

HOSPITAL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

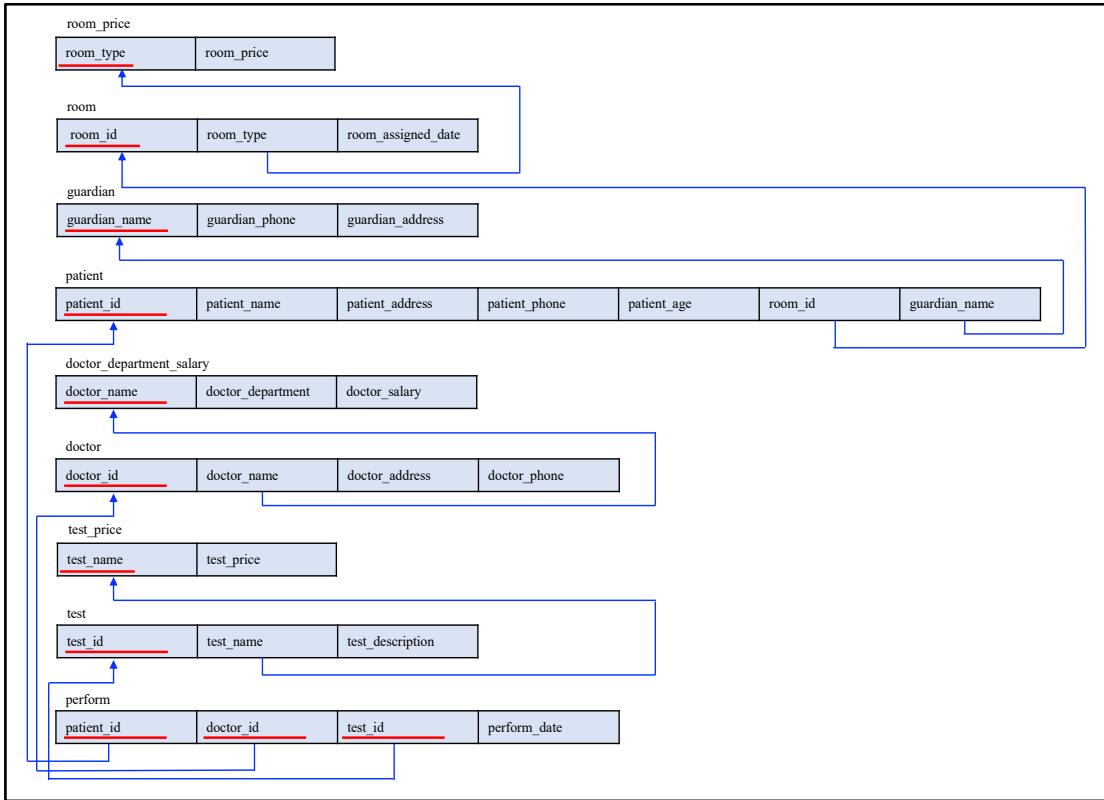
Introduction to Databases

- Semester 1, 2022/23 -

Submitted by

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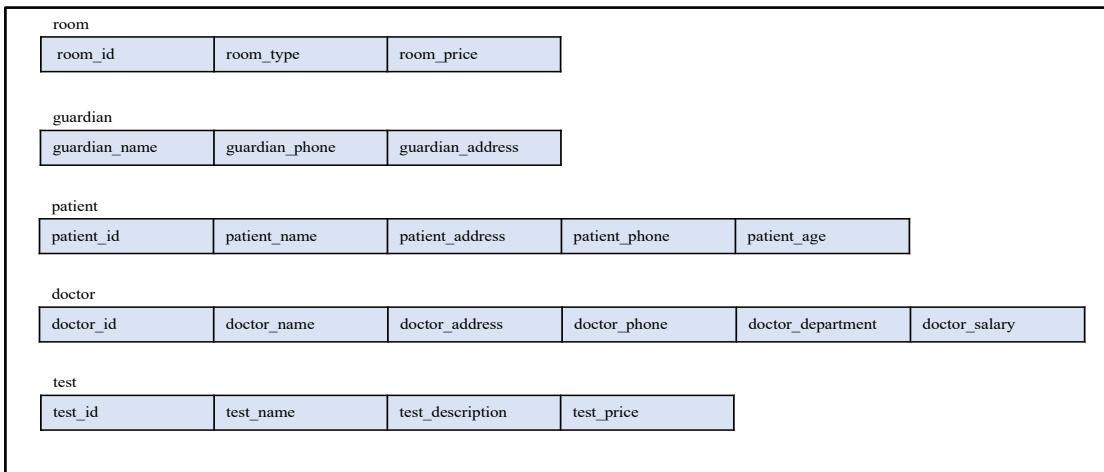
1. Relational model of hospital management system.



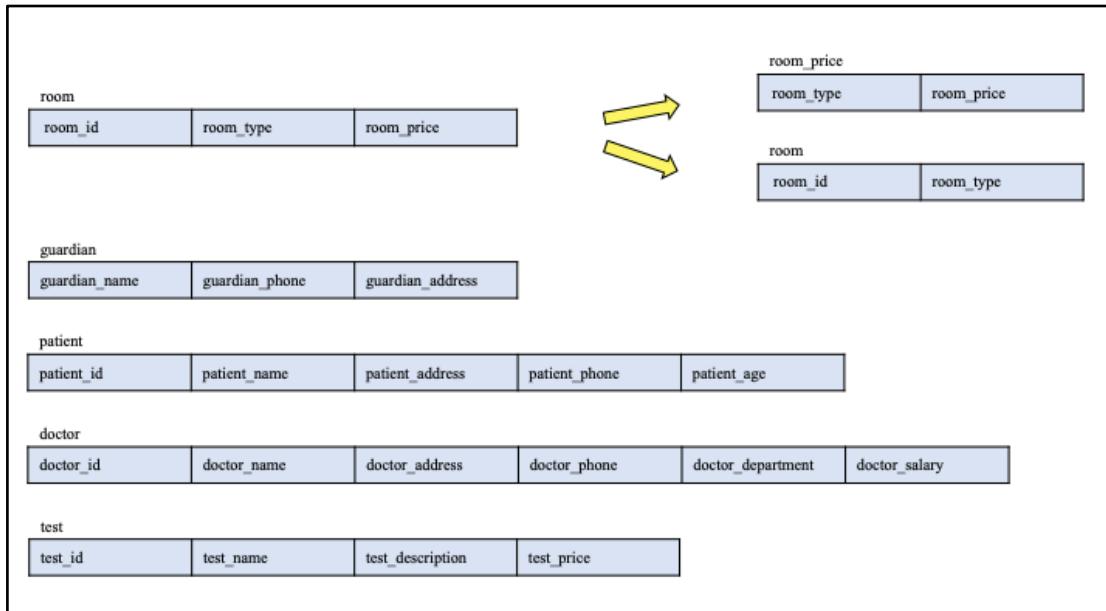
Above relational model was converted with 1st, 2nd, and 3rd normal form and below steps

[Nomarilization]

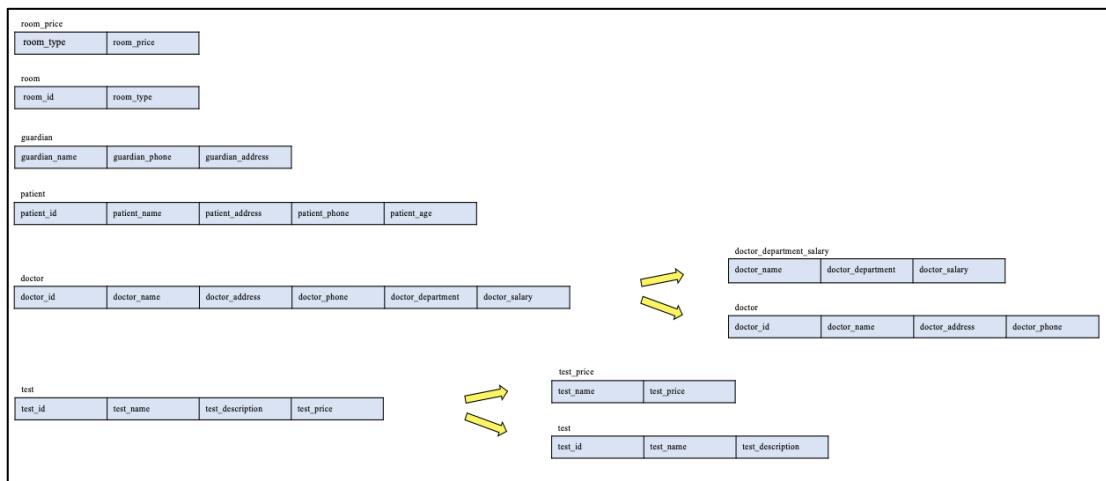
1) 1st normalization: Repeating attributes removed



2) 2nd normalization: No partial dependencies



3) 3rd normalization: Non-key dependencies removed



4) After normalization

room_price				
room_type	room_price			
room				
room_id	room_type			
guardian				
guardian_name	guardian_phone	guardian_address		
patient				
patient_id	patient_name	patient_address	patient_phone	patient_age
doctor_department_salary				
doctor_name	doctor_department	doctor_salary		
doctor				
doctor_id	doctor_name	doctor_address	doctor_phone	
test_price				
test_name	test_price			
test				
test_id	test_name	test_description		

And then, above tables is processing with ER-to-Relational Mapping Algorithm (7 steps)

