

Blockchain Security | Smart Contract Audits | KYC Development | Marketing

MADE IN GERMANY

Cult Punks

Audit

Security Assessment 14. April, 2023

For







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Version	Date	Description
1.0	10. April 2023	Layout projectAutomated-/Manual-Security TestingSummary
1.1	14. April 2023	· Reaudit

Network

Ethereum

Website

cultpunks.io

Medium

https://medium.com/@cultpunks

Twitter

https://twitter.com/cultpunksnfts

Discord

https://discord.gg/MJcFZx8EaD

Description

The CultPunks are a collection of unique, randomly generated NFTs, featuring many traits that will be familiar to both the CULT community, as well as those outside the community.

Project Engagement

During the Date of 10 April 2023, **CultPunks Team** engaged Solidproof.io to audit smart contracts that they created. The engagement was technical in nature and focused on identifying security flaws in the design and implementation of the contracts. They provided Solidproof.io with access to their code repository and whitepaper.

Logo



Contract Link

v1.0

https://github.com/cultpunks/cultpunks-contracts/tree/development

Branch: development **Commit**: 6ecc056

V1.1

CultPunks NFT Proxy Contract :- https://etherscan.io/address/ 0x63c444059FB73Cl3e4009dAb0272edE4f5DC5516

CultPunks NFT Implementation Contract :- https://etherscan.io/address/0x89ff7b8cea6cdfdb63268b9785c02629d6828ab5

CultPunks NFT Sale Proxy Contract :- https://etherscan.io/address/ 0xB861ED4fA4D5aBe718b2faDbc138FF856f767b74

CultPunks NFT Sale Implementation Contract :- https://etherscan.io/address/0x4dbbc83a3c4de50d81dd2557727cf8ea76c1e933

Vulnerability & Risk Level

Risk represents the probability that a certain source-threat will exploit vulnerability, and the impact of that event on the organization or system. Risk Level is computed based on CVSS version 3.0.

Level	Value	Vulnerability	Risk (Required Action)
Critical	9 - 10	A vulnerability that can disrupt the contract functioning in a number of scenarios, or creates a risk that the contract may be broken.	Immediate action to reduce risk level.
High	7 – 8.9	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.	Implementation of corrective actions as soon aspossible.
Medium	4 – 6.9	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.	Implementation of corrective actions in a certain period.
Low	2 – 3.9	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.	Implementation of certain corrective actions or accepting the risk.
Informational	O – 1.9	A vulnerability that have informational character but is not effecting any of the code.	An observation that does not determine a level of risk

Auditing Strategy and Techniques Applied

Throughout the review process, care was taken to evaluate the repository for security-related issues, code quality, and adherence to specification and best practices. To do so, reviewed line-by-line by our team of expert pentesters and smart contract developers, documenting any issues as there were discovered.

Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

- 1. Code review that includes the following:
 - i) Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
 - ii) Manual review of code, which is the process of reading source code line-byline in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
 - iii) Comparison to specification, which is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof describe.
- 2. Testing and automated analysis that includes the following:
 - i) Test coverage analysis, which is the process of determining whether the test cases are actually covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run those test cases.
 - ii) Symbolic execution, which is analysing a program to determine what inputs causes each part of a program to execute.
- 3. Best practices review, which is a review of the smart contracts to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarify, maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices, recommendations, and research.
- 4. Specific, itemized, actionable recommendations to help you take steps to secure your smart contracts.

Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (direct imports)

Imported packages:

Dependency / Import Path	Count
@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/access/ AccessControlUpgradeable.sol	2
@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/access/ OwnableUpgradeable.sol	2
@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/proxy/utils/ Initializable.sol	2
@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/security/ PausableUpgradeable.sol	2
@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/token/ERC721/ ERC721Upgradeable.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/token/ERC721/ extensions/ERC721BurnableUpgradeable.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/token/ERC721/ extensions/ERC721EnumerableUpgradeable.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/utils/ CountersUpgradeable.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/utils/cryptography/ MerkleProofUpgradeable.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/utils/math/ SafeMathUpgradeable.sol	2
@openzeppelin/contracts/access/Ownable.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts/security/Pausable.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC721/ERC721.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC721/extensions/ ERC721Burnable.sol	1

@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC721/extensions/ ERC721Enumerable.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC721/extensions/ ERC721URIStorage.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/Counters.sol	1



Tested Contract Files

This audit covered the following files listed below with a SHA-1 Hash.

