

AlexCTF 2017

C++ is awesome Write Up

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```
if ( argc != 2 )
{
    v3 = *argv;
    v4 = std::operator<<<std::char_traits<char>>(&std::cout, "Usage: ", a3);
    v6 = std::operator<<<std::char_traits<char>>(v4, v3, v5);
    std::operator<<<std::char_traits<char>>(v6, " flag\n", v7);
    exit(0);
}
```

이 파일은 인자를 한 개 전달받아 동작합니다.

```
std::allocator<char>::allocator(&v13, argv, a3);
std::__cxx11::basic_string<char,std::char_traits<char>,std::allocator<char>>::basic_string(&arg_str, argv[1], &v13);
std::allocator<char>::~~allocator(&v13);
j = 0;
for ( i = std::__cxx11::basic_string<char,std::char_traits<char>,std::allocator<char>>::begin(&arg_str); ; increment(&i) )
{
    v14 = std::__cxx11::basic_string<char,std::char_traits<char>,std::allocator<char>>::end(&arg_str);
    if ( !sub_400D3D((__int64)&i, (__int64)&v14) )
        break;
    input_ch = *(unsigned __int8 *)sub_400D9A((__int64)&i);
    if ( (_BYTE)input_ch != off_6020A0[dword_6020C0[j]] )
        goto_exit((__int64)&i, (__int64)&v14, input_ch);
    ++j;
}
```

입력받은 인자(문자열)에 대해 1바이트씩 offset_6020a0[dword_6020c0[j]]와 동일한 지 검증하는데, offset_6020a0에는 특정 문자열이, dword_6020c0에는 4바이트의 배열 형태로 어떠한 인덱스 값이 존재합니다.

offset_6020a0

- L3t_ME_T3ll_Y0u_S0m3th1ng_1mp0rtant_A_{FL4G}_W0nt_b3_3X4ctly_th4t_345y_t0_c4ptur3_H0wev3r_1T_w1ll_b3_C00l_1F_Y0u_g0t_1t

dword_6020c0

- [0x24, 0x0, 0x5, 0x36, 0x65, 0x7, 0x27, 0x26, 0x2D, 0x1, 0x3, 0x0, 0x0D, 0x56, 0x1, 0x3, 0x65, 0x3, 0x2D, 0x16, 0x2, 0x15, 0x3, 0x65, 0x0, 0x29, 0x44, 0x44, 0x1, 0x44, 0x2B]

```

.data:00000000006020A0 off_6020A0      dq offset aL3tMeT3llY0uS0
.data:00000000006020A0                                     ; DATA XREF: main+D1↑r
.data:00000000006020A0                                     ; "L3t_ME_T3ll_Y0u_S0m3th1ng_1mp0rtant_A_{"...
.data:00000000006020A8 align 20h
.data:00000000006020C0 ; int dword_6020C0[]
.data:00000000006020C0 dword_6020C0 dd 24h ; DATA XREF: main+DD↑r
.data:00000000006020C4 dd 0
.data:00000000006020C8 dd 5
.data:00000000006020CC dd 36h
.data:00000000006020D0 dd 65h
.data:00000000006020D4 dd 7
.data:00000000006020D8 dd 27h
.data:00000000006020DC dd 26h
.data:00000000006020E0 dd 2Dh
.data:00000000006020E4 dd 1
.data:00000000006020E8 dd 3
.data:00000000006020EC dd 0
.data:00000000006020F0 dd 0Dh
.data:00000000006020F4 dd 56h
.data:00000000006020F8 dd 1
.data:00000000006020FC dd 3
.data:0000000000602100 dd 65h
.data:0000000000602104 dd 3
.data:0000000000602108 dd 2Dh
.data:000000000060210C dd 16h
.data:0000000000602110 dd 2
.data:0000000000602114 dd 15h
.data:0000000000602118 dd 3
.data:000000000060211C dd 65h
.data:0000000000602120 dd 0
.data:0000000000602124 dd 29h
.data:0000000000602128 dd 44h
.data:000000000060212C dd 44h
.data:0000000000602130 dd 1
.data:0000000000602134 dd 44h
.data:0000000000602138 dd 2Bh
.data:0000000000602138 _data ends

.rodata:0000000000400E58 aL3tMeT3llY0uS0 db 'L3t_ME_T3ll_Y0u_S0m3th1ng_1mp0rtant_A_{FL4G}_W0nt_b3_3X4ctly_th4t'
.rodata:0000000000400E58                                     ; DATA XREF: .data:off_6020A0↓o
.rodata:0000000000400E58 db '_345y_t0_c4ptur3_H0wev3r_1T_will_b3_C00l_1F_Y0u_g0t_1t',0

```

```

>>> s = b"L3t_ME_T3ll_Y0u_S0m3th1ng_1mp0rtant_A_{FL4G}_W0nt_b3_3X4ctly_th4t_345y_t0_c4ptur3_H0wev3r_1T_will_b3_C00l_1F_Y0u_g0t_1t"
>>> idx = [0x24, 0x0, 0x5, 0x36, 0x65, 0x7, 0x27, 0x26, 0x2D, 0x1, 0x3, 0x0, 0x0D, 0x56, 0x1, 0x3, 0x65, 0x3, 0x2D, 0x16, 0x2, 0x15]
>>> res = ""
>>>
>>> for i in idx :
...     res += chr(s[i])
...
>>>
>>> print(res)
ALEXCTF{W3_L0v3_C_W1th_CL45535}
>>>

```

Offset_6020a0의 0x24번째, 0번째, 5번째, 0x36번째 ... 를 조합하면 다음과 같이 답이 나옵니다.

Flag : ALEXCTF{W3_L0v3_C_W1th_CL45535}