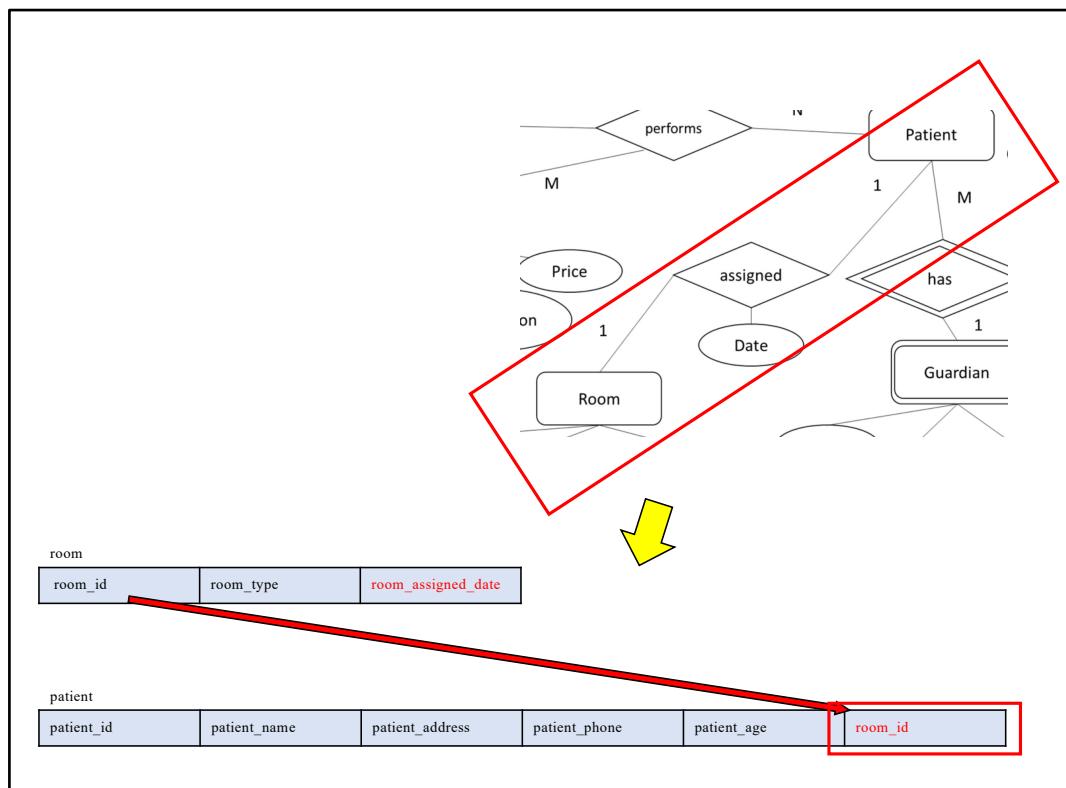
[ER-to-Relational Mapping Algorithm (7 steps)]

- 1) Step 1: Mapping of Regular Entity Types.
 - The same with above table.

- 2) Step 2: Mapping of Weak Entity Types.
 - Guardian is a weak entity type. So, use Guardian_name as a foreign key of patient table
 - Guardian_name is used for composite key of patient table.

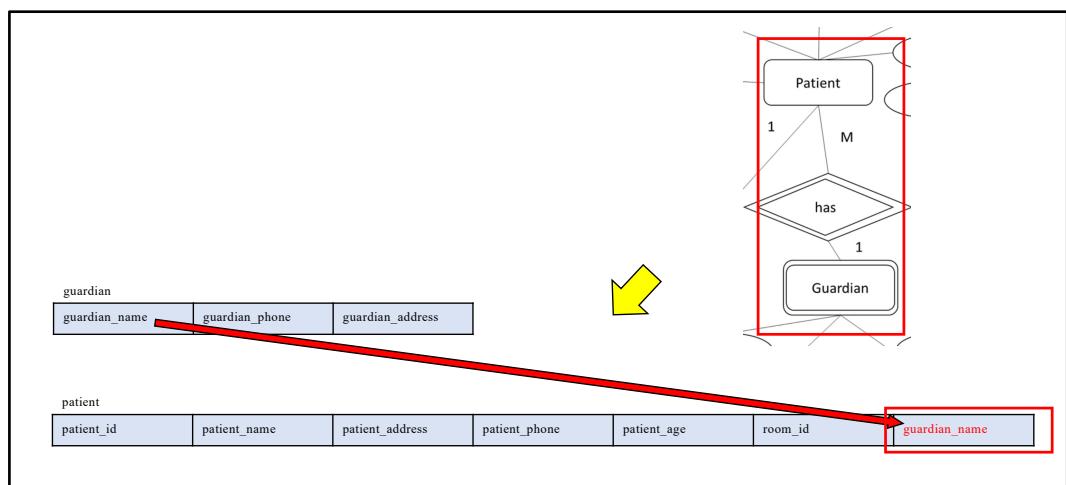
3) Step 3: Mapping of Binary 1:1 Relationship Types.

- Room – Patient.



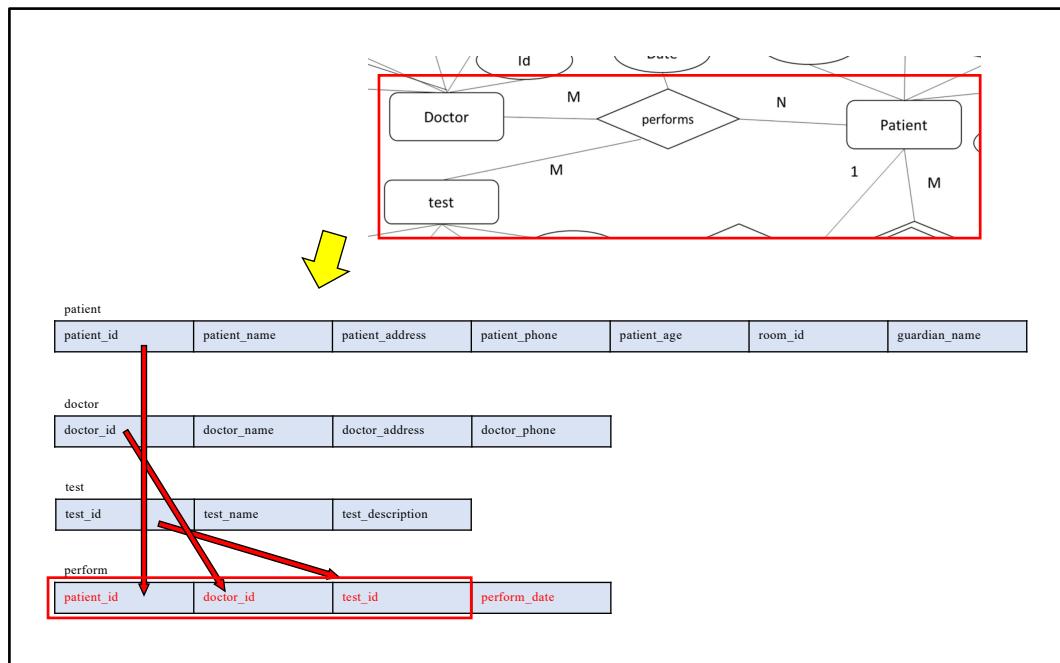
4) Step 4: Mapping of Binary 1:N Relationship Types.

- Guardian – Patient.



5) Step 5: Mapping of Binary M:N Relationship Types.

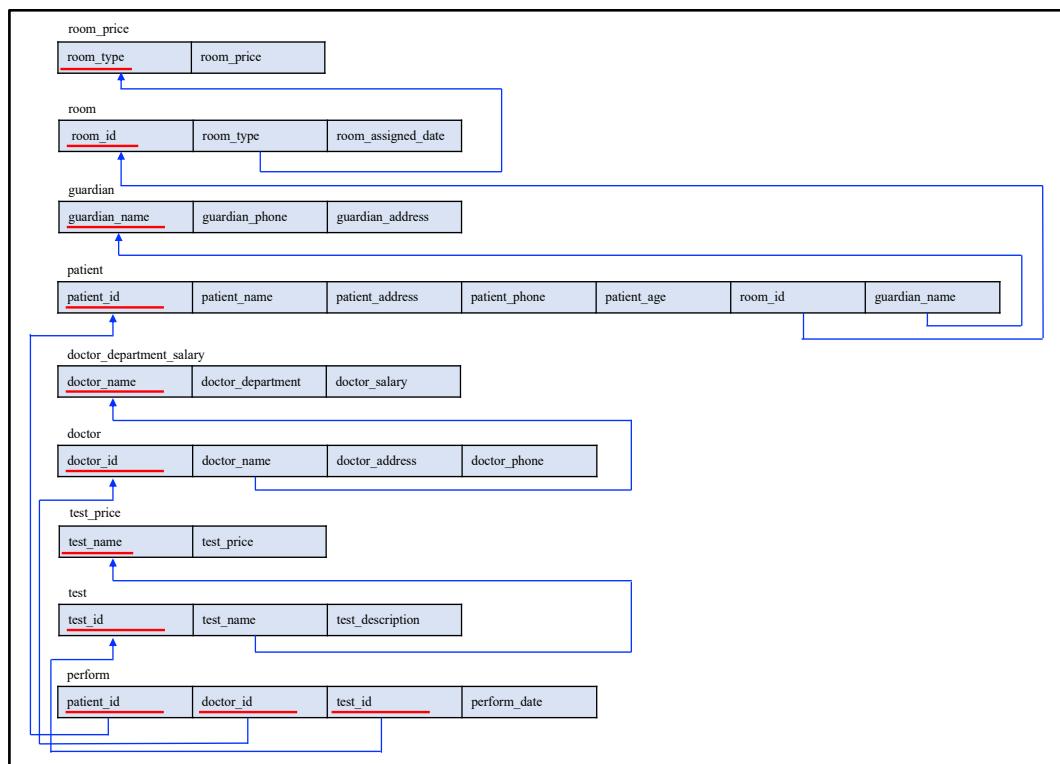
- Patient – Doctor – Test.



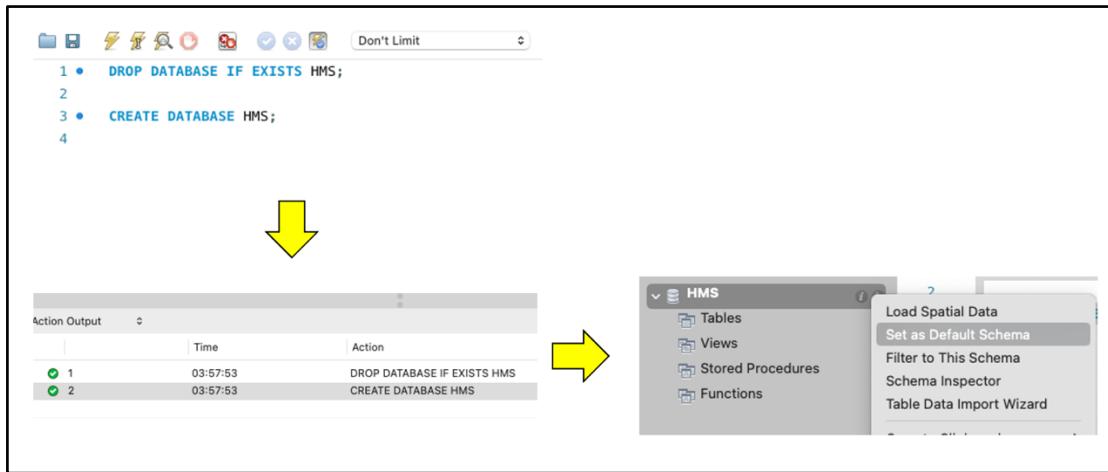
6) Step 6: Mapping of Multivalued Attributes .