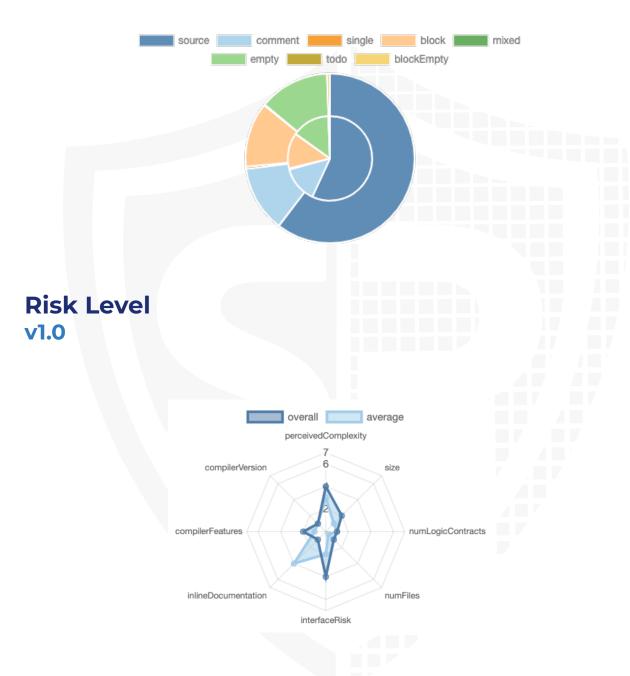
A file with a different Hash has been modified, intentionally or otherwise, after the security review. A different Hash could be (but not necessarily) an indication of a changed condition or potential vulnerability that was not within the scope of this review.

v1.0

File Name	SHA-1 Hash
contracts/	f487300b348ff60b44d13513741b5d747dfc
CULTPunksSale.sol	cc10
contracts/	6ef3f2c6ad8ede5873d6a131ec87e70a164
CultPunksWL.sol	43f71
contracts/CULTPunks.sol	79822cfd5b2eb6e2068699799158c3e0be7 d4bb5

Metrics

Source Lines v1.0



Capabilities

Components



Exposed Functions

This section lists functions that are explicitly declared public or payable. Please note that getter methods for public stateVars are not included.

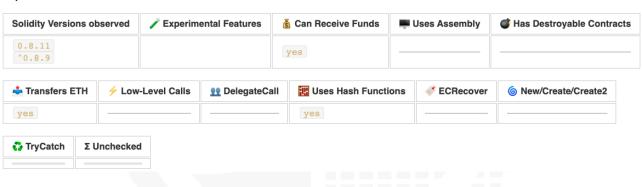


External	Internal	Private	Pure	View
20	44	0	0	6

StateVariables



Capabilities

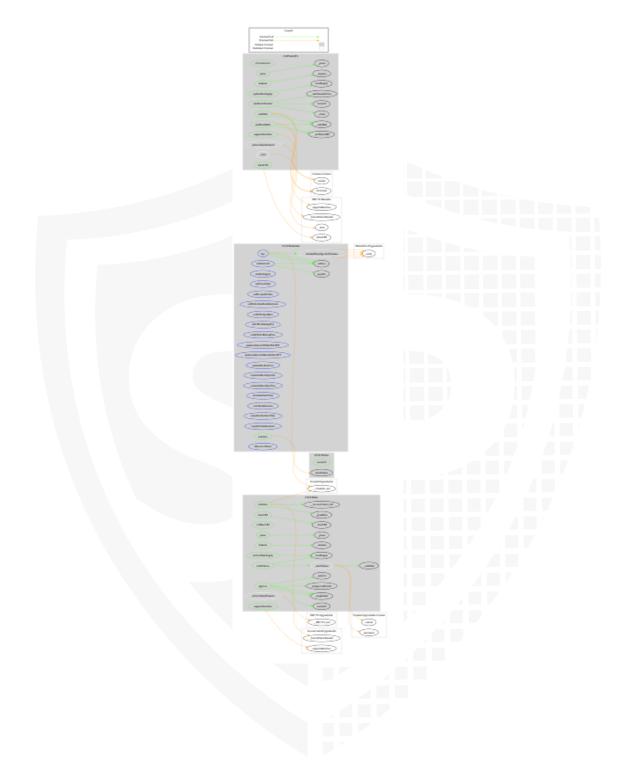


Inheritance Graph

v1.0



CallGraph v1.0



Scope of Work/Verify Claims

The above token Team provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract (usual the same name as team appended with .sol).

