an extra data parameter	√	√	√	
TransferFrom	Transfer ownership of an NFT	\checkmark	√	\checkmark	
Approve	Change or reaffirm the approved address for an NFT	√	√	√	
SetApprovalForAll	Enable or disable approval for a third party ("operator") to manage all of `msg.sender`'s assets	√	√	√	
GetApproved	Get the approved address for a single NFT	√	√	√	
IsApprovedForAll	Query if an address is an authorized operator for another address	√	√	√	
SupportsInterface	Query if a contract implements an interface	√	√	√	
Name	Provides information about the name	√	1	√	
Symbol	Provides information about the symbol	√	√	√	
TokenURI	Provides information about the TokenUri	√	1	1	

Deployer cannot mint any new tokens

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot mint	\checkmark	√	√
Max / Total Supply	1.000.00	0.000.00	00

Comments:

v1.0

· Owner cannot mint new tokens in the MESSIER contract

Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot lock	-	_	_
Deployer cannot burn	-	_	_



Deployer cannot pause the contract

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot pause	\checkmark	√	X

Comments:

v1.0

· Owner can pause contract

Deployer cannot set fees

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot set fees over 25%	\checkmark	√	\checkmark
Deployer cannot set fees to nearly 100% or to 100%	√	√	√

Comments:

v1.0

 Fees cannot be set without any limitations in the 'MESSIER.sol' contract

Deployer can blacklist/antisnipe addresses

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer can blacklist/antisnipe addresses	\checkmark	√	×

Comments:

v1.0

· Owner is able to blacklist addresses in the 'MESSEIR.sol' contract



Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)



Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verified / Checked	√
Partly Verified	
Unverified / Not checked	×
Not available	

Modifiers and public functions v1.0

M87Bank.sol

- _ChangeHash
- WithdrawEth
- WithdrawToken

Market Place.sol

- setup
- _Set_SupernovaBridgeBridge
- _ChangeHash
- _ChangeStateManul
- makeBidInit
- @ correctId

- RefundsEth
- DropEth
- Drop

- DetermineWinInit
- Refunds
- Resell
- 🗣 makeBid 👸
- AddFundEth
- AddFundToken
- DetermineWin
- <Constructor>

MFSSIFR.sol

- enableTrading
- removeLimits
- disableTransferDelay
- setEarlySellTax
- updateSwapTokensAtAmount
- updateMaxTxnAmount
- updateMaxWalletAmount
- excludeFromMaxTransaction
- updateSwapEnabled
- updateBuyFees
- updateSellFees
- excludeFromFees
- setAutomatedMarketMakerPair
- updateMarketingWallet
- updateDevWallet
- Send

DAO.sol

- setup
- _Set_SupernovaBridgeBridge
- createCashOutProposal
- createDoubleClassicProposal
- createStructureProposal
- signOnProposal

- VoteOnProposal
- ⊗ stateQuorum
- atState
- CloseProposal
- atState
- OracleNext
- FullCycleToExecution

Supernova.sol

setup changeOracle ♦ InjectHalo InjectPowehi returnContractCurrentId _WithdrawToken <a>8 WithdrawEth PutInReward_1 PutInReward_2 PutAndDropReward_1 DropReward_1 ⊗ Bridge PutAndDropReward_2 ♦ PutInTreasuryETH ⊗ Bridge PutInTreasuryet PutInTreasuryToken PutOutTreasury PutOutTokenTreasuryB StakM87 PutDarkList DropDarkList DropM87 WithdrawReward_1 WithdrawReward_2 Received

Ownership/Authority Privileges

S.No	File	Privileges
#1	MESSIER.sol	 Enable trading and transfer delay but cannot disable it Remove limits and cannot add them again Enable/Disable early sell tax Update the amount to swap tokens, max transaction amount, and max wallet amount within a safe range Set fees but it cannot be more then 25% Include/Exclude wallets from max transaction amount, and fees Update marketing, and dev wallet address Set AMM pair address
#2	MOTTToken.sol	 Users can only transfer tokens if they pass the right hash value in the transfer function. The Hash value will be constant after deployment.
#3	M87Bank.sol	 The owner is able to set/change the hash in the contract at any time The users who have access to the hash can withdraw any type of tokens, if available in the contract balance.
#4	DAO.sol (isPowehi addresses, OnlyOracle and owner)	 Set the address of Supernova bridge Create cash out proposal Create Structure proposal Only _IsPowehi addresses can sign on proposal. Only _isHalo addresses can vote on proposals Only Oracle address can close and checkOut a proposal Only Oracle address can execute cycles
#5	Marketplace.sol	Set the address of Supernova bridgeChange HASH value, and state

S.No	File	Privileges
#6	Supernova.sol (Owner, onlyOracle)	 Change oracle address Oracle address can Inject halo addresses (and only these addresses can vote in the Dao), and Power addresses Users with access to the HASH can: Withdraw ETH, and token Put in rewards Drop rewards Put out treasury

- There are several authorities which are authorized to call some functions, that means, if the owner is renounced, another address is still authorized to call functions
 - Be aware of this

Please check if an OnlyOwner or similar restrictive modifier has been forgotten.