- There is no multivalued attribute in this database.

7) Step 7: Mapping of N-ary Relationship Types.



2.1. Create ‘HMS’ database using DDL.



```
1 • DROP DATABASE IF EXISTS HMS;
2
3 • CREATE DATABASE HMS;
4
```

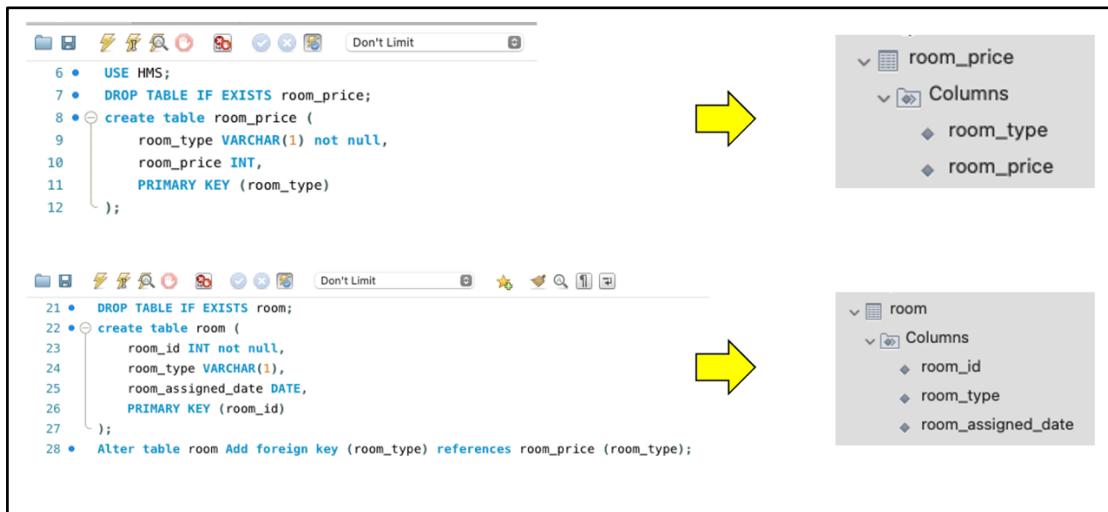
Action Output	Time	Action
1	03:57:53	DROP DATABASE IF EXISTS HMS;
2	03:57:53	CREATE DATABASE HMS;

HMS

- Tables
- Views
- Stored Procedures
- Functions

Load Spatial Data
Set as Default Schema
Filter to This Schema
Schema Inspector
Table Data Import Wizard

2.2. Create all tables of ‘HMS’ database using DDL.



```
6 • USE HMS;
7 • DROP TABLE IF EXISTS room_price;
8 •  create table room_price (
9     room_type VARCHAR(1) not null,
10    room_price INT,
11    PRIMARY KEY (room_type)
12 );
```

```
21 • DROP TABLE IF EXISTS room;
22 •  create table room (
23     room_id INT not null,
24     room_type VARCHAR(1),
25     room_assigned_date DATE,
26     PRIMARY KEY (room_id)
27 );
28 • Alter table room Add foreign key (room_type) references room_price (room_type);
```

room_price

- Columns
 - room_type
 - room_price

room

- Columns
 - room_id
 - room_type
 - room_assigned_date

```

185 • DROP TABLE IF EXISTS guardian;
186 • create table guardian (
    guardian_name VARCHAR(50) not null,
    guardian_phone VARCHAR(50),
    guardian_address VARCHAR(50),
    PRIMARY KEY (guardian_name)
);

```

```

244 • DROP TABLE IF EXISTS patient;
245 • create table patient (
    patient_id INT not null,
    patient_name VARCHAR(50),
    patient_address VARCHAR(50),
    patient_phone VARCHAR(50),
    patient_age INT,
    room_id INT,
    guardian_name VARCHAR(50),
    PRIMARY KEY (patient_id)
);
255 • Alter table patient Add foreign key (room_id) references room (room_id);
256 • Alter table patient Add foreign key (guardian_name) references guardian (guardian_name);

```

```

360 • DROP TABLE IF EXISTS doctor_department_salary;
361 • create table doctor_department_salary (
    doctor_name VARCHAR(50) not null,
    doctor_department VARCHAR(23),
    doctor_salary INT,
    PRIMARY KEY (doctor_name)
);

```

```

420 • DROP TABLE IF EXISTS doctor;
421 • create table doctor (
    doctor_id INT not null,
    doctor_name VARCHAR(50),
    doctor_address VARCHAR(50),
    doctor_phone VARCHAR(50),
    PRIMARY KEY (doctor_id)
);
428 • Alter table doctor Add foreign key (doctor_name) references doctor_department_salary (doctor_name);

```

```

484 • DROP TABLE IF EXISTS test_price;
485 • create table test_price (
    test_name VARCHAR(50) not null,
    test_price INT,
    PRIMARY KEY (test_name)
);

```

```

514 • DROP TABLE IF EXISTS test;
515 • create table test (
    test_id INT not null,
    test_name VARCHAR(50),
    test_description VARCHAR(50),
    PRIMARY KEY (test_id)
);
521 • Alter table test Add foreign key (test_name) references test_price (test_name);

```

```

567 • DROP TABLE IF EXISTS perform;
568 • ◇ create table perform (
569     patient_id INT not null,
570     doctor_id INT not null,
571     test_id INT not null,
572     perform_date DATE,
573     PRIMARY KEY (patient_id, doctor_id, test_id)
574 );
575
576 • Alter table perform Add foreign key (patient_id) references patient (patient_id);
577 • Alter table perform Add foreign key (doctor_id) references doctor (doctor_id);
578 • Alter table perform Add foreign key (test_id) references test (test_id);

```

▼ perform
Columns
◆ patient_id
◆ doctor_id
◆ test_id
◆ perform_date

2.3. Fill tables with some data using Mockaroo.

- I assume that there are 5 room type and according to these types, room price will be defined. It has information of Room type (Primary Key) and Room price.

```

14 • INSERT INTO room_price (room_type, room_price) VALUES ('A',10000);
15 • INSERT INTO room_price (room_type, room_price) VALUES ('B',8000);
16 • INSERT INTO room_price (room_type, room_price) VALUES ('C',6000);
17 • INSERT INTO room_price (room_type, room_price) VALUES ('D',4000);
18 • INSERT INTO room_price (room_type, room_price) VALUES ('E',2000);
19

```

room_type	room_price
A	10000
B	8000
C	6000
D	4000
E	2000

- 2) I assume that there are 150 rooms and among these rooms, some are available, and the others are unavailable because they're already assigned. It has information of Room id (Primary Key) and Room type (Foreign key), and Room assigned date.

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface with an SQL editor and a results grid.

```

INSERT INTO room (`room_id`, `room_type`, `room_assigned_date`) VALUES (1, 'D', NULL);
INSERT INTO room (`room_id`, `room_type`, `room_assigned_date`) VALUES (2, 'C', '2022-04-28');
INSERT INTO room (`room_id`, `room_type`, `room_assigned_date`) VALUES (3, 'C', NULL);
INSERT INTO room (`room_id`, `room_type`, `room_assigned_date`) VALUES (4, 'E', '2022-06-10');
INSERT INTO room (`room_id`, `room_type`, `room_assigned_date`) VALUES (5, 'B', '2022-12-07');
INSERT INTO room (`room_id`, `room_type`, `room_assigned_date`) VALUES (6, 'C', '2022-11-20');
INSERT INTO room (`room_id`, `room_type`, `room_assigned_date`) VALUES (7, 'E', '2022-07-25');
INSERT INTO room (`room_id`, `room_type`, `room_assigned_date`) VALUES (8, 'A', '2022-01-27');
INSERT INTO room (`room_id`, `room_type`, `room_assigned_date`) VALUES (9, 'A', '2022-10-30');
INSERT INTO room (`room_id`, `room_type`, `room_assigned_date`) VALUES (10, 'D', NULL);
INSERT INTO room (`room_id`, `room_type`, `room_assigned_date`) VALUES (11, 'A', '2022-02-13');
INSERT INTO room (`room_id`, `room_type`, `room_assigned_date`) VALUES (12, 'A', NULL);
INSERT INTO room (`room_id`, `room_type`, `room_assigned_date`) VALUES (13, 'D', '2022-04-28');
INSERT INTO room (`room_id`, `room_type`, `room_assigned_date`) VALUES (14, 'D', NULL);
INSERT INTO room (`room_id`, `room_type`, `room_assigned_date`) VALUES (15, 'B', '2022-08-07');
INSERT INTO room (`room_id`, `room_type`, `room_assigned_date`) VALUES (16, 'B', '2022-03-12');
INSERT INTO room (`room_id`, `room_type`, `room_assigned_date`) VALUES (17, 'C', '2022-04-01');
INSERT INTO room (`room_id`, `room_type`, `room_assigned_date`) VALUES (18, 'B', '2022-06-07');
INSERT INTO room (`room_id`, `room_type`, `room_assigned_date`) VALUES (19, 'A', NULL);
INSERT INTO room (`room_id`, `room_type`, `room_assigned_date`) VALUES (20, 'A', NULL);
INSERT INTO room (`room_id`, `room_type`, `room_assigned_date`) VALUES (21, 'D', '2022-03-16');
INSERT INTO room (`room_id`, `room_type`, `room_assigned_date`) VALUES (22, 'B', '2022-07-06');
INSERT INTO room (`room_id`, `room_type`, `room_assigned_date`) VALUES (23, 'D', NULL);
INSERT INTO room (`room_id`, `room_type`, `room_assigned_date`) VALUES (24, 'A', '2022-08-03');

```

room_id	room_type	room_assigned_d...
1	D	NULL
2	C	2022-04-28
3	C	NULL
4	E	2022-06-10
5	B	2022-12-07
6	C	2022-11-20
7	E	2022-07-25
8	A	2022-01-27
9	A	2022-10-30
10	D	NULL
11	A	2022-02-13
12	A	NULL
13	D	2022-04-28
14	D	NULL
15	B	2022-08-07
16	B	2022-03-12
17	C	2022-04-01
18	B	2022-06-07
19	A	NULL