We will verify the following claims:

- 1. Is contract an upgradeable
- 2. Correct implementation of Token standard
- 3. Deployer cannot mint any new tokens
- 4. Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds
- 5. Deployer cannot pause the contract
- 6. Deployer cannot set fees
- 7. Deployer cannot blacklist/antisnipe addresses
- 8. Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

Is contract an upgradeable

Name Is contract an upgradeable? Yes

Comments:

v1.0

- Owner can deploy a new version of the contract which can change any limit and give owner new privileges
 - Be aware of this and do your own research for the contract which is the contract pointing to

Correct implementation of Token standard

	ERC721			
Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
BalanceOf	Count all NFTs assigned to an owner	\checkmark	√	\checkmark
OwnerOf	Find the owner of an NFT	\checkmark	√	√
SafeTransferFrom	Transfers the ownership of an NFT from one address to another address	√	√	√
SafeTransferFrom	See above - Difference is that this function has an extra data parameter	√	√	✓
TransferFrom	Transfer ownership of an NFT	\checkmark	√	√
Approve	Change or reaffirm the approved address for an NFT	√	√	√
SetApprovalForAll	Enable or disable approval for a third party ("operator") to manage all of `msg.sender`'s assets	√	√	√
GetApproved	Get the approved address for a single NFT	√	√	√
IsApprovedForAll	Query if an address is an authorized operator for another address	\checkmark	√	√
SupportsInterface	Query if a contract implements an interface	√	√	√
Name	Provides information about the name	√	√	√
Symbol	Provides information about the symbol	√	√	√
TokenURI	Provides information about the TokenUri	√	√	√

Deployer cannot mint any new tokens

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer can mint	√	√	X
Max / Total Supply	N/A		

Comments:

v1.0

- · Owner and the addresses with the Minter Role can mint new tokens.
- Unlimited tokens can be minted by the owner because it is possible to increase the max supply anytime

Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot lock	_	_	_
Deployer cannot burn	-	_	-



Deployer cannot pause the contract

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer can pause	\checkmark	√	X

Comments:

v1.0

Owner can pause contracts

Deployer cannot set fees

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot set fees over 25%	-	-	-
Deployer cannot set fees to nearly 100% or to 100%	-	-	-



Deployer can blacklist/antisnipe addresses

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer can blacklist/antisnipe addresses	\checkmark	√	X

Comments:

v1.0

· Owner is able to blacklist addresses from the sale.



Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)



Legend

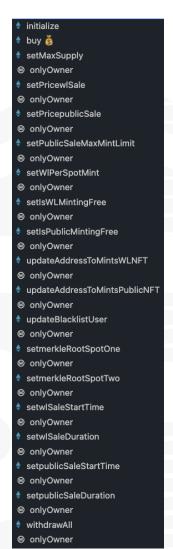
Attribute	Symbol
Verified / Checked	\checkmark
Partly Verified	P
Unverified / Not checked	X
Not available	-

Modifiers and public functions v1.0

CULTPunks.sol

\$ setBaseURI ⊗ onlyOwner \$ pause ⊗ onlyOwner \$ unpause ⊗ onlyOwner \$ setNewMaxSupply ⊗ onlyOwner \$ approve \$ mintTokens ⊗ whenNotPaused ⊗ onlyRole

CULTPunksSale.sol



Ownership Privileges

- CULTPunks.sol
 - Set new max supply to any value but it must be greater than the current total supply
 - Set Base URI
- CULTPunksSale.sol
 - Set max supply to any arbitrary value

- Set/Change the price of tokens in phase 1 and 2 to any arbitrary value
- Set public sale max mint limit to any arbitrary value including zero
- Set whitelist per spot to any arbitrary value
- Enable/Disable free whitelist and public minting
- Update address and amount to mint whitelist and publicNFTs to any arbitrary value
- Set Merkle Spots
- Set/Update sale start time and duration at any given time, including in-between the sale.
- Withdraw Ethereum from the contract.
- There are several authorities which are authorized to call some functions, that means, if the owner is renounced, another address is still authorized to call functions
 - · Be aware of this

Please check if an OnlyOwner or similar restrictive modifier has been forgotten.