Source Units in Scope v1.0

File	Logic Contracts	Interfaces	Lines	nLines	nSLOC	Comment Lines	Complex. Score
contracts/MarketPlace.sol	1		579	533	427	40	227
contracts/libs/M87Bank.sol	1		57	57	51	1	48
contracts/libs/xToken.sol	1		14	14	8	1	6
contracts/libs/IUniSwap.sol		1	9	9	6	1	3
contracts/libs/MESSIER.sol	1		498	491	288	125	249
contracts/libs/MOTTToken.sol	1		90	67	50	3	41
contracts/libs/IMessierNFT.sol		1	18	6	3	1	13
contracts/libs/simulatorM87.sol	1		14	14	8	1	6
contracts/libs/MTTToken.sol	1		87	64	43	16	36
contracts/libs/MessierNFT.sol	1		123	96	68	14	59
contracts/libs/Pausable.sol	4		295	295	153	102	106
contracts/libs/IM87.sol		1	31	10	5	1	21
contracts/libs/ISupernova.sol		1	15	6	3	1	23
contracts/Supernova.sol	1		731	718	547	80	356
contracts/Dao.sol	1		942	859	679	101	368
Totals	14	4	3503	3239	2339	488	1562

Legend

Attribute	Description
Lines	total lines of the source unit
nLines	normalised lines of the source unit (e.g. normalises functions spanning multiple lines)
nSLOC	normalised source lines of code (only source-code lines; no comments, no blank lines)
Comment Lines	lines containing single or block comments
Complexity Score	a custom complexity score derived from code statements that are known to introduce code complexity (branches, loops, calls, external interfaces,)

Audit Results

Critical issues

No critical issues

High issues

No high issues

Medium issues

No medium issues

Low issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	All	A floating pragma is set		The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.9".

Informational issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	All	NatSpec documentation missing	-	If you started to comment your code, also comment all other functions, variables etc.

Audit Comments

We recommend you to use the special form of comments (NatSpec Format, Follow link for more information https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/latest/natspec-format.html) for your contracts to provide rich documentation for functions, return variables and more. This helps investors to make clear what that variables, functions etc. do.

22. March 2023:

- · There is still an owner (Owner still has not renounced ownership)
- Owner can deploy a new version of the contract which can change any limit and give owner new privileges
- · Read whole report and modifiers section for more information

SWC Attacks

ID	Title	Relationships	Status
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>36</u>	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	CWE-767: Access to Critical Private Variable via Public Method	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>35</u>	Code With No Effects	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>34</u>	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	CWE-655: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>33</u>	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	CWE-294: Authentication Bypass by Capture-replay	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>32</u>	Unexpected Ether balance	CWE-667: Improper Locking	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>31</u>	Presence of unused variables	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>30</u>	Right-To-Left- Override control character (U+202E)	CWE-451: User Interface (UI) Misrepresentation of Critical Information	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>29</u>	Typographical Error	CWE-480: Use of Incorrect Operator	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>28</u>	DoS With Block Gas Limit	CWE-400: Uncontrolled Resource Consumption	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>27</u>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	CWE-695: Use of Low-Level Functionality	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>25</u>	Incorrect Inheritance Order	CWE-696: Incorrect Behavior Order	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>24</u>	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	CWE-123: Write-what-where Condition	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>23</u>	Requirement Violation	CWE-573: Improper Following of Specification by Caller	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>22</u>	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	CWE-345: Insufficient Verification of Data Authenticity	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>21</u>	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED
SW C-1 20	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	CWE-330: Use of Insufficiently Random Values	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>9</u>	Shadowing State Variables	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>8</u>	Incorrect Constructor Name	CWE-665: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>7</u>	Signature Malleability	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>6</u>	Timestamp Dependence	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>5</u>	Authorization through tx.origin	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>4</u>	Transaction Order Dependence	CWE-362: Concurrent Execution using Shared Resource with Improper Synchronization ('Race Condition')	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>3</u>	DoS with Failed Call	CWE-703: Improper Check or Handling of Exceptional Conditions	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>2</u>	Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>1</u>	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>O</u>	Assert Violation	CWE-670: Always-Incorrect Control Flow Implementation	PASSED
SW C-1 09	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	CWE-824: Access of Uninitialized Pointer	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>08</u>	State Variable Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
SW C-1 07	Reentrancy	CWE-841: Improper Enforcement of Behavioral Workflow	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>06</u>	Unprotected SELFDESTRUC T Instruction	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>05</u>	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>04</u>	Unchecked Call Return Value	CWE-252: Unchecked Return Value	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>03</u>	Floating Pragma	CWE-664: Improper Control of a Resource Through its Lifetime	NOT PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>02</u>	Outdated Compiler Version	CWE-937: Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>01</u>	Integer Overflow and Underflow	CWE-682: Incorrect Calculation	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>00</u>	Function Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED







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