- 3) I assume that there are 50 guardians. They are providing service for patient(s) (1 – many). They have information of Guardian name (Primary Key) and Guardian phone, and Guardian address.

```

192 • insert into guardian (guardian_name, guardian_phone, guardian_address) values ('Maura Muddle', '513-996-7560', '53 Raven Alley');
193 • insert into guardian (guardian_name, guardian_phone, guardian_address) values ('Cindy Houseman', '281-444-5948', '75 Stang Avenue');
194 • insert into guardian (guardian_name, guardian_phone, guardian_address) values ('Keir Graver', '784-267-4125', '73 Veith Street');
195 • insert into guardian (guardian_name, guardian_phone, guardian_address) values ('Eddie Annable', '826-703-9472', '2927 Almo Alley');
196 • insert into guardian (guardian_name, guardian_phone, guardian_address) values ('Walden Seaman', '985-387-1969', '50 Hoffman Court');
197 • insert into guardian (guardian_name, guardian_phone, guardian_address) values ('Nicolai Bartoszewski', '205-822-0792', 'Westerfield Crossing');
198 • insert into guardian (guardian_name, guardian_phone, guardian_address) values ('Bell Hollyan', '219-616-9606', '771 Iowa Trail');
199 • insert into guardian (guardian_name, guardian_phone, guardian_address) values ('Jean Brennans', '426-861-6018', '0 Badean Park');
200 • insert into guardian (guardian_name, guardian_phone, guardian_address) values ('Ignacius Flintoffe', '582-475-0466', '355 Jenna Court');
201 • insert into guardian (guardian_name, guardian_phone, guardian_address) values ('Rachel Tousey', '483-729-5190', '1 Raven Center');
202 • insert into guardian (guardian_name, guardian_phone, guardian_address) values ('Tann Augie', '794-434-7303', '4709 Menomone Place');
203 • insert into guardian (guardian_name, guardian_phone, guardian_address) values ('Stefa Lathey', '326-803-4070', '797 Duke Junction');
204 • insert into guardian (guardian_name, guardian_phone, guardian_address) values ('Crin Aguilar', '180-624-6632', '932 Sherman Avenue');
205 • insert into guardian (guardian_name, guardian_phone, guardian_address) values ('Rain McMurphy', '876-632-7657', '69 North Crossing');
206 • insert into guardian (guardian_name, guardian_phone, guardian_address) values ('Janet Suttill', '915-621-7040', '39545 Park Meadow Drive');
207 • insert into guardian (guardian_name, guardian_phone, guardian_address) values ('Hill Kummings', '871-744-1508', '0934 Oriole Street');
208 • insert into guardian (guardian_name, guardian_phone, guardian_address) values ('Agnella Puleque', '764-248-1954', '598 Killdeer Drive');
209 • insert into guardian (guardian_name, guardian_phone, guardian_address) values ('Tybi Burrow', '979-371-9695', '141 McCormick Road');
210 • insert into guardian (guardian_name, guardian_phone, guardian_address) values ('Millicent Skuce', '472-144-4587', '146 Charing Cross Plaza');
211 • insert into guardian (guardian_name, guardian_phone, guardian_address) values ('Arlene Daborne', '219-224-1381', '31755 Graedel Place');
212 • insert into guardian (guardian_name, guardian_phone, guardian_address) values ('Krysta Brass', '719-753-1487', '4 Emmet Lane');
213 • insert into guardian (guardian_name, guardian_phone, guardian_address) values ('Jenine Prettejohns', '439-648-0053', '88521 8th Road');
214 • insert into guardian (guardian_name, guardian_phone, guardian_address) values ('Bibby Hesbrook', '992-659-3158', '233 Jenna Circle');
215 • insert into guardian (guardian_name, guardian_phone, guardian_address) values ('Erta Massy', '087-467-0222', '144 Monica Road');

| guardian_name | guardian_phone | guardian_address |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Adrian Carrick | 863-811-1148 | 008 Miller Lane |
| Agnella Puleque | 764-248-1954 | 598 Killede Drive |
| Agnieszka Popplewell | 273-871-0215 | 679 Gulseth Way |
| Arlie Rubertelli | 541-323-0979 | 74488 Veith Way |
| Arlene Daborne | 219-224-1381 | 31755 Graedel Place |
| Bell Hollyan | 219-616-9606 | 771 Iowa Trail |
| Bibby Hesbrook | 992-659-3158 | 233 Jenna Circle |
| Bob Layson | 946-156-9108 | 13931 Longview Place |
| Brooks Walking | 818-680-4329 | 87 Glacier Hill Avenue |
| Carey Patillo | 829-127-0380 | 07216 Donald Circle |
| Crin Aguilar | 180-624-6632 | 932 Sherman Avenue |
| Cyndy Houseman | 281-444-5948 | 75 Stang Avenue |
| Dana Rudolfer | 120-115-7676 | 8769 Troy Circle |
| Eddie Annable | 826-703-9472 | 2927 Almo Alley |
| Elizabeth Mussetti | 567-984-1068 | 0692 Melody Court |
| Esta Massy | 957-452-8333 | 44 Monica Road |
| Jerome Bendixen | 364-791-1583 | 5 Waywood Crossing |
| Harlie Karwin | 448-551-5215 | 18 Oxford Drive |

```

- 4) I assume that there are 100 patients. They have some information of Patient id, Patient name, Patient address, Patient phone, Patient age, Room id (Foreign Key), and Guardian name (Foreign Key))

```

250 • INSERT INTO patient ('patient_id', 'patient_name', 'patient_address', 'patient_phone', 'patient_age', 'room_id', 'guardian_name') VALUES (1001, 'Sigismund Luppitt', '6502 Rowland Circle', '963-277-8367', '1', 'NULL');
251 • INSERT INTO patient ('patient_id', 'patient_name', 'patient_address', 'patient_phone', 'patient_age', 'room_id', 'guardian_name') VALUES (1002, 'Jacynth Raubenheimer', '1 Pleasure Avenue', '394-616-7509', '2', 'Cyndy Houseman');
252 • INSERT INTO patient ('patient_id', 'patient_name', 'patient_address', 'patient_phone', 'patient_age', 'room_id', 'guardian_name') VALUES (1003, 'Dominic Shuttel', '9 Columbus Trail', '912-371-2412', '31', '1');
253 • INSERT INTO patient ('patient_id', 'patient_name', 'patient_address', 'patient_phone', 'patient_age', 'room_id', 'guardian_name') VALUES (1004, 'Kerry Caw', '516 Carberry Lane', '137-628-5869', '26', '1', 'Ed');
254 • INSERT INTO patient ('patient_id', 'patient_name', 'patient_address', 'patient_phone', 'patient_age', 'room_id', 'guardian_name') VALUES (1005, 'Giuditta McLenaghan', '34 Charing Cross Terrace', '764-448-2971', '282-476');
255 • INSERT INTO patient ('patient_id', 'patient_name', 'patient_address', 'patient_phone', 'patient_age', 'room_id', 'guardian_name') VALUES (1006, 'Giuditta McLenaghan', '34 Charing Cross Terrace', '764-448-2971', '282-476');
256 • INSERT INTO patient ('patient_id', 'patient_name', 'patient_address', 'patient_phone', 'patient_age', 'room_id', 'guardian_name') VALUES (1007, 'Gladi Averill', '24405 Rigney Pass', '596-848-0516', '36', '7', '1');
257 • INSERT INTO patient ('patient_id', 'patient_name', 'patient_address', 'patient_phone', 'patient_age', 'room_id', 'guardian_name') VALUES (1008, 'Jeanette Tuft', '0 Grasskamp Hill', '865-284-5483', '36', '8');
258 • INSERT INTO patient ('patient_id', 'patient_name', 'patient_address', 'patient_phone', 'patient_age', 'room_id', 'guardian_name') VALUES (1009, 'Idalina Calken', '12493 Lindbergh Trail', '357-574-5759', '3');
259 • INSERT INTO patient ('patient_id', 'patient_name', 'patient_address', 'patient_phone', 'patient_age', 'room_id', 'guardian_name') VALUES (1010, 'Flossi Jacob', '45286 Heffernan Drive', '668-727-5640', '28', '1');
260 • INSERT INTO patient ('patient_id', 'patient_name', 'patient_address', 'patient_phone', 'patient_age', 'room_id', 'guardian_name') VALUES (1011, 'Isidor Wills', '8 Bowman Center', '982-510-4361', '15', '11', '1');
261 • INSERT INTO patient ('patient_id', 'patient_name', 'patient_address', 'patient_phone', 'patient_age', 'room_id', 'guardian_name') VALUES (1012, 'Guillemela Danzelman', '01562 Rusk Lane', '622-561-0714', '29', '1');
262 • INSERT INTO patient ('patient_id', 'patient_name', 'patient_address', 'patient_phone', 'patient_age', 'room_id', 'guardian_name') VALUES (1013, 'Claus Gumley', '70 Lakewood Avenue', '893-348-7088', '18', '13');
263 • INSERT INTO patient ('patient_id', 'patient_name', 'patient_address', 'patient_phone', 'patient_age', 'room_id', 'guardian_name') VALUES (1014, 'Geneva Dillimore', '6777 Golf Alley', '733-881-5887', '40', '1');
264 • INSERT INTO patient ('patient_id', 'patient_name', 'patient_address', 'patient_phone', 'patient_age', 'room_id', 'guardian_name') VALUES (1015, 'Katherine Sabathier', '48634 McGuire Lane', '656-965-8398', '1');
265 • INSERT INTO patient ('patient_id', 'patient_name', 'patient_address', 'patient_phone', 'patient_age', 'room_id', 'guardian_name') VALUES (1016, 'Winni Canto', '5 Lakewood Gardens Place', '128-285-3161', '4');
266 • INSERT INTO patient ('patient_id', 'patient_name', 'patient_address', 'patient_phone', 'patient_age', 'room_id', 'guardian_name') VALUES (1017, 'Brice Rastall', '3 Fieldstone Crossing', '698-678-9696', '1');
267 • INSERT INTO patient ('patient_id', 'patient_name', 'patient_address', 'patient_phone', 'patient_age', 'room_id', 'guardian_name') VALUES (1018, 'Terrie Winthrop', '32948 Hollow Ridge Place', '923-572-602');
268 • INSERT INTO patient ('patient_id', 'patient_name', 'patient_address', 'patient_phone', 'patient_age', 'room_id', 'guardian_name') VALUES (1019, 'Cori McSperrin', '50 Trailsway Parkway', '368-396-7827', '2');

| patient_id | patient_name | patient_address | patient_phone | patient_age | room_id | guardian_name |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1001 | Sigismund Luppitt | 6502 Rowland Circle | 963-277-8367 | 36 | 1 | NULL |
| 1002 | Jacynth Raubenheimer | 1 Pleasure Avenue | 394-616-7509 | 47 | 2 | Cyndy Houseman |
| 1003 | Dominic Shuttel | 9 Columbus Trail | 912-371-2412 | 31 | 3 | Keir Graver |
| 1004 | Kerry Caw | 516 Carberry Lane | 137-628-5869 | 26 | 4 | Eddie Annable |
| 1005 | Giuditta McLenaghan | 34 Charing Cross Terrace | 764-448-2971 | 14 | 5 | Walden Seaman |
| 1006 | Gladi Averill | 24405 Rigney Pass | 596-848-0516 | 36 | 6 | Nicolai Bartoszewski |
| 1007 | Jeanette Tuft | 0 Grasskamp Hill | 865-284-5483 | 36 | 7 | Bell Hollyan |
| 1008 | Idalina Calken | 12493 Lindbergh Trail | 357-574-5759 | 32 | 8 | NULL |
| 1009 | Flossi Jacob | 45286 Heffernan Drive | 668-727-5640 | 28 | 10 | Rachel Tousey |
| 1010 | Isidor Wills | 8 Bowman Center | 982-510-4361 | 15 | 11 | Tann Augie |
| 1011 | Guillemela Danzelman | 01562 Rusk Lane | 622-561-0714 | 29 | 12 | Stefa Lathey |
| 1012 | Claus Gumley | 70 Lakewood Avenue | 893-348-7088 | 10 | 13 | Crin Aguilar |
| 1013 | Geneva Dillimore | 6777 Golf Alley | 733-881-5887 | 40 | 14 | Rain McMurphy |
| 1014 | Katherine Sabathier | 48634 McGuire Lane | 656-965-8398 | 24 | 15 | Janet Suttill |
| 1015 | Winni Canto | 5 Lakewood Gardens Place | 128-285-3161 | 44 | 16 | NULL |
| 1016 | Brice Rastall | 3 Fieldstone Crossing | 698-678-9696 | 32 | 17 | Agnella Puleque |
| 1017 | Terrie Winthrop | 32948 Hollow Ridge Place | 923-572-602 | 19 | 18 | NULL |
| 1018 | Cori McSperrin | 50 Trailsway Parkway | 368-396-7827 | 2 | 19 | Millicent Skuce |