Source Units in Scope v1.0

File	Logic Contracts	Interfaces	Lines	nLines	nSLOC	Comment Lines	Complex. Score
contracts/CULTPunksSale.sol	2		379	361	230	86	162
contracts/CultPunksWL.sol	1		113	87	70	2	74
contracts/CULTPunks.sol	1		189	162	90	50	78
Totals	4		681	610	390	138	314

Legend

Attribute	Description		
Lines	total lines of the source unit		
nLines	normalised lines of the source unit (e.g. normalises functions spanning multiple lines)		
nSLOC	normalised source lines of code (only source-code lines; no comments, no blank lines)		
Comment Lines	lines containing single or block comments		
Complexity Score	a custom complexity score derived from code statements that are known to introduce code complexity (branches, loops, calls, external interfaces,)		

Audit Results

Critical issues

No critical issues

High issues

No high issues

Medium issues

No medium issues

Low issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	CULTPu nksale.s ol	Missing Zero Address Validation (missing- zero-check)	288-296	Check that the address is not zero
#2	CULTPu nksale.s ol	Missing Events Arithmetic	288-296	Emit an event for critical parameter changes

Informational issues

Issue	File	Туре	Line	Description
#1	All	NatSpec documentation missing		If you started to comment your code, also comment all other functions, variables etc.

Audit Comments

We recommend you to use the special form of comments (NatSpec Format, Follow link for more information https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/latest/natspec-format.html) for your contracts to provide rich documentation for functions, return variables and more. This helps investors to make clear what that variables, functions etc. do.

14. April 2023:

- There is still an owner (Owner still has not renounced ownership)
- Owner can deploy a new version of the contract which can change any limit and give owner new privileges

- We cannot make sure that the logic and the contracts are 100% correct because the CULT Punks Team didn't provide us a white paper.
- · Read whole report and modifiers section for more information



SWC Attacks

ID	Title	Relationships	Status
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>36</u>	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	CWE-767: Access to Critical Private Variable via Public Method	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>35</u>	Code With No Effects	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>34</u>	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	CWE-655: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>33</u>	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	CWE-294: Authentication Bypass by Capture-replay	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>32</u>	Unexpected Ether balance	CWE-667: Improper Locking	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>31</u>	Presence of unused variables	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>30</u>	Right-To-Left- Override control character (U+202E)	CWE-451: User Interface (UI) Misrepresentation of Critical Information	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>29</u>	Typographical Error	CWE-480: Use of Incorrect Operator	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>28</u>	DoS With Block Gas Limit	CWE-400: Uncontrolled Resource Consumption	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>27</u>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	CWE-695: Use of Low-Level Functionality	PASSED
SW C-1 25	Incorrect Inheritance Order	CWE-696: Incorrect Behavior Order	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>24</u>	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	CWE-123: Write-what-where Condition	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>23</u>	Requirement Violation	CWE-573: Improper Following of Specification by Caller	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>22</u>	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	CWE-345: Insufficient Verification of Data Authenticity	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>21</u>	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED
SW C-1 20	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	CWE-330: Use of Insufficiently Random Values	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>9</u>	Shadowing State Variables	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>8</u>	Incorrect Constructor Name	CWE-665: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> C-11 7	Signature Malleability	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>6</u>	Timestamp Dependence	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>5</u>	Authorization through tx.origin	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>4</u>	Transaction Order Dependence	CWE-362: Concurrent Execution using Shared Resource with Improper Synchronization ('Race Condition')	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>3</u>	DoS with Failed Call	CWE-703: Improper Check or Handling of Exceptional Conditions	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>2</u>	Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>1</u>	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>O</u>	Assert Violation	CWE-670: Always-Incorrect Control Flow Implementation	PASSED
SW C-1 09	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	CWE-824: Access of Uninitialized Pointer	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>08</u>	State Variable Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
SW C-1 07	Reentrancy	CWE-841: Improper Enforcement of Behavioral Workflow	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>06</u>	Unprotected SELFDESTRUC T Instruction	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>05</u>	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>04</u>	Unchecked Call Return Value	CWE-252: Unchecked Return Value	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>03</u>	Floating Pragma	CWE-664: Improper Control of a Resource Through its Lifetime	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>02</u>	Outdated Compiler Version	CWE-937: Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>01</u>	Integer Overflow and Underflow	CWE-682: Incorrect Calculation	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>00</u>	Function Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED







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