

**Blockchain Security | Smart Contract Audits | KYC** 

MADE IN GERMANY

# DogeKing

# Audit

Security Assessment 03. February, 2022

For



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Version	Date	Description
1.0	03. February 2022	<ul><li>Layout project</li><li>Automated-/Manual-Security Testing</li><li>Summary</li></ul>

#### **Network**

Binance Smart Chain (BEP20)

#### Website

http://dogeking.site/

## **Telegram**

https://t.me/DogekingGlobalCommunityEN

## **Twitter**

https://twitter.com/DogekingEN

## **Description**

DogeKing has a high DOGE reflex. There is no need to claim that we can all go to the moon. More major marketing will be launched soon. Please pay attention to us

## **Project Engagement**

During the 2nd of February 2022, **Dogeking Team** engaged Solidproof.io to audit smart contracts that they created. The engagement was technical in nature and focused on identifying security flaws in the design and implementation of the contracts. They provided Solidproof.io with access to their code repository and whitepaper.

## Logo



## Contract Link v1.0

https://bscscan.com/address/
 0x64lec142e67ab213539815f67e4276975c2f8d50#code

## **Vulnerability & Risk Level**

Risk represents the probability that a certain source-threat will exploit vulnerability, and the impact of that event on the organization or system. Risk Level is computed based on CVSS version 3.0.

Level	Value	Vulnerability	Risk (Required Action)	
Critical	9 - 10	A vulnerability that can disrupt the contract functioning in a number of scenarios, or creates a risk that the contract may be broken.	Immediate action to reduce risk level.	
High	7 – 8.9	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.	Implementation of corrective actions as soon aspossible.	
Medium	4 – 6.9	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.	Implementation of corrective actions in a certain period.	
<b>Low</b> 2 – 3.9		A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.	Implementation of certain corrective actions or accepting the risk.	
Informational	0 – 1.9	A vulnerability that have informational character but is not effecting any of the code.	An observation that does not determine a level of risk	

# Auditing Strategy and Techniques Applied

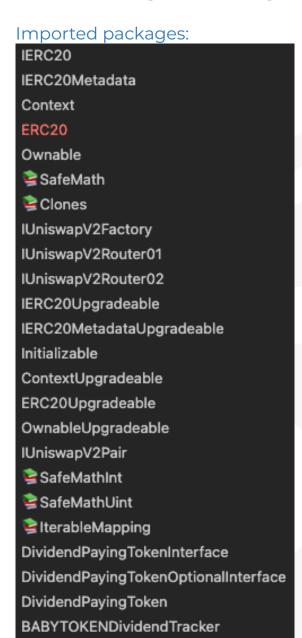
Throughout the review process, care was taken to evaluate the repository for security-related issues, code quality, and adherence to specification and best practices. To do so, reviewed line-by-line by our team of expert pentesters and smart contract developers, documenting any issues as there were discovered.

## Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

- 1. Code review that includes the following:
  - i) Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
  - ii) Manual review of code, which is the process of reading source code line-byline in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
  - iii) Comparison to specification, which is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof describe.
- 2. Testing and automated analysis that includes the following:
  - i) Test coverage analysis, which is the process of determining whether the test cases are actually covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run those test cases.
  - ii) Symbolic execution, which is analysing a program to determine what inputs causes each part of a program to execute.
- 3. Best practices review, which is a review of the smart contracts to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarify, maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices, recommendations, and research.
- 4. Specific, itemized, actionable recommendations to help you take steps to secure your smart contracts.

# Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (direct imports)



BaseToken

BABYTOKEN

## **Tested Contract Files**

This audit covered the following files listed below with a SHA-1 Hash.

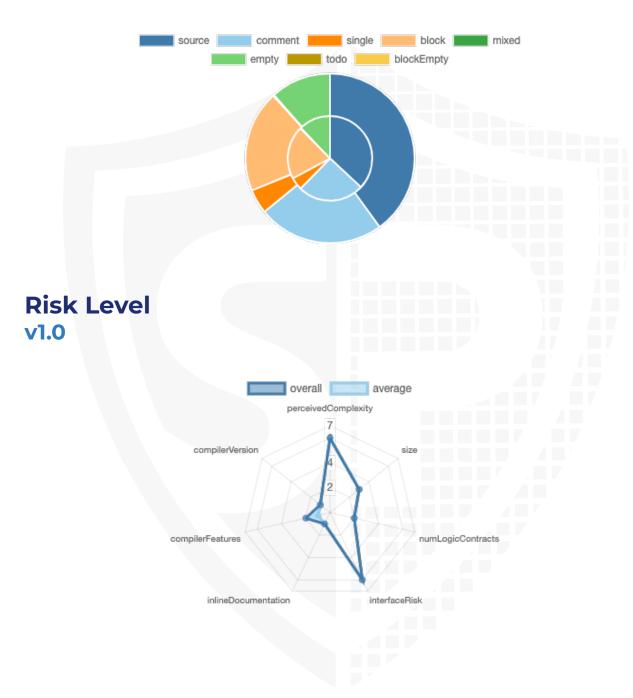
A file with a different Hash has been modified, intentionally or otherwise, after the security review. A different Hash could be (but not necessarily) an indication of a changed condition or potential vulnerability that was not within the scope of this review.