```

- 5) I assume that there are 50 doctors. They have some information of Doctor name (Primary Key), Doctor department, and Doctor salary.

```

 367 • INSERT INTO doctor_department_salary ('doctor_name', 'doctor_department', 'doctor_salary') VALUES ('Agnola Tansley', 'Emergency medicine', 106200);
368 • INSERT INTO doctor_department_salary ('doctor_name', 'doctor_department', 'doctor_salary') VALUES ('Alton Baggelley', 'Occupational medicine', 117390);
369 • INSERT INTO doctor_department_salary ('doctor_name', 'doctor_department', 'doctor_salary') VALUES ('Arley Brownjohn', 'Obstetrics', 91270);
370 • INSERT INTO doctor_department_salary ('doctor_name', 'doctor_department', 'doctor_salary') VALUES ('Barbie Spires', 'Radiologists', 88030);
371 • INSERT INTO doctor_department_salary ('doctor_name', 'doctor_department', 'doctor_salary') VALUES ('Berkeley Rattenbury', 'Anaesthetists', 92840);
372 • INSERT INTO doctor_department_salary ('doctor_name', 'doctor_department', 'doctor_salary') VALUES ('Bert Sieghart', 'Intensive care medicine', 106870);
373 • INSERT INTO doctor_department_salary ('doctor_name', 'doctor_department', 'doctor_salary') VALUES ('Beverie Vouls', 'Pathology', 100730);
374 • INSERT INTO doctor_department_salary ('doctor_name', 'doctor_department', 'doctor_salary') VALUES ('Britni Gabby', 'Intensive care medicine', 101190);
375 • INSERT INTO doctor_department_salary ('doctor_name', 'doctor_department', 'doctor_salary') VALUES ('Cher Logesdale', 'Pathology', 98810);
376 • INSERT INTO doctor_department_salary ('doctor_name', 'doctor_department', 'doctor_salary') VALUES ('Delcine Spilestead', 'Obstetrics', 105000);
377 • INSERT INTO doctor_department_salary ('doctor_name', 'doctor_department', 'doctor_salary') VALUES ('Domeniga Rivers', 'Obstetrics', 98690);
378 • INSERT INTO doctor_department_salary ('doctor_name', 'doctor_department', 'doctor_salary') VALUES ('Emogene Foakes', 'Emergency medicine', 110350);
379 • INSERT INTO doctor_department_salary ('doctor_name', 'doctor_department', 'doctor_salary') VALUES ('Garvy Orwin', 'Occupational medicine', 92990);
380 • INSERT INTO doctor_department_salary ('doctor_name', 'doctor_department', 'doctor_salary') VALUES ('Gifford Kemmons', 'Physicians', 99130);
381 • INSERT INTO doctor_department_salary ('doctor_name', 'doctor_department', 'doctor_salary') VALUES ('Ginnie Langhorn', 'General Practitioners', 104180);
382 • INSERT INTO doctor_department_salary ('doctor_name', 'doctor_department', 'doctor_salary') VALUES ('Gisele Osmund', 'Intensive care medicine', 114380);
383 • INSERT INTO doctor_department_salary ('doctor_name', 'doctor_department', 'doctor_salary') VALUES ('Gregor Bannell', 'Intensive care medicine', 112370);
384 • INSERT INTO doctor_department_salary ('doctor_name', 'doctor_department', 'doctor_salary') VALUES ('Jenelle Volk', 'Emergency medicine', 101480);
385 • INSERT INTO doctor_department_salary ('doctor_name', 'doctor_department', 'doctor_salary') VALUES ('Karry Springhall', 'Oncologists', 107940);
386 • INSERT INTO doctor_department_salary ('doctor_name', 'doctor_department', 'doctor_salary') VALUES ('Kayley Tummasutti', 'Pathology', 100380);
387 • INSERT INTO doctor_department_salary ('doctor_name', 'doctor_department', 'doctor_salary') VALUES ('Leesa Wheal', 'Occupational medicine', 95430);
388 • TNSFRIT INTO doctor_department_salary ('doctor_name', 'doctor_department', 'doctor_salary') VALUES ('Leesa Wheal', 'Occupational medicine', 95430);

doctor_name          doctor_department    doctor_salary
Agnola Tansley      Emergency medicine   106200
Alton Baggelley     Occupational medicine 117390
Arley Brownjohn     Obstetrics           91270
Barbie Spires        Radiologists         88030
Berkeley Rattenbury Anaesthetists       92840
Bert Sieghart       Intensive care medicine 106870
Beverie Vouls        Pathology            100730
Britni Gabby         Intensive care medicine 101190
Cher Logesdale       Pathology            98810
Delcine Spilestead  Obstetrics           105000
Domeniga Rivers     Obstetrics           98690
Emogene Foakes       Emergency medicine   110350
Garvy Orwin          Occupational medicine 92990
Gifford Kemmons      Physicians            99130
Ginnie Langhorn      General Practitioners 104180
Gisele Osmund        Intensive care medicine 114380
Gregor Bannell       Intensive care medicine 112370
Jan Ridoutt          Radiologists         113750
Jenelle Volk          Emergency medicine   101480
Karry Springhall     Oncologists          107940
Kayley Tummasutti   Pathology            100380
Leesa Wheal          Occupational medicine 95430

```

- 6) I assume that there are 50 doctors. With above the table, this table have some information related to doctor of Doctor id (Primary Key), Doctor name (Foreign Key), Doctor address, and Doctor phone.

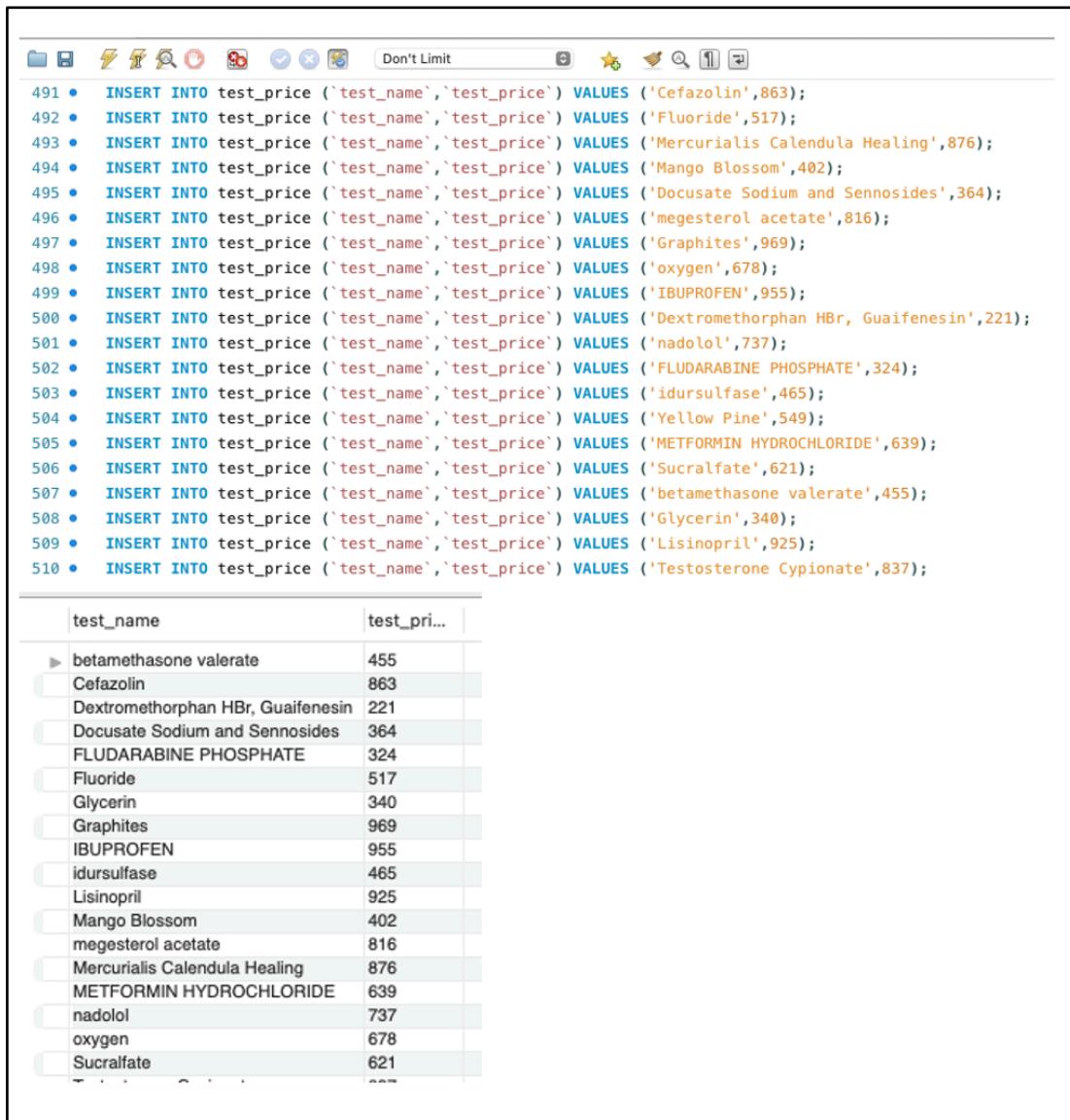
```

 430 • INSERT INTO doctor ('doctor_id', 'doctor_name', 'doctor_address', 'doctor_phone') VALUES (1501, 'Noby Tingly', '161 Shopko Way', '416-342-5204');
431 • INSERT INTO doctor ('doctor_id', 'doctor_name', 'doctor_address', 'doctor_phone') VALUES (1502, 'Micky Woolnough', '9164 Mcguire Way', '841-381-1220');
432 • INSERT INTO doctor ('doctor_id', 'doctor_name', 'doctor_address', 'doctor_phone') VALUES (1503, 'Ursen Dorken', '74378 Erie Hill', '598-316-4564');
433 • INSERT INTO doctor ('doctor_id', 'doctor_name', 'doctor_address', 'doctor_phone') VALUES (1504, 'Gisele Osmund', '95 David Hill', '928-216-4008');
434 • INSERT INTO doctor ('doctor_id', 'doctor_name', 'doctor_address', 'doctor_phone') VALUES (1505, 'Domeniga Rivers', '1 Derek Hill', '273-361-3756');
435 • INSERT INTO doctor ('doctor_id', 'doctor_name', 'doctor_address', 'doctor_phone') VALUES (1506, 'Zachary Mandre', '15745 Anzinger Way', '920-468-1934');
436 • INSERT INTO doctor ('doctor_id', 'doctor_name', 'doctor_address', 'doctor_phone') VALUES (1507, 'Listeta Babbs', '4 6th Center', '563-455-3543');
437 • INSERT INTO doctor ('doctor_id', 'doctor_name', 'doctor_address', 'doctor_phone') VALUES (1508, 'Marie-jeanne Linnell', '195 Pierstorff Parkway', '762-420-7382');
438 • INSERT INTO doctor ('doctor_id', 'doctor_name', 'doctor_address', 'doctor_phone') VALUES (1509, 'Wallis Mitkin', '1981 Reindahl Alley', '920-780-6393');
439 • INSERT INTO doctor ('doctor_id', 'doctor_name', 'doctor_address', 'doctor_phone') VALUES (1510, 'Othelia Ferrar', '193 Nova Park', '944-221-9795');
440 • INSERT INTO doctor ('doctor_id', 'doctor_name', 'doctor_address', 'doctor_phone') VALUES (1511, 'Sella Barnfield', '16 Washington Alley', '363-311-1986');
441 • INSERT INTO doctor ('doctor_id', 'doctor_name', 'doctor_address', 'doctor_phone') VALUES (1512, 'Timi Corr', '072 Basil Circle', '867-425-1219');
442 • INSERT INTO doctor ('doctor_id', 'doctor_name', 'doctor_address', 'doctor_phone') VALUES (1513, 'Whit Pigden', '02474 Heath Crossing', '174-754-7378');
443 • INSERT INTO doctor ('doctor_id', 'doctor_name', 'doctor_address', 'doctor_phone') VALUES (1514, 'Gregor Bannell', '12 Blaine Pass', '906-807-4971');
444 • INSERT INTO doctor ('doctor_id', 'doctor_name', 'doctor_address', 'doctor_phone') VALUES (1515, 'Arley Brownjohn', '2660 Village Pass', '674-840-0495');
445 • INSERT INTO doctor ('doctor_id', 'doctor_name', 'doctor_address', 'doctor_phone') VALUES (1516, 'Garvy Orwin', '097 Marquette Crossing', '199-917-9771');
446 • INSERT INTO doctor ('doctor_id', 'doctor_name', 'doctor_address', 'doctor_phone') VALUES (1517, 'Rhody Lillyman', '45 Oakridge Place', '875-218-5202');
447 • INSERT INTO doctor ('doctor_id', 'doctor_name', 'doctor_address', 'doctor_phone') VALUES (1518, 'Kayley Tummasutti', '46178 Longview Center', '724-128-4570');
448 • INSERT INTO doctor ('doctor_id', 'doctor_name', 'doctor_address', 'doctor_phone') VALUES (1519, 'Randa Witz', '3136 Killdeer Circle', '418-652-7567');
449 • INSERT INTO doctor ('doctor_id', 'doctor_name', 'doctor_address', 'doctor_phone') VALUES (1520, 'Marthena Lober', '371 Cambridge Court', '373-949-7342');
450 • INSERT INTO doctor ('doctor_id', 'doctor_name', 'doctor_address', 'doctor_phone') VALUES (1521, 'Mignonne Thebe', '453 Reindahl Parkway', '332-525-4179');
451 • INSERT INTO doctor ('doctor_id', 'doctor_name', 'doctor_address', 'doctor_phone') VALUES (1522, 'Agnola Tansley', '2463 Forest Park', '755-344-8884);
452 • TNSFRIT INTO doctor ('doctor_id', 'doctor_name', 'doctor_address', 'doctor_phone') VALUES (1522, 'Agnola Tansley', '2463 Forest Park', '755-344-8884);

doctor_id          doctor_name          doctor_address    doctor_phone
1501              Noby Tingly          161 Shopko Way   416-342-5204
1502              Micky Woolnough      9164 Mcguire Way 841-381-1220
1503              Ursen Dorken        74378 Erie Hill  598-316-4564
1504              Gisele Osmund        95 David Hill   928-216-4008
1505              Domeniga Rivers     1 Derek Hill    273-361-3756
1506              Zachary Mandre     15745 Anzinger Way 920-468-1934
1507              Listeta Babbs       4 6th Center   563-455-3543
1508              Marie-jeanne Linnell  195 Pierstorff Parkway 762-420-7382
1509              Wallis Mitkin       1981 Reindahl Alley 920-780-6393
1510              Othelia Ferrar      193 Nova Park   944-221-9795
1511              Sella Barnfield     16 Washington Alley 363-311-1986
1512              Timi Corr           072 Basil Circle 867-425-1219
1513              Whit Pigden        02474 Heath Crossing 174-754-7378
1514              Gregor Bannell      12 Blaine Pass   906-807-4971
1515              Arley Brownjohn     2660 Village Pass 674-840-0495
1516              Garvy Orwin         097 Marquette Crossing 199-917-9771
1517              Rhody Lillyman     45 Oakridge Place 875-218-5202
1518              Kayley Tummasutti   46178 Longview Center 724-128-4570
1519              Randa Witz          3136 Killdeer Circle 418-652-7567

```

- 7) I assume that there are 20 tests. It has some information of Test name (Primary Key), and Test price.



The screenshot shows a database management tool window. At the top, there are various icons for file operations, search, and zoom. A toolbar includes a 'Don't Limit' button. Below the toolbar is a scrollable area containing 510 lines of SQL code, which are all identical except for the values in the 'VALUES' clause. The code is as follows:

```

491 • INSERT INTO test_price ('test_name','test_price') VALUES ('Cefazolin',863);
492 • INSERT INTO test_price ('test_name','test_price') VALUES ('Fluoride',517);
493 • INSERT INTO test_price ('test_name','test_price') VALUES ('Mercurialis Calendula Healing',876);
494 • INSERT INTO test_price ('test_name','test_price') VALUES ('Mango Blossom',402);
495 • INSERT INTO test_price ('test_name','test_price') VALUES ('Docusate Sodium and Sennosides',364);
496 • INSERT INTO test_price ('test_name','test_price') VALUES ('megesterol acetate',816);
497 • INSERT INTO test_price ('test_name','test_price') VALUES ('Graphites',969);
498 • INSERT INTO test_price ('test_name','test_price') VALUES ('oxygen',678);
499 • INSERT INTO test_price ('test_name','test_price') VALUES ('IBUPROFEN',955);
500 • INSERT INTO test_price ('test_name','test_price') VALUES ('Dextromethorphan HBr, Guaifenesin',221);
501 • INSERT INTO test_price ('test_name','test_price') VALUES ('nadolol',737);
502 • INSERT INTO test_price ('test_name','test_price') VALUES ('FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE',324);
503 • INSERT INTO test_price ('test_name','test_price') VALUES ('idursulfase',465);
504 • INSERT INTO test_price ('test_name','test_price') VALUES ('Yellow Pine',549);
505 • INSERT INTO test_price ('test_name','test_price') VALUES ('METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE',639);
506 • INSERT INTO test_price ('test_name','test_price') VALUES ('Sucralfate',621);
507 • INSERT INTO test_price ('test_name','test_price') VALUES ('betamethasone valerate',455);
508 • INSERT INTO test_price ('test_name','test_price') VALUES ('Glycerin',340);
509 • INSERT INTO test_price ('test_name','test_price') VALUES ('Lisinopril',925);
510 • INSERT INTO test_price ('test_name','test_price') VALUES ('Testosterone Cypionate',837);

```

Below the code is a results grid with two columns: 'test_name' and 'test_pri...'. The data is as follows:

test_name	test_pri...
betamethasone valerate	455
Cefazolin	863
Dextromethorphan HBr, Guaifenesin	221
Docusate Sodium and Sennosides	364
FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE	324
Fluoride	517
Glycerin	340
Graphites	969
IBUPROFEN	955
idursulfase	465
Lisinopril	925
Mango Blossom	402
megesterol acetate	816
Mercurialis Calendula Healing	876
METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE	639
nadolol	737
oxygen	678
Sucralfate	621

- 8) I assume that there are 40 Test ids. It has some information of Test id (Primary Key), Test name (Foreign Key) and Test description.