#### **v1.0**

File Name	SHA-1 Hash
contracts/dogeking.sol	20dce67f426e3c2ad946475ae6d5e613b3121d4d

## **Metrics**

# Source Lines v1.0



## **Capabilities**

## Components

Version	Contracts	Libraries	Interfaces	Abstract
1.0	5	5	10	6

## **Exposed Functions**

This section lists functions that are explicitly declared public or payable. Please note that getter methods for public stateVars are not included.

Versi	on	Public	Payable
1.0		163	6

Version	External	Internal	Private	Pure	View	
1.0	107	166	10	33	79	

## **State Variables**

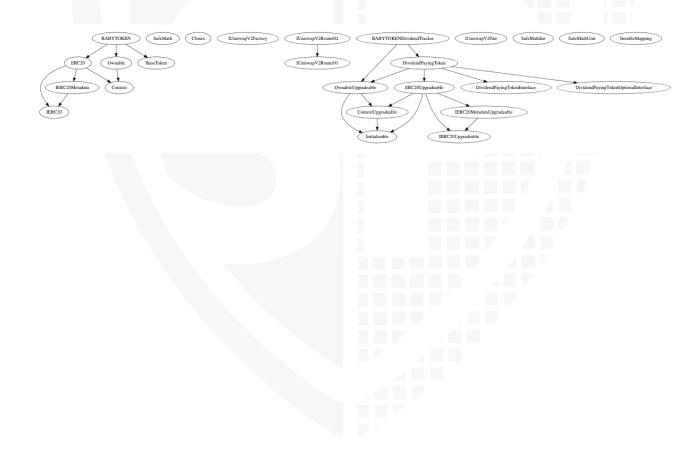
Version	Total	Public
1.0	46	20

## **Capabilities**

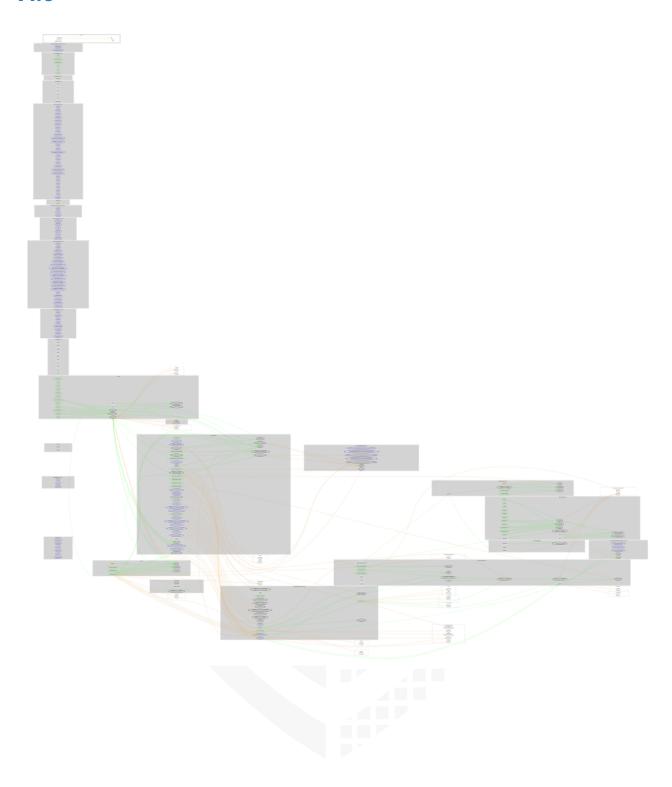
Version	Solidity Versions observed	Experim ental Features	Can Receive Funds	Uses Assembl Y	Has Destroya ble Contract s
1.0	=0.8.4		yes	yes (3 asm blocks)	

Version	Transfer s ETH	Low- Level Calls	Deleg ateCa II	Uses Hash Function s	EC Rec ove r	New/ Create/ Create2	
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# Inheritance Graph v1.0



# CallGraph v1.0



## **Scope of Work/Verify Claims**

The above token Team provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract (usual the same name as team appended with .sol).