The screenshot shows a database management system interface with the following details:

- SQL Editor:** Displays 545 rows of SQL INSERT statements for a 'test' table. The columns are 'test_id', 'test_name', and 'test_description'. The data includes various substances like Cefazolin, Fluoride, and Dextromethorphan HBr, along with their respective test IDs and descriptions.
- Table View:** A grid-based table below the SQL editor shows the same data. The columns are 'test_id', 'test_name', and 'test_description'. The table contains 20 rows of data, corresponding to the first 20 entries in the SQL log.

test_id	test_name	test_description
2001	Cefazolin	CA-NT
2002	Fluoride	US-AK
2003	Mercurialis Calendula Healing	CD-NK
2004	Mango Blossom	NL-NH
2005	Docusate Sodium and Sennosides	US-AK
2006	megesterol acetate	DE-BY
2007	Graphites	RU-VLG
2008	oxygen	US-FL
2009	IBUPROFEN	VE-G
2010	Dextromethorphan HBr, Guaifenesin	ET-SN
2011	nadolol	US-WI
2012	FLUDARABINE PHOSPHATE	EG-SIN
2013	idursulfase	RU-AST
2014	Yellow Pine	SD-25
2015	METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE	US-MI
2016	Sucralfate	US-NM
2017	betamethasone valerate	AU-WA
2018	Glycerin	MV-01
2019	Lisinopril	AU-QLD

- 9) I assume that there are 150 times of Perform(test). In each time, there are some information of Patient id, Doctor id, test id (Primary keys), and perform date.

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. At the top, there is a toolbar with various icons. Below the toolbar, the status bar displays "Don't Limit". The main area consists of two parts: a code editor on the left and a results grid on the right.

Code Editor (Left):

```

580 • INSERT INTO perform (`patient_id`,`doctor_id`,`test_id`,`perform_date`) VALUES (1001,1501,2001,'2023-01-02');
581 • INSERT INTO perform (`patient_id`,`doctor_id`,`test_id`,`perform_date`) VALUES (1001,1550,2026,'2023-03-30');
582 • INSERT INTO perform (`patient_id`,`doctor_id`,`test_id`,`perform_date`) VALUES (1002,1502,2002,'2023-05-31');
583 • INSERT INTO perform (`patient_id`,`doctor_id`,`test_id`,`perform_date`) VALUES (1002,1549,2027,'2023-05-28');
584 • INSERT INTO perform (`patient_id`,`doctor_id`,`test_id`,`perform_date`) VALUES (1003,1503,2003,'2023-02-16');
585 • INSERT INTO perform (`patient_id`,`doctor_id`,`test_id`,`perform_date`) VALUES (1003,1548,2028,'2023-02-21');
586 • INSERT INTO perform (`patient_id`,`doctor_id`,`test_id`,`perform_date`) VALUES (1004,1504,2004,'2023-04-27');
587 • INSERT INTO perform (`patient_id`,`doctor_id`,`test_id`,`perform_date`) VALUES (1004,1547,2029,'2023-09-27');
588 • INSERT INTO perform (`patient_id`,`doctor_id`,`test_id`,`perform_date`) VALUES (1005,1505,2005,'2023-10-04');
589 • INSERT INTO perform (`patient_id`,`doctor_id`,`test_id`,`perform_date`) VALUES (1005,1546,2030,'2023-12-05');
590 • INSERT INTO perform (`patient_id`,`doctor_id`,`test_id`,`perform_date`) VALUES (1006,1506,2006,'2023-06-06');
591 • INSERT INTO perform (`patient_id`,`doctor_id`,`test_id`,`perform_date`) VALUES (1006,1545,2031,'2023-12-10');
592 • INSERT INTO perform (`patient_id`,`doctor_id`,`test_id`,`perform_date`) VALUES (1007,1507,2007,'2023-12-29');
593 • INSERT INTO perform (`patient_id`,`doctor_id`,`test_id`,`perform_date`) VALUES (1007,1544,2032,'2023-04-24');
594 • INSERT INTO perform (`patient_id`,`doctor_id`,`test_id`,`perform_date`) VALUES (1008,1508,2008,'2023-01-15');
595 • INSERT INTO perform (`patient_id`,`doctor_id`,`test_id`,`perform_date`) VALUES (1008,1543,2033,'2023-06-20');
596 • INSERT INTO perform (`patient_id`,`doctor_id`,`test_id`,`perform_date`) VALUES (1009,1509,2009,'2023-12-24');
597 • INSERT INTO perform (`patient_id`,`doctor_id`,`test_id`,`perform_date`) VALUES (1009,1542,2034,'2023-06-20');
598 • INSERT INTO perform (`patient_id`,`doctor_id`,`test_id`,`perform_date`) VALUES (1010,1510,2010,'2023-12-21');
599 • INSERT INTO perform (`patient_id`,`doctor_id`,`test_id`,`perform_date`) VALUES (1010,1541,2035,'2023-03-13');
600 • INSERT INTO perform (`patient_id`,`doctor_id`,`test_id`,`perform_date`) VALUES (1011,1511,2011,'2023-07-10');
601 • INSERT INTO perform (`patient_id`,`doctor_id`,`test_id`,`perform_date`) VALUES (1011,1540,2036,'2023-12-25');
602 • INSERT INTO perform (`patient_id`,`doctor_id`,`test_id`,`perform_date`) VALUES (1012,1512,2012,'2023-05-11');

```

Results Grid (Right):

patient_id	doctor_id	test_id	perform_date
1001	1501	2001	2023-01-02
1001	1550	2026	2023-03-30
1002	1502	2002	2023-05-31
1002	1549	2027	2023-05-28
1003	1503	2003	2023-02-16
1003	1548	2028	2023-02-21
1004	1504	2004	2023-04-27
1004	1547	2029	2023-09-27
1005	1505	2005	2023-10-04
1005	1546	2030	2023-12-05
1006	1506	2006	2023-06-06
1006	1545	2031	2023-12-10
1007	1507	2007	2023-12-29
1007	1544	2032	2023-04-24
1008	1508	2008	2023-01-15
1008	1543	2033	2023-06-20
1009	1509	2009	2023-12-24
1009	1542	2034	2023-06-20
1010	1510	2010	2023-12-21

3.1. Insert a new Doctor with all the relevant information (Insert new Doctor who is Donghyeok Lee with all the relevant information)

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface with a query editor and two result grids.

```

4 • USE HMS;
5
6 • INSERT INTO doctor_department_salary ('doctor_name','doctor_department','doctor_salary') VALUES ('Donghyeok Lee','Emergency medicine',120000);
7 • INSERT INTO doctor ('doctor_id','doctor_name','doctor_address','doctor_phone') VALUES (1551,'Donghyeok Lee','27 Artane pare, dublin','010-2007-9670');
8
9 • SELECT doctor.doctor_id, doctor.doctor_name, doctor.doctor_address, doctor.doctor_phone, doctor_department_salary.doctor_department, doctor_department_salary.doctor_salary
10 FROM doctor
11 JOIN doctor_department_salary
12 ON doctor.doctor_name = doctor_department_salary.doctor_name;

```

Result Grid:

doctor_id	doctor_name	doctor_address	doctor_phone	doctor_department	doctor_salary
1543	Zuzana Hubach	3 Sherman Circle	328-183-4200	General Practitioners	104810
1544	Bert Sieghart	007 Huxley Junction	646-925-5307	Intensive care medicine	106870
1545	Sibyl Brando	14627 Lindbergh Park	878-923-1122	Obstetrics	87160
1546	Leesa Wheal	6 Redwing Avenue	604-804-5717	Occupational medicine	95430
1547	Saundersen Badcock	1 Canary Court	883-194-3754	Oncologists	84900
1548	Yvette Gariff	03 Fair Oaks Avenue	766-567-8446	Pathology	112810
1549	Ozzy Creane	69417 Algoma Junction	857-252-3173	Physicians	110520
1550	Bonka Reason	6278 Bth Court	468-465-2181	Radiologists	93820
1551	Donghyeok Lee	27 Artane pare, dublin	010-2007-96...	Emergency medicine	120000

3.2. Increases the salary of the Doctor by 10%

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface with a query editor and two result grids.

```

17 • USE HMS;
18
19 • UPDATE doctor_department_salary
20 SET doctor_salary = doctor_salary * 1.1;
21
22 • SELECT doctor.doctor_id, doctor.doctor_name, doctor.doctor_address, doctor.doctor_phone, doctor_department_salary.doctor_department, doctor_department_salary.doctor_salary AS 'salary of the do
23 FROM doctor
24 JOIN doctor_department_salary
25 ON doctor.doctor_name = doctor_department_salary.doctor_name;

```

Result Grid:

doctor_id	doctor_name	doctor_address	doctor_phone	doctor_department	salary of the doctor
1501	Nady Trigly	161 Shadel Way	416-345-5254	Anesthesiats	92110
1502	Micky Woolnough	8164 McGuire Way	841-381-1220	Emergency medicine	102310
1503	Ursin Dorken	74378 Erie Hill	598-316-4564	General Practitioners	88020
1504	Gisele Osmund	95 David Hill	928-216-4008	Intensive care medicine	114380
1505	Domengna Rivero	1 Derek Hill	273-361-3756	Obstetrics	98690
1506	Zarina Mancini	1574 Langfinger Way	739-345-1600	Occupational medicine	100460
1507	Lisetta Babbs	4 6th Center	563-455-3543	Oncologists	84950
1508	Marie-jeanne Linnell	195 Pierstorff Parkway	762-420-2382	Pathology	104660
1509	Othelia Ferrar	081 Reindahl Alley	920-780-6393	Physicians	92230

Result Grid:

doctor_id	doctor_name	doctor_address	doctor_phone	doctor_department	salary of the doctor (increased by 10%)
1501	Nady Trigly	161 Shadel Way	416-345-5254	Anesthesiats	101381
1502	Micky Woolnough	8164 McGuire Way	841-381-1220	Emergency medicine	113201
1503	Ursin Dorken	74378 Erie Hill	598-316-4564	General Practitioners	96822
1504	Gisele Osmund	95 David Hill	928-216-4008	Intensive care medicine	125818
1505	Domengna Rivero	1 Derek Hill	273-361-3756	Obstetrics	105359
1506	Zarina Mancini	1574 Langfinger Way	739-345-1600	Occupational medicine	122576
1507	Lisetta Babbs	4 6th Center	563-455-3543	Oncologists	93445
1508	Marie-jeanne Linnell	195 Pierstorff Parkway	762-420-2382	Pathology	115126
1509	Othelia Ferrar	081 Reindahl Alley	920-780-6393	Physicians	101453

3.3. Display the number of patients who have a guardian

The screenshot shows a MySQL Workbench interface. At the top, there's a toolbar with various icons. Below it is a text area containing the following SQL code:

```
30 • USE HMS;
31
32 • SELECT count(*) AS 'The number of patients who have a guardian'
33 FROM patient
34 WHERE guardian_name IS NOT NULL;
35
```

Below the code is a results grid. The title of the result set is "The number of patients who have a guardian". The single row contains the value "89".

3.4. List the name of doctors if they have a salary bigger than 100000

The screenshot shows a MySQL Workbench interface. At the top, there's a toolbar with various icons. Below it is a text area containing the following SQL code:

```
40 • USE HMS;
41
42 • SELECT doctor_department_salary.doctor_name AS 'The name of doctors who have a salary bigger than 100000'
43 FROM doctor_department_salary
44 WHERE doctor_department_salary.doctor_salary > 100000;
45
```

Below the code is a results grid. The title of the result set is "The name of doctors who have a salary bigger than 100000". The list includes the following names:

- ▶ Agnola Tansley
- ▶ Aldon Baggelley
- ▶ Bert Sieghart
- ▶ Beverie Vouls
- ▶ Britni Gabby
- ▶ Delcine Spilstead
- ▶ Emogene Foakes
- ▶ Ginnie Langhorn
- ▶ Gisele Osmund

3.5. List the name of patients, the test description, and the test date

The screenshot shows a MySQL Workbench interface with a query editor and a result grid. The query is:

```
50 • USE HMS;
51
52 • SELECT patient.patient_name AS 'name of patients', test.test_description AS 'the test description', perform.perform_date AS 'test date'
53   FROM patient
54   JOIN perform
55     ON patient.patient_id = perform.patient_id
56   JOIN test
57     ON perform.test_id = test.test_id;
```

The result grid displays the following data:

name of patients	the test description	test date
Sigismund Luppit	CA-NT	2023-01-02
Winni Canto	CA-NT	2023-02-17
Barn Pyner	CA-NT	2023-02-17
Alysa Culpin	CA-NT	2023-06-16
Jacynth Raubenheimer	US-AK	2023-05-31
Schuylar Daymont	US-AK	2023-12-05
Janith Kemetz	US-AK	2023-12-05
Walther Learman	US-AK	2023-03-24
Dominic Shuttle	CD-NK	2023-02-16

3.6. List the number of available rooms

The screenshot shows a MySQL Workbench interface with a query editor and a result grid. The query is:

```
63 • USE HMS;
64
65 • SELECT @rownum := @rownum + 1 AS 'list number of available rooms', room.room_id, room.room_type, room_price.room_price
66   FROM (SELECT @rownum := 0) AS r, room
67   JOIN room_price
68     ON room.room_type = room_price.room_type
69   WHERE room.room_assigned_date IS NULL
70
```

The result grid displays the following data:

list number of available rooms	room_id	room_type	room_price
1	12	A	10000
2	19	A	10000
3	20	A	10000
4	28	A	10000
5	38	A	10000
6	50	A	10000
7	70	A	10000
8	71	A	10000
9	86	A	10000

4.1. Non-Relational Database Management System

It is for Big Data Processing. From traditional relational database management systems (RDBMS), This is a non-relational DBMS designed differently, and its strength is that it can flexibly handle huge amounts of data. Examples of NoSQL-based systems include Apache Cassandra, Hadoop, and MongoDB.

4.2. Key factor about NoSQL : **Big Data from IoT**

Key factor driving the development and adoption of NoSQL (Not only SQL) is the explosion of data volume and diversity. Since the advent of the Internet in the 1990s, data of different types and sizes has been pouring in, and the amount of data has only continued to grow.

Furthermore, today's data sources really range from **big data from IoT devices**. Rigid table-style relational databases are no longer suitable for today's environment, where **such** diverse types of data sources are constantly emerging.

4.3. The BASE characteristics of non-relational databases with **Big data from IoT**

Characteristics	Description	Example with Big data from IoT
Basically Available	Ensuring the system's available in any events.	Even though main database that receive data from IoT suddenly shot down, copy database will be made and then operate normally.
Soft-state	Even though there is no interactions by eventual consistency, the state of data can change	When the database has any problem related to eventually consistency, this database input the data form IoT automatically to maintain consistency
Eventually Consistency	The system will be consistent after the program input. The data would be replicated to other nodes and eventually get a consistent state.	When the database doesn't maintain consistency, the system figures out the problem and maintain consistency again.

4.4. The types of non-relational databases and the scenarios suitable to use

1) Document-based type

Document databases have similar basic ideas to key-value stores. However, the structure is a little more complicated in that 'documents' include data, and each document is assigned its own key.

Document databases allow you to browse the contents of documents, allowing you to perform additional search processes. Unlike RDBMS, which requires a static schema, document databases have flexible schemas that are defined based on the content of the document.

(Tools: MongoDB, CouchDB and others)

2) Key-Value type

The key-value database consists of keys and values with all the data indexed, making it the simplest of the NoSQL databases. The key-value database uses a hash mechanism that allows you to quickly find the value associated with it when given a key.

Hash mechanisms provide a constant amount of access, so you can maintain a high level of performance even in large databases.

(Tools: Redis, Amazon DynamoDB, Riak, Oracle NoSQL and others)

3) Graph-based type

Graph databases store data in a graphical way that uses the relationship between data. The nodes in the graph represent each data item, and the lines represent the relationship.

Graph databases handle extremely complex and highly connected data and have a level of relationship and join capabilities that go beyond RDBMS.

(Tools: DataStax Graph, Neo4J, JanusGraph, Amazon Neptune and others)

4) Column-based type

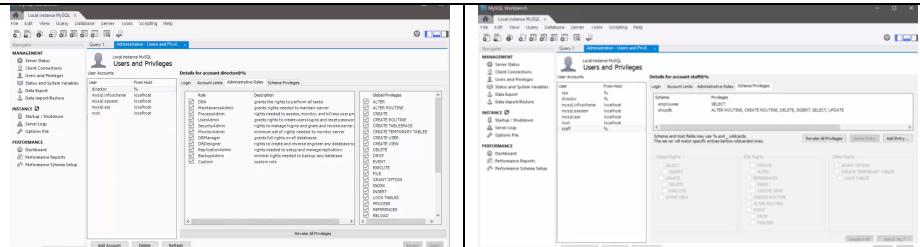
Column-based type databases arrange data in rows and columns, but differ from RDBMS. Column-based type databases, also known as Wide-Column store or partition row store, speed up queries by providing the option to organize associated rows into partitions and store them.

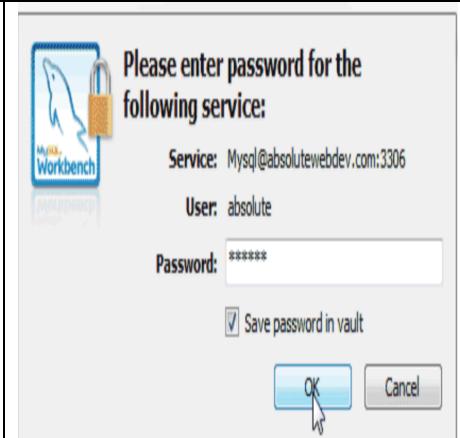
In addition, the table format is more flexible than the RDBMS. For example, with Cassandra, all rows in the table do not need to contain values for all columns. Column-based type databases use hash to retrieve rows from tables, such as key-value and document databases.

(Tools: Cassandra, HBase, Google Bigtable, and others)

Document	Graph	Key-Value	Wide-Column
 		 Key → Value	
<pre>{ "user":{ "id":"143", "name":"improgrammer", "city":"New York" } }</pre>	 node → 1, 2, 3, 4	 143 → John Smith	 1 : Fruit A Foo B Baz

5.1. Authorisation and Authentication

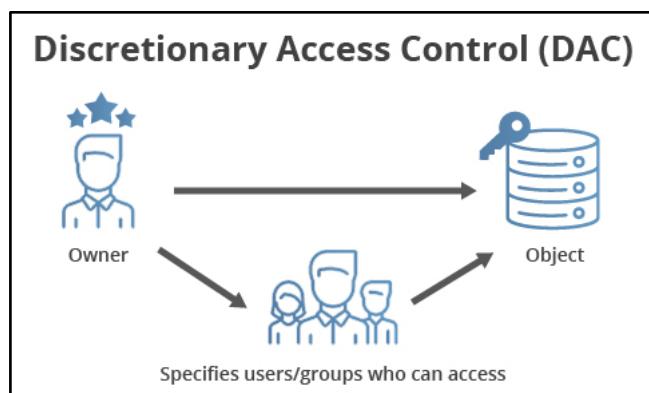
	Authorisation
Definition	The granting of a right or privilege, which enables a subject to have legitimate access to a system or a system's object
Example	<p>Host would like to make the user of director and give the right of DBA (Administrative role – DBA) or any other things. → This processing is called ‘Authorisation’</p>  <p>In workbench, it's possible to grant right or privilege to any users who host made. And all each user who host made can be given all different right related to accessing database.</p>

	Authentication
Definition	Database authentication is that when user would like to attempt to access to the database that is secured, the system confirm that activities form he or she is authorized or not.
Example	<p>Authentication</p> 

5.2. Database Security Levels and how Discretionary Access Control in SQL maintains security

There are 3 levels of database security. These are database level, access level, and perimeter level. This security appears when the database is being in the system. Security approach at the border level decides who can and cannot get into databases. Each level requires one of a kind security arrangements.

Among the models considering database security, the fact that a database owner can arbitrarily set a policy on security is called discretionary access control. This method has been applied to database management systems for quite a long time. This method maintains system security by only giving users the specified form of read, write, or modify when giving users access to specific data files, records, or fields.



5.3. why Availability is an important aspect of secure DBMS and how it can be ensured.

This is meaning that the database's owner guarantee their data is available to every parties who are using their information. If this availability can not be maintained, it has huge impact to owner's business or any reputation. So, anyone or any corporate is keeping this availability. So, it's very important to ensure availability. Here are some methods how it can be ensured.

Method	Description
Data Back-Up	Data Back-up guarantees that data will not lost permanently, can be import, and is rapidly made available in case of a memory loss.
Avoid Single Points of Failure	Businesses have diverse access routes. This way, in case of failure of one access route or network, others continue to provide data .
Use the proper Tools	Using the right data can loss prevention tools. And It can help to protect data to a data from other risk.
Using Software Infrastructure	Businesses should try to use software-defined infrastructure and storage wherever possible, as it helps enhance data availability.
Eliminate dummy Data	If data is outdated, businesses have to archive them in the other storage system. Or securely dispose of it directly. This process will reduce clutter in the storage center and support that only the useful data is connecting users.
Erasure Coding	If data is saved in using erasure coding, then in case of data collapse or loss, it can be reconstructed using the other components stored other.
Cloud server for storage	Making data more efficiently, lots of businesses opt to move their data either whole into the cloud storage or into the hybrid model.