We will verify the following claims:

- 1. Correct implementation of Token standard
- 2. Deployer cannot mint any new tokens
- 3. Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds
- 4. Deployer cannot pause the contract
- 5. Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

## **Correct implementation of Token standard**

Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
TotalSupply	provides information about the total token supply	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
BalanceOf	provides account balance of the owner's account	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Transfer	executes transfers of a specified number of tokens to a specified address	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
TransferFrom	executes transfers of a specified number of tokens from a specified address	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Approve	allow a spender to withdraw a set number of tokens from a specified account	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Allowance	returns a set number of tokens from a spender to the owner	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>

## Write functions of contract v1.0

23. updateUniswapV2Router

1. approve 2. claim 3. decreaseAllowance 4. excludeFromDividends 5. excludeFromFees 6. excludeMultipleAccountsFromFees 7. increaseAllowance 8. processDividendTracker 9. renounceOwnership 10. setAutornatedMarketMakerPair 11. setLiquiditFee 12. setMarketingFee 13. setMarketingWallet 14. setSwapTokensAtAmount 15. setTokenRewardsFee 16. transfer 17. transferFrom	
3. decreaseAllowance 4. excludeFromDividends 5. excludeFromFees 6. excludeMultipleAccountsFromFees 7. increaseAllowance 8. processDividendTracker 9. renounceOwnership 10. setAutomatedMarketMakerPair 11. setLiquiditFee 12. setMarketingFee 13. setMarketingWallet 14. setSwapTokensAtAmount 15. setTokenRewardsFee 16. transfer 17. transferFrom	
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6. excludeMultipleAccountsFromFees  7. increaseAllowance  8. processDividendTracker  9. renounceOwnership  10. setAutomatedMarketMakerPair  11. setLiquiditFee  12. setMarketingFee  13. setMarketingWallet  14. setSwapTokensAtAmount  15. setTokenRewardsFee  16. transfer  17. transferFrom	
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12. setMarketingFee  13. setMarketingWallet  14. setSwapTokensAtAmount  15. setTokenRewardsFee  16. transfer  17. transferFrom	
13. setMarketingWallet  14. setSwapTokensAtAmount  15. setTokenRewardsFee  16. transfer  17. transferFrom	
13. setMarketingWallet  14. setSwapTokensAtAmount  15. setTokenRewardsFee  16. transfer  17. transferFrom	
14. setSwapTokensAtAmount  15. setTokenRewardsFee  16. transfer  17. transferFrom	
16. transfer  17. transferFrom	
17. transferFrom	
17. transfer-rom	
18. transferOwnership	
19. updateClaimWait	
20. updateDividendTracker	
21. updateGasForProcessing	
22. updateMinimumTokenBalanceForDividends	

## **Deployer cannot mint any new tokens**

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot mint	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Max / Total Supply	1.000.000.000.000.000		000.000

#### Comments:

#### **v1.0**

Mint will be called in \_setBalance function



## Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot lock	$\checkmark$	<b>√</b>	$\checkmark$
Deployer cannot burn	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓

#### Comments:

#### **v1.0**

Burn will be called in \_setBalance function

## **Deployer cannot pause the contract**

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot pause	-	_	-



## **Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)**

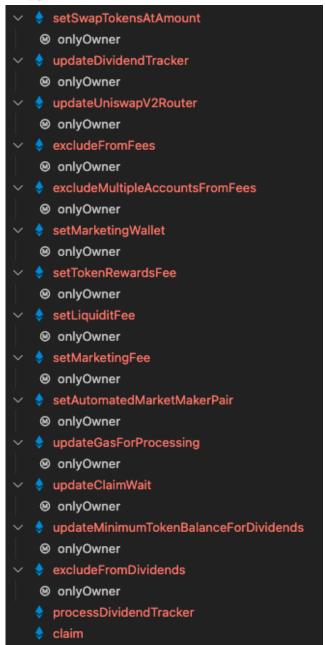


## Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verfified / Checked	$\checkmark$
Partly Verified	P
Unverified / Not checked	X
Not available	-

## **Modifiers and public functions**

#### **v1.0**



#### Comments

- Deployer can set following state variables without any limitations
  - swapTokensAtAmount
- Deployer can enable/disable following state variables
  - isExcludedFromFees

Please check if an OnlyOwner or similar restrictive modifier has been forgotten.

# **Source Units in Scope** v1.0

Туре	File	Logic Contracts	Interfaces	Lines	nLines	nSLOC	Comment Lines	Complex. Score	Capabilities
<b>∌</b> ≧Q <b>%</b>	contracts/dogeking.sol	16	10	3153	2435	1212	1007	1092	<b></b>
<b>≥</b> ≥Q	Totals	16	10	3153	2435	1212	1007	1092	<b></b>

## Legend

Attribute	Description
Lines	total lines of the source unit
nLines	normalized lines of the source unit (e.g. normalizes functions spanning multiple lines)
nSLOC	normalized source lines of code (only source-code lines; no comments, no blank lines)
Comment Lines	lines containing single or block comments
Complexity Score	a custom complexity score derived from code statements that are known to introduce code complexity (branches, loops, calls, external interfaces,)

## **Audit Results**

# **AUDIT PASSED**

## **Critical issues**

## No critical issues

## **High issues**

## No high issues

## **Medium issues**

## No medium issues

## Low issues

Issue	File	Туре	Line	Description
#1	Main	Contract doesn't import npm packages from source (like OpenZeppelin etc.)		We recommend to import all packages from npm directly without flatten the contract. Functions could be modified or can be susceptible to vulnerabilities
#2	Main	Missing Zero Address Validation (missing- zero-check)	2695, 2665, 2786, 2760	Check that the address is not zero
#3	Main	Local variables shadowing	2112, 2113, 2205, 2172, 2179, 2191	Rename the local variables that shadow another component
#4	Main	Missing Events Arithmetic	2797, 2798, 2803, 2804, 2725, 2791, 2792	Emit an event for critical parameter changes

## Informational issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	Main	Unused return values	3130	Ensure that all the return values of the function calls are used and handle both success and failure cases if needed by the business logic
#2	Main	Unused state variables	1847	Remove unused state variables

## **Audit Comments**

We recommend you to use the special form of comments (NatSpec Format, Follow link for more information <a href="https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/v0.5.10/natspec-format.html">https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/v0.5.10/natspec-format.html</a>) for your contracts to provide rich documentation for functions, return variables and more. This helps investors to make clear what that variables, functions etc. do.

## **03. February 2022:**

Read whole report for more information

## **SWC Attacks**

ID	Title	Relationships	Status
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>36</u>	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	CWE-767: Access to Critical Private Variable via Public Method	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>35</u>	Code With No Effects	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>34</u>	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	CWE-655: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>33</u>	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	CWE-294: Authentication Bypass by Capture-replay	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>32</u>	Unexpected Ether balance	CWE-667: Improper Locking	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>31</u>	Presence of unused variables	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>30</u>	Right-To-Left- Override control character (U+202E)	CWE-451: User Interface (UI)  Misrepresentation of Critical  Information	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>29</u>	Typographical Error	CWE-480: Use of Incorrect Operator	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>28</u>	DoS With Block Gas Limit	CWE-400: Uncontrolled Resource Consumption	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>27</u>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	CWE-695: Use of Low-Level Functionality	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>25</u>	Incorrect Inheritance Order	CWE-696: Incorrect Behavior Order	PASSED
<u>SW</u> C-1 24	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	CWE-123: Write-what-where Condition	PASSED
SW C-1 23	Requirement Violation	CWE-573: Improper Following of Specification by Caller	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>22</u>	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	CWE-345: Insufficient Verification of Data Authenticity	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>21</u>	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>20</u>	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	CWE-330: Use of Insufficiently Random Values	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>9</u>	Shadowing State Variables	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	NOT PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>8</u>	Incorrect Constructor Name	CWE-665: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> C-11 7	Signature Malleability	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>6</u>	Timestamp Dependence	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>5</u>	Authorization through tx.origin	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>4</u>	Transaction Order Dependence	CWE-362: Concurrent Execution using Shared Resource with Improper Synchronization ('Race Condition')	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>3</u>	DoS with Failed Call	CWE-703: Improper Check or Handling of Exceptional Conditions	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>2</u>	Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>1</u>	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>O</u>	Assert Violation	CWE-670: Always-Incorrect Control Flow Implementation	PASSED
SW C-1 09	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	CWE-824: Access of Uninitialized Pointer	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>08</u>	State Variable Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
SW C-1 07	Reentrancy	CWE-841: Improper Enforcement of Behavioral Workflow	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>06</u>	Unprotected SELFDESTRUC T Instruction	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>05</u>	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>04</u>	Unchecked Call Return Value	CWE-252: Unchecked Return Value	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>03</u>	Floating Pragma	CWE-664: Improper Control of a Resource Through its Lifetime	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>02</u>	Outdated Compiler Version	CWE-937: Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>01</u>	Integer Overflow and Underflow	CWE-682: Incorrect Calculation	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>00</u>	Function Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